

THIRTY-SEVENTH DAY

St. Paul, Minnesota, Thursday, April 11, 2019

The Senate met at 12:00 noon and was called to order by the President.

CALL OF THE SENATE

Senator Gazelka imposed a call of the Senate. The Sergeant at Arms was instructed to bring in the absent members.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain, Pastor Mike Smith.

The members of the Senate gave the pledge of allegiance to the flag of the United States of America.

The roll was called, and the following Senators answered to their names:

Abeler	Dahms	Hayden	Lang	Rarick
Anderson, B.	Dibble	Hoffman	Latz	Relph
Anderson, P.	Draheim	Housley	Limmer	Rosen
Bakk	Dziedzic	Howe	Little	Senjem
Benson	Eaton	Ingebrigtsen	Marty	Sparks
Bigham	Eichorn	Isaacson	Mathews	Tomassoni
Carlson	Eken	Jasinski	Miller	Torres Ray
Chamberlain	Frentz	Jensen	Nelson	Utke
Champion	Gazelka	Johnson	Newman	Weber
Clausen	Goggin	Kent	Osmeck	Westrom
Cohen	Hall	Klein	Pappas	Wiger
Cwodzinski	Hawj	Koran	Pratt	Wiklund

The President declared a quorum present.

The reading of the Journal was dispensed with and the Journal, as printed and corrected, was approved.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

Senator Gazelka moved that the Committee Reports at the Desk be now adopted. The motion prevailed.

Senator Gazelka, from the Committee on Rules and Administration, to which was referred

H.F. No. 622 for comparison with companion Senate File, reports the following House File was found not identical with companion Senate File as follows:

GENERAL ORDERS

H.F. No.	S.F. No.
622	768

CONSENT CALENDAR

H.F. No.	S.F. No.
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CALENDAR

H.F. No.	S.F. No.
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Pursuant to Rule 45, the Committee on Rules and Administration recommends that H.F. No. 622 be amended as follows:

Delete all the language after the enacting clause of H.F. No. 622, the first engrossment; and insert the language after the enacting clause of S.F. No. 768, the first engrossment; further, delete the title of H.F. No. 622, the first engrossment; and insert the title of S.F. No. 768, the first engrossment.

And when so amended H.F. No. 622 will be identical to S.F. No. 768, and further recommends that H.F. No. 622 be given its second reading and substituted for S.F. No. 768, and that the Senate File be indefinitely postponed.

Pursuant to Rule 45, this report was prepared and submitted by the Secretary of the Senate on behalf of the Committee on Rules and Administration. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator Gazelka, from the Committee on Rules and Administration, to which was referred

H.F. No. 637 for comparison with companion Senate File, reports the following House File was found not identical with companion Senate File as follows:

GENERAL ORDERS

H.F. No.	S.F. No.
637	583

CONSENT CALENDAR

H.F. No.	S.F. No.
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CALENDAR

H.F. No.	S.F. No.
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Pursuant to Rule 45, the Committee on Rules and Administration recommends that H.F. No. 637 be amended as follows:

Delete all the language after the enacting clause of H.F. No. 637, the second engrossment; and insert the language after the enacting clause of S.F. No. 583, the second engrossment; further, delete the title of H.F. No. 637, the second engrossment; and insert the title of S.F. No. 583, the second engrossment.

And when so amended H.F. No. 637 will be identical to S.F. No. 583, and further recommends that H.F. No. 637 be given its second reading and substituted for S.F. No. 583, and that the Senate File be indefinitely postponed.

Pursuant to Rule 45, this report was prepared and submitted by the Secretary of the Senate on behalf of the Committee on Rules and Administration. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator Gazelka, from the Committee on Rules and Administration, to which was referred

H.F. No. 990 for comparison with companion Senate File, reports the following House File was found not identical with companion Senate File as follows:

GENERAL ORDERS

H.F. No.	S.F. No.
990	934

CONSENT CALENDAR

H.F. No.	S.F. No.
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CALENDAR

H.F. No.	S.F. No.
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Pursuant to Rule 45, the Committee on Rules and Administration recommends that H.F. No. 990 be amended as follows:

Delete all the language after the enacting clause of H.F. No. 990, the first engrossment; and insert the language after the enacting clause of S.F. No. 934, the first engrossment; further, delete the title of H.F. No. 990, the first engrossment; and insert the title of S.F. No. 934, the first engrossment.

And when so amended H.F. No. 990 will be identical to S.F. No. 934, and further recommends that H.F. No. 990 be given its second reading and substituted for S.F. No. 934, and that the Senate File be indefinitely postponed.

Pursuant to Rule 45, this report was prepared and submitted by the Secretary of the Senate on behalf of the Committee on Rules and Administration. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator Gazelka, from the Committee on Rules and Administration, to which was referred

H.F. No. 1188 for comparison with companion Senate File, reports the following House File was found not identical with companion Senate File as follows:

GENERAL ORDERS

H.F. No.	S.F. No.
1188	1548

CONSENT CALENDAR

H.F. No.	S.F. No.
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CALENDAR

H.F. No.	S.F. No.
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Pursuant to Rule 45, the Committee on Rules and Administration recommends that H.F. No. 1188 be amended as follows:

Delete all the language after the enacting clause of H.F. No. 1188, the first engrossment; and insert the language after the enacting clause of S.F. No. 1548, the first engrossment; further, delete the title of H.F. No. 1188, the first engrossment; and insert the title of S.F. No. 1548, the first engrossment.

And when so amended H.F. No. 1188 will be identical to S.F. No. 1548, and further recommends that H.F. No. 1188 be given its second reading and substituted for S.F. No. 1548, and that the Senate File be indefinitely postponed.

Pursuant to Rule 45, this report was prepared and submitted by the Secretary of the Senate on behalf of the Committee on Rules and Administration. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator Gazelka, from the Committee on Rules and Administration, to which was referred

H.F. No. 1840 for comparison with companion Senate File, reports the following House File was found identical and recommends the House File be given its second reading and substituted for its companion Senate File as follows:

GENERAL ORDERS

H.F. No.	S.F. No.
1840	1673

CONSENT CALENDAR

H.F. No.	S.F. No.
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CALENDAR

H.F. No.	S.F. No.
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and that the above Senate File be indefinitely postponed.

Pursuant to Rule 45, this report was prepared and submitted by the Secretary of the Senate on behalf of the Committee on Rules and Administration. Report adopted.

Senator Gazelka, from the Committee on Rules and Administration, to which was referred

H.F. No. 1960 for comparison with companion Senate File, reports the following House File was found not identical with companion Senate File as follows:

GENERAL ORDERS

H.F. No.	S.F. No.
1960	2310

CONSENT CALENDAR

H.F. No.	S.F. No.
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CALENDAR

H.F. No.	S.F. No.
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Pursuant to Rule 45, the Committee on Rules and Administration recommends that H.F. No. 1960 be amended as follows:

Delete all the language after the enacting clause of H.F. No. 1960; and insert the language after the enacting clause of S.F. No. 2310, the first engrossment; further, delete the title of H.F. No. 1960; and insert the title of S.F. No. 2310, the first engrossment.

And when so amended H.F. No. 1960 will be identical to S.F. No. 2310, and further recommends that H.F. No. 1960 be given its second reading and substituted for S.F. No. 2310, and that the Senate File be indefinitely postponed.

Pursuant to Rule 45, this report was prepared and submitted by the Secretary of the Senate on behalf of the Committee on Rules and Administration. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator Gazelka, from the Committee on Rules and Administration, to which was referred

H.F. No. 1983 for comparison with companion Senate File, reports the following House File was found identical and recommends the House File be given its second reading and substituted for its companion Senate File as follows:

GENERAL ORDERS

H.F. No.	S.F. No.
1983	2126

CONSENT CALENDAR

H.F. No.	S.F. No.
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CALENDAR

H.F. No.	S.F. No.
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and that the above Senate File be indefinitely postponed.

Pursuant to Rule 45, this report was prepared and submitted by the Secretary of the Senate on behalf of the Committee on Rules and Administration. Report adopted.

Senator Gazelka, from the Committee on Rules and Administration, to which was referred

H.F. No. 2181 for comparison with companion Senate File, reports the following House File was found identical and recommends the House File be given its second reading and substituted for its companion Senate File as follows:

GENERAL ORDERS		CONSENT CALENDAR		CALENDAR	
H.F. No.	S.F. No.	H.F. No.	S.F. No.	H.F. No.	S.F. No.
2181	2094				

and that the above Senate File be indefinitely postponed.

Pursuant to Rule 45, this report was prepared and submitted by the Secretary of the Senate on behalf of the Committee on Rules and Administration. Report adopted.

SECOND READING OF HOUSE BILLS

H.F. Nos. 622, 637, 990, 1188, 1840, 1960, 1983, and 2181 were read the second time.

INTRODUCTION AND FIRST READING OF SENATE BILLS

The following bills were read the first time.

Senator Jasinski introduced--

S.F. No. 2826: A bill for an act relating to transportation; capital investment; appropriating money for the corridors of commerce program; authorizing the sale and issuance of trunk highway bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

Senator Isaacson introduced--

S.F. No. 2827: A bill for an act relating to environment; providing reimbursement to owners of private drinking water wells for mitigation of agricultural chemicals; modifying the membership of the Agricultural Chemical Response Compensation Board; appropriating money for private well mitigation; amending Minnesota Statutes 2018, sections 18E.02, subdivision 5; 18E.03, subdivision 2; 18E.05, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 18E.

Referred to the Committee on Environment and Natural Resources Policy and Legacy Finance.

Senators Ingebrigtsen, Westrom, and Senjem introduced--

S.F. No. 2828: A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money for expanding the Runestone Community Center in Alexandria; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

Senators Abeler, Eichorn, Housley, Champion, and Goggin introduced--

S.F. No. 2829: A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money for a grant to Pillsbury United Communities.

Referred to the Committee on Jobs and Economic Growth Finance and Policy.

Senator Howe introduced--

S.F. No. 2830: A bill for an act relating to transportation; directing the Department of Transportation to develop, implement, and adhere to pavement investment guide; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 174.

Referred to the Committee on Transportation Finance and Policy.

Senators Hoffman, Rarick, Mathews, Chamberlain, and Housley introduced--

S.F. No. 2831: A resolution memorializing the President and Congress to hold vaccine manufacturers liable for design defects that result in adverse side effects from vaccines.

Referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services Finance and Policy.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS

Senator Rest moved that the name of Senator Abeler be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 582. The motion prevailed.

Senator Relph moved that the name of Senator Abeler be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 1892. The motion prevailed.

Senator Mathews moved that the name of Senator Ruud be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 2094. The motion prevailed.

Senator Hoffman introduced --

Senate Resolution No. 85: A Senate resolution commending Rolf Carlsen for over 30 years of dedicated service to the education profession.

Referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration.

Senator Chamberlain moved that S.F. No. 2555, No. 125 on General Orders, be stricken and re-referred to the Committee on Taxes. The motion prevailed.

Without objection, remaining on the Order of Business of Motions and Resolutions, the Senate reverted to the Order of Business of Messages From the House.

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

Mr. President:

I have the honor to announce that the House has adopted the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee on House File No. 50, and repassed said bill in accordance with the report of the Committee, so adopted.

House File No. 50 is herewith transmitted to the Senate.

Patrick D. Murphy, Chief Clerk, House of Representatives

Transmitted April 9, 2019

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. No. 50

A bill for an act relating to transportation; prohibiting use of cell phones while driving under specified circumstances; requiring a study of traffic stops; requiring a report; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2018, sections 169.011, subdivision 94; 169.475.

April 8, 2019

The Honorable Melissa Hortman
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Jeremy R. Miller
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 50 report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendments and that H. F. No. 50 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 169.011, subdivision 94, is amended to read:

Subd. 94. **Wireless communications device.** (a) "Wireless communications device" means (1) a cellular phone, or (2) a portable electronic device that is capable of receiving and transmitting data, including but not limited to text messages and e-mail, without an access line for service.

(b) A wireless communications device does not include: (1) a device or feature that is permanently affixed to physically integrated into the vehicle, or; (2) a global positioning system or navigation system when the system is used exclusively that is only capable of being used for navigation purposes; or (3) a two-way radio, citizens band radio, or amateur radio equipment used in accordance with Federal Communications Commission rules and regulations.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 169.475, is amended to read:

169.475 USE OF WIRELESS COMMUNICATIONS DEVICE.

Subdivision 1. **Definition Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.

(b) "Electronic message" means a self-contained piece of digital communication that is designed or intended to be transmitted between physical devices. An electronic message includes, but is not limited to; e-mail; a text message; an instant message; a command or request to access a World Wide web page; or, a voice-mail message; a transmitted image; transmitted video content, including through video calling; transmitted gaming data; and other data that uses transmitted using a commonly recognized electronic communications protocol. An electronic message does not include: voice or other audio data transmitted as a result of making a phone call; data transmitted between a motor vehicle and a wireless communications device located in the vehicle; data transmitted by a two-way radio, citizens band radio, or amateur radio used in accordance with Federal Communications Commission rules and regulations; or data transmitted automatically by a wireless communications device without direct initiation by a person.

(c) "Voice-activated or hands-free mode" means an attachment, accessory, wirelessly paired or tethered capability, application, wireless connection, or built-in feature of a wireless communications device or a motor vehicle that allows the person to use verbal or single touch commands to:

(1) activate or deactivate the device; and

(2) activate or deactivate a function or software application of the device.

Voice-activated or hands-free mode does not include typing or scrolling on a device.

(d) For purposes of this section, a motor vehicle is not in motion or a part of traffic if the vehicle is lawfully stopped, is in a location that is not designed or ordinarily used for vehicular travel, and is not obstructing traffic.

Subd. 2. **Prohibition on use; penalty.** (a) No Except as provided in subdivision 3, when a motor vehicle is in motion or a part of traffic, the person may operate a motor operating the vehicle while upon a street or highway is prohibited from using a wireless communications device to compose, read, or send:

(1) initiate, compose, send, retrieve, or read an electronic message, when the vehicle is in motion or a part of traffic;

(2) engage in a cellular phone call, including initiating a call, talking or listening, and participating in video calling; and

(3) access the following types of content stored on the device: video content, audio content, images, games, or software applications.

(b) A person who violates paragraph (a) a second or subsequent time must pay a fine of \$225, plus the amount specified in the uniform fine schedule established by the Judicial Council \$275.

Subd. 3. **Exceptions.** This section does (a) The prohibitions in subdivision 2 do not apply if a person uses a wireless communications device is used:

(1) solely in a voice-activated or ~~other~~ hands-free mode to initiate or participate in a cellular phone call or to initiate, compose, send, or listen to an electronic message;

(2) ~~for making a cellular phone call~~ to view or operate a global positioning system or navigation system in a manner that does not require the driver to type while the vehicle is in motion or a part of traffic, provided that the person does not hold the device with one or both hands;

(3) to listen to audio-based content in a manner that does not require the driver to scroll or type while the vehicle is in motion or a part of traffic, provided that the person does not hold the device with one or both hands;

~~(3) for obtaining~~ (4) to obtain emergency assistance to (i) report a traffic accident, medical emergency, or serious traffic hazard, or (ii) prevent a crime about to be committed;

~~(4)~~ (5) in the reasonable belief that a person's life or safety is in immediate danger; or

~~(5)~~ (6) in an authorized emergency vehicle while in the performance of official duties.

(b) The exception in paragraph (a), clause (1), does not apply to accessing nonnavigation video content, engaging in video calling, engaging in live-streaming, accessing gaming data, or reading electronic messages.

Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This act is effective August 1, 2019, and applies to acts committed on or after that date."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to transportation; prohibiting use of cell phones while driving under specified circumstances; amending Minnesota Statutes 2018, sections 169.011, subdivision 94; 169.475."

We request the adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: Frank Hornstein, Mohamud Noor, John Petersburg

Senate Conferees: Scott J. Newman, John Jasinski, Jim Carlson

Senator Newman moved that the foregoing recommendations and Conference Committee Report on H.F. No. 50 be now adopted, and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed. So the recommendations and Conference Committee Report were adopted.

H.F. No. 50 was read the third time, as amended by the Conference Committee, and placed on its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill, as amended by the Conference Committee.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 48 and nays 12, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Dibble	Hawj	Limmer	Relph
Anderson, P.	Draheim	Hoffman	Little	Rosen
Bakk	Dziedzic	Housley	Marty	Senjem
Bigham	Eaton	Isaacson	Miller	Sparks
Carlson	Eichorn	Jasinski	Nelson	Torres Ray
Chamberlain	Eken	Jensen	Newman	Weber
Clausen	Frentz	Kent	Osmek	Wiger
Cohen	Gazelka	Klein	Pappas	Wiklund
Cwodzinski	Goggin	Lang	Pratt	
Dahms	Hall	Latz	Rarick	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, B.	Hayden	Johnson	Tomassoni
Benson	Howe	Koran	Utke
Champion	Ingebrigtsen	Mathews	Westrom

So the bill, as amended by the Conference Committee, was repassed and its title was agreed to.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS - CONTINUED

Pursuant to Rule 26, Senator Gazelka, Chair of the Committee on Rules and Administration, designated H.F. No. 679 a Special Order to be heard immediately.

SPECIAL ORDER

H.F. No. 679: A bill for an act relating to human services; amending the effective date for children's residential treatment payment provisions; appropriating money; amending Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 6, article 8, sections 71; 72.

H.F. No. 679 was read the third time and placed on its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 60 and nays 0, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Dahms	Hayden	Lang	Rarick
Anderson, B.	Dibble	Hoffman	Latz	Relph
Anderson, P.	Draheim	Housley	Limmer	Rosen
Bakk	Dziedzic	Howe	Little	Senjem
Benson	Eaton	Ingebrigtsen	Marty	Sparks
Bigham	Eichorn	Isaacson	Mathews	Tomassoni
Carlson	Eken	Jasinski	Miller	Torres Ray
Chamberlain	Frentz	Jensen	Nelson	Utke
Champion	Gazelka	Johnson	Newman	Weber
Clausen	Goggin	Kent	Osmek	Westrom
Cohen	Hall	Klein	Pappas	Wiger
Cwodzinski	Hawj	Koran	Pratt	Wiklund

So the bill passed and its title was agreed to.

RECESS

Senator Gazelka moved that the Senate do now recess subject to the call of the President. The motion prevailed.

After a brief recess, the President called the Senate to order.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS - CONTINUED

Without objection, remaining on the Order of Business of Motions and Resolutions, the Senate reverted to the Orders of Business of Reports of Committees and Second Reading of Senate Bills.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

Senator Anderson, P. moved that the Committee Reports at the Desk be now adopted. The motion prevailed.

Senator Rosen from the Committee on Finance, to which was re-referred

S.F. No. 2226: A bill for an act relating to agriculture; establishing a budget for the Department of Agriculture, the Board of Animal Health, the Agricultural Utilization Research Institute, and the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency; modifying programs; amending Minnesota Statutes 2018, sections 17.041, subdivision 1; 18B.34, subdivision 5; 18C.425, subdivision 6; 18C.70, subdivision 5; 18C.71, subdivision 4; 18C.80, subdivision 2; 18K.02, subdivision 3; 18K.06; 28A.16; 41A.15, subdivision 10, by adding a subdivision; 41A.16, subdivisions 1, 2, 4; 41A.17, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 41A.18, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 41B.055, subdivision 4; 116.06, by adding a subdivision; 116.07, subdivisions 7, 7d; 223.16, subdivisions 2a, 4; 223.17, subdivisions 3, 4, 5, 6, by adding subdivisions; 223.177, subdivisions 2, 3, 8; 232.21, by adding subdivisions; 232.22, subdivisions 3, 4; 232.23, subdivision 3; 232.24, subdivisions 1, 2; 299D.085, by adding a subdivision; 326B.815, subdivision 1; 327.31, by adding a subdivision; 327B.041; 327C.095, subdivisions 4, 6, 12, 13, by adding a subdivision; 428A.11, subdivisions 4, 6; 462A.2035, subdivisions 1a, 1b; 462A.22, subdivision 9; 462A.24; 462A.33, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 462A.37, subdivision 2; 462A.38, subdivision 1; 474A.02, by adding subdivisions; 474A.03, subdivision 1; 474A.061, subdivisions 1, 2a, by adding a subdivision; 474A.091, subdivisions 2, 3; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 41B; 327.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 2, line 8, delete "54,579,000" and insert "54,704,000" and delete "49,477,000" and insert "49,602,000"

Page 2, line 11, delete "54,180,000" and insert "54,305,000" and delete "49,078,000" and insert "49,203,000"

Page 9, line 25, delete "7,284,000" and insert "7,409,000" and delete "7,182,000" and insert "7,307,000"

Page 11, line 3, delete "\$113,000" and insert "\$238,000" and delete "\$113,000" and insert "\$238,000"

Page 11, line 9, after the period insert "Of the amount appropriated in this paragraph, \$125,000 each year is onetime."

Page 38, line 7, strike "two examinations" and insert "one examination"

And when so amended the bill do pass. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator Chamberlain from the Committee on Taxes, to which was re-referred

S.F. No. 1093: A bill for an act relating to transportation; establishing a budget for transportation; appropriating money for transportation purposes, including Department of Transportation, Metropolitan Council, and Department of Public Safety activities; modifying various provisions governing transportation policy and finance; modifying various provisions relating to motor vehicles; requiring reports; establishing working groups; making technical changes; amending Minnesota Statutes 2018, sections 3.972, by adding subdivisions; 13.46, subdivision 2; 13.72, subdivision 10; 80E.13; 160.262, subdivision 1; 160.263, subdivision 2; 160.264; 160.266, subdivision 5; 160.93, subdivisions 1, 2, 4, 5, by adding a subdivision; 161.04, by adding a subdivision; 161.14, subdivision 16, by adding subdivisions; 168.002, subdivision 8; 168.013, subdivisions 1a, 1m, 6, by adding a subdivision; 168.10, subdivision 1h; 168.1294, subdivision 6; 168.27, by adding subdivisions; 168.301, subdivision 3; 168.33, subdivision 8a; 168A.02, subdivision 1; 168A.12, subdivision 2; 168A.17, by adding a subdivision; 169.011, by adding subdivisions; 169.06, subdivision 4a; 169.13, subdivisions 1, 2; 169.14, subdivisions 2a, 5; 169.18, subdivisions 1, 7, 8, 11; 169.20, subdivision 7, by adding a subdivision; 169.26, subdivisions 1, 4; 169.28; 169.29; 169.443, subdivision 2; 169.4503, subdivision 5; 169.58, by adding a subdivision; 169.64, subdivision 9; 169.71, subdivisions 1, 4; 169.829, by adding a subdivision; 169.864, subdivision 1; 169.865, subdivisions 1, 2, by adding a subdivision; 169.87, subdivision 6; 174.37, subdivision 1; 174.75, by adding a subdivision; 360.013, by adding a subdivision; 360.017, subdivision 1; 360.021, subdivision 1; 360.024; 360.062; 360.063, subdivisions 1, 3; 360.064, subdivision 1; 360.065, subdivision 1; 360.066, subdivision 1; 360.067, by adding a subdivision; 360.071, subdivision 2; 360.305, subdivision 6; 394.22, by adding a subdivision; 394.23; 394.231; 394.25, subdivision 3; 462.352, by adding a subdivision; 462.355, subdivision 1; 462.357, subdivision 9, by adding a subdivision; 473.121, by adding subdivisions; 473.386, subdivision 3; 473.388, subdivision 4a; 473.4051, subdivisions 2, 3; Laws 2018, chapter 165, section 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 161; 168A; 169; 174; 296A; 299D; 360; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2018, sections 160.93, subdivisions 2a, 3; 161.1419, subdivision 8; 169.18, subdivisions 10, 12; 360.063, subdivision 4; 360.065, subdivision 2; 360.066, subdivisions 1a, 1b.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 68, line 22, delete "from" and insert "for"

Page 68, delete subdivision 3 and insert:

"Subd. 3. Annual fee for charging stations. Notwithstanding subdivision 2, the owner of a charging station installed prior to January 1, 2020, must pay an annual fee of \$200 per charging

station for each charging station that does not have the functional capability to collect the tax required by subdivision 2. The fee must be paid in a form and manner prescribed by the commissioner of revenue by December 31 of each year. The commissioner of revenue may also prescribe a method for filing returns of the fees due under this subdivision. The commissioner of revenue must deposit the funds collected under this paragraph into the highway user tax distribution fund.

Subd. 4. **Failure to comply; interest and penalties.** The interest provisions under section 289A.55 and the penalty provisions under sections 289A.60 and 289A.63 apply to the tax and fee due under this section."

And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Finance. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator Chamberlain from the Committee on Taxes, to which was re-referred

S.F. No. 7: A bill for an act relating to education finance; providing funding for prekindergarten through grade 12 education including general education, education excellence, special education, teachers, school safety, facilities and technology, nutrition, libraries, early childhood and family support, community education, self-sufficiency and lifelong learning, and state agencies; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2018, sections 120A.20, subdivision 2; 120A.41; 120B.02, by adding a subdivision; 120B.024, subdivision 1; 120B.125; 120B.21; 120B.30, subdivisions 1, 3; 120B.35, subdivision 3; 120B.36, subdivision 1; 121A.035, by adding a subdivision; 121A.335, subdivisions 3, 5; 122A.07, by adding a subdivision; 122A.09, subdivision 2; 122A.092, subdivision 5; 122A.14, subdivision 9; 122A.18, subdivision 8; 122A.182, subdivision 1; 122A.187, subdivision 5; 122A.20, subdivision 1; 122A.21, subdivision 1; 122A.30; 122A.61, by adding a subdivision; 122A.63, subdivisions 1, 4, 5, 6, by adding a subdivision; 123B.02, by adding a subdivision; 123B.06; 123B.41, subdivisions 2, 5; 123B.42, subdivision 3; 123B.44, subdivisions 1, 5, 6; 123B.49, subdivision 4; 123B.52, subdivision 6; 123B.61; 124D.09, subdivisions 3, 4, 5b, 7, 8, 9, 10, 14, 22; 124D.091, subdivision 3; 124D.111; 124D.12; 124D.121; 124D.122; 124D.126, subdivision 1; 124D.127; 124D.151, subdivision 4, by adding a subdivision; 124D.162; 124D.165, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, by adding subdivisions; 124D.19, subdivision 2; 124D.20, subdivisions 8, 10; 124D.34, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 12; 124D.531, subdivision 1; 124D.78, subdivision 2; 124D.862, subdivision 1; 124D.98, by adding subdivisions; 124D.99, subdivision 3; 124E.03, subdivision 2; 124E.20, subdivision 1; 125A.08; 125A.091, subdivisions 3a, 7; 125A.71, subdivision 1; 125B.26, subdivisions 4, 5; 126C.10, subdivisions 2, 2e, 24; 126C.17, subdivisions 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 7a; 126C.19, subdivision 4; 126C.44; 127A.45, subdivisions 11, 16; 128C.03; 128C.20; 136A.1276, subdivision 2; 205A.07, subdivision 2; 299F.30, subdivisions 1, 2; 471.59, subdivision 1; 475.58, subdivision 4; 475.59, subdivision 1; 626.556, subdivisions 2, 3b; Laws 2016, chapter 189, article 25, section 62, subdivisions 4, 15; Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 5, article 1, section 19, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9; article 2, section 57, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 14, 21, 26; article 4, section 12, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 5; article 5, section 14, subdivisions 2, 3; article 6, section 3, subdivisions 2, 3, 4; article 8, section 10, subdivisions 3, 4, 5a, 6, 12; article 9, section 2, subdivision 2; article 10, section 6, subdivision 2; article 11, sections 8, as amended; 9, subdivision 2; 12; Laws 2018, chapter 211, article 21, section 4; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 120B; 121A; 122A; 123B; 124D; 245; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2018, sections 120B.299; 122A.09, subdivision 1; 122A.175; 122A.63, subdivisions 7, 8; 123A.26, subdivision 3; 125A.75, subdivision 9; 126C.16, subdivisions 1, 3; 126C.17, subdivision 9a; 127A.14; 128C.02, subdivision 6; Laws 2016, chapter

189, article 25, section 62, subdivision 16; Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 5, article 2, section 57, subdivision 15; article 11, section 4; Minnesota Rules, parts 3500.1000; 8710.2100, subparts 1, 2.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Finance. Report adopted.

Senator Gazelka from the Committee on Rules and Administration, to which was re-referred

S.F. No. 973: A bill for an act relating to health; requesting the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota to establish an advisory council on rare diseases; appropriating money; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 137.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Finance and that Joint Rule 2.03 be suspended for all further proceedings on S.F. No. 973 . Report adopted.

Senator Gazelka from the Committee on Rules and Administration, to which was referred under Joint Rule 2.03, together with the committee report thereon,

S.F. No. 998: A bill for an act relating to cities; allowing a city to request a written estimate before hiring a private consultant; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 471.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that Joint Rule 2.03 be suspended for all further proceedings on S.F. No. 998 and that the report from the Committee on State Government Finance and Policy and Elections, shown in the Journal for April 8, 2019, be adopted; that committee recommendation being:

"the bill be amended and when so amended the bill do pass". Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator Gazelka from the Committee on Rules and Administration, to which was referred under Joint Rule 2.03, together with the committee report thereon,

S.F. No. 1691: A bill for an act relating to waters; modifying authority of Lake Minnetonka Conservation District; amending Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103B.611, subdivision 3.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that Joint Rule 2.03 be suspended for all further proceedings on S.F. No. 1691 and that the report from the Committee on Environment and Natural Resources Policy and Legacy Finance, shown in the Journal for March 26, 2019, be adopted; that committee recommendation being:

"the bill do pass". Report adopted.

Senator Rosen from the Committee on Finance, to which was re-referred

S.F. No. 2314: A bill for an act relating to state government; appropriating money for environment and natural resources and tourism; modifying programs; creating accounts and providing

for disposition of certain receipts; modifying certain natural resources fee and permit conditions; authorizing sales of certain state land; establishing the Wild Rice Stewardship Council; creating the Reinvest in Fish Hatcheries Citizen-Legislative Advisory Group; providing appointments; requiring reports; making technical corrections; amending Minnesota Statutes 2018, sections 17.035, subdivision 1; 35.153, by adding subdivisions; 35.155, subdivisions 4, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11; 84.026, by adding a subdivision; 84.027, subdivision 18, by adding a subdivision; 84.0273; 84.0895, subdivision 2; 84.775, subdivision 1; 84.788, subdivision 2; 84.794, subdivision 2; 84.83, subdivision 3; 84.86, subdivision 1; 84.925, subdivision 1; 84.9256, subdivision 1; 84.928, subdivision 2; 84D.03, subdivisions 3, 4; 84D.108, subdivisions 2b, 2c; 85.054, subdivision 1; 85.44; 85.47; 85A.02, subdivision 17; 86B.005, subdivision 18; 86B.415, subdivision 1a; 89.71, by adding a subdivision; 92.115, subdivision 1; 92.50, subdivision 1; 93.25; 94.09, subdivision 3; 94.10; 97A.015, subdivisions 25, 43; 97A.051, subdivision 2; 97A.055, subdivision 4b; 97A.075, subdivision 1; 97A.126; 97A.433, subdivisions 4, 5; 97A.475, subdivision 4; 97A.505, subdivision 8; 97B.086; 97B.106, subdivision 2; 97B.426; 97B.516; 97B.722; 97B.731, subdivision 3; 97C.315, subdivision 1; 97C.345, by adding a subdivision; 97C.391, subdivision 1; 97C.395, subdivision 2; 97C.605, subdivision 2; 97C.815, subdivision 2; 103B.3369, subdivisions 5, 9; 103B.611, subdivision 3; 103B.801, subdivisions 2, 5; 103D.315, subdivision 8; 103F.361, subdivision 2; 103F.363, subdivision 1; 103F.365, by adding a subdivision; 103F.371; 103F.373, subdivisions 1, 3, 4; 103G.2242, subdivision 14; 103G.241, subdivisions 1, 3; 103G.271, subdivision 7, by adding a subdivision; 103G.287, subdivisions 1, 4, 5; 103G.289; 103G.311, subdivisions 2, 5; 103G.315, subdivision 8; 103G.408; 103G.615, subdivision 3a; 114D.15, subdivisions 7, 11, 13, by adding subdivisions; 114D.20, subdivisions 2, 3, 5, 7, by adding subdivisions; 114D.26; 114D.35, subdivisions 1, 3; 115.03, subdivisions 1, 5, by adding a subdivision; 115.035; 115.44, subdivision 6; 115.455; 115.77, subdivision 1; 115.84, subdivisions 2, 3; 115A.51; 115B.421; 116.03, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 116.07, subdivisions 2, 4d, by adding a subdivision; 116.0714; 116.993, subdivisions 2, 6; 116D.04, subdivision 2a; 216G.01, subdivision 3; 282.01, subdivision 4; Laws 2012, chapter 236, section 28, subdivisions 2, as amended, 9, as amended; Laws 2013, chapter 114, article 4, section 105, as amended; Laws 2015, chapter 76, section 2, subdivision 9, as amended; Laws 2016, chapter 189, article 3, sections 2, subdivision 2; 6, as amended; Laws 2017, chapter 93, article 1, section 9; article 2, section 155, as amended; Laws 2017, chapter 96, section 2, subdivision 9; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 84; 92; 103C; 114D; 115B; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 92.121; Minnesota Rules, part 6232.0350.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 81, line 30, after the second comma, insert "up to \$300,000 of"

Page 81, line 31, delete "is" and insert "may be"

And when so amended the bill do pass. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator Benson from the Committee on Health and Human Services Finance and Policy, to which was referred

S.F. No. 2452: A bill for an act relating to human services; adjusting appropriations for certain forecasted programs administered by the commissioner of human services.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"ARTICLE 1

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

Section 1. **[8.40] LITIGATION DEFENSE FUND.**

(a) There is created in the special revenue fund an account entitled the Pain-Capable Unborn Child Protection Act litigation account for the purpose of providing funds to pay for any costs and expenses incurred by the state attorney general in relation to actions surrounding defense of sections 145.4141 to 145.4147.

(b) The account shall be maintained by the commissioner of management and budget.

(c) The litigation account shall consist of:

(1) appropriations made to the account by the legislature; and

(2) any donations, gifts, or grants made to the account by private citizens or entities.

(d) The litigation account shall retain the interest income derived from the money credited to the account.

(e) Any funds in the litigation account are appropriated to the attorney general for the purposes described in paragraph (a).

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 18K.03, is amended to read:

18K.03 AGRICULTURAL CROP; POSSESSION AUTHORIZED.

Subdivision 1. **Industrial hemp.** Industrial hemp is an agricultural crop in this state. A person may possess, transport, process, sell, or buy industrial hemp that is grown pursuant to this chapter.

Subd. 2. **Sale to medical cannabis manufacturers.** A licensee under this chapter may sell hemp products derived from industrial hemp grown in this state to medical cannabis manufacturers as authorized under sections 152.22 to 152.37.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 62J.495, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Implementation.** ~~By January 1, 2015, all hospitals and health care providers, as defined in section 62J.03, subdivision 8, must have in place an interoperable electronic health records system within their hospital system or clinical practice setting.~~ The commissioner of health, in consultation with the e-Health Advisory Committee, shall develop ~~a statewide plan to meet this goal, including~~ uniform standards to be used for the interoperable electronic health records system for sharing and synchronizing patient data across systems. The standards must be compatible with federal efforts. The uniform standards must be developed by January 1, 2009, and updated on an ongoing basis. The commissioner shall include an update on standards development as part of an annual report to the legislature. Individual health care providers in private practice with no other

providers and health care providers that do not accept reimbursement from a group purchaser, as defined in section 62J.03, subdivision 6, are excluded from the requirements of this section.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 62J.495, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Interoperable electronic health record requirements.** (a) ~~To meet the requirements of subdivision 1,~~ Hospitals and health care providers must meet the following criteria when implementing an interoperable electronic health records system within their hospital system or clinical practice setting.

(b) The electronic health record must be a qualified electronic health record.

(c) The electronic health record must be certified by the Office of the National Coordinator pursuant to the HITECH Act. This criterion only applies to hospitals and health care providers if a certified electronic health record product for the provider's particular practice setting is available. This criterion shall be considered met if a hospital or health care provider is using an electronic health records system that has been certified within the last three years, even if a more current version of the system has been certified within the three-year period.

(d) The electronic health record must meet the standards established according to section 3004 of the HITECH Act as applicable.

(e) The electronic health record must have the ability to generate information on clinical quality measures and other measures reported under sections 4101, 4102, and 4201 of the HITECH Act.

(f) The electronic health record system must be connected to a state-certified health information organization either directly or through a connection facilitated by a state-certified health data intermediary as defined in section 62J.498.

(g) A health care provider who is a prescriber or dispenser of legend drugs must have an electronic health record system that meets the requirements of section 62J.497.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.1506, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Expansion grant program.** (a) The commissioner of health shall award primary care residency expansion grants to eligible primary care residency programs to plan and implement new residency slots. A planning grant shall not exceed \$75,000, and a training grant shall not exceed \$150,000 per new residency slot for the first year, \$100,000 for the second year, and \$50,000 for the third year of the new residency slot. For eligible residency programs longer than three years, training grants may be awarded for the duration of the residency, not exceeding an average of \$100,000 per residency slot per year.

(b) Funds may be spent to cover the costs of:

(1) planning related to establishing an accredited primary care residency program;

(2) obtaining accreditation by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or another national body that accredits residency programs;

(3) establishing new residency programs or new resident training slots;

(4) recruitment, training, and retention of new residents and faculty;

(5) travel and lodging for new residents;

(6) faculty, new resident, and preceptor salaries related to new residency slots;

(7) training site improvements, fees, equipment, and supplies required for new primary care resident training slots; and

(8) supporting clinical education in which trainees are part of a primary care team model.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.3831, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Fee setting.** The commissioner of health may assess an annual fee of ~~\$6.36~~ \$9.72 for every service connection to a public water supply that is owned or operated by a home rule charter city, a statutory city, a city of the first class, or a town. The commissioner of health may also assess an annual fee for every service connection served by a water user district defined in section 110A.02.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2020.

Sec. 7. **[144.397] STATEWIDE TOBACCO CESSATION SERVICES.**

(a) The commissioner of health shall administer, or contract for the administration of, statewide tobacco cessation services to assist Minnesotans who are seeking advice or services to help them quit using tobacco products. The commissioner shall establish statewide public awareness activities to inform the public of the availability of the services and encourage the public to utilize the services because of the dangers and harm of tobacco use and dependence.

(b) Services to be provided may include, but are not limited to:

(1) telephone-based coaching and counseling;

(2) referrals;

(3) written materials mailed upon request;

(4) web-based texting or e-mail services; and

(5) free Food and Drug Administration-approved tobacco cessation medications.

(c) Services provided must be consistent with evidence-based best practices in tobacco cessation services. Services provided must be coordinated with health plan company tobacco prevention and cessation services that may be available to individuals depending on their health coverage.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.552, is amended to read:

144.552 PUBLIC INTEREST REVIEW.

(a) The following entities must submit a plan to the commissioner:

(1) a hospital seeking to increase its number of licensed beds; or

(2) an organization seeking to obtain a hospital license and notified by the commissioner under section 144.553, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), that it is subject to this section.

The plan must include information that includes an explanation of how the expansion will meet the public's interest. When submitting a plan to the commissioner, an applicant shall pay the commissioner for the commissioner's cost of reviewing and monitoring the plan, as determined by the commissioner and notwithstanding section 16A.1283. Money received by the commissioner under this section is appropriated to the commissioner for the purpose of administering this section. If the commissioner does not issue a finding within the time limit specified in paragraph (c), the commissioner must return to the applicant the entire amount the applicant paid to the commissioner. For a hospital that is seeking an exception to the moratorium under section 144.551, the plan must be submitted to the commissioner no later than August 1 of the calendar year prior to the year when the exception will be considered by the legislature.

(b) Plans submitted under this section shall include detailed information necessary for the commissioner to review the plan and reach a finding. The commissioner may request additional information from the hospital submitting a plan under this section and from others affected by the plan that the commissioner deems necessary to review the plan and make a finding. If the commissioner determines that additional information is required from the hospital submitting a plan under this section, the commissioner shall notify the hospital of the additional information required no more than 30 days after the initial submission of the plan. A hospital submitting a plan from whom the commissioner has requested additional information shall submit the requested additional information within 14 calendar days of the commissioner's request.

(c) The commissioner shall review the plan and, within ~~90~~ 150 calendar days, ~~but no more than six months if extenuating circumstances apply~~ of the initial submission of the plan, issue a finding on whether the plan is in the public interest. In making the recommendation, the commissioner shall consider issues including but not limited to:

(1) whether the new hospital or hospital beds are needed to provide timely access to care or access to new or improved services given the number of available beds. For the purposes of this clause, "available beds" means the number of licensed acute care beds that are immediately available for use or could be brought online within 48 hours without significant facility modifications;

(2) the financial impact of the new hospital or hospital beds on existing acute-care hospitals that have emergency departments in the region;

(3) how the new hospital or hospital beds will affect the ability of existing hospitals in the region to maintain existing staff;

(4) the extent to which the new hospital or hospital beds will provide services to nonpaying or low-income patients relative to the level of services provided to these groups by existing hospitals in the region; and

(5) the views of affected parties.

(d) If the plan is being submitted by an existing hospital seeking authority to construct a new hospital, the commissioner shall also consider:

(1) the ability of the applicant to maintain the applicant's current level of community benefit as defined in section 144.699, subdivision 5, at the existing facility; and

(2) the impact on the workforce at the existing facility including the applicant's plan for:

(i) transitioning current workers to the new facility;

(ii) retraining and employment security for current workers; and

(iii) addressing the impact of layoffs at the existing facility on affected workers.

(e) Prior to making a recommendation, the commissioner shall conduct a public hearing in the affected hospital service area to take testimony from interested persons.

(f) Upon making a recommendation under paragraph (c), the commissioner shall provide a copy of the recommendation to the chairs of the house of representatives and senate committees having jurisdiction over health and human services policy and finance.

(g) If an exception to the moratorium is approved under section 144.551 after a review under this section, the commissioner shall monitor the implementation of the exception up to completion of the construction project. Thirty days after completion of the construction project, the hospital shall submit to the commissioner a report on how the construction has met the provisions of the plan originally submitted under the public interest review process or a plan submitted pursuant to section 144.551, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), clause (20).

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.586, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3. Care coordination implementation. (a) This subdivision applies to hospital discharges involving a child with a high-cost medical or chronic condition who needs post-hospital continuing aftercare, including but not limited to home health care services, post-hospital extended care services, or outpatient services for follow-up or ancillary care, or is at risk of recurrent hospitalization or emergency room services due to a medical or chronic condition.

(b) In addition to complying with the discharge planning requirements in subdivision 2, the hospital must ensure that the following conditions are met and arrangements made before discharging any patient described in paragraph (a):

(1) the patient's primary care provider and either the health carrier or, if the patient is enrolled in medical assistance, the managed care organization are notified of the patient's date of anticipated discharge and provided a description of the patient's aftercare needs and a copy of the patient's discharge plan, including any necessary medical information release forms;

(2) the appropriate arrangements for home health care or post-hospital extended care services are made and the initial services as indicated on the discharge plan are scheduled; and

(3) if the patient is eligible for care coordination services through a health plan or health certified medical home, the appropriate care coordinator has connected with the patient's family.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2019.

Sec. 10. **[144.591] DISCLOSURE OF HOSPITAL CHARGES.**

(a) Each hospital, including hospitals designated as critical access hospitals, shall provide to each discharged patient within 30 calendar days of discharge an itemized description of billed charges for medical services and goods the patient received during the hospital stay. The itemized description of billed charges may include technical terms to describe the medical services and goods if the technical terms are defined on the itemized description with limited medical nomenclature. The itemized description of billed charges must not describe a billed charge using only a medical billing code, "miscellaneous charges," or "supply charges."

(b) A hospital may not bill or otherwise charge a patient for the itemized description of billed charges.

(c) A hospital must provide an itemized description by secure e-mail, via a secure online portal, or, upon request, by mail.

(d) This section does not apply to patients enrolled in Medicare, medical assistance, the MinnesotaCare program, or who receive health care coverage through an employer self-insured health plan.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2020.

Sec. 11. **[144.6502] ELECTRONIC MONITORING IN CERTAIN HEALTH CARE FACILITIES.**

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the terms defined in this subdivision have the meanings given.

(b) "Electronic monitoring" means the placement and use of an electronic monitoring device by a resident in the resident's room or private living unit in accordance with this section.

(c) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of health.

(d) "Department" means the Department of Health.

(e) "Electronic monitoring device" means a camera or other device that captures, records, or broadcasts audio, video, or both, that is placed in a resident's room or private living unit and is used to monitor the resident or activities in the room or private living unit.

(f) "Facility" means a nursing home licensed under chapter 144A, a boarding care home licensed under sections 144.50 to 144.56, or a housing with services establishment registered under chapter 144D that is either subject to chapter 144G or has a disclosed special unit under section 325F.72.

(g) "Resident" means a person 18 years of age or older residing in a facility.

(h) "Resident representative" means one of the following in the order of priority listed, to the extent the person may reasonably be identified and located:

(1) a court-appointed guardian;

(2) a health care agent under section 145C.01, subdivision 2; or

(3) a person who is not an agent of a facility or of a home care provider designated in writing by the resident and maintained in the resident's records on file with the facility or with the resident's executed housing with services contract.

Subd. 2. **Electronic monitoring.** (a) A resident or a resident representative may conduct electronic monitoring of the resident's room or private living unit through the use of electronic monitoring devices placed in the resident's room or private living unit as provided in this section.

(b) Nothing in this section precludes the use of electronic monitoring of health care allowed under other law.

(c) Electronic monitoring authorized under this section is not a covered service under home and community-based waivers under sections 256B.0913, 256B.0915, 256B.092, and 256B.49.

(d) This section does not apply to monitoring technology authorized as a home and community-based service under section 256B.0913, 256B.0915, 256B.092, or 256B.49.

Subd. 3. **Consent to electronic monitoring.** (a) Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, a resident must consent to electronic monitoring in the resident's room or private living unit in writing on a notification and consent form. If the resident has not affirmatively objected to electronic monitoring and the resident's medical professional determines that the resident currently lacks the ability to understand and appreciate the nature and consequences of electronic monitoring, the resident representative may consent on behalf of the resident. For purposes of this subdivision, a resident affirmatively objects when the resident orally, visually, or through the use of auxiliary aids or services declines electronic monitoring. The resident's response must be documented on the notification and consent form.

(b) Prior to a resident representative consenting on behalf of a resident, the resident must be asked if the resident wants electronic monitoring to be conducted. The resident representative must explain to the resident:

(1) the type of electronic monitoring device to be used;

(2) the standard conditions that may be placed on the electronic monitoring device's use, including those listed in subdivision 6;

(3) with whom the recording may be shared under subdivision 10 or 11; and

(4) the resident's ability to decline all recording.

(c) A resident, or resident representative when consenting on behalf of the resident, may consent to electronic monitoring with any conditions of the resident's or resident representative's choosing, including the list of standard conditions provided in subdivision 6. A resident, or resident

representative when consenting on behalf of the resident, may request that the electronic monitoring device be turned off or the visual or audio recording component of the electronic monitoring device be blocked at any time.

(d) Prior to implementing electronic monitoring, a resident, or resident representative when acting on behalf of the resident, must obtain the written consent on the notification and consent form of any other resident residing in the shared room or shared private living unit. A roommate's or roommate's resident representative's written consent must comply with the requirements of paragraphs (a) to (c). Consent by a roommate or a roommate's resident representative under this paragraph authorizes the resident's use of any recording obtained under this section, as provided under subdivision 10 or 11.

(e) Any resident conducting electronic monitoring must immediately remove or disable an electronic monitoring device prior to a new roommate moving into a shared room or shared private living unit, unless the resident obtains the roommate's or roommate's resident representative's written consent as provided under paragraph (d) prior to the roommate moving into the shared room or shared private living unit. Upon obtaining the new roommate's signed notification and consent form and submitting the form to the facility as required under subdivision 5, the resident may resume electronic monitoring.

(f) The resident or roommate, or the resident representative or roommate's resident representative if the representative is consenting on behalf of the resident or roommate, may withdraw consent at any time and the withdrawal of consent must be documented on the original consent form as provided under subdivision 5, paragraph (c).

Subd. 4. **Refusal of roommate to consent.** If a resident of a facility who is residing in a shared room or shared living unit, or the resident representative of such a resident when acting on behalf of the resident, wants to conduct electronic monitoring and another resident living in or moving into the same shared room or shared living unit refuses to consent to the use of an electronic monitoring device, the facility shall make a reasonable attempt to accommodate the resident who wants to conduct electronic monitoring. A facility has met the requirement to make a reasonable attempt to accommodate a resident or resident representative who wants to conduct electronic monitoring when, upon notification that a roommate has not consented to the use of an electronic monitoring device in the resident's room, the facility offers to move the resident to another shared room or shared living unit that is available at the time of the request. If a resident chooses to reside in a private room or private living unit in a facility in order to accommodate the use of an electronic monitoring device, the resident must pay either the private room rate in a nursing home setting, or the applicable rent in a housing with services establishment. If a facility is unable to accommodate a resident due to lack of space, the facility must reevaluate the request every two weeks until the request is fulfilled. A facility is not required to provide a private room, a single-bed room, or a private living unit to a resident who is unable to pay.

Subd. 5. **Notice to facility.** (a) Electronic monitoring may begin only after the resident or resident representative who intends to place an electronic monitoring device and any roommate or roommate's resident representative completes the notification and consent form and submits the form to the facility.

(b) Upon receipt of any completed notification and consent form, the facility must place the original form in the resident's file or file the original form with the resident's housing with services contract. The facility must provide a copy to the resident and the resident's roommate, if applicable.

(c) In the event that a resident or roommate, or the resident representative or roommate's resident representative if the representative is consenting on behalf of the resident or roommate, chooses to alter the conditions under which consent to electronic monitoring is given or chooses to withdraw consent to electronic monitoring, the facility must make available the original notification and consent form so that it may be updated. Upon receipt of the updated form, the facility must place the updated form in the resident's file or file the original form with the resident's signed housing with services contract. The facility must provide a copy of the updated form to the resident and the resident's roommate, if applicable.

(d) If a new roommate, or the new roommate's resident representative when consenting on behalf of the new roommate, does not submit to the facility a completed notification and consent form and the resident conducting the electronic monitoring does not remove or disable the electronic monitoring device, the facility must remove the electronic monitoring device.

(e) If a roommate, or the roommate's resident representative when withdrawing consent on behalf of the roommate, submits an updated notification and consent form withdrawing consent and the resident conducting electronic monitoring does not remove or disable the electronic monitoring device, the facility must remove the electronic monitoring device.

(f) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the resident or resident representative who intends to place an electronic monitoring device may do so without submitting a notification and consent form to the facility, provided that:

(1) the resident or resident representative reasonably fears retaliation by the facility;

(2) the resident does not have a roommate;

(3) the resident or resident representative submits the completed notification and consent form to the Office of the Ombudsman for Long-Term Care;

(4) the resident or resident representative submits the notification and consent form to the facility within 14 calendar days of placing the electronic monitoring device; and

(5) the resident or resident representative immediately submits a Minnesota Adult Abuse Reporting Center report or police report upon evidence from the electronic monitoring device that suspected maltreatment has occurred between the time the electronic monitoring device is placed under this paragraph and the time the resident or resident representative submits the completed notification and consent form to the facility.

Subd. 6. **Form requirements.** (a) The notification and consent form completed by the resident must include, at a minimum, the following information:

(1) the resident's signed consent to electronic monitoring or the signature of the resident representative, if applicable. If a person other than the resident signs the consent form, the form must document the following:

- (i) the date the resident was asked if the resident wants electronic monitoring to be conducted;
- (ii) who was present when the resident was asked;
- (iii) an acknowledgment that the resident did not affirmatively object; and
- (iv) the source of authority allowing the resident representative to sign the notification and consent form on the resident's behalf;

(2) the resident's roommate's signed consent or the signature of the roommate's resident representative, if applicable. If a roommate's resident representative signs the consent form, the form must document the following:

- (i) the date the roommate was asked if the roommate wants electronic monitoring to be conducted;
- (ii) who was present when the roommate was asked;
- (iii) an acknowledgment that the roommate did not affirmatively object; and
- (iv) the source of authority allowing the resident representative to sign the notification and consent form on the resident's behalf;

(3) the type of electronic monitoring device to be used;

(4) a list of standard conditions or restrictions that the resident or a roommate may elect to place on the use of the electronic monitoring device, including but not limited to:

- (i) prohibiting audio recording;
- (ii) prohibiting video recording;
- (iii) prohibiting broadcasting of audio or video;
- (iv) turning off the electronic monitoring device or blocking the visual recording component of the electronic monitoring device for the duration of an exam or procedure by a health care professional;
- (v) turning off the electronic monitoring device or blocking the visual recording component of the electronic monitoring device while dressing or bathing is performed; and
- (vi) turning off the electronic monitoring device for the duration of a visit with a spiritual adviser, ombudsman, attorney, financial planner, intimate partner, or other visitor;

(5) any other condition or restriction elected by the resident or roommate on the use of an electronic monitoring device;

(6) a statement of the circumstances under which a recording may be disseminated under subdivision 10;

(7) a signature box for documenting that the resident or roommate has withdrawn consent; and

(8) an acknowledgment that the resident, in accordance with subdivision 3, consents, authorizes, and allows the Office of Ombudsman for Long-Term Care and representatives of its office to disclose information about the form limited to:

(i) the fact that the form was received from the resident or resident representative;

(ii) if signed by a resident representative, the name of the resident representative and the source of authority allowing the resident representative to sign the notification and consent form on the resident's behalf; and

(iii) the type of electronic monitoring device placed.

(b) Facilities must make the notification and consent form available to the residents and inform residents of their option to conduct electronic monitoring of their rooms or private living unit.

(c) Notification and consent forms received by the Office of Ombudsman for Long-Term Care are data protected under section 256.9744.

Subd. 7. **Cost and installation.** (a) A resident choosing to conduct electronic monitoring must do so at the resident's own expense, including paying purchase, installation, maintenance, and removal costs.

(b) If a resident chooses to place an electronic monitoring device that uses Internet technology for visual or audio monitoring, the resident may be responsible for contracting with an Internet service provider.

(c) The facility shall make a reasonable attempt to accommodate the resident's installation needs, including allowing access to the facility's public-use Internet or Wi-Fi systems when available for other public uses.

(d) All electronic monitoring device installations and supporting services must be UL-listed.

Subd. 8. **Notice to visitors.** (a) A facility shall post a sign at each facility entrance accessible to visitors that states "Security cameras and audio devices may be present to record persons and activities."

(b) The facility is responsible for installing and maintaining the signage required in this subdivision.

Subd. 9. **Obstruction of electronic monitoring devices.** (a) A person must not knowingly hamper, obstruct, tamper with, or destroy an electronic monitoring device placed in a resident's room or private living unit without the permission of the resident or resident representative.

(b) It is not a violation of paragraph (a) if a person turns off the electronic monitoring device or blocks the visual recording component of the electronic monitoring device at the direction of the resident or resident representative, or if consent has been withdrawn.

Subd. 10. **Dissemination of recordings.** (a) No person may access any video or audio recording created through authorized electronic monitoring without the written consent of the resident or resident representative.

(b) Except as required under other law, a recording or copy of a recording made as provided in this section may only be disseminated for the purpose of addressing health, safety, or welfare concerns of a resident or residents.

(c) A person disseminating a recording or copy of a recording made as provided in this section in violation of paragraph (b) may be civilly or criminally liable.

Subd. 11. **Admissibility of evidence.** Subject to applicable rules of evidence and procedure, any video or audio recording created through electronic monitoring under this section may be admitted into evidence in a civil, criminal, or administrative proceeding.

Subd. 12. **Liability.** (a) For the purposes of state law, the mere presence of an electronic monitoring device in a resident's room or private living unit is not a violation of the resident's right to privacy under section 144.651 or 144A.44.

(b) For the purposes of state law, a facility or home care provider is not civilly or criminally liable for the mere disclosure by a resident or a resident representative of a recording.

Subd. 13. **Immunity from liability.** The Office of Ombudsman for Long-Term Care and representatives of the office are immune from liability as provided under section 256.9742, subdivision 2.

Subd. 14. **Resident protections.** (a) A facility must not:

(1) refuse to admit a potential resident or remove a resident because the facility disagrees with the potential resident's or the resident's decisions regarding electronic monitoring, including when the decision is made by a resident representative acting on behalf of the resident;

(2) retaliate or discriminate against any resident for consenting or refusing to consent to electronic monitoring; or

(3) prevent the placement or use of an electronic monitoring device by a resident who has provided the facility or the Office of the Ombudsman for Long-Term Care with notice and consent as required under this section.

(b) Any contractual provision prohibiting, limiting, or otherwise modifying the rights and obligations in this section is contrary to public policy and is void and unenforceable.

Subd. 15. **Employee discipline.** An employee of the facility or of a contractor providing services at the facility, including an arranged home care provider as defined in section 144D.01, subdivision 2a, who is the subject of proposed corrective or disciplinary action based upon evidence obtained by electronic monitoring must be given access to that evidence for purposes of defending against the proposed action. The recording or a copy of the recording must be treated confidentially by the employee and must not be further disseminated to any other person except as required under law. Any copy of the recording must be returned to the facility or resident who provided the copy when it is no longer needed for purposes of defending against a proposed action.

Subd. 16. **Penalties.** (a) The commissioner may issue a correction order as provided under section 144A.10, 144A.45, or 144A.474, upon a finding that the facility has failed to comply with

subdivision 5, paragraphs (b) to (e); 6, paragraph (b); 7, paragraph (c); 8; 9; 10; or 14. For each violation of this section, the commissioner may impose a fine up to \$500 upon a finding of noncompliance with a correction order issued according to this subdivision.

(b) The commissioner may exercise the commissioner's authority provided under section 144D.05 to compel a housing with services establishment to meet the requirements of this section.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2020, and applies to all agreements in effect, entered into, or renewed on or after that date.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.966, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Newborn Hearing Screening Advisory Committee.** (a) The commissioner of health shall establish a Newborn Hearing Screening Advisory Committee to advise and assist the Department of Health and the Department of Education in:

(1) developing protocols and timelines for screening, rescreening, and diagnostic audiological assessment and early medical, audiological, and educational intervention services for children who are deaf or hard-of-hearing;

(2) designing protocols for tracking children from birth through age three that may have passed newborn screening but are at risk for delayed or late onset of permanent hearing loss;

(3) designing a technical assistance program to support facilities implementing the screening program and facilities conducting rescreening and diagnostic audiological assessment;

(4) designing implementation and evaluation of a system of follow-up and tracking; and

(5) evaluating program outcomes to increase effectiveness and efficiency and ensure culturally appropriate services for children with a confirmed hearing loss and their families.

(b) The commissioner of health shall appoint at least one member from each of the following groups with no less than two of the members being deaf or hard-of-hearing:

(1) a representative from a consumer organization representing culturally deaf persons;

(2) a parent with a child with hearing loss representing a parent organization;

(3) a consumer from an organization representing oral communication options;

(4) a consumer from an organization representing cued speech communication options;

(5) an audiologist who has experience in evaluation and intervention of infants and young children;

(6) a speech-language pathologist who has experience in evaluation and intervention of infants and young children;

(7) two primary care providers who have experience in the care of infants and young children, one of which shall be a pediatrician;

- (8) a representative from the early hearing detection intervention teams;
- (9) a representative from the Department of Education resource center for the deaf and hard-of-hearing or the representative's designee;
- (10) a representative of the Commission of the Deaf, DeafBlind and Hard of Hearing;
- (11) a representative from the Department of Human Services Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing Services Division;
- (12) one or more of the Part C coordinators from the Department of Education, the Department of Health, or the Department of Human Services or the department's designees;
- (13) the Department of Health early hearing detection and intervention coordinators;
- (14) two birth hospital representatives from one rural and one urban hospital;
- (15) a pediatric geneticist;
- (16) an otolaryngologist;
- (17) a representative from the Newborn Screening Advisory Committee under this subdivision;
and
- (18) a representative of the Department of Education regional low-incidence facilitators.

The commissioner must complete the appointments required under this subdivision by September 1, 2007.

(c) The Department of Health member shall chair the first meeting of the committee. At the first meeting, the committee shall elect a chair from its membership. The committee shall meet at the call of the chair, at least four times a year. The committee shall adopt written bylaws to govern its activities. The Department of Health shall provide technical and administrative support services as required by the committee. These services shall include technical support from individuals qualified to administer infant hearing screening, rescreening, and diagnostic audiological assessments.

Members of the committee shall receive no compensation for their service, but shall be reimbursed as provided in section 15.059 for expenses incurred as a result of their duties as members of the committee.

(d) By February 15, 2015, and by February 15 of the odd-numbered years after that date, the commissioner shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health and data privacy on the activities of the committee that have occurred during the past two years.

(e) This subdivision expires June 30, ~~2019~~ 2025.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144H.01, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Medically complex or technologically dependent child.** "Medically complex or technologically dependent child" means a child under ~~24~~ seven years of age who, because of a medical condition, requires continuous therapeutic interventions or skilled nursing supervision ~~which~~ that must be prescribed by a licensed physician and administered by, or under the direct supervision of, a licensed registered nurse.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144H.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Licenses.** A person seeking licensure for a PPEC center must submit a completed application for licensure to the commissioner, in a form and manner determined by the commissioner. The applicant must also submit the application fee, in the amount specified in section 144H.05, subdivision 1. ~~Effective January 1, 2018; Beginning July 1, 2020,~~ the commissioner shall issue a license for a PPEC center if the commissioner determines that the applicant and center meet the requirements of this chapter and rules that apply to PPEC centers. A license issued under this subdivision is valid for two years.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively from January 1, 2018.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144H.04, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1a. **Licensure phase-in.** (a) The commissioner shall phase in licensure of PPEC centers by issuing prior to June 30, 2024, no more than two licenses to applicants the commissioner determines meet the requirements of this chapter. A license issued under this subdivision is valid until June 30, 2024.

(b) This subdivision expires July 1, 2024.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective upon the effective date of section 12.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144H.06, is amended to read:

144H.06 APPLICATION OF RULES FOR HOSPICE SERVICES AND RESIDENTIAL HOSPICE FACILITIES.

Minnesota Rules, chapter 4664, shall apply to PPEC centers licensed under this chapter, except that the following parts, subparts, and items, ~~and subitems~~ do not apply:

- (1) Minnesota Rules, part 4664.0003, subparts 2, 6, 7, 11, 12, 13, 14, and 38;
- (2) Minnesota Rules, part 4664.0008;
- (3) Minnesota Rules, part 4664.0010, subparts 3; 4, ~~items A, subitem (6), and~~ item B; and 8;
- (4) Minnesota Rules, part 4664.0020, subpart 13;
- (5) Minnesota Rules, part 4664.0370, subpart 1;
- (6) Minnesota Rules, part 4664.0390, subpart 1, items A, C, and E;
- (7) Minnesota Rules, part 4664.0420;

- (8) Minnesota Rules, part 4664.0425, subparts 3, item A; 4; and 6;
- (9) Minnesota Rules, part 4664.0430, subparts 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12;
- (10) Minnesota Rules, part 4664.0490; and
- (11) Minnesota Rules, part 4664.0520.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2019.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144H.07, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Services.** A PPEC center must provide basic services to medically complex or technologically dependent children, based on a protocol of care established for each child. A PPEC center may provide services up to ~~14~~ 12.5 hours a day and up to six days a week with hours of operation during normal waking hours.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2019.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144H.07, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Limitations.** A PPEC center must comply with the following standards related to services:

- (1) a child is prohibited from attending a PPEC center for more than ~~14~~ 12.5 hours within a 24-hour period;
- (2) a PPEC center is prohibited from providing services other than those provided to medically complex or technologically dependent children; and
- (3) the maximum capacity for medically complex or technologically dependent children at a center shall not exceed 45 children.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2019.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144H.08, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. ~~**Duties of administrator**~~ **Administrators.** (a) The center administrator is responsible and accountable for overall management of the center. The administrator must:

- (1) designate in writing a person to be responsible for the center when the administrator is absent from the center for more than 24 hours;
- (2) maintain the following written records, in a place and form and using a system that allows for inspection of the records by the commissioner during normal business hours:
 - (i) a daily census record, which indicates the number of children currently receiving services at the center;
 - (ii) a record of all accidents or unusual incidents involving any child or staff member that caused, or had the potential to cause, injury or harm to a person at the center or to center property;

(iii) copies of all current agreements with providers of supportive services or contracted services;

(iv) copies of all current agreements with consultants employed by the center, documentation of each consultant's visits, and written, dated reports; and

(v) a personnel record for each employee, which must include an application for employment, references, employment history for the preceding five years, and copies of all performance evaluations;

(3) develop and maintain a current job description for each employee;

(4) provide necessary qualified personnel and ancillary services to ensure the health, safety, and proper care for each child; and

(5) develop and implement infection control policies that comply with rules adopted by the commissioner regarding infection control.

(b) In order to serve as an administrator of a PPEC center, an individual must have at least two years of experience in the past five years caring for or managing the care of medically complex or technologically dependent individuals.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2019.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144H.11, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Registered nurses.** A registered nurse employed by a PPEC center must be a registered nurse licensed in Minnesota, and hold a current certification in cardiopulmonary resuscitation, ~~and have experience in the previous 24 months in being responsible for the care of acutely ill or chronically ill children.~~

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2019.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144H.11, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Licensed practical nurses.** A licensed practical nurse employed by a PPEC center must be supervised by a registered nurse and must be a licensed practical nurse licensed in Minnesota, ~~have at least two years of experience in pediatrics,~~ and hold a current certification in cardiopulmonary resuscitation.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2019.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144H.11, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Other direct care personnel.** (a) Direct care personnel governed by this subdivision may include nursing assistants ~~and~~ or individuals with training and experience in the field of education, social services, or child care.

(b) All direct care personnel employed by a PPEC center must work under the supervision of a registered nurse and are responsible for providing direct care to children at the center. Direct care personnel must have extensive, documented education and skills training in providing care to infants

and toddlers, provide employment references documenting skill in the care of infants and children, and hold a current certification in cardiopulmonary resuscitation.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2019.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 145.4131, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Forms.** (a) Within 90 days of July 1, 1998, the commissioner shall prepare a reporting form for use by physicians or facilities performing abortions. A copy of this section shall be attached to the form. A physician or facility performing an abortion shall obtain a form from the commissioner.

(b) The form shall require the following information:

(1) the number of abortions performed by the physician in the previous calendar year, reported by month;

(2) the method used for each abortion;

(3) the approximate gestational age expressed in one of the following increments:

(i) less than nine weeks;

(ii) nine to ten weeks;

(iii) 11 to 12 weeks;

(iv) 13 to 15 weeks;

(v) 16 to 20 weeks;

(vi) 21 to 24 weeks;

(vii) 25 to 30 weeks;

(viii) 31 to 36 weeks; or

(ix) 37 weeks to term;

(4) the age of the woman at the time the abortion was performed;

(5) the specific reason for the abortion, including, but not limited to, the following:

(i) the pregnancy was a result of rape;

(ii) the pregnancy was a result of incest;

(iii) economic reasons;

(iv) the woman does not want children at this time;

(v) the woman's emotional health is at stake;

- (vi) the woman's physical health is at stake;
- (vii) the woman will suffer substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily function if the pregnancy continues;
- (viii) the pregnancy resulted in fetal anomalies; or
- (ix) unknown or the woman refused to answer;
- (6) the number of prior induced abortions;
- (7) the number of prior spontaneous abortions;
- (8) whether the abortion was paid for by:
 - (i) private coverage;
 - (ii) public assistance health coverage; or
 - (iii) self-pay;
- (9) whether coverage was under:
 - (i) a fee-for-service plan;
 - (ii) a capitated private plan; or
 - (iii) other;
- (10) complications, if any, for each abortion and for the aftermath of each abortion. Space for a description of any complications shall be available on the form;
- (11) the medical specialty of the physician performing the abortion;
- (12) if the abortion was performed via telemedicine, the facility code for the patient and the facility code for the physician; ~~and~~
- (13) whether the abortion resulted in a born alive infant, as defined in section 145.423, subdivision 4, and:
 - (i) any medical actions taken to preserve the life of the born alive infant;
 - (ii) whether the born alive infant survived; and
 - (iii) the status of the born alive infant, should the infant survive, if known;
- (14) whether a determination of probable postfertilization age was made and the probable postfertilization age determined, including:
 - (i) the method used to make such a determination; or

(ii) if a determination was not made prior to performing an abortion, the basis of the determination that a medical emergency existed; and

(15) for abortions performed after a determination of postfertilization age of 20 or more weeks, the basis of the determination that the pregnant woman had a condition that so complicated her medical condition as to necessitate the abortion of her pregnancy to avert her death or to avert serious risk of substantial and irreversible physical impairment of a major bodily function, not including psychological or emotional conditions.

Sec. 24. **[145.4141] DEFINITIONS.**

Subdivision 1. **Scope.** For purposes of sections 145.4141 to 145.4147, the following terms have the meanings given them.

Subd. 2. **Abortion.** "Abortion" means the use or prescription of any instrument, medicine, drug, or any other substance or device to terminate the pregnancy of a woman known to be pregnant, with an intention other than to increase the probability of a live birth; to preserve the life or health of the child after live birth; or to remove a dead unborn child who died as the result of natural causes in utero, accidental trauma, or a criminal assault on the pregnant woman or her unborn child; and which causes the premature termination of the pregnancy.

Subd. 3. **Attempt to perform or induce an abortion.** "Attempt to perform or induce an abortion" means an act, or an omission of a statutorily required act, that, under the circumstances as the actor believes them to be, constitutes a substantial step in a course of conduct planned to culminate in the performance or induction of an abortion in this state in violation of sections 145.4141 to 145.4147.

Subd. 4. **Fertilization.** "Fertilization" means the fusion of a human spermatozoon with a human ovum.

Subd. 5. **Medical emergency.** "Medical emergency" means a condition that, in reasonable medical judgment, so complicates the medical condition of the pregnant woman that it necessitates the immediate abortion of her pregnancy without first determining postfertilization age to avert her death or for which the delay necessary to determine postfertilization age will create serious risk of substantial and irreversible physical impairment of a major bodily function not including psychological or emotional conditions. No condition shall be deemed a medical emergency if based on a claim or diagnosis that the woman will engage in conduct which she intends to result in her death or in substantial and irreversible physical impairment of a major bodily function.

Subd. 6. **Physician.** "Physician" means any person licensed to practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery in this state.

Subd. 7. **Postfertilization age.** "Postfertilization age" means the age of the unborn child as calculated from the fusion of a human spermatozoon with a human ovum.

Subd. 8. **Probable postfertilization age of the unborn child.** "Probable postfertilization age of the unborn child" means what, in reasonable medical judgment, will with reasonable probability be the postfertilization age of the unborn child at the time the abortion is planned to be performed or induced.

Subd. 9. **Reasonable medical judgment.** "Reasonable medical judgment" means a medical judgment that would be made by a reasonably prudent physician knowledgeable about the case and the treatment possibilities with respect to the medical conditions involved.

Subd. 10. **Unborn child or fetus.** "Unborn child" or "fetus" means an individual organism of the species homo sapiens from fertilization until live birth.

Subd. 11. **Woman.** "Woman" means a female human being whether or not she has reached the age of majority.

Sec. 25. [145.4142] **LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS.**

(a) The legislature makes the following findings.

(b) Pain receptors (nociceptors) are present throughout an unborn child's entire body and nerves link these receptors to the brain's thalamus and subcortical plate by 20 weeks.

(c) By eight weeks after fertilization, an unborn child reacts to touch. After 20 weeks an unborn child reacts to stimuli that would be recognized as painful if applied to an adult human, for example by recoiling.

(d) In the unborn child, application of such painful stimuli is associated with significant increases in stress hormones known as the stress response.

(e) Subjection to such painful stimuli is associated with long-term harmful neurodevelopmental effects, such as altered pain sensitivity and, possibly, emotional, behavioral, and learning disabilities later in life.

(f) For the purposes of surgery on an unborn child, fetal anesthesia is routinely administered and is associated with a decrease in stress hormones compared to the level when painful stimuli is applied without anesthesia.

(g) The position, asserted by some medical experts, that an unborn child is incapable of experiencing pain until a point later in pregnancy than 20 weeks after fertilization predominately rests on the assumption that the ability to experience pain depends on the cerebral cortex and requires nerve connections between the thalamus and the cortex. However, recent medical research and analysis, especially since 2007, provides strong evidence for the conclusion that a functioning cortex is not necessary to experience pain.

(h) Substantial evidence indicates that children born missing the bulk of the cerebral cortex, those with hydranencephaly, nevertheless experience pain.

(i) In adults, stimulation or ablation of the cerebral cortex does not alter pain perception, while stimulation or ablation of the thalamus does.

(j) Substantial evidence indicates that structures used for pain processing in early development differ from those of adults, using different neural elements available at specific times during development, such as the subcortical plate, to fulfill the role of pain processing.

(k) The position asserted by some medical experts, that the unborn child remains in a coma-like sleep state that precludes the unborn child experiencing pain is inconsistent with the documented reaction of unborn children to painful stimuli and with the experience of fetal surgeons who have found it necessary to sedate the unborn child with anesthesia to prevent the unborn child from thrashing about in reaction to invasive surgery.

(l) Consequently, there is substantial medical evidence that an unborn child is capable of experiencing pain by 20 weeks after fertilization.

(m) It is the purpose of the state to assert a compelling state interest in protecting the lives of unborn children from the stage at which substantial medical evidence indicates that they are capable of feeling pain.

Sec. 26. **[145.4143] DETERMINATION OF POSTFERTILIZATION AGE.**

Subdivision 1. **Determination of postfertilization age.** Except in the case of a medical emergency, no abortion shall be performed or induced or be attempted to be performed or induced unless the physician performing or inducing it has first made a determination of the probable postfertilization age of the unborn child or relied upon such a determination made by another physician. In making such a determination, the physician shall make those inquiries of the woman and perform or cause to be performed those medical examinations and tests that a reasonably prudent physician, knowledgeable about the case and the medical conditions involved, would consider necessary to perform in making an accurate diagnosis with respect to postfertilization age.

Subd. 2. **Unprofessional conduct.** Failure by any physician to conform to any requirement of this section constitutes unprofessional conduct under section 147.091, subdivision 1, paragraph (k).

Sec. 27. **[145.4144] ABORTION OF UNBORN CHILD OF 20 OR MORE WEEKS POSTFERTILIZATION AGE PROHIBITED; CAPABLE OF FEELING PAIN.**

Subdivision 1. **Abortion prohibition; exemption.** No person shall perform or induce or attempt to perform or induce an abortion upon a woman when it has been determined, by the physician performing or inducing or attempting to perform or induce the abortion, or by another physician upon whose determination that physician relies, that the probable postfertilization age of the woman's unborn child is 20 or more weeks unless, in reasonable medical judgment, she has a condition which so complicates her medical condition as to necessitate the abortion of her pregnancy to avert her death or to avert serious risk of substantial and irreversible physical impairment of a major bodily function, not including psychological or emotional conditions. No such condition shall be deemed to exist if it is based on a claim or diagnosis that the woman will engage in conduct which she intends to result in her death or in substantial and irreversible physical impairment of a major bodily function.

Subd. 2. **When abortion not prohibited.** When an abortion upon a woman whose unborn child has been determined to have a probable postfertilization age of 20 or more weeks is not prohibited by this section, the physician shall terminate the pregnancy in the manner which, in reasonable medical judgment, provides the best opportunity for the unborn child to survive unless, in reasonable medical judgment, termination of the pregnancy in that manner would pose a greater risk either of the death of the pregnant woman or of the substantial and irreversible physical impairment of a major bodily function, not including psychological or emotional conditions, of the woman than would other available methods. No such greater risk shall be deemed to exist if it is based on a claim

or diagnosis that the woman will engage in conduct which she intends to result in her death or in substantial and irreversible physical impairment of a major bodily function.

Sec. 28. **[145.4145] ENFORCEMENT.**

Subdivision 1. **Criminal penalties.** A person who intentionally or recklessly performs or induces or attempts to perform or induce an abortion in violation of sections 145.4141 to 145.4147 shall be guilty of a felony. No penalty may be assessed against the woman upon whom the abortion is performed or induced or attempted to be performed or induced.

Subd. 2. **Civil remedies.** (a) A woman upon whom an abortion has been performed or induced in violation of sections 145.4141 to 145.4147, or the father of the unborn child who was the subject of such an abortion, may maintain an action against the person who performed or induced the abortion in intentional or reckless violation of sections 145.4141 to 145.4147 for damages. A woman upon whom an abortion has been attempted in violation of sections 145.4141 to 145.4147 may maintain an action against the person who attempted to perform or induce the abortion in an intentional or reckless violation of sections 145.4141 to 145.4147 for damages.

(b) A cause of action for injunctive relief against a person who has intentionally violated sections 145.4141 to 145.4147 may be maintained by the woman upon whom an abortion was performed or induced or attempted to be performed or induced in violation of sections 145.4141 to 145.4147; by a person who is the father of the unborn child subject to an abortion, parent, sibling, or guardian of, or a current or former licensed health care provider of, the woman upon whom an abortion has been performed or induced or attempted to be performed or induced in violation of sections 145.4141 to 145.4147; by a county attorney with appropriate jurisdiction; or by the attorney general. The injunction shall prevent the abortion provider from performing or inducing or attempting to perform or induce further abortions in this state in violation of sections 145.4141 to 145.4147.

(c) If judgment is rendered in favor of the plaintiff in an action described in this section, the court shall also render judgment for reasonable attorney fees in favor of the plaintiff against the defendant.

(d) If judgment is rendered in favor of the defendant and the court finds that the plaintiff's suit was frivolous and brought in bad faith, the court shall also render judgment for reasonable attorney fees in favor of the defendant against the plaintiff.

(e) No damages or attorney fees may be assessed against the woman upon whom an abortion was performed or induced or attempted to be performed or induced except according to paragraph (d).

Sec. 29. **[145.4146] PROTECTION OF PRIVACY IN COURT PROCEEDINGS.**

In every civil or criminal proceeding or action brought under the Pain-Capable Unborn Child Protection Act, the court shall rule on whether the anonymity of a woman upon whom an abortion has been performed or induced or attempted to be performed or induced shall be preserved from public disclosure if she does not give her consent to such disclosure. The court, upon motion or sua sponte, shall make such a ruling and, upon determining that her anonymity should be preserved, shall issue orders to the parties, witnesses, and counsel and shall direct the sealing of the record and exclusion of individuals from courtrooms or hearing rooms to the extent necessary to safeguard her

identity from public disclosure. Each such order shall be accompanied by specific written findings explaining why the anonymity of the woman should be preserved from public disclosure, why the order is essential to that end, how the order is narrowly tailored to serve that interest, and why no reasonable, less restrictive alternative exists. In the absence of written consent of the woman upon whom an abortion has been performed or induced or attempted to be performed or induced, anyone, other than a public official, who brings an action under section 145.4145, subdivision 2, shall do so under a pseudonym. This section may not be construed to conceal the identity of the plaintiff or of witnesses from the defendant or from attorneys for the defendant.

Sec. 30. [145.4147] SEVERABILITY.

If any one or more provisions, sections, subsections, sentences, clauses, phrases, or words of sections 145.4141 to 145.4146, or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is found to be unconstitutional, the same is hereby declared to be severable and the balance of sections 145.4141 to 145.4146 shall remain effective notwithstanding such unconstitutionality. The legislature hereby declares that it would have passed sections 145.4141 to 145.4146, and each provision, section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, or word thereof, irrespective of the fact that any one or more provisions, sections, subsections, sentences, clauses, phrases, or words of sections 145.4141 to 145.4146, or the application of sections 145.4141 to 145.4146, would be declared unconstitutional.

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 145.4235, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Eligibility for grants.** (a) The commissioner shall award grants to eligible applicants under paragraph (c) for the reasonable expenses of alternatives to abortion programs to support, encourage, and assist women in carrying their pregnancies to term and caring for their babies after birth by providing information on, referral to, and assistance with securing necessary services that enable women to carry their pregnancies to term and care for their babies after birth. Necessary services must include, but are not limited to:

- (1) medical care;
- (2) nutritional services;
- (3) housing assistance;
- (4) adoption services;
- (5) education and employment assistance, including services that support the continuation and completion of high school;
- (6) child care assistance; and
- (7) parenting education and support services.

An applicant may not provide or assist a woman to obtain adoption services from a provider of adoption services that is not licensed.

(b) In addition to providing information and referral under paragraph (a), an eligible program may provide one or more of the necessary services under paragraph (a) that assists women in carrying their pregnancies to term. To avoid duplication of efforts, grantees may refer to other public or

private programs, rather than provide the care directly, if a woman meets eligibility criteria for the other programs.

(c) To be eligible for a grant, an agency or organization must:

(1) be a private, nonprofit organization;

(2) demonstrate that the program is conducted under appropriate supervision;

(3) not charge women for services provided under the program;

(4) provide each pregnant woman counseled with accurate information on the developmental characteristics of babies and of unborn children, including offering the printed information described in section 145.4243;

(5) ensure that its alternatives-to-abortion program's purpose is to assist and encourage women in carrying their pregnancies to term and to maximize their potentials thereafter;

(6) ensure that none of the money provided is used to encourage or affirmatively counsel a woman to have an abortion not necessary to prevent her death, to provide her an abortion, or to directly refer her to an abortion provider for an abortion. The agency or organization may provide nondirective counseling; and

(7) have had the alternatives to abortion program in existence ~~for at least one year as of July 1, 2011; or incorporated an alternative to abortion program that has been in existence for at least one year as of July 1, 2011~~ for at least two years prior to the date the agency or organization submits an application to the commissioner for a grant under this section.

(d) The provisions, words, phrases, and clauses of paragraph (c) are inseverable from this subdivision, and if any provision, word, phrase, or clause of paragraph (c) or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity applies to all of this subdivision.

(e) An organization that provides abortions, promotes abortions, or directly refers to an abortion provider for an abortion is ineligible to receive a grant under this program. An affiliate of an organization that provides abortions, promotes abortions, or directly refers to an abortion provider for an abortion is ineligible to receive a grant under this section unless the organizations are separately incorporated and independent from each other. To be independent, the organizations may not share any of the following:

(1) the same or a similar name;

(2) medical facilities or nonmedical facilities, including but not limited to, business offices, treatment rooms, consultation rooms, examination rooms, and waiting rooms;

(3) expenses;

(4) employee wages or salaries; or

(5) equipment or supplies, including but not limited to, computers, telephone systems, telecommunications equipment, and office supplies.

(f) An organization that receives a grant under this section and that is affiliated with an organization that provides abortion services must maintain financial records that demonstrate strict compliance with this subdivision and that demonstrate that its independent affiliate that provides abortion services receives no direct or indirect economic or marketing benefit from the grant under this section.

(g) The commissioner shall approve any information provided by a grantee on the health risks associated with abortions to ensure that the information is medically accurate.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 145.4242, is amended to read:

145.4242 INFORMED CONSENT.

(a) No abortion shall be performed in this state except with the voluntary and informed consent of the female upon whom the abortion is to be performed. Except in the case of a medical emergency or if the fetus has an anomaly incompatible with life, and the female has declined perinatal hospice care, consent to an abortion is voluntary and informed only if:

(1) the female is told the following, by telephone or in person, by the physician who is to perform the abortion or by a referring physician, at least 24 hours before the abortion:

(i) the particular medical risks associated with the particular abortion procedure to be employed including, when medically accurate, the risks of infection, hemorrhage, breast cancer, danger to subsequent pregnancies, and infertility;

(ii) the probable gestational age of the unborn child at the time the abortion is to be performed;

(iii) the medical risks associated with carrying her child to term; and

(iv) for abortions after 20 weeks gestational, whether or not an anesthetic or analgesic would eliminate or alleviate organic pain to the unborn child caused by the particular method of abortion to be employed and the particular medical benefits and risks associated with the particular anesthetic or analgesic.

The information required by this clause may be provided by telephone without conducting a physical examination or tests of the patient, in which case the information required to be provided may be based on facts supplied to the physician by the female and whatever other relevant information is reasonably available to the physician. It may not be provided by a tape recording, but must be provided during a consultation in which the physician is able to ask questions of the female and the female is able to ask questions of the physician. If a physical examination, tests, or the availability of other information to the physician subsequently indicate, in the medical judgment of the physician, a revision of the information previously supplied to the patient, that revised information may be communicated to the patient at any time prior to the performance of the abortion. Nothing in this section may be construed to preclude provision of required information in a language understood by the patient through a translator;

(2) the female is informed, by telephone or in person, by the physician who is to perform the abortion, by a referring physician, or by an agent of either physician at least 24 hours before the abortion:

(i) that medical assistance benefits may be available for prenatal care, childbirth, and neonatal care;

(ii) that the father is liable to assist in the support of her child, even in instances when the father has offered to pay for the abortion; and

(iii) that she has the right to review the printed materials described in section 145.4243, that these materials are available on a state-sponsored website, and what the website address is. The physician or the physician's agent shall orally inform the female that the materials have been provided by the state of Minnesota and that they describe the unborn child, list agencies that offer alternatives to abortion, and contain information on fetal pain. If the female chooses to view the materials other than on the website, they shall either be given to her at least 24 hours before the abortion or mailed to her at least 72 hours before the abortion by certified mail, restricted delivery to addressee, which means the postal employee can only deliver the mail to the addressee.

The information required by this clause may be provided by a tape recording if provision is made to record or otherwise register specifically whether the female does or does not choose to have the printed materials given or mailed to her;

(3) the female certifies in writing, prior to the abortion, that the information described in clauses (1) and (2) has been furnished to her and that she has been informed of her opportunity to review the information referred to in clause (2), item (iii); and

(4) prior to the performance of the abortion, the physician who is to perform the abortion or the physician's agent obtains a copy of the written certification prescribed by clause (3) and retains it on file with the female's medical record for at least three years following the date of receipt.

(b) Prior to administering the anesthetic or analgesic as described in paragraph (a), clause (1), item (iv), the physician must disclose to the woman any additional cost of the procedure for the administration of the anesthetic or analgesic. If the woman consents to the administration of the anesthetic or analgesic, the physician shall administer the anesthetic or analgesic or arrange to have the anesthetic or analgesic administered.

(c) A female seeking an abortion of her unborn child diagnosed with fetal anomaly incompatible with life must be informed of available perinatal hospice services and offered this care as an alternative to abortion. If perinatal hospice services are declined, voluntary and informed consent by the female seeking an abortion is given if the female receives the information required in paragraphs (a), clause (1), and (b). The female must comply with the requirements in paragraph (a), clauses (3) and (4).

(d) If, at any time prior to the performance of an abortion, a female undergoes an ultrasound examination, or a physician determines that ultrasound imaging will be used during the course of a patient's abortion, the physician or the physician's agent shall orally inform the patient of the opportunity to view or decline to view an active ultrasound image of the unborn child.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 145.4244, is amended to read:

145.4244 INTERNET WEBSITE.

(a) The commissioner of health shall develop and maintain a stable Internet website to provide the information described under section 145.4243. No information regarding who uses the website shall be collected or maintained. The commissioner of health shall monitor the website on a weekly basis to prevent and correct tampering.

(b) A health care facility performing abortions must provide the information described in section 145.4243 on the facility's website or provide a link to the Department of Health website where this information may be viewed.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 145.928, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Goal; establishment.** It is the goal of the state, ~~by 2010~~, to decrease ~~by 50 percent~~ the disparities in infant mortality rates and adult and child immunization rates for American Indians and populations of color, as compared with rates for whites. To do so and to achieve other measurable outcomes, the commissioner of health shall establish a program to close the gap in the health status of American Indians and populations of color as compared with whites in the following priority areas: infant mortality, access to and utilization of high-quality prenatal care, breast and cervical cancer screening, HIV/AIDS and sexually transmitted infections, adult and child immunizations, cardiovascular disease, diabetes, and accidental injuries and violence.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 145.928, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. **Community grant program; immunization rates, prenatal care access and utilization, and infant mortality rates.** (a) The commissioner shall award grants to eligible applicants for local or regional projects and initiatives directed at reducing health disparities in one or ~~both~~ more of the following priority areas:

(1) decreasing racial and ethnic disparities in infant mortality rates; ~~or~~

(2) decreasing racial and ethnic disparities in access to and utilization of high-quality prenatal care; or

~~(2)~~ (3) increasing adult and child immunization rates in nonwhite racial and ethnic populations.

(b) The commissioner may award up to 20 percent of the funds available as planning grants. Planning grants must be used to address such areas as community assessment, coordination activities, and development of community supported strategies.

(c) Eligible applicants may include, but are not limited to, faith-based organizations, social service organizations, community nonprofit organizations, community health boards, tribal governments, and community clinics. Applicants must submit proposals to the commissioner. A proposal must specify the strategies to be implemented to address one or ~~both~~ more of the priority areas listed in paragraph (a) and must be targeted to achieve the outcomes established according to subdivision 3.

(d) The commissioner shall give priority to applicants who demonstrate that their proposed project or initiative:

(1) is supported by the community the applicant will serve;

- (2) is research-based or based on promising strategies;
- (3) is designed to complement other related community activities;
- (4) utilizes strategies that positively impact ~~both~~ two or more priority areas;
- (5) reflects racially and ethnically appropriate approaches; and
- (6) will be implemented through or with community-based organizations that reflect the race or ethnicity of the population to be reached.

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 145.986, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Purpose.** The purpose of the statewide health improvement program is to:

- (1) address the ~~top three~~ leading preventable causes of illness and death: ~~tobacco use and exposure, poor diet, and lack of regular physical activity~~ as determined by the commissioner through the statewide health assessment;
- (2) promote the development, availability, and use of evidence-based, community level, comprehensive strategies to create healthy communities; and
- (3) measure the impact of the evidence-based, community health improvement practices which over time work to contain health care costs and reduce chronic diseases.

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 145.986, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. **Grants to local communities.** (a) ~~Beginning July 1, 2009,~~ The commissioner of health shall award competitive grants to community health boards and tribal governments to convene, coordinate, and implement evidence-based proven-effective strategies targeted at reducing the percentage of Minnesotans who are obese or overweight and to reduce the use of tobacco, and promising practices or activities that can be evaluated using experimental or quasi-experimental design. Grants shall be awarded to all community health boards and tribal governments whose proposals demonstrate the ability to implement programs designed to achieve the purposes in subdivision 1 and other requirements of this section.

(b) Grantee activities shall:

- (1) be based on scientific evidence;
- (2) be based on community input;
- (3) address behavior change at the individual, community, and systems levels;
- (4) occur in community, school, work site, and health care settings;
- (5) be focused on policy, systems, and environmental changes that support healthy behaviors;
and
- (6) address the health disparities and inequities that exist in the grantee's community.

(c) To receive a grant under this section, community health boards and tribal governments must submit proposals to the commissioner. A local match of ten percent of the total funding allocation is required. This local match may include funds donated by community partners.

(d) In order to receive a grant, community health boards and tribal governments must submit a health improvement plan to the commissioner of health for approval. The commissioner may require the plan to identify a community leadership team, community partners, and a community action plan that includes an assessment of area strengths and needs, proposed action strategies, technical assistance needs, and a staffing plan.

(e) The grant recipient must implement the health improvement plan, evaluate the effectiveness of the strategies, and modify or discontinue strategies found to be ineffective.

(f) Grant recipients shall report their activities and their progress toward the outcomes established under subdivision 2 to the commissioner in a format and at a time specified by the commissioner.

(g) All grant recipients shall be held accountable for making progress toward the measurable outcomes established in subdivision 2. The commissioner shall require a corrective action plan and may reduce the funding level of grant recipients that do not make adequate progress toward the measurable outcomes.

~~(h) Beginning November 1, 2015, the commissioner shall offer grant recipients the option of using a grant awarded under this subdivision to implement health improvement strategies that improve the health status, delay the expression of dementia, or slow the progression of dementia, for a targeted population at risk for dementia and shall award at least two of the grants awarded on November 1, 2015, for these purposes. The grants must meet all other requirements of this section. The commissioner shall coordinate grant planning activities with the commissioner of human services, the Minnesota Board on Aging, and community-based organizations with a focus on dementia. Each grant must include selected outcomes and evaluation measures related to the incidence or progression of dementia among the targeted population using the procedure described in subdivision 2. For purposes of this subdivision, "proven-effective strategy" means a strategy or practice that offers a high level of research on effectiveness for at least one outcome of interest; and "promising practice or activity" means a practice or activity that is supported by research demonstrating effectiveness for at least one outcome of interest.~~

~~(i) Beginning July 1, 2017, the commissioner shall offer grant recipients the option of using a grant awarded under this subdivision to confront the opioid addiction and overdose epidemic, and shall award at least two of the grants awarded on or after July 1, 2017, for these purposes. The grants awarded under this paragraph must meet all other requirements of this section. The commissioner shall coordinate grant planning activities with the commissioner of human services. Each grant shall include selected outcomes and evaluation measures related to addressing the opioid epidemic.~~

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 145.986, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Evaluation.** (a) Using the outcome measures established in subdivision 3, the commissioner shall conduct a biennial evaluation of the statewide health improvement program grants funded under this section. The evaluation must use the most appropriate experimental or quasi-experimental design suitable for the grant activity or project. Grant recipients shall cooperate with the commissioner in the evaluation and provide the commissioner with the information necessary

to conduct the evaluation, including information on any impact on the health indicators listed in section 62U.10, subdivision 6, within the geographic area or among the population targeted.

(b) Grant recipients will collect, monitor, and submit to the Department of Health baseline and annual data and provide information to improve the quality and impact of community health improvement strategies.

(c) For the purposes of carrying out the grant program under this section, including for administrative purposes, the commissioner shall award contracts to appropriate entities to assist in designing and implementing evaluation systems. The commissioner shall consult with the commissioner of management and budget to ensure that the evaluation process is using experimental or quasi-experimental design.

(d) Contracts awarded under paragraph (c) may be used to:

(1) develop grantee monitoring and reporting systems to track grantee progress, including aggregated and disaggregated data;

(2) manage, analyze, and report program evaluation data results; and

(3) utilize innovative support tools to analyze and predict the impact of prevention strategies on health outcomes and state health care costs over time.

(e) For purposes of this subdivision, "experimental design" means a method of evaluating the impact of a strategy that uses random assignment to establish statistically similar groups, so that any difference in outcomes found at the end of the evaluation can be attributed to the strategy being evaluated; and "quasi-experimental design" means a method of evaluating the impact of a strategy that uses an approach other than random assignment to establish statistically similar groups, so that any difference in outcomes found at the end of the evaluation can be attributed to the strategy being evaluated.

Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 145.986, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Report.** The commissioner shall submit a biennial report to the legislature on the statewide health improvement program funded under this section. The report must include information on each grant recipient, including the activities that were conducted by the grantee using grant funds, the grantee's progress toward achieving the measurable outcomes established under subdivision 2, and the data provided to the commissioner by the grantee to measure these outcomes for grant activities. The commissioner shall provide information on grants in which a corrective action plan was required under subdivision 1a, the types of plan action, and the progress that has been made toward meeting the measurable outcomes. In addition, the commissioner shall provide recommendations on future areas of focus for health improvement. These reports are due by January 15 of every other year, beginning in 2010. ~~In the report due on January 15, 2014,~~ In the reports due beginning January 15, 2020, the commissioner shall include a description of the contracts awarded under subdivision 4, paragraph (c), and the monitoring and evaluation systems that were designed and implemented under these contracts.

Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 145.986, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Supplantation of existing funds.** Community health boards and tribal governments must use funds received under this section to develop new programs, expand current programs ~~that work to reduce the percentage of Minnesotans who are obese or overweight or who use tobacco~~, or replace discontinued state or federal funds ~~previously used to reduce the percentage of Minnesotans who are obese or overweight or who use tobacco~~. Funds must not be used to supplant current state or local funding to community health boards or tribal governments ~~used to reduce the percentage of Minnesotans who are obese or overweight or to reduce tobacco use~~.

Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 152.22, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5a. **Hemp.** "Hemp" means industrial hemp as defined in section 18K.02, subdivision 3.

Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 152.22, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Medical cannabis.** (a) "Medical cannabis" means any species of the genus cannabis plant, or any mixture or preparation of them, including whole plant extracts and resins, and is delivered in the form of:

- (1) liquid, including, but not limited to, oil;
- (2) pill;
- (3) vaporized delivery method with use of liquid or oil but which does not require the use of dried leaves or plant form; or
- (4) any other method, excluding smoking, approved by the commissioner.

(b) This definition includes any part of the genus cannabis plant prior to being processed into a form allowed under paragraph (a), that is possessed by a person while that person is engaged in employment duties necessary to carry out a requirement under sections 152.22 to 152.37 for a registered manufacturer or a laboratory under contract with a registered manufacturer. This definition also includes any hemp acquired by a manufacturer by a hemp grower licensed under chapter 18K as permitted under section 152.29, subdivision 1, paragraph (b).

Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 152.25, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Reports.** (a) The commissioner shall provide regular updates to the task force on medical cannabis therapeutic research and to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health and human services, public safety, judiciary, and civil law regarding: (1) any changes in federal law or regulatory restrictions regarding the use of medical cannabis and hemp; and (2) the market demand and supply in this state for hemp products that can be used for medicinal purposes.

(b) The commissioner may submit medical research based on the data collected under sections 152.22 to 152.37 to any federal agency with regulatory or enforcement authority over medical cannabis to demonstrate the effectiveness of medical cannabis for treating a qualifying medical condition.

Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 152.28, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Health care practitioner duties.** (a) Prior to a patient's enrollment in the registry program, a health care practitioner shall:

(1) determine, in the health care practitioner's medical judgment, whether a patient suffers from a qualifying medical condition, and, if so determined, provide the patient with a certification of that diagnosis;

(2) determine whether a patient is developmentally or physically disabled and, as a result of that disability, the patient is unable to self-administer medication or acquire medical cannabis from a distribution facility, and, if so determined, include that determination on the patient's certification of diagnosis;

(3) advise patients, registered designated caregivers, and parents or legal guardians who are acting as caregivers of the existence of any nonprofit patient support groups or organizations;

(4) provide explanatory information from the commissioner to patients with qualifying medical conditions, including disclosure to all patients about the experimental nature of therapeutic use of medical cannabis; the possible risks, benefits, and side effects of the proposed treatment; the application and other materials from the commissioner; and provide patients with the Tennessee warning as required by section 13.04, subdivision 2; and

(5) agree to continue treatment of the patient's qualifying medical condition and report medical findings to the commissioner.

(b) Upon notification from the commissioner of the patient's enrollment in the registry program, the health care practitioner shall:

(1) participate in the patient registry reporting system under the guidance and supervision of the commissioner;

(2) report health records of the patient throughout the ongoing treatment of the patient to the commissioner in a manner determined by the commissioner and in accordance with subdivision 2;

(3) determine, on a yearly basis, if the patient continues to suffer from a qualifying medical condition and, if so, issue the patient a new certification of that diagnosis; and

(4) otherwise comply with all requirements developed by the commissioner.

(c) A health care practitioner may conduct a patient assessment to issue a recertification as required under paragraph (b), clause (3), via telemedicine as defined under section 62A.671, subdivision 9.

~~(e)~~ (d) Nothing in this section requires a health care practitioner to participate in the registry program.

Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 152.29, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Manufacturer; requirements.** (a) A manufacturer shall operate ~~four~~ eight distribution facilities, which may include the manufacturer's single location for cultivation, harvesting, manufacturing, packaging, and processing but is not required to include that location. ~~A manufacturer~~

~~is required to begin distribution of medical cannabis from at least one distribution facility by July 1, 2015. All distribution facilities must be operational and begin distribution of medical cannabis by July 1, 2016. The distribution facilities shall be located~~ The commissioner shall designate the geographical service areas to be served by each manufacturer based on geographical need throughout the state to improve patient access. ~~A manufacturer shall disclose the proposed locations for the distribution facilities to the commissioner during the registration process.~~ A manufacturer shall not have more than two distribution facilities in each geographical service area assigned to the manufacturer by the commissioner. A manufacturer shall operate only one location where all cultivation, harvesting, manufacturing, packaging, and processing of medical cannabis shall be conducted. Any This location may be one of the manufacturer's distribution facility sites. The additional distribution facilities may dispense medical cannabis and medical cannabis products but may not contain any medical cannabis in a form other than those forms allowed under section 152.22, subdivision 6, and the manufacturer shall not conduct any cultivation, harvesting, manufacturing, packaging, or processing at an additional the other distribution facility site sites. Any distribution facility operated by the manufacturer is subject to all of the requirements applying to the manufacturer under sections 152.22 to 152.37, including, but not limited to, security and distribution requirements.

(b) A manufacturer may obtain hemp from a hemp grower licensed with the commissioner of agriculture under chapter 18K if the hemp was grown in this state. A manufacturer may use hemp for the purpose of making it available in a form allowable under section 152.22, subdivision 6. Any hemp acquired by a manufacturer under this paragraph is subject to the same quality control program, security and testing requirements, and any other requirement for medical cannabis under sections 152.22 to 152.37 and Minnesota Rules, chapter 4770.

~~(b)~~ (c) A medical cannabis manufacturer shall contract with a laboratory approved by the commissioner, subject to any additional requirements set by the commissioner, for purposes of testing medical cannabis manufactured or hemp acquired by the medical cannabis manufacturer as to content, contamination, and consistency to verify the medical cannabis meets the requirements of section 152.22, subdivision 6. The cost of laboratory testing shall be paid by the manufacturer.

~~(c)~~ (d) The operating documents of a manufacturer must include:

(1) procedures for the oversight of the manufacturer and procedures to ensure accurate record keeping; and

(2) procedures for the implementation of appropriate security measures to deter and prevent the theft of medical cannabis and unauthorized entrance into areas containing medical cannabis; and

(3) procedures for the delivery and transportation of hemp between hemp growers licensed under chapter 18K and manufacturers.

~~(c)~~ (e) A manufacturer shall implement security requirements, including requirements for the delivery and transportation of hemp, protection of each location by a fully operational security alarm system, facility access controls, perimeter intrusion detection systems, and a personnel identification system.

~~(c)~~ (f) A manufacturer shall not share office space with, refer patients to a health care practitioner, or have any financial relationship with a health care practitioner.

~~(f)~~ (g) A manufacturer shall not permit any person to consume medical cannabis on the property of the manufacturer.

~~(g)~~ (h) A manufacturer is subject to reasonable inspection by the commissioner.

~~(h)~~ (i) For purposes of sections 152.22 to 152.37, a medical cannabis manufacturer is not subject to the Board of Pharmacy licensure or regulatory requirements under chapter 151.

~~(i)~~ (j) A medical cannabis manufacturer may not employ any person who is under 21 years of age or who has been convicted of a disqualifying felony offense. An employee of a medical cannabis manufacturer must submit a completed criminal history records check consent form, a full set of classifiable fingerprints, and the required fees for submission to the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension before an employee may begin working with the manufacturer. The bureau must conduct a Minnesota criminal history records check and the superintendent is authorized to exchange the fingerprints with the Federal Bureau of Investigation to obtain the applicant's national criminal history record information. The bureau shall return the results of the Minnesota and federal criminal history records checks to the commissioner.

~~(j)~~ (k) A manufacturer may not operate in any location, whether for distribution or cultivation, harvesting, manufacturing, packaging, or processing, within 1,000 feet of a public or private school existing before the date of the manufacturer's registration with the commissioner.

~~(k)~~ (l) A manufacturer shall comply with reasonable restrictions set by the commissioner relating to signage, marketing, display, and advertising of medical cannabis.

(m) Before a manufacturer acquires hemp, the manufacturer must verify that the person from whom the manufacturer is acquiring hemp has a valid license issued by the commissioner of agriculture under chapter 18K.

Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 152.29, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Manufacturer; production.** (a) A manufacturer of medical cannabis shall provide a reliable and ongoing supply of all medical cannabis needed for the registry program.

(b) All cultivation, harvesting, manufacturing, packaging, and processing of medical cannabis or manufacturing, packaging, or processing of hemp acquired by the manufacturer must take place in an enclosed, locked facility at a physical address provided to the commissioner during the registration process.

(c) A manufacturer must process and prepare any medical cannabis plant material into a form allowable under section 152.22, subdivision 6, prior to distribution of any medical cannabis.

Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 152.29, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Manufacturer; distribution.** (a) A manufacturer shall require that employees licensed as pharmacists pursuant to chapter 151 be the only employees to give final approval for the distribution of medical cannabis to a patient.

(b) A manufacturer may dispense medical cannabis products, whether or not the products have been manufactured by the manufacturer, but is not required to dispense medical cannabis products.

(c) Prior to distribution of any medical cannabis, the manufacturer shall:

(1) verify that the manufacturer has received the registry verification from the commissioner for that individual patient;

(2) verify that the person requesting the distribution of medical cannabis is the patient, the patient's registered designated caregiver, or the patient's parent or legal guardian listed in the registry verification using the procedures described in section 152.11, subdivision 2d;

(3) assign a tracking number to any medical cannabis distributed from the manufacturer;

(4) ensure that any employee of the manufacturer licensed as a pharmacist pursuant to chapter 151 has consulted with the patient to determine the proper dosage for the individual patient after reviewing the ranges of chemical compositions of the medical cannabis and the ranges of proper dosages reported by the commissioner. For purposes of this clause, a consultation may be conducted remotely using a videoconference, so long as the employee providing the consultation is able to confirm the identity of the patient, the consultation occurs while the patient is at a distribution facility, and the consultation adheres to patient privacy requirements that apply to health care services delivered through telemedicine;

(5) properly package medical cannabis in compliance with the United States Poison Prevention Packaging Act regarding child-resistant packaging and exemptions for packaging for elderly patients, and label distributed medical cannabis with a list of all active ingredients and individually identifying information, including:

(i) the patient's name and date of birth;

(ii) the name and date of birth of the patient's registered designated caregiver or, if listed on the registry verification, the name of the patient's parent or legal guardian, if applicable;

(iii) the patient's registry identification number;

(iv) the chemical composition of the medical cannabis; and

(v) the dosage; and

(6) ensure that the medical cannabis distributed contains a maximum of a ~~30-day~~ 90-day supply of the dosage determined for that patient.

(d) A manufacturer shall require any employee of the manufacturer who is transporting medical cannabis or medical cannabis products to a distribution facility to carry identification showing that the person is an employee of the manufacturer.

Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 152.29, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:

Subd. 3a. **Transportation of medical cannabis; staffing.** (a) A medical cannabis manufacturer may staff a transport motor vehicle with only one employee if the medical cannabis manufacturer is transporting medical cannabis to either a certified laboratory for the purpose of testing or a facility for the purpose of disposal. If the medical cannabis manufacturer is transporting medical cannabis

for any other purpose or destination, the transport motor vehicle must be staffed with a minimum of two employees as required by rules adopted by the commissioner.

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a medical cannabis manufacturer that is only transporting hemp for any purpose may staff the transport motor vehicle with only one employee.

Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 152.31, is amended to read:

152.31 DATA PRACTICES.

(a) Government data in patient files maintained by the commissioner and the health care practitioner, and data submitted to or by a medical cannabis manufacturer, are private data on individuals, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12, or nonpublic data, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 9, but may be used for purposes of complying with chapter 13 and complying with a request from the legislative auditor or the state auditor in the performance of official duties. The provisions of section 13.05, subdivision 11, apply to a registration agreement entered between the commissioner and a medical cannabis manufacturer under section 152.25.

(b) Not public data maintained by the commissioner may not be used for any purpose not provided for in sections 152.22 to 152.37, and may not be combined or linked in any manner with any other list, dataset, or database.

(c) The commissioner may execute data sharing arrangements with the commissioner of agriculture to verify licensing information, inspection, and compliance related to hemp growers under chapter 18K.

Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 157.22, is amended to read:

157.22 EXEMPTIONS.

This chapter does not apply to:

(1) interstate carriers under the supervision of the United States Department of Health and Human Services;

(2) weddings, fellowship meals, or funerals conducted by a faith-based organization using any building constructed and primarily used for religious worship or education;

(3) any building owned, operated, and used by a college or university in accordance with health regulations promulgated by the college or university under chapter 14;

(4) any person, firm, or corporation whose principal mode of business is licensed under sections 28A.04 and 28A.05, is exempt at that premises from licensure as a food or beverage establishment; provided that the holding of any license pursuant to sections 28A.04 and 28A.05 shall not exempt any person, firm, or corporation from the applicable provisions of this chapter or the rules of the state commissioner of health relating to food and beverage service establishments;

(5) family day care homes and group family day care homes governed by sections 245A.01 to 245A.16;

(6) nonprofit senior citizen centers for the sale of home-baked goods;

(7) fraternal, sportsman, or patriotic organizations that are tax exempt under section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4), 501(c)(6), 501(c)(7), 501(c)(10), or 501(c)(19) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or organizations related to, affiliated with, or supported by such fraternal, sportsman, or patriotic organizations for events held in the building or on the grounds of the organization and at which home-prepared food is donated by organization members for sale at the events, provided:

(i) the event is not a circus, carnival, or fair;

(ii) the organization controls the admission of persons to the event, the event agenda, or both; and

(iii) the organization's licensed kitchen is not used in any manner for the event;

(8) food not prepared at an establishment and brought in by individuals attending a potluck event for consumption at the potluck event. An organization sponsoring a potluck event under this clause may advertise the potluck event to the public through any means. Individuals who are not members of an organization sponsoring a potluck event under this clause may attend the potluck event and consume the food at the event. Licensed food establishments other than schools cannot be sponsors of potluck events. A school may sponsor and hold potluck events in areas of the school other than the school's kitchen, provided that the school's kitchen is not used in any manner for the potluck event. For purposes of this clause, "school" means a public school as defined in section 120A.05, subdivisions 9, 11, 13, and 17, or a nonpublic school, church, or religious organization at which a child is provided with instruction in compliance with sections 120A.22 and 120A.24. Potluck event food shall not be brought into a licensed food establishment kitchen;

(9) a home school in which a child is provided instruction at home;

(10) school concession stands serving commercially prepared, nonpotentially hazardous foods, as defined in Minnesota Rules, chapter 4626;

(11) group residential facilities of ten or fewer beds licensed by the commissioner of human services under Minnesota Rules, chapter 2960, provided the facility employs or contracts with a certified food manager under Minnesota Rules, part 4626.2015;

(12) food served at fund-raisers or community events conducted in the building or on the grounds of a faith-based organization, provided that a certified food manager, or a volunteer trained in a food safety course, trains the food preparation workers in safe food handling practices. This exemption does not apply to faith-based organizations at the state agricultural society or county fairs or to faith-based organizations that choose to apply for a license;

(13) food service events conducted following a disaster for purposes of feeding disaster relief staff and volunteers serving commercially prepared, nonpotentially hazardous foods, as defined in Minnesota Rules, chapter 4626; and

(14) chili or soup served at a chili or soup cook-off fund-raiser conducted by a community-based nonprofit organization, provided:

(i) the municipality where the event is located approves the event;

(ii) the sponsoring organization must develop food safety rules and ensure that participants follow these rules; and

(iii) if the food is not prepared in a kitchen that is licensed or inspected, a visible sign or placard must be posted that states: "These products are homemade and not subject to state inspection."

Foods exempt under this clause must be labeled to accurately reflect the name and address of the person preparing the foods; and

(15) a special event food stand or a seasonal temporary food stand provided:

(i) the stand is operated solely by a person or persons under the age of 14;

(ii) the stand is located on private property with the permission of the property owner;

(iii) the stand has gross receipts or contributions of \$1,000 or less in a calendar year; and

(iv) the operator of the stand posts a sign or placard at the site that states "The products sold at this stand are not subject to state inspection or regulation.", if the stand offers for sale potentially hazardous food as defined in Minnesota Rules, part 4626.0020, subdivision 62.

Sec. 51. DIRECTION TO THE COMMISSIONER OF HEALTH.

The commissioner of health shall prescribe the notification and consent form described in Minnesota Statutes, section 144.6502, subdivision 6, no later than January 1, 2020. The commissioner shall make the form available on the department's website.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 52. PERINATAL HOSPICE GRANTS.

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.

(b) "Eligible program entity" means a hospital, hospice, health care facility, or community-based organization. An eligible program entity must have a perinatal hospice program coordinator who is eligible to be certified in perinatal loss care.

(c) "Eligible training entity" means an eligible program entity that has experience providing perinatal hospice services, or a qualified individual who is eligible to be certified in perinatal loss care and has experience providing perinatal hospice services.

(d) "Eligible to be certified in perinatal loss care" means an individual who meets the criteria to sit for the perinatal loss care exam, or is already certified in perinatal loss care, by the Hospice and Palliative Credentialing Center.

(e) "Life-limiting prenatal diagnosis" means a fetal condition diagnosed before birth that will with reasonable certainty result in the death of the child within six months after birth.

(f) "Perinatal hospice" means comprehensive support to the pregnant woman and her family that includes family-centered multidisciplinary care to meet their medical, spiritual, and emotional needs from the time of a life-limiting prenatal diagnosis through the birth, life, and natural death of the child, and through the postpartum period. Supportive care may be provided by medical staff, counselors, clergy, mental health providers, social workers, geneticists, certified nurse midwives, hospice professionals, and others.

Subd. 2. **Perinatal hospice development grants.** Perinatal hospice development grants are available to eligible program entities and must be used for expenditures to:

- (1) establish a new perinatal hospice program;
- (2) expand an existing perinatal hospice program;
- (3) recruit a perinatal hospice program coordinator; or

(4) fund perinatal hospice administrative and coordinator expenses for a period of not more than six months.

Subd. 3. **Perinatal hospice training grants.** Perinatal hospice training grants are available to eligible training entities and may be used for expenses to enable existing perinatal hospice programs to provide training for members of a multidisciplinary team providing perinatal hospice services. Funds must be used for:

(1) development and operation of a perinatal hospice training program. The curriculum must include but is not limited to training to provide the following services to families eligible for perinatal hospice:

- (i) counseling at the time of a life-limiting prenatal diagnosis;
- (ii) specialized birth planning;
- (iii) specialized advance care planning;

(iv) services to address the emotional needs of the family through prenatal and postpartum counseling that:

(A) helps the family prepare for the death of their child;

(B) helps the family work within the health care delivery system to create a safe and professionally supported environment where parents can parent their child during their brief life in a way that is meaningful for that family and baby; and

(C) helps the family with the grief that begins at diagnosis and continues after the death of the child; and

(v) evidence-based perinatal bereavement care;

(2) trainer support, including travel expenses and reasonable living expenses during the period of training;

(3) trainee support, including tuition, books, travel expenses, program fees, and reasonable living expenses during the period of training; or

(4) materials used in the provision of training.

Subd. 4. **Perinatal hospice awareness grants.** Perinatal hospice awareness grants are available to eligible program entities and may be used for the creation and distribution of materials promoting awareness of perinatal hospice programs.

Subd. 5. **Report.** The commissioner of health shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health and human services finance by February 1, 2023, on how the grant funds have been used.

Sec. 53. PLAN FOR A WORKING GROUP ON LINKS BETWEEN HEALTH DISPARITIES AND EDUCATIONAL ACHIEVEMENT FOR CHILDREN FROM AMERICAN INDIAN COMMUNITIES AND COMMUNITIES OF COLOR.

(a) The commissioner of health, in consultation with the commissioner of education, shall develop a plan to convene one or more working groups to:

(1) examine the links between health disparities and disparities in educational achievement for children from American Indian communities and communities of color; and

(2) develop recommendations for programs, services, or funding to address health disparities and decrease disparities in educational achievement for children from American Indian communities and communities of color.

(b) The plan shall include the possible membership of the proposed working group and the duties for the proposed working group.

(c) The commissioner shall submit the plan for the working group, including proposed legislation establishing the working group, to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health and education by February 15, 2020.

Sec. 54. SHORT TITLE.

Minnesota Statutes, sections 145.4141 to 145.4147 may be cited as the "Pain-Capable Unborn Child Protection Act."

Sec. 55. STUDY ON BREASTFEEDING DISPARITIES; STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT.

(a) The commissioner of health shall work with community stakeholders in Minnesota including but not limited to representatives from the Minnesota Breastfeeding Coalition; Academy of Lactation Policy and Practice; International Board of Lactation Consultant Examiners; DONA International; HealthConnect; Reaching Sisters Everywhere; the La Leche League; the women, infants, and children program; hospitals and clinics; local public health professionals and organizations; community-based organizations; and representatives of populations with low breastfeeding rates to carry out a study to identify barriers, challenges, and successes affecting the initiation, duration, and exclusivity of breastfeeding.

(b) The study must address policy, systemic, and environmental factors that both support and create barriers to breastfeeding. The study must also identify and make recommendations regarding culturally appropriate practices that have been shown to increase breastfeeding rates in populations that have the greatest breastfeeding disparity rates.

(c) The commissioner shall submit a report on the study with any recommendations to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health care policy and finance on or before September 15, 2020.

Sec. 56. TRANSITION TO AUTHORIZED ELECTRONIC MONITORING IN CERTAIN HEALTH CARE FACILITIES.

Any resident, resident representative, or other person conducting electronic monitoring in a resident's room or private living unit prior to January 1, 2020, must comply with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 144.6502, by January 1, 2020.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 57. REPEALER.

Minnesota Statutes 2018, sections 144.1464; and 144.1911, are repealed.

ARTICLE 2

DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES; HEALTH CARE

Section 1. [254A.21] FETAL ALCOHOL SPECTRUM DISORDERS PREVENTION GRANTS.

(a) The commissioner of human services shall award a grant to a statewide organization that focuses solely on prevention of and intervention with fetal alcohol spectrum disorders. The grant recipient must make subgrants to eligible regional collaboratives in rural and urban areas of the state for the purposes specified in paragraph (c).

(b) "Eligible regional collaboratives" means a partnership between at least one local government and at least one community-based organization and, where available, a family home visiting program. For purposes of this paragraph, a local government includes a county or a multicounty organization, a tribal government, a county-based purchasing entity, or a community health board.

(c) Eligible regional collaboratives must use subgrant funds to reduce the incidence of fetal alcohol spectrum disorders and other prenatal drug-related effects in children in Minnesota by identifying and serving pregnant women suspected of or known to use or abuse alcohol or other drugs. Eligible regional collaboratives must provide intensive services to chemically dependent women to increase positive birth outcomes.

(d) An eligible regional collaborative that receives a subgrant under this section must report to the grant recipient by January 15 of each year on the services and programs funded by the subgrant. The report must include measurable outcomes for the previous year, including the number of pregnant women served and the number of toxic-free babies born. The grant recipient must compile the

information in the subgrant reports and submit a summary report to the commissioner of human services by February 15 of each year.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.04, subdivision 14, is amended to read:

Subd. 14. **Competitive bidding.** (a) When determined to be effective, economical, and feasible, the commissioner may utilize volume purchase through competitive bidding and negotiation under the provisions of chapter 16C, to provide items under the medical assistance program including but not limited to the following:

(1) eyeglasses;

(2) oxygen. The commissioner shall provide for oxygen needed in an emergency situation on a short-term basis, until the vendor can obtain the necessary supply from the contract dealer;

(3) hearing aids and supplies; and

(4) durable medical equipment, including but not limited to:

(i) hospital beds;

(ii) commodes;

(iii) glide-about chairs;

(iv) patient lift apparatus;

(v) wheelchairs and accessories;

(vi) oxygen administration equipment;

(vii) respiratory therapy equipment;

(viii) electronic diagnostic, therapeutic and life-support systems;

(5) nonemergency medical transportation level of need determinations, disbursement of public transportation passes and tokens, and volunteer and recipient mileage and parking reimbursements; and

(6) drugs.

(b) Rate changes and recipient cost-sharing under this chapter and chapter 256L do not affect contract payments under this subdivision unless specifically identified.

(c) The commissioner may not utilize volume purchase through competitive bidding and negotiation ~~for special transportation services~~ under the provisions of chapter 16C for special transportation services or incontinence products and related supplies.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.056, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Residency.** (a) To be eligible for medical assistance, a person must reside in Minnesota, or, if absent from the state, be deemed to be a resident of Minnesota, in accordance with Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 435.403.

(b) The commissioner shall identify individuals who are enrolled in medical assistance and who are absent from the state for more than 30 consecutive days, but who continue to qualify for medical assistance in accordance with paragraph (a).

(c) If the individual is absent from the state for more than 30 consecutive days but still deemed a resident of Minnesota in accordance with paragraph (a), any covered service provided to the individual must be paid through the fee-for-service system and not through the managed care capitated rate payment system under section 256B.69 or 256L.12.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.056, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Asset limitations for certain individuals.** (a) To be eligible for medical assistance, a person must not individually own more than \$3,000 in assets, or if a member of a household with two family members, husband and wife, or parent and child, the household must not own more than \$6,000 in assets, plus \$200 for each additional legal dependent. In addition to these maximum amounts, an eligible individual or family may accrue interest on these amounts, but they must be reduced to the maximum at the time of an eligibility redetermination. The accumulation of the clothing and personal needs allowance according to section 256B.35 must also be reduced to the maximum at the time of the eligibility redetermination. The value of assets that are not considered in determining eligibility for medical assistance is the value of those assets excluded under the Supplemental Security Income program for aged, blind, and disabled persons, with the following exceptions:

- (1) household goods and personal effects are not considered;
- (2) capital and operating assets of a trade or business that the local agency determines are necessary to the person's ability to earn an income are not considered;
- (3) motor vehicles are excluded to the same extent excluded by the Supplemental Security Income program;
- (4) assets designated as burial expenses are excluded to the same extent excluded by the Supplemental Security Income program. Burial expenses funded by annuity contracts or life insurance policies must irrevocably designate the individual's estate as contingent beneficiary to the extent proceeds are not used for payment of selected burial expenses;
- (5) for a person who no longer qualifies as an employed person with a disability due to loss of earnings, assets allowed while eligible for medical assistance under section 256B.057, subdivision 9, are not considered for 12 months, beginning with the first month of ineligibility as an employed person with a disability, to the extent that the person's total assets remain within the allowed limits of section 256B.057, subdivision 9, paragraph (d);
- (6) when a person enrolled in medical assistance under section 256B.057, subdivision 9, is age 65 or older and has been enrolled during each of the 24 consecutive months before the person's 65th birthday, the assets owned by the person and the person's spouse must be disregarded, up to the

limits of section 256B.057, subdivision 9, paragraph (d), when determining eligibility for medical assistance under section 256B.055, subdivision 7. The income of a spouse of a person enrolled in medical assistance under section 256B.057, subdivision 9, during each of the 24 consecutive months before the person's 65th birthday must be disregarded when determining eligibility for medical assistance under section 256B.055, subdivision 7. Persons eligible under this clause are not subject to the provisions in section 256B.059; and

(7) effective July 1, 2009, certain assets owned by American Indians are excluded as required by section 5006 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, Public Law 111-5. For purposes of this clause, an American Indian is any person who meets the definition of Indian according to Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 447.50.

(b) Upon initial enrollment, no asset limit shall apply to persons eligible under section 256B.055, subdivision 15. Upon renewal, a person eligible under section 256B.055, subdivision 15, must not own either individually or as a member of a household more than \$1,000,000 in assets to continue to be eligible for medical assistance.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.056, subdivision 7a, is amended to read:

Subd. 7a. **Periodic renewal of eligibility.** (a) The commissioner shall make an annual redetermination of eligibility based on information contained in the enrollee's case file and other information available to the agency, including but not limited to information accessed through an electronic database, without requiring the enrollee to submit any information when sufficient data is available for the agency to renew eligibility.

(b) If the commissioner cannot renew eligibility in accordance with paragraph (a), the commissioner must provide the enrollee with a prepopulated renewal form containing eligibility information available to the agency and permit the enrollee to submit the form with any corrections or additional information to the agency and sign the renewal form via any of the modes of submission specified in section 256B.04, subdivision 18.

(c) An enrollee who is terminated for failure to complete the renewal process may subsequently submit the renewal form and required information within four months after the date of termination and have coverage reinstated without a lapse, if otherwise eligible under this chapter. The local agency may close the enrollee's case file if the required information is not submitted within four months of termination.

(d) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), individuals eligible under subdivision 5 shall be required to renew eligibility every six months.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0625, subdivision 56a, is amended to read:

Subd. 56a. **Post-arrest Officer-involved community-based service care coordination.** (a) Medical assistance covers ~~post-arrest~~ officer-involved community-based ~~service~~ care coordination for an individual who:

(1) has been identified as having a mental illness or substance use disorder using a screening tool approved by the commissioner;

(2) does not require the security of a public detention facility and is not considered an inmate of a public institution as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 435.1010;

(3) meets the eligibility requirements in section 256B.056; and

(4) has agreed to participate in ~~post-arrest officer-involved~~ community-based ~~service care~~ coordination through a diversion contract in lieu of incarceration.

(b) ~~Post-arrest Officer-involved~~ community-based ~~service care~~ coordination means navigating services to address a client's mental health, chemical health, social, economic, and housing needs, or any other activity targeted at reducing the incidence of jail utilization and connecting individuals with existing covered services available to them, including, but not limited to, targeted case management, waiver case management, or care coordination.

(c) ~~Post-arrest Officer-involved~~ community-based ~~service care~~ coordination must be provided by an individual who is an employee of a county or is under contract with a county to provide ~~post-arrest officer-involved~~ community-based ~~care~~ coordination and is qualified under one of the following criteria:

(1) a licensed mental health professional as defined in section 245.462, subdivision 18, clauses (1) to (6);

(2) a mental health practitioner as defined in section 245.462, subdivision 17, working under the clinical supervision of a mental health professional; or

(3) a certified peer specialist under section 256B.0615, working under the clinical supervision of a mental health professional.

(d) Reimbursement is allowed for up to 60 days following the initial determination of eligibility.

(e) Providers of ~~post-arrest officer-involved~~ community-based ~~service care~~ coordination shall annually report to the commissioner on the number of individuals served, and number of the community-based services that were accessed by recipients. The commissioner shall ensure that services and payments provided under ~~post-arrest officer-involved~~ community-based ~~service care~~ coordination do not duplicate services or payments provided under section 256B.0625, subdivision 20, 256B.0753, 256B.0755, or 256B.0757.

~~(f) Notwithstanding section 256B.19, subdivision 1, the nonfederal share of cost for post-arrest community-based service coordination services shall be provided by the county providing the services, from sources other than federal funds or funds used to match other federal funds.~~

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0625, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 66. Prescribed pediatric extended care (PPEC) center basic services. Medical assistance covers PPEC center basic services as defined under section 144H.01, subdivision 2. PPEC basic services shall be reimbursed according to section 256B.86.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2020, or upon federal approval, whichever occurs later. The commissioner of human services shall notify the commissioner of health and the revisor of statutes when federal approval is obtained.

Sec. 8. **[256B.0633] MINNESOTA EHB BENCHMARK PLAN.**

Notwithstanding section 256B.0625, 256B.69, or any other law to the contrary, the services covered for parents and caretakers and for a single adult without children who are eligible for medical assistance under section 256B.055, subdivisions 3a and 15, shall be the services covered under the Minnesota EHB Benchmark Plan for plan year 2016 or the actuarial equivalent.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.69, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Limitation of choice.** (a) The commissioner shall develop criteria to determine when limitation of choice may be implemented in the experimental counties. The criteria shall ensure that all eligible individuals in the county have continuing access to the full range of medical assistance services as specified in subdivision 6.

(b) The commissioner shall exempt the following persons from participation in the project, in addition to those who do not meet the criteria for limitation of choice:

(1) persons eligible for medical assistance according to section 256B.055, subdivision 1;

(2) persons eligible for medical assistance due to blindness or disability as determined by the Social Security Administration or the state medical review team, unless:

(i) they are 65 years of age or older; or

(ii) they reside in Itasca County or they reside in a county in which the commissioner conducts a pilot project under a waiver granted pursuant to section 1115 of the Social Security Act;

(3) recipients who currently have private coverage through a health maintenance organization;

(4) recipients who are eligible for medical assistance by spending down excess income for medical expenses other than the nursing facility per diem expense;

(5) recipients who receive benefits under the Refugee Assistance Program, established under United States Code, title 8, section 1522(e);

(6) children who are both determined to be severely emotionally disturbed and receiving case management services according to section 256B.0625, subdivision 20, except children who are eligible for and who decline enrollment in an approved preferred integrated network under section 245.4682;

(7) adults who are both determined to be seriously and persistently mentally ill and received case management services according to section 256B.0625, subdivision 20;

(8) persons eligible for medical assistance according to section 256B.057, subdivision 10; ~~and~~

(9) persons with access to cost-effective employer-sponsored private health insurance or persons enrolled in a non-Medicare individual health plan determined to be cost-effective according to section 256B.0625, subdivision 15; and

(10) persons who are absent from the state for more than 30 consecutive days but still deemed a resident of Minnesota, identified in accordance with section 256B.056, subdivision 1, paragraph (b).

Children under age 21 who are in foster placement may enroll in the project on an elective basis. Individuals excluded under clauses (1), (6), and (7) may choose to enroll on an elective basis. The commissioner may enroll recipients in the prepaid medical assistance program for seniors who are (1) age 65 and over, and (2) eligible for medical assistance by spending down excess income.

(c) The commissioner may allow persons with a one-month spenddown who are otherwise eligible to enroll to voluntarily enroll or remain enrolled, if they elect to prepay their monthly spenddown to the state.

(d) The commissioner may require those individuals to enroll in the prepaid medical assistance program who otherwise would have been excluded under paragraph (b), clauses (1), (3), and (8), and under Minnesota Rules, part 9500.1452, subpart 2, items H, K, and L.

(e) Before limitation of choice is implemented, eligible individuals shall be notified and after notification, shall be allowed to choose only among demonstration providers. The commissioner may assign an individual with private coverage through a health maintenance organization, to the same health maintenance organization for medical assistance coverage, if the health maintenance organization is under contract for medical assistance in the individual's county of residence. After initially choosing a provider, the recipient is allowed to change that choice only at specified times as allowed by the commissioner. If a demonstration provider ends participation in the project for any reason, a recipient enrolled with that provider must select a new provider but may change providers without cause once more within the first 60 days after enrollment with the second provider.

(f) An infant born to a woman who is eligible for and receiving medical assistance and who is enrolled in the prepaid medical assistance program shall be retroactively enrolled to the month of birth in the same managed care plan as the mother once the child is enrolled in medical assistance unless the child is determined to be excluded from enrollment in a prepaid plan under this section.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.69, subdivision 31, is amended to read:

Subd. 31. **Payment reduction.** (a) Beginning September 1, 2011, the commissioner shall reduce payments and limit future rate increases paid to managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans. The limits in paragraphs (a) to (f) shall be achieved on a statewide aggregate basis by program. The commissioner may use competitive bidding, payment reductions, or other reductions to achieve the reductions and limits in this subdivision.

(b) Beginning September 1, 2011, the commissioner shall reduce payments to managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans as follows:

(1) 2.0 percent for medical assistance elderly basic care. This shall not apply to Medicare cost-sharing, nursing facility, personal care assistance, and elderly waiver services;

- (2) 2.82 percent for medical assistance families and children;
- (3) 10.1 percent for medical assistance adults without children; and
- (4) 6.0 percent for MinnesotaCare families and children.

(c) Beginning January 1, 2012, the commissioner shall limit rates paid to managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans for calendar year 2012 to a percentage of the rates in effect on August 31, 2011, as follows:

- (1) 98 percent for medical assistance elderly basic care. This shall not apply to Medicare cost-sharing, nursing facility, personal care assistance, and elderly waiver services;
- (2) 97.18 percent for medical assistance families and children;
- (3) 89.9 percent for medical assistance adults without children; and
- (4) 94 percent for MinnesotaCare families and children.

(d) Beginning January 1, 2013, to December 31, 2013, the commissioner shall limit the maximum annual trend increases to rates paid to managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans as follows:

- (1) 7.5 percent for medical assistance elderly basic care. This shall not apply to Medicare cost-sharing, nursing facility, personal care assistance, and elderly waiver services;
- (2) 5.0 percent for medical assistance special needs basic care;
- (3) 2.0 percent for medical assistance families and children;
- (4) 3.0 percent for medical assistance adults without children;
- (5) 3.0 percent for MinnesotaCare families and children; and
- (6) 3.0 percent for MinnesotaCare adults without children.

(e) The commissioner may limit trend increases to less than the maximum. Beginning July 1, 2014, the commissioner shall limit the maximum annual trend increases to rates paid to managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans as follows for calendar years 2014 and 2015:

- (1) 7.5 percent for medical assistance elderly basic care. This shall not apply to Medicare cost-sharing, nursing facility, personal care assistance, and elderly waiver services;
- (2) 5.0 percent for medical assistance special needs basic care;
- (3) 2.0 percent for medical assistance families and children;
- (4) 3.0 percent for medical assistance adults without children;
- (5) 3.0 percent for MinnesotaCare families and children; and

(6) 4.0 percent for MinnesotaCare adults without children.

(f) The commissioner may limit trend increases to less than the maximum. For calendar year 2014, the commissioner shall reduce the maximum aggregate trend increases by \$47,000,000 in state and federal funds to account for the reductions in administrative expenses in subdivision 5i.

(g) Beginning July 1, 2019, the commissioner shall limit the maximum annual trend increases to rates paid to managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans as follows for calendar years 2020, 2021, 2023, and 2024:

(1) 4.0 percent for medical assistance elderly basic care. This shall not apply to Medicare cost-sharing, nursing facility, personal care assistance, and elderly waiver services;

(2) 4.0 percent for medical assistance special needs basic care;

(3) 3.0 percent for medical assistance families and children; and

(4) 3.0 percent for medical assistance adults without children.

Sec. 11. **[256B.86] PRESCRIBED PEDIATRIC EXTENDED CARE (PPEC) CENTER SERVICES.**

Subdivision 1. **Reimbursement rates.** The daily per-child payment rates for PPEC basic services covered by medical assistance and provided at PPEC centers licensed under chapter 144H are:

(1) for intense complexity: \$550 for four or more hours and \$275 for less than four hours;

(2) for high complexity: \$450 for four or more hours and \$225 for less than four hours; and

(3) for moderate complexity: \$400 for four or more hours and \$200 for less than four hours.

Subd. 2. **Determination of complexity level.** Complexity level shall be determined based on the level of nursing intervention required for each child using an assessment tool approved by the commissioner.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2020, or upon federal approval, whichever occurs later. The commissioner of human services shall notify the revisor of statutes when federal approval is obtained.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256L.03, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Cost-sharing.** (a) Co-payments, coinsurance, and deductibles do not apply to children under the age of 21 and to American Indians as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 600.5.

(b) The commissioner shall adjust co-payments, coinsurance, and deductibles for covered services in a manner sufficient to maintain the actuarial value of the benefit to 94 percent for families or individuals with incomes equal to or below 150 percent of the federal poverty guidelines; and to 87 percent for families or individuals with incomes that are above 150 percent of the federal poverty guidelines and equal to or less than 200 percent of the federal poverty guidelines for the applicable

family size. The cost-sharing changes described in this paragraph do not apply to eligible recipients or services exempt from cost-sharing under state law. The cost-sharing changes described in this paragraph shall not be implemented prior to January 1, 2016.

(c) The cost-sharing changes authorized under paragraph (b) must satisfy the requirements for cost-sharing under the Basic Health Program as set forth in Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, sections 600.510 and 600.520.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256L.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 7. **Minnesota EHB Benchmark Plan.** Notwithstanding subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 3a, and 3b, and section 256L.12, or any other law to the contrary, the services covered for parents, caretakers, foster parents, or legal guardians and single adults without children eligible for MinnesotaCare under section 256L.04 shall be the services covered under the Minnesota EHB Benchmark Plan for plan year 2016 or the actuarial equivalent.

Sec. 14. CORRECTIVE PLAN TO ELIMINATE DUPLICATE PERSONAL IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS.

(a) The commissioner of human services shall design and implement a corrective plan to address the issue of medical assistance enrollees being assigned more than one personal identification number. Any corrections or fixes that are necessary to address this issue are required to be completed by June 30, 2021.

(b) By February 15, 2020, the commissioner shall submit a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health and human services policy and finance on the progress of the corrective plan required in paragraph (a), including an update on meeting the June 30, 2021, deadline. The report must also include information on:

(1) the number of medical assistance enrollees who have been assigned two or more personal identification numbers;

(2) any possible financial effect of enrollees having duplicate personal identification numbers on health care providers and managed care organizations, including the effect on reimbursement rates, meeting withhold requirements, and capitated payments; and

(3) any effect on federal payments received by the state.

Sec. 15. DIRECTION TO THE COMMISSIONER OF HUMAN SERVICES; QUALITY MEASURES FOR PRESCRIBED PEDIATRIC EXTENDED CARE (PPEC) CENTERS.

(a) The commissioner of human services, in consultation with community stakeholders as defined by the commissioner and PPEC centers licensed prior to June 30, 2024, shall develop quality measures for PPEC centers, procedures for PPEC centers to report quality measures to the commissioner, and methods for the commissioner to make the results of the quality measures available to the public.

(b) The commissioner of human services shall submit by February 1, 2024, a report on the topics described in paragraph (a) to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health and human services.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective upon the effective date of section 13.

Sec. 16. **REPEALER.**

Minnesota Statutes 2018, sections 16A.724, subdivision 2; and 256B.0625, subdivision 31c, are repealed.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

ARTICLE 3

OPERATIONS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 16A.055, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. **Additional duties.** The commissioner may assist state agencies by providing analytical, statistical, program evaluation using experimental or quasi-experimental design, and organizational development services to state agencies in order to assist the agency to achieve the agency's mission and to operate efficiently and effectively. For purposes of this section, "experimental design" means a method of evaluating the impact of a service that uses random assignment to assign participants into groups that respectively receive the studied service and those that receive service as usual, so that any difference in outcomes found at the end of the evaluation can be attributed to the studied service; and "quasi-experimental design" means a method of evaluating the impact of a service that uses strategies other than random assignment to establish statistically similar groups that respectively receive the service and those that receive service as usual, so that any difference in outcomes found at the end of the evaluation can be attributed to the studied service.

Sec. 2. **[245I.01] OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL.**

Subdivision 1. **Creation.** A state Office of Inspector General is created.

Subd. 2. **Director.** (a) The office shall be under the direction of an inspector general who shall be appointed by the governor, with the advice and consent of the senate, for a term ending on June 30 of the sixth calendar year after appointment. Senate confirmation of the inspector general shall be as provided by section 15.066. The inspector general shall appoint deputies to serve in the office as necessary to fulfill the duties of the office. The inspector general may delegate to a subordinate employee the exercise of a specified statutory power or duty, subject to the control of the inspector general. Every delegation must be by written order filed with the secretary of state.

(b) The inspector general shall be in the unclassified service, but may be removed only for cause.

Subd. 3. **Duties.** The inspector general shall, in coordination with counties where applicable:

(1) develop and maintain the licensing and regulatory functions related to hospitals, boarding care homes, outpatient surgical centers, birthing centers, nursing homes, home care agencies, supplemental nursing services agencies, hospice providers, housing with services establishments, assisted living facilities, prescribed pediatric extended care centers, and board and lodging establishments with special services consistent with chapters 144A, 144D, 144G, and 144H, and sections 144.50 to 144.58, 144.615, and 157.17;

(2) notwithstanding the requirement under section 144A.52, subdivision 1, that the director of the Office of Health Facility Complaints be appointed by the commissioner of health, assume the role of director of the Office of Health Facility Complaints;

(3) develop and maintain the licensing and regulatory functions related to adult day care, child care and early education, children's residential facilities, foster care, home and community-based services, independent living assistance for youth, outpatient mental health clinics or centers, residential mental health treatment for adults, and substance use disorder treatment consistent with chapters 245, 245A, 245D, 245F, 245G, 245H, 252, and 256;

(4) conduct background studies according to sections 144.058, 144A.476, 144A.62, 144A.754, and 157.17 and chapter 245C. For the purpose of completing background studies, the inspector general shall have authority to access maltreatment data maintained by local welfare agencies or agencies responsible for assessing or investigating reports under section 626.556, and names of substantiated perpetrators related to maltreatment of vulnerable adults maintained by the commissioner of human services under section 626.557;

(5) develop and maintain the background study requirements consistent with chapter 245C;

(6) be responsible for ensuring the detection, prevention, investigation, and resolution of fraudulent activities or behavior by applicants, recipients, providers, and other participants in the human services programs administered by the Department of Human Services;

(7) require county agencies to identify overpayments, establish claims, and utilize all available and cost-beneficial methodologies to collect and recover these overpayments in the human services programs administered by the Department of Human Services; and

(8) develop, maintain, and administer the common entry point established on July 1, 2015, under section 626.557, subdivision 9.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2020.

Sec. 3. [245I.02] TRANSFER OF DUTIES.

Subdivision 1. Transfer and reorganization orders. (a) Section 15.039 applies to the transfer of duties required by this chapter.

(b) For an employee affected by the transfer of duties required by this chapter, the seniority accrued by the employee at the employee's former agency transfers to the employee's new agency.

Subd. 2. Transfer of duties from the commissioner of human services. The commissioner of administration, with approval of the governor, may issue reorganization orders under section 16B.37 as necessary to carry out the transfer of duties of the commissioner of human services required by this chapter. The provision of section 16B.37, subdivision 1, stating that transfers under that section may be made only to an agency that has been in existence for at least one year does not apply to transfers to an agency created by this chapter.

Subd. 3. Transfer of duties from the commissioner of health. The commissioner of administration, with approval of the governor, may issue reorganization orders under section 16B.37

as necessary to carry out the transfer of duties of the commissioner of health required by this chapter. The provision of section 16B.37, subdivision 1, stating that transfers under that section may be made only to an agency that has been in existence for at least one year does not apply to transfers to an agency created by this chapter.

Subd. 4. **Aggregate cost limit.** The commissioner of management and budget must ensure that the aggregate cost for the inspector general of the Office of Inspector General is not more than the aggregate cost of the primary executives in the Office of Inspector General at the Department of Human Services and the Health Regulation Division at the Department of Health immediately before the effective date of subdivision 2.

EFFECTIVE DATE. Subdivisions 1, 2, and 4, are effective July 1, 2020. Subdivision 3 is effective July 1, 2022.

Sec. 4. **INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY PROJECTS; PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT.**

The commissioner of human services shall incorporate measurable indicators of progress toward completion into every information technology project contract. The indicators of progress toward completion must be periodic and at least measure progress for every 25 percent increment toward completion of the project. Every contract must withhold at least ten percent of the total contract amount until the project is complete. The contract must specify that in every instance where an indicator of progress toward completion is not met, a specified proportion of the contract shall be withheld. The minimum amount withheld shall be ten percent of the cumulative amount of the contract up to the date of the failure to meet the indicator of progress toward completion. If an information technology project is not completed on time according to the original contract, the commissioner shall reduce the amount of the contract by ten percent.

Sec. 5. **REDUCING APPROPRIATIONS FOR UNFILLED POSITIONS.**

Subdivision 1. **Reduction required.** The general fund and nongeneral fund appropriations to the Department of Human Services for agency operations for the biennium ending June 30, 2021, are reduced for salary and benefit amounts attributable to any positions that are not filled within 180 days of the posting of the position. This section applies only to positions that are posted in fiscal years 2019, 2020, and 2021. Reductions made under this section must be reflected as reductions in agency base budgets for fiscal years 2022 and 2023.

Subd. 2. **Reporting.** The commissioner of management and budget must report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and the house of representatives health and human services finance committees regarding the amount of reductions in appropriations under this section.

Sec. 6. **EVALUATION OF GRANT PROGRAMS; PROVEN-EFFECTIVE PRACTICES.**

(a) In consultation with the commissioner of management and budget, the commissioner of human services shall establish a schedule to review the services delivered under grant programs administered by the commissioner of human services to determine whether the grant program prioritizes proven-effective or promising practices.

(b) In accordance with the schedule established in paragraph (a), the commissioner of human services, in consultation with the commissioner of management and budget, shall identify services to evaluate using an experimental or quasi-experimental design to provide information needed to modify or develop grant programs to promote proven-effective practices to improve the intended outcomes of the grant program.

(c) The commissioner of human services, in consultation with the commissioner of management and budget, shall develop reports for the legislature and other stakeholders to provide information on incorporating proven-effective practices in program and budget decisions. The commissioner of management and budget, under Minnesota Statutes, section 15.08, may obtain additional relevant data to support the evaluation activities under this section.

(d) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given:

(1) "proven-effective practice" means a service or practice that offers a high level of research on effectiveness for at least one outcome of interest, as determined through multiple evaluations outside of Minnesota or one or more local evaluation in Minnesota. The research on effectiveness used to determine whether a service is proven-effective must use rigorously implemented experimental or quasi-experimental designs; and

(2) "promising practices" means a service or practice that is supported by research demonstrating effectiveness for at least one outcome of interest, and includes a single evaluation that is not contradicted by other studies, but does not meet the full criteria for the proven-effective designation. The research on effectiveness used to determine whether a service is a promising practice must use rigorously implemented experimental or quasi-experimental designs.

Sec. 7. REVISOR INSTRUCTION.

The revisor of statutes, in consultation with staff from the House Research Department; House Fiscal Analysis; the Office of Senate Counsel, Research, and Fiscal Analysis; and the respective departments shall prepare legislation for introduction in the 2020 legislative session proposing the statutory changes needed to implement the transfers of duties required by sections 245I.01 and 245I.02.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2019.

ARTICLE 4

MNSURE

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 62V.05, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Operations funding.** ~~(a) Prior to January 1, 2015, MNsure shall retain or collect up to 1.5 percent of total premiums for individual and small group market health plans and dental plans sold through MNsure to fund the cash reserves of MNsure, but the amount collected shall not exceed a dollar amount equal to 25 percent of the funds collected under section 62E.11, subdivision 6, for calendar year 2012.~~

~~(b) Beginning January 1, 2015, MNsure shall retain or collect up to 3.5 percent of total premiums for individual and small group market health plans and dental plans sold through MNsure to fund the operations of MNsure, but the amount collected shall not exceed a dollar amount equal to 50 percent of the funds collected under section 62E.11, subdivision 6, for calendar year 2012.~~

~~(e) (a) Beginning January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019, MNsure shall retain or collect up to 3.5 percent of total premiums for individual and small group market health plans and dental plans sold through MNsure to fund the operations of MNsure, but the amount collected may never exceed a dollar amount greater than 100 percent of the funds collected under section 62E.11, subdivision 6, for calendar year 2012.~~

~~(d) For fiscal years 2014 and 2015, the commissioner of management and budget is authorized to provide cash flow assistance of up to \$20,000,000 from the special revenue fund or the statutory general fund under section 16A.671, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), to MNsure. Any funds provided under this paragraph shall be repaid, with interest, by June 30, 2015.~~

(b) Beginning January 1, 2020, MNsure shall retain or collect up to two percent of total premiums for individual and small group health plans and dental plans sold through MNsure to fund the operations of MNsure, but the amount collected may never exceed a dollar amount greater than 25 percent of the funds collected under section 62E.11, subdivision 6, for calendar year 2012.

~~(e) (c) Funding for the operations of MNsure shall cover any compensation provided to navigators participating in the navigator program.~~

(d) Interagency agreements between MNsure and the Department of Human Services, and the Public Assistance Cost Allocation Plan for the Department of Human Services, shall not be modified to reflect any changes to the percentage of premiums that MNsure is allowed to retain or collect under this section, and no additional funding shall be transferred from the Department of Human Services to MNsure as a result of any changes to the percentage of premiums that MNsure is allowed to retain or collect under this section.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 62V.05, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Health carrier and health plan requirements; participation.** (a) Beginning January 1, 2015, the board may establish certification requirements for health carriers and health plans to be offered through MNsure that satisfy federal requirements under ~~section 1311(e)(1) of the Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148~~ United States Code, title 42, section 18031(c)(1).

(b) Paragraph (a) does not apply if by June 1, 2013, the legislature enacts regulatory requirements that:

(1) apply uniformly to all health carriers and health plans in the individual market;

(2) apply uniformly to all health carriers and health plans in the small group market; and

(3) satisfy minimum federal certification requirements under ~~section 1311(e)(1) of the Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148~~ United States Code, title 42, section 18031(c)(1).

(c) In accordance with ~~section 1311(e) of the Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148~~ United States Code, title 42, section 18031(e), the board shall establish policies and procedures for certification and selection of health plans to be offered as qualified health plans through MNsure. The board shall certify and select a health plan as a qualified health plan to be offered through MNsure, if:

(1) the health plan meets the minimum certification requirements established in paragraph (a) or the market regulatory requirements in paragraph (b);

(2) the board determines that making the health plan available through MNsure is in the interest of qualified individuals and qualified employers;

(3) the health carrier applying to offer the health plan through MNsure also applies to offer health plans at each actuarial value level and service area that the health carrier currently offers in the individual and small group markets; and

(4) the health carrier does not apply to offer health plans in the individual and small group markets through MNsure under a separate license of a parent organization or holding company under section 60D.15, that is different from what the health carrier offers in the individual and small group markets outside MNsure.

(d) In determining the interests of qualified individuals and employers under paragraph (c), clause (2), the board may not exclude a health plan for any reason specified under ~~section 1311(e)(1)(B) of the Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148~~ United States Code, title 42, section 18031(e)(1)(B). ~~The board may consider:~~

~~(1) affordability;~~

~~(2) quality and value of health plans;~~

~~(3) promotion of prevention and wellness;~~

~~(4) promotion of initiatives to reduce health disparities;~~

~~(5) market stability and adverse selection;~~

~~(6) meaningful choices and access;~~

~~(7) alignment and coordination with state agency and private sector purchasing strategies and payment reform efforts; and~~

~~(8) other criteria that the board determines appropriate.~~

(e) A health plan that meets the minimum certification requirements under paragraph (c) and United States Code, title 42, section 18031(c)(1), and any regulations and guidance issued under that section, is deemed to be in the interest of qualified individuals and qualified employers. The board shall not establish certification requirements for health carriers and health plans for participation in MNsure that are in addition to the certification requirements under paragraph (c) and United States Code, title 42, section 18031(c)(1), and any regulations and guidance issued under that section.

The board shall not determine the cost of, cost-sharing elements of, or benefits provided in health plans sold through MNsure.

(~~e~~) (f) For qualified health plans offered through MNsure on or after January 1, 2015, the board shall establish policies and procedures under paragraphs (c) and (d) for selection of health plans to be offered as qualified health plans through MNsure by February 1 of each year, beginning February 1, 2014. The board shall consistently and uniformly apply all policies and procedures and any requirements, standards, or criteria to all health carriers and health plans. For any policies, procedures, requirements, standards, or criteria that are defined as rules under section 14.02, subdivision 4, the board may use the process described in subdivision 9.

~~(f) For 2014, the board shall not have the power to select health carriers and health plans for participation in MNsure. The board shall permit all health plans that meet the certification requirements under section 1311(e)(1) of the Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148, to be offered through MNsure.~~

(g) Under this subdivision, the board shall have the power to verify that health carriers and health plans are properly certified to be eligible for participation in MNsure.

(h) The board has the authority to decertify health carriers and health plans that fail to maintain compliance with ~~section 1311(e)(1) of the Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148~~ United States Code, title 42, section 18031(c)(1).

(i) For qualified health plans offered through MNsure beginning January 1, 2015, health carriers must use the most current addendum for Indian health care providers approved by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services and the tribes as part of their contracts with Indian health care providers. MNsure shall comply with all future changes in federal law with regard to health coverage for the tribes.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 62V.05, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. **Limitations; risk-bearing.** (a) The board shall not bear insurance risk or enter into any agreement with health care providers to pay claims.

(b) Nothing in this subdivision shall prevent MNsure from providing insurance for its employees.

(c) The commissioner of human services shall not bear insurance risk or enter into any agreement with providers to pay claims for any health coverage administered by the commissioner that is made available for purchase through the MNsure website as a qualifying health plan or as an alternative to purchasing a qualifying health plan through MNsure or an individual health plan offered outside of MNsure.

(d) Nothing in this subdivision shall prohibit:

(1) the commissioner of human services from administering the medical assistance program under chapter 256B and the MinnesotaCare program under chapter 256L, as long as health coverage under these programs is not purchased by the individual through the MNsure Web site; and

(2) employees of the Department of Human Services from obtaining insurance from the state employee group insurance program.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 62V.08, is amended to read:

62V.08 REPORTS.

(a) MNsure shall submit a report to the legislature by January 15, 2015, and each January 15 thereafter, on: (1) the performance of MNsure operations; (2) meeting MNsure responsibilities; (3) an accounting of MNsure budget activities; (4) practices and procedures that have been implemented to ensure compliance with data practices laws, and a description of any violations of data practices laws or procedures; and (5) the effectiveness of the outreach and implementation activities of MNsure in reducing the rate of uninsurance.

(b) MNsure must publish its administrative and operational costs on a website to educate consumers on those costs. The information published must include: (1) the amount of premiums and federal premium subsidies collected; (2) the amount and source of revenue received under section 62V.05, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), clause (3); (3) the amount and source of any other fees collected for purposes of supporting operations; and (4) any misuse of funds as identified in accordance with section 3.975. The website must be updated at least annually.

(c) As part of the report required to be submitted to the legislature in paragraph (a), and the information required to be published in paragraph (b), MNsure shall include the total amount spent on business continuity planning, data privacy protection, and cyber security provisions.

Sec. 5. Laws 2015, chapter 71, article 12, section 8, is amended to read:

Sec. 8. EXPANDED ACCESS TO QUALIFIED HEALTH PLANS AND SUBSIDIES.

The commissioner of commerce, in consultation with the Board of Directors of MNsure and the MNsure Legislative Oversight Committee, shall develop a proposal to allow individuals to purchase qualified health plans outside of MNsure directly from health plan companies and to allow eligible individuals to receive advanced premium tax credits and cost-sharing reductions when purchasing these health plans. The commissioner shall seek all federal waivers and approvals necessary to implement this proposal and shall submit the necessary federal waivers and approvals to the federal government no later than October 1, 2019. The commissioner shall submit a draft proposal to the MNsure board and the MNsure Legislative Oversight Committee ~~at least 30 days before submitting a final proposal to the federal government~~ no later than September 1, 2019, and shall notify the board and legislative oversight committee of any federal decision or action related to the proposal.

Sec. 6. MNSURE PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT.

No funds shall be appropriated to the Board of Directors of MNsure for new program development until 834 EDI transmissions are being processed automatically and are conveying accurate information without the intervention of manual reviews and processes.

Sec. 7. RATES FOR INDIVIDUAL MARKET HEALTH AND DENTAL PLANS FOR 2020.

(a) Health carriers must take into account the reduction in the premium withhold percentage under Minnesota Statutes, section 62V.05, subdivision 2, applicable beginning in calendar year 2020 for individual market health plans and dental plans sold through MNsure when setting rates for individual market health plans and dental plans for calendar year 2020.

(b) For purposes of this section, "dental plan," "health carrier," "health plan," and "individual market" have the meanings given in Minnesota Statutes, section 62V.02.

Sec. 8. REQUEST FOR INFORMATION ON A PRIVATIZED STATE-BASED MARKETPLACE SYSTEM.

(a) The commissioner of human services, in consultation with the commissioners of commerce and health, and interested stakeholders, shall develop a request for information to consider the feasibility for a private vendor to provide the technology functionality for the individual market currently provided by MNsure. The request shall seek options for a privately run automated web-based broker system that provides certain core functions including eligibility and enrollment functions, consumer outreach and assistance, and the ability for consumers to compare and choose different qualified health plans. The system must have the ability to integrate with the federal data hub and have account transfer functionality to accept application handoffs compatible with the Medicaid and MinnesotaCare eligibility and enrollment system maintained by the Department of Human Services.

(b) The commissioner shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health insurance by February 15, 2020, the results of the request for information and an analysis of the option for a privatized marketplace, including estimated costs.

ARTICLE 5

MISCELLANEOUS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 62A.30, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4. **Mammograms.** (a) For purposes of subdivision 2, coverage for a preventive mammogram screening (1) includes digital breast tomosynthesis for enrollees at risk for breast cancer, and (2) is covered as a preventive item or service, as described under section 62Q.46.

(b) For purposes of this subdivision, "digital breast tomosynthesis" means a radiologic procedure that involves the acquisition of projection images over the stationary breast to produce cross-sectional digital three-dimensional images of the breast. "At risk for breast cancer" means:

(1) having a family history with one or more first- or second-degree relatives with breast cancer;

(2) testing positive for BRCA1 or BRCA2 mutations;

(3) having heterogeneously dense breasts or extremely dense breasts based on the Breast Imaging Reporting and Data System established by the American College of Radiology; or

(4) having a previous diagnosis of breast cancer.

(c) This subdivision does not apply to coverage provided through a public health care program under chapter 256B or 256L.

(d) Nothing in this subdivision limits the coverage of digital breast tomosynthesis in a policy, plan, certificate, or contract referred to in subdivision 1 that is in effect prior to January 1, 2020.

(e) Nothing in this subdivision prohibits a policy, plan, certificate, or contract referred to in subdivision 1 from covering digital breast tomosynthesis for an enrollee who is not at risk for breast cancer.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2020, and applies to health plans issued, sold, or renewed on or after that date.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 148.59, is amended to read:

148.59 LICENSE RENEWAL; LICENSE AND REGISTRATION FEES.

A licensed optometrist shall pay to the state Board of Optometry a fee as set by the board in order to renew a license as provided by board rule. No fees shall be refunded. Fees may not exceed the following amounts but may be adjusted lower by board direction and are for the exclusive use of the board:

- (1) optometry licensure application, \$160;
- (2) optometry annual licensure renewal, ~~\$135~~ \$170;
- (3) optometry late penalty fee, \$75;
- (4) annual license renewal card, \$10;
- (5) continuing education provider application, \$45;
- (6) emeritus registration, \$10;
- (7) endorsement/reciprocity application, \$160;
- (8) replacement of initial license, \$12; ~~and~~
- (9) license verification, \$50~~;~~;
- (10) jurisprudence state examination, \$75;
- (11) Optometric Education Continuing Education data bank registration, \$20; and
- (12) data requests and labels, \$50.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 148E.180, is amended to read:

148E.180 FEE AMOUNTS.

Subdivision 1. **Application fees.** Nonrefundable application fees for licensure are as follows may not exceed the following amounts:

- (1) for a licensed social worker, ~~\$45~~ \$54;
- (2) for a licensed graduate social worker, ~~\$45~~ \$54;
- (3) for a licensed independent social worker, ~~\$45~~ \$54;
- (4) for a licensed independent clinical social worker, ~~\$45~~ \$54;
- (5) for a temporary license, \$50; and
- (6) for a licensure by endorsement, ~~\$85~~ \$92.

The fee for criminal background checks is the fee charged by the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension. The criminal background check fee must be included with the application fee as required according to section 148E.055.

Subd. 2. **License fees.** Nonrefundable license fees are as follows may not exceed the following amounts but may be adjusted lower by board action:

- (1) for a licensed social worker, ~~\$81~~ \$97;
- (2) for a licensed graduate social worker, ~~\$144~~ \$172;
- (3) for a licensed independent social worker, ~~\$216~~ \$258;
- (4) for a licensed independent clinical social worker, ~~\$238.50~~ \$284;
- (5) for an emeritus inactive license, ~~\$43.20~~ \$51;
- (6) for an emeritus active license, one-half of the renewal fee specified in subdivision 3; and
- (7) for a temporary leave fee, the same as the renewal fee specified in subdivision 3.

If the licensee's initial license term is less or more than 24 months, the required license fees must be prorated proportionately.

Subd. 3. **Renewal fees.** Nonrefundable renewal fees for licensure are as follows the two-year renewal term may not exceed the following amounts but may be adjusted lower by board action:

- (1) for a licensed social worker, ~~\$81~~ \$97;
- (2) for a licensed graduate social worker, ~~\$144~~ \$172;
- (3) for a licensed independent social worker, ~~\$216~~ \$258; and
- (4) for a licensed independent clinical social worker, ~~\$238.50~~ \$284.

Subd. 4. **Continuing education provider fees.** Continuing education provider fees are ~~as follows~~ the following nonrefundable amounts:

(1) for a provider who offers programs totaling one to eight clock hours in a one-year period according to section 148E.145, ~~\$50~~ \$60;

(2) for a provider who offers programs totaling nine to 16 clock hours in a one-year period according to section 148E.145, ~~\$100~~ \$120;

(3) for a provider who offers programs totaling 17 to 32 clock hours in a one-year period according to section 148E.145, ~~\$200~~ \$240;

(4) for a provider who offers programs totaling 33 to 48 clock hours in a one-year period according to section 148E.145, ~~\$400~~ \$480; and

(5) for a provider who offers programs totaling 49 or more clock hours in a one-year period according to section 148E.145, ~~\$600~~ \$720.

Subd. 5. **Late fees.** Late fees are ~~as follows~~ the following nonrefundable amounts:

(1) renewal late fee, one-fourth of the renewal fee specified in subdivision 3;

(2) supervision plan late fee, \$40; and

(3) license late fee, \$100 plus the prorated share of the license fee specified in subdivision 2 for the number of months during which the individual practiced social work without a license.

Subd. 6. **License cards and wall certificates.** (a) The fee for a license card as specified in section 148E.095 is \$10.

(b) The fee for a license wall certificate as specified in section 148E.095 is \$30.

Subd. 7. **Reactivation fees.** Reactivation fees are ~~as follows~~ the following nonrefundable amounts:

(1) reactivation from a temporary leave or emeritus status, the prorated share of the renewal fee specified in subdivision 3; and

(2) reactivation of an expired license, 1-1/2 times the renewal fees specified in subdivision 3.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 152.126, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Access to reporting system data.** (a) Except as indicated in this subdivision, the data submitted to the board under subdivision 4 is private data on individuals as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12, and not subject to public disclosure.

(b) Except as specified in subdivision 5, the following persons shall be considered permissible users and may access the data submitted under subdivision 4 in the same or similar manner, and for the same or similar purposes, as those persons who are authorized to access similar private data on individuals under federal and state law:

(1) a prescriber or an agent or employee of the prescriber to whom the prescriber has delegated the task of accessing the data, to the extent the information relates specifically to a current patient, to whom the prescriber is:

(i) prescribing or considering prescribing any controlled substance;

(ii) providing emergency medical treatment for which access to the data may be necessary;

(iii) providing care, and the prescriber has reason to believe, based on clinically valid indications, that the patient is potentially abusing a controlled substance; or

(iv) providing other medical treatment for which access to the data may be necessary for a clinically valid purpose and the patient has consented to access to the submitted data, and with the provision that the prescriber remains responsible for the use or misuse of data accessed by a delegated agent or employee;

(2) a dispenser or an agent or employee of the dispenser to whom the dispenser has delegated the task of accessing the data, to the extent the information relates specifically to a current patient to whom that dispenser is dispensing or considering dispensing any controlled substance and with the provision that the dispenser remains responsible for the use or misuse of data accessed by a delegated agent or employee;

(3) a licensed pharmacist who is providing pharmaceutical care for which access to the data may be necessary to the extent that the information relates specifically to a current patient for whom the pharmacist is providing pharmaceutical care: (i) if the patient has consented to access to the submitted data; or (ii) if the pharmacist is consulted by a prescriber who is requesting data in accordance with clause (1);

(4) an individual who is the recipient of a controlled substance prescription for which data was submitted under subdivision 4, or a guardian of the individual, parent or guardian of a minor, or health care agent of the individual acting under a health care directive under chapter 145C;

(5) personnel or designees of a health-related licensing board listed in section 214.01, subdivision 2, or of the Emergency Medical Services Regulatory Board, assigned to conduct a bona fide investigation of a complaint received by that board that alleges that a specific licensee is impaired by use of a drug for which data is collected under subdivision 4, has engaged in activity that would constitute a crime as defined in section 152.025, or has engaged in the behavior specified in subdivision 5, paragraph (a);

(6) personnel of the board engaged in the collection, review, and analysis of controlled substance prescription information as part of the assigned duties and responsibilities under this section;

(7) authorized personnel of a vendor under contract with the state of Minnesota who are engaged in the design, implementation, operation, and maintenance of the prescription monitoring program as part of the assigned duties and responsibilities of their employment, provided that access to data is limited to the minimum amount necessary to carry out such duties and responsibilities, and subject to the requirement of de-identification and time limit on retention of data specified in subdivision 5, paragraphs (d) and (e);

(8) federal, state, and local law enforcement authorities acting pursuant to a valid search warrant;

(9) personnel of the Minnesota health care programs assigned to use the data collected under this section to identify and manage recipients whose usage of controlled substances may warrant restriction to a single primary care provider, a single outpatient pharmacy, and a single hospital;

(10) personnel of the Department of Human Services assigned to access the data pursuant to paragraph (i);

(11) personnel of the health professionals services program established under section 214.31, to the extent that the information relates specifically to an individual who is currently enrolled in and being monitored by the program, and the individual consents to access to that information. The health professionals services program personnel shall not provide this data to a health-related licensing board or the Emergency Medical Services Regulatory Board, except as permitted under section 214.33, subdivision 3.

For purposes of clause (4), access by an individual includes persons in the definition of an individual under section 13.02; and

(12) personnel or designees of a health-related licensing board listed in section 214.01, subdivision 2, assigned to conduct a bona fide investigation of a complaint received by that board that alleges that a specific licensee is inappropriately prescribing controlled substances as defined in this section.

(c) By July 1, 2017, every prescriber licensed by a health-related licensing board listed in section 214.01, subdivision 2, practicing within this state who is authorized to prescribe controlled substances for humans and who holds a current registration issued by the federal Drug Enforcement Administration, and every pharmacist licensed by the board and practicing within the state, shall register and maintain a user account with the prescription monitoring program. Data submitted by a prescriber, pharmacist, or their delegate during the registration application process, other than their name, license number, and license type, is classified as private pursuant to section 13.02, subdivision 12.

(d) Only permissible users identified in paragraph (b), clauses (1), (2), (3), (6), (7), (9), and (10), may directly access the data electronically. No other permissible users may directly access the data electronically. If the data is directly accessed electronically, the permissible user shall implement and maintain a comprehensive information security program that contains administrative, technical, and physical safeguards that are appropriate to the user's size and complexity, and the sensitivity of the personal information obtained. The permissible user shall identify reasonably foreseeable internal and external risks to the security, confidentiality, and integrity of personal information that could result in the unauthorized disclosure, misuse, or other compromise of the information and assess the sufficiency of any safeguards in place to control the risks.

(e) The board shall not release data submitted under subdivision 4 unless it is provided with evidence, satisfactory to the board, that the person requesting the information is entitled to receive the data.

(f) The board shall maintain a log of all persons who access the data for a period of at least three years and shall ensure that any permissible user complies with paragraph ~~(e)~~ (d) prior to attaining direct access to the data.

(g) Section 13.05, subdivision 6, shall apply to any contract the board enters into pursuant to subdivision 2. A vendor shall not use data collected under this section for any purpose not specified in this section.

(h) The board may participate in an interstate prescription monitoring program data exchange system provided that permissible users in other states have access to the data only as allowed under this section, and that section 13.05, subdivision 6, applies to any contract or memorandum of understanding that the board enters into under this paragraph.

(i) With available appropriations, the commissioner of human services shall establish and implement a system through which the Department of Human Services shall routinely access the data for the purpose of determining whether any client enrolled in an opioid treatment program licensed according to chapter 245A has been prescribed or dispensed a controlled substance in addition to that administered or dispensed by the opioid treatment program. When the commissioner determines there have been multiple prescribers or multiple prescriptions of controlled substances, the commissioner shall:

(1) inform the medical director of the opioid treatment program only that the commissioner determined the existence of multiple prescribers or multiple prescriptions of controlled substances; and

(2) direct the medical director of the opioid treatment program to access the data directly, review the effect of the multiple prescribers or multiple prescriptions, and document the review.

If determined necessary, the commissioner of human services shall seek a federal waiver of, or exception to, any applicable provision of Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 2.34, paragraph (c), prior to implementing this paragraph.

(j) The board shall review the data submitted under subdivision 4 on at least a quarterly basis and shall establish criteria, in consultation with the advisory task force, for referring information about a patient to prescribers and dispensers who prescribed or dispensed the prescriptions in question if the criteria are met.

(k) The board shall conduct random audits, on at least a quarterly basis, of electronic access by permissible users, as identified in paragraph (b), clauses (1), (2), (3), (6), (7), (9), and (10), to the data in subdivision 4, to ensure compliance with permissible use as defined in this section. A permissible user whose account has been selected for a random audit shall respond to an inquiry by the board, no later than 30 days after receipt of notice that an audit is being conducted. Failure to respond may result in deactivation of access to the electronic system and referral to the appropriate health licensing board, or the commissioner of human services, for further action.

(l) A permissible user who has delegated the task of accessing the data in subdivision 4 to an agent or employee shall audit the use of the electronic system by delegated agents or employees on at least a quarterly basis to ensure compliance with permissible use as defined in this section. When a delegated agent or employee has been identified as inappropriately accessing data, the permissible

user must immediately remove access for that individual and notify the board within seven days. The board shall notify all permissible users associated with the delegated agent or employee of the alleged violation.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 525A.11, is amended to read:

525A.11 PERSONS THAT MAY RECEIVE ANATOMICAL GIFT; PURPOSE OF ANATOMICAL GIFT.

(a) An anatomical gift may be made to the following persons named in the document of gift:

(1) a hospital; accredited medical school, dental school, college, or university; organ procurement organization; or nonprofit organization in medical education or research, for research or education;

(2) subject to paragraph (b), an individual designated by the person making the anatomical gift if the individual is the recipient of the part; and

(3) an eye bank or tissue bank.

(b) If an anatomical gift to an individual under paragraph (a), clause (2), cannot be transplanted into the individual, the part passes in accordance with paragraph (g) in the absence of an express, contrary indication by the person making the anatomical gift.

(c) If an anatomical gift of one or more specific parts or of all parts is made in a document of gift that does not name a person described in paragraph (a) but identifies the purpose for which an anatomical gift may be used, the following rules apply:

(1) if the part is an eye and the gift is for the purpose of transplantation or therapy, the gift passes to the appropriate eye bank;

(2) if the part is tissue and the gift is for the purpose of transplantation or therapy, the gift passes to the appropriate tissue bank;

(3) if the part is an organ and the gift is for the purpose of transplantation or therapy, the gift passes to the appropriate organ procurement organization as custodian of the organ; and

(4) if the part is an organ, an eye, or tissue and the gift is for the purpose of research or education, the gift passes to the appropriate procurement organization.

(d) For the purpose of paragraph (c), if there is more than one purpose of an anatomical gift set forth in the document of gift but the purposes are not set forth in any priority, the gift must be used for transplantation or therapy, if suitable. If the gift cannot be used for transplantation or therapy, the gift may be used for research or education.

(e) If an anatomical gift of one or more specific parts is made in a document of gift that does not name a person described in paragraph (a) and does not identify the purpose of the gift, the gift may be used only for transplantation or therapy, and the gift passes in accordance with paragraph (g).

(f) If a document of gift specifies only a general intent to make an anatomical gift by words such as "donor," "organ donor," or "body donor," or by a symbol or statement of similar import, the gift may be used only for transplantation or therapy, and the gift passes in accordance with paragraph (g).

(g) For purposes of paragraphs (b), (e), and (f), the following rules apply:

(1) if the part is an eye, the gift passes to the appropriate eye bank;

(2) if the part is tissue, the gift passes to the appropriate tissue bank; and

(3) if the part is an organ, the gift passes to the appropriate organ procurement organization as custodian of the organ.

(h) An anatomical gift of an organ for transplantation or therapy, other than an anatomical gift under paragraph (a), clause (2), passes to the organ procurement organization as custodian of the organ.

(i) If an anatomical gift does not pass pursuant to paragraphs (a) to (h) or the decedent's body or part is not used for transplantation, therapy, research, or education, custody of the body or part passes to the person under obligation to dispose of the body or part.

(j) A person may not accept an anatomical gift if the person knows that the gift was not effectively made under section 525A.05 or 525A.10 or if the person knows that the decedent made a refusal under section 525A.07 that was not revoked. For purposes of this paragraph, if a person knows that an anatomical gift was made on a document of gift, the person is deemed to know of any amendment or revocation of the gift or any refusal to make an anatomical gift on the same document of gift.

(k) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (a), clause (2), nothing in this chapter affects the allocation of organs for transplantation or therapy.

(l) For purposes of paragraphs (c), clauses (1) and (4), and (g), no gift of an eye or a part of an eye shall be directly or indirectly processed by or distributed to a for profit entity, and no gift shall be sold or distributed for profit.

Sec. 6. GUIDELINES AUTHORIZING PATIENT-ASSISTED MEDICATION ADMINISTRATION IN EMERGENCIES.

(a) Within the limits of the board's available appropriation, the Emergency Medical Services Regulatory Board shall propose guidelines authorizing EMTs, AEMTs, and paramedics certified under Minnesota Statutes, section 144E.28, to assist a patient in emergency situations with administering prescription medications that are:

(1) carried by a patient;

(2) intended to treat adrenal insufficiency or other rare conditions that require emergency treatment with a previously prescribed medication;

(3) intended to treat a specific life-threatening condition; and

<u>(c) General Assistance</u>	<u>(7,928,000)</u>
<u>(d) Minnesota Supplemental Aid</u>	<u>(549,000)</u>
<u>(e) Housing Support</u>	<u>(13,836,000)</u>
<u>(f) Northstar Care for Children</u>	<u>(19,027,000)</u>
<u>(g) MinnesotaCare</u>	<u>8,410,000</u>

This appropriation is from the health care access fund.

(h) Medical Assistance

	<u>Appropriations by Fund</u>
General	<u>(222,176,000)</u>
Health Care Access	<u>-0-</u>

(i) Alternative Care -0-

(j) Consolidated Chemical Dependency Treatment Fund (CCDTF) Entitlement (17,872,000)

Subd. 3. Technical Activities (402,000)

This appropriation is from the federal TANF fund.

Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Sections 1 and 2 are effective the day following final enactment.

ARTICLE 7

APPROPRIATIONS

Section 1. HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES APPROPRIATIONS.

The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the general fund, or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose. The figures "2020" and "2021" used in this article mean that the appropriations listed under them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, or June 30, 2021, respectively. "The first year" is fiscal year 2020. "The second year" is fiscal year 2021. "The biennium" is fiscal years 2020 and 2021.

APPROPRIATIONS**Available for the Year****Ending June 30****2020****2021**

Sec. 2. **COMMISSIONER OF HUMAN SERVICES** \$ **8,039,269,000** \$ **8,076,725,000**

Appropriations by Fund

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>
<u>General</u>	<u>7,249,360,000</u>	<u>7,282,307,000</u>
<u>State Government</u>		
<u>Special Revenue</u>	<u>4,299,000</u>	<u>4,299,000</u>
<u>Health Care Access</u>	<u>513,192,000</u>	<u>516,231,000</u>
<u>Federal TANF</u>	<u>270,522,000</u>	<u>271,992,000</u>
<u>Lottery Prize</u>	<u>1,896,000</u>	<u>1,896,000</u>

(a) Office of Ombudsman for Long-Term Care. \$1,312,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$1,501,000 in fiscal year 2021 are from the general fund for nine additional regional ombudsmen and one deputy director in the Office of Ombudsman for Long-Term Care, to perform the duties in Minnesota Statutes, section 256.9742.

(b) Transfer to Office of Legislative Auditor. \$300,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$300,000 in fiscal year 2021 are from the general fund for transfer to the Office of the Legislative Auditor for audit activities under Minnesota Statutes, section 3.972, subdivision 2b.

(c) Transfer to Office of Legislative Auditor. \$400,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$400,000 in fiscal year 2021 are from the general fund for transfer to the Office of the Legislative Auditor for audit activities under Minnesota Statutes, section 3.972, subdivision 2a.

(d) Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorders Grants. \$250,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$250,000 in fiscal year 2021 are from the general fund for a grant under Minnesota Statutes, section 254A.21, to a statewide organization that focuses solely on prevention of and intervention with fetal alcohol spectrum disorders.

Sec. 3. <u>COMMISSIONER OF HEALTH</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>222,424,000</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>225,132,000</u>
<u>Appropriations by Fund</u>				
	<u>2020</u>		<u>2021</u>	
General	<u>155,213,000</u>		<u>155,946,000</u>	
State Government				
Special Revenue	<u>56,290,000</u>		<u>58,252,000</u>	
Health Care Access	<u>(792,000)</u>		<u>(779,000)</u>	
Federal TANF	<u>11,713,000</u>		<u>11,713,000</u>	

(a) Perinatal Hospice Grants. \$500,000 in fiscal year 2020 is from the general fund for perinatal hospice development, training, and awareness grants. Eligible entities may apply for multiple grants. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2023.

(b) Public Health Laboratory Equipment. \$840,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$655,000 in fiscal year 2021 are from the general fund for equipment for the public health laboratory. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2023.

(c) Statewide Tobacco Cessation. \$1,598,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$2,748,000 in fiscal year 2021 are from the general fund for statewide tobacco cessation services under Minnesota Statutes, section 144.397. The base for this appropriation is \$2,878,000 in fiscal year 2022 and \$2,878,000 in fiscal year 2023.

(d) Safe Harbor for Sexually Exploited Youth. \$470,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$470,000 in fiscal year 2021 are from the general fund for grants for comprehensive

services, including trauma-informed, culturally specific services for sexually exploited youth under Minnesota Statutes, section 145.4716.

(e) Safe Harbor for Sexually Exploited Youth Evaluation. \$5,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$5,000 in fiscal year 2021 are from the general fund to the commissioner of health for evaluation activities under Minnesota Statutes, section 145.4718. The base appropriation includes \$45,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$45,000 in fiscal year 2021 for evaluation activities under Minnesota Statutes, section 145.4718.

(f) Safe Harbor for Sexually Exploited Youth Training and Protocol Implementation. \$25,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$25,000 in fiscal year 2021 are from the general fund to the commissioner of health for training and protocol implementation.

(g) Study on Breastfeeding Disparities. \$79,000 in fiscal year 2020 is from the general fund for a study on breastfeeding disparities. The commissioner shall engage community stakeholders in Minnesota including but not limited to the Minnesota Breastfeeding Coalition; the women, infants, and children program; hospitals and clinics; local public health professionals and organizations; community-based organizations; and representatives of populations with low breastfeeding rates to carry out a study identifying barriers, challenges, and successes affecting initiation, duration, and exclusivity of breastfeeding. The study shall address policy, systemic, and environmental factors that support and create barriers to breastfeeding. The study shall identify and make recommendations regarding culturally appropriate practices that have been shown to increase breastfeeding rates in populations that have the greatest breastfeeding disparity rates. A report on the study must be completed and submitted to the chairs and ranking minority members of

the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health care policy and finance on or before September 15, 2020. This is a onetime appropriation.

(h) Palliative Care Advisory Council.
\$44,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$44,000 in fiscal year 2021 are from the general fund for the Palliative Care Advisory Council under Minnesota Statutes, section 144.059. This is a onetime appropriation.

(i) Study on the Increase in Abortions after 20 Weeks.
\$42,000 in fiscal year 2020 is from the general fund for an evaluation of the increase in abortions occurring after the gestational age of 20 weeks and the reasons for the increase. The commissioner shall report the findings to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health care policy and finance by February 15, 2020. This is a onetime appropriation.

(j) Positive Abortion Alternatives Grants.
\$336,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$336,000 in fiscal year 2021 are from the general fund for the positive abortion alternatives grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 145.4235.

Sec. 4. <u>HEALTH-RELATED BOARDS</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>19,992,000</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>20,092,000</u>
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\$25,000 in fiscal year 2020 is appropriated from the state government special revenue to the Board of Pharmacy to implement the random audits under Minnesota Statutes, section 152.126, subdivision 6, paragraph (k). This is a onetime appropriation.

Sec. 5. <u>EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES REGULATORY BOARD</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>4,588,000</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>4,588,000</u>
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Regional Emergency Medical Services Programs.
\$985,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$985,000 in fiscal year 2021 are to be deposited in the emergency medical services system fund and distributed by the

Emergency Medical Services Regulatory Board according to Minnesota Statutes, section 144E.50.

Sec. 6. COUNCIL ON DISABILITY \$ 858,000 \$ 860,000

Sec. 7. OMBUDSMAN FOR MENTAL HEALTH AND DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES \$ 2,438,000 \$ 2,438,000

Sec. 8. OMBUDSPERSONS FOR FAMILIES \$ 467,000 \$ 467,000

Sec. 9. COMMISSIONER OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET \$ 498,000 \$ 498,000

(a) By June 30, 2019, the commissioner shall transfer \$399,000,000 from the general fund to the health care access fund. This is a onetime transfer.

(b) By June 30, 2020, the commissioner shall transfer \$236,580,000 from the general fund to the health care access fund. This is a onetime transfer.

(c) By June 30, 2022, the commissioner shall transfer \$47,451,000 from the general fund to the health care access fund. This is a onetime transfer.

(d) **Proven-Effective Practices Evaluation Activities.** \$498,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$498,000 in fiscal year 2021 are from the general fund for evaluation activities under article ..., section

Sec. 10. TRANSFERS.

Subdivision 1. **Forecasted programs.** The commissioner of human services, with the approval of the commissioner of management and budget, may transfer unencumbered appropriation balances for the biennium ending June 30, 2021, within fiscal years among the MFIP, general assistance, medical assistance, MinnesotaCare, MFIP child care assistance under Minnesota Statutes, section 119B.05, Minnesota supplemental aid program, housing support, the entitlement portion of Northstar Care for Children under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 256N, and the entitlement portion of the chemical dependency consolidated treatment fund, and between fiscal years of the biennium. The commissioner shall inform the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate Health and Human Services Finance Committee and the house of representatives Health and Human Services Finance Committee quarterly about transfers made under this subdivision.

Subd. 2. Administration. Positions, salary money, and nonsalary administrative money may be transferred within the Departments of Health and Human Services only to set up and maintain accounting and budget systems with the advance approval of the commissioner of management and budget. The commissioner shall inform the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate Health and Human Services Finance Committee and the house of representatives Health and Human Services Finance Committee quarterly about the transfers made under this subdivision."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to health; establishing the health and human services budget; modifying provisions governing health care, health insurance, Department of Human Services operations, Department of Health, and MNsure; requiring care coordination; modifying medical cannabis requirements; permitting licensed hemp growers to sell hemp to medical cannabis manufacturers; permitting electronic monitoring in health care facilities; requiring hospital charges disclosure; modifying public interest review; authorizing statewide tobacco cessation services; modifying requirements for PPEC centers; modifying benefits for MnCare and MA for adults; requiring physicians to allow the opportunity to view ultrasound imaging prior to an abortion; prohibiting abortions after 20 weeks post fertilization; requiring health care facilities to post the women's right to know information on their website; modifying the positive alternatives grant eligibility; modifying the SHIP program; requiring coverage of 3D mammograms as a preventive service; exempting certain seasonal food stands from licensure; adjusting license fees for social workers and optometrists; requiring reports; making technical changes; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2018, sections 16A.055, subdivision 1a; 18K.03; 62A.30, by adding a subdivision; 62J.495, subdivisions 1, 3; 62V.05, subdivisions 2, 5, 10; 62V.08; 144.1506, subdivision 2; 144.3831, subdivision 1; 144.552; 144.586, by adding a subdivision; 144.966, subdivision 2; 144H.01, subdivision 5; 144H.04, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 144H.06; 144H.07, subdivisions 1, 2; 144H.08, subdivision 2; 144H.11, subdivisions 2, 3, 4; 145.4131, subdivision 1; 145.4235, subdivision 2; 145.4242; 145.4244; 145.928, subdivisions 1, 7; 145.986, subdivisions 1, 1a, 4, 5, 6; 148.59; 148E.180; 152.126, subdivision 6; 152.22, subdivision 6, by adding a subdivision; 152.25, subdivision 4; 152.28, subdivision 1; 152.29, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 3a; 152.31; 157.22; 256B.04, subdivision 14; 256B.056, subdivisions 1, 3, 7a; 256B.0625, subdivision 56a, by adding a subdivision; 256B.69, subdivisions 4, 31; 256L.03, subdivision 5, by adding a subdivision; 525A.11; Laws 2015, chapter 71, article 12, section 8; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 8; 144; 145; 254A; 256B; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 245I; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2018, sections 16A.724, subdivision 2; 144.1464; 144.1911; 256B.0625, subdivision 31c."

And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Finance. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator Abeler from the Committee on Human Services Reform Finance and Policy, to which was referred

S.F. No. 92: A bill for an act relating to human services; modifying the disability waiver rate system; amending Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.4914, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 5, 10, 10a.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"ARTICLE 1

PROGRAM INTEGRITY

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 15C.02, is amended to read:

15C.02 LIABILITY FOR CERTAIN ACTS.

(a) A person who commits any act described in clauses (1) to (7) is liable to the state or the political subdivision for a civil penalty ~~of not less than \$5,500 and not more than \$11,000 per false or fraudulent claim~~ in the amounts set forth in the federal False Claims Act, United States Code, title 31, section 3729, and as modified by the federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act Improvements Act of 2015, plus three times the amount of damages that the state or the political subdivision sustains because of the act of that person, except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b):

(1) knowingly presents, or causes to be presented, a false or fraudulent claim for payment or approval;

(2) knowingly makes or uses, or causes to be made or used, a false record or statement material to a false or fraudulent claim;

(3) knowingly conspires to commit a violation of clause (1), (2), (4), (5), (6), or (7);

(4) has possession, custody, or control of property or money used, or to be used, by the state or a political subdivision and knowingly delivers or causes to be delivered less than all of that money or property;

(5) is authorized to make or deliver a document certifying receipt for money or property used, or to be used, by the state or a political subdivision and, intending to defraud the state or a political subdivision, makes or delivers the receipt without completely knowing that the information on the receipt is true;

(6) knowingly buys, or receives as a pledge of an obligation or debt, public property from an officer or employee of the state or a political subdivision who lawfully may not sell or pledge the property; or

(7) knowingly makes or uses, or causes to be made or used, a false record or statement material to an obligation to pay or transmit money or property to the state or a political subdivision, or knowingly conceals or knowingly and improperly avoids or decreases an obligation to pay or transmit money or property to the state or a political subdivision.

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the court may assess not less than two times the amount of damages that the state or the political subdivision sustains because of the act of the person if:

(1) the person committing a violation under paragraph (a) furnished an officer or employee of the state or the political subdivision responsible for investigating the false or fraudulent claim

violation with all information known to the person about the violation within 30 days after the date on which the person first obtained the information;

(2) the person fully cooperated with any investigation by the state or the political subdivision of the violation; and

(3) at the time the person furnished the state or the political subdivision with information about the violation, no criminal prosecution, civil action, or administrative action had been commenced under this chapter with respect to the violation and the person did not have actual knowledge of the existence of an investigation into the violation.

(c) A person violating this section is also liable to the state or the political subdivision for the costs of a civil action brought to recover any penalty or damages.

(d) A person is not liable under this section for mere negligence, inadvertence, or mistake with respect to activities involving a false or fraudulent claim.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 119B.09, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **General eligibility requirements.** (a) Child care services must be available to families with financial resources, excluding vehicles, of less than \$100,000, who need child care to find or keep employment or to obtain the training or education necessary to find employment and who:

(1) have household income less than or equal to 67 percent of the state median income, adjusted for family size, at application and redetermination, and meet the requirements of section 119B.05; receive MFIP assistance; and are participating in employment and training services under chapter 256J; or

(2) have household income less than or equal to 47 percent of the state median income, adjusted for family size, at application and less than or equal to 67 percent of the state median income, adjusted for family size, at redetermination.

(b) Child care services must be made available as in-kind services.

(c) All applicants for child care assistance and families currently receiving child care assistance must be assisted and required to cooperate in establishment of paternity and enforcement of child support obligations for all children in the family at application and redetermination as a condition of program eligibility. For purposes of this section, a family is considered to meet the requirement for cooperation when the family complies with the requirements of section 256.741.

(d) All applicants for child care assistance and families currently receiving child care assistance must pay the co-payment fee under section 119B.12, subdivision 2, as a condition of eligibility. The co-payment fee may include additional recoupment fees due to a child care assistance program overpayment.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 119B.09, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Eligibility; annual income; calculation.** (a) Annual income of the applicant family is the current monthly income of the family multiplied by 12 or the income for the 12-month period

immediately preceding the date of application, or income calculated by the method which provides the most accurate assessment of income available to the family.

(b) Self-employment income must be calculated based on gross receipts less operating expenses authorized by the Internal Revenue Service.

(c) Income changes are processed under section 119B.025, subdivision 4. Included lump sums counted as income under section 256P.06, subdivision 3, must be annualized over 12 months. Income includes all deposits into accounts owned or controlled by the applicant, including amounts spent on personal expenses including rent, mortgage, automobile-related expenses, utilities, and food and amounts received as salary or draws from business accounts. Income does not include a deposit specifically identified by the applicant as a loan or gift, for which the applicant provides the source, date, amount, and repayment terms. Income and assets must be verified with documentary evidence. If the applicant does not have sufficient evidence of income or assets, verification must be obtained from the source of the income or assets.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 119B.09, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. Date of eligibility for assistance. (a) The date of eligibility for child care assistance under this chapter is the later of the date the application was received by the county; the beginning date of employment, education, or training; the date the infant is born for applicants to the at-home infant care program; or the date a determination has been made that the applicant is a participant in employment and training services under Minnesota Rules, part 3400.0080, or chapter 256J.

(b) Payment ceases for a family under the at-home infant child care program when a family has used a total of 12 months of assistance as specified under section 119B.035. Payment of child care assistance for employed persons on MFIP is effective the date of employment or the date of MFIP eligibility, whichever is later. Payment of child care assistance for MFIP or DWP participants in employment and training services is effective the date of commencement of the services or the date of MFIP or DWP eligibility, whichever is later. Payment of child care assistance for transition year child care must be made retroactive to the date of eligibility for transition year child care.

(c) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), payment of child care assistance for participants eligible under section 119B.05 may only be made retroactive for a maximum of ~~six~~ zero months from the date of application for child care assistance.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for applications processed on or after July 1, 2019.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 119B.09, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. Licensed and legal nonlicensed family child care providers; assistance. This subdivision applies to any provider providing care in a setting other than a licensed or license-exempt child care center. Licensed and legal nonlicensed family child care providers and their employees are not eligible to receive child care assistance subsidies under this chapter for their own children or children in their family during the hours they are providing child care or being paid to provide child care. Child care providers and their employees are eligible to receive child care assistance subsidies for their children when they are engaged in other activities that meet the requirements of this chapter and for which child care assistance can be paid. The hours for which the provider or

their employee receives a child care subsidy for their own children must not overlap with the hours the provider provides child care services.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 119B.09, subdivision 9a, is amended to read:

Subd. 9a. **Child care centers authorizations; assistance dependents of employees and controlling individuals.** (a) A licensed or license-exempt child care center ~~may~~ must not receive authorizations for ~~25 or fewer children~~ more than seven children who are dependents of the center's employees or controlling individuals. ~~If a child care center is authorized for more than 25 children who are dependents of center employees, the county cannot authorize additional dependents of an employee until the number of children falls below 25.~~

~~(b) Funds paid to providers during the period of time when a center is authorized for more than 25 children who are dependents of center employees must not be treated as overpayments under section 119B.11, subdivision 2a, due to noncompliance with this subdivision.~~

~~(e)~~ (b) Nothing in this subdivision precludes the commissioner from conducting fraud investigations relating to child care assistance, imposing sanctions, and obtaining monetary recovery as otherwise provided by law.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 119B.125, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Record-keeping requirement.** (a) As a condition of payment, all providers receiving child care assistance payments must keep accurate and legible daily attendance records at the site where services are delivered for children receiving child care assistance and must make those records available immediately to the county or the commissioner upon request. The attendance records must be completed daily and include the date, the first and last name of each child in attendance, and the times when each child is dropped off and picked up. To the extent possible, the times that the child was dropped off to and picked up from the child care provider must be entered by the person dropping off or picking up the child. The daily attendance records must be retained at the site where services are delivered for six years after the date of service.

(b) Records that are not produced immediately under paragraph (a), unless a delay is agreed upon by the commissioner and provider, shall not be valid for purposes of establishing a child's attendance and shall result in an overpayment under paragraph (d).

(c) A county or the commissioner may deny or revoke a provider's authorization as a child care provider to any applicant, rescind authorization of any provider, to receive child care assistance payments under section 119B.13, subdivision 6, paragraph (d), pursue a fraud disqualification under section 256.98, take an action against the provider under chapter 245E, or establish an attendance record overpayment claim in the system under paragraph (d) against a current or former provider, when the county or the commissioner knows or has reason to believe that the provider has not complied with the record-keeping requirement in this subdivision. A provider's failure to produce attendance records as requested on more than one occasion constitutes grounds for disqualification as a provider.

(d) To calculate an attendance record overpayment under this subdivision, the commissioner or county agency subtracts the maximum daily rate from the total amount paid to a provider for each

day that a child's attendance record is missing, unavailable, incomplete, illegible, inaccurate, or otherwise inadequate.

(e) The commissioner shall develop criteria to direct a county when the county must establish an attendance overpayment under this subdivision.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 119B.125, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 10. **Proof of surety bond coverage.** All licensed child care centers authorized for reimbursement under this chapter that received child care assistance program revenue equal to or greater than \$250,000 in the previous calendar year must provide to the commissioner at least once per year proof of surety bond coverage of \$100,000 in a format determined by the commissioner. The surety bond must be in a form approved by the commissioner, be renewed annually, and allow for recovery of costs and fees in pursuing a claim on the bond.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2020.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 119B.125, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 11. **Financial misconduct.** (a) County agencies may conduct investigations of financial misconduct by child care providers as described in section 245E.02, subdivisions 1 and 2, only after receiving verification that the department is not investigating a provider under chapter 245E.

(b) If, upon investigation, a preponderance of evidence shows financial misconduct by a provider, the county may immediately suspend the provider's authorization to receive child care assistance payments under section 119B.13, subdivision 6, paragraph (d), prior to pursuing other available remedies.

(c) The county shall give immediate notice in writing to a provider and any affected families of any suspension of the provider's child care authorization under paragraph (b). The notice shall state:

- (1) the factual basis for the county's determination;
- (2) the date of the suspension;
- (3) the length of the suspension;
- (4) the requirements and procedures for reinstatement;
- (5) the right to dispute the county's determination and to provide evidence; and
- (6) the right to appeal the county's determination.

(d) The county's determination under paragraph (b) is subject to the fair hearing requirements under section 119B.16, subdivisions 1a, 1b, and 2. A provider that requests a fair hearing is entitled to a hearing within ten days of the request.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 119B.13, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Provider payments.** (a) A provider shall bill only for services documented according to section 119B.125, subdivision 6. The provider shall bill for services provided within ten days of the end of the service period. Payments under the child care fund shall be made within 21 days of receiving a complete bill from the provider. Counties or the state may establish policies that make payments on a more frequent basis.

(b) If a provider has received an authorization of care and been issued a billing form for an eligible family, the bill must be submitted within 60 days of the last date of service on the bill. A bill submitted more than 60 days after the last date of service must be paid if the county determines that the provider has shown good cause why the bill was not submitted within 60 days. Good cause must be defined in the county's child care fund plan under section 119B.08, subdivision 3, and the definition of good cause must include county error. Any bill submitted more than a year after the last date of service on the bill must not be paid.

(c) If a provider provided care for a time period without receiving an authorization of care and a billing form for an eligible family, payment of child care assistance may only be made retroactively for a maximum of six months from the date the provider is issued an authorization of care and billing form.

(d) A county or the commissioner may refuse to issue a child care authorization to a licensed or legal nonlicensed provider, revoke an existing child care authorization to a licensed or legal nonlicensed provider, stop payment issued to a licensed or legal nonlicensed provider, or refuse to pay a bill submitted by a licensed or legal nonlicensed provider if:

(1) the provider admits to intentionally giving the county materially false information on the provider's billing forms;

(2) a county or the commissioner finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the provider intentionally gave the county materially false information on the provider's billing forms, or provided false attendance records to a county or the commissioner;

(3) the provider is in violation of child care assistance program rules, until the agency determines those violations have been corrected;

(4) the provider is operating after:

(i) an order of suspension of the provider's license issued by the commissioner;

(ii) an order of revocation of the provider's license; or

(iii) a final order of conditional license issued by the commissioner for as long as the conditional license is in effect;

(5) the provider submits false attendance reports or refuses to provide documentation of the child's attendance upon request; ~~or~~

(6) the provider gives false child care price information; or

(7) the provider fails to report decreases in a child's attendance, as required under section 119B.125, subdivision 9.

(e) For purposes of paragraph (d), clauses (3), (5), ~~and (6)~~, and (7), the county or the commissioner may withhold the provider's authorization or payment for a period of time not to exceed three months beyond the time the condition has been corrected.

(f) A county's payment policies must be included in the county's child care plan under section 119B.08, subdivision 3. If payments are made by the state, in addition to being in compliance with this subdivision, the payments must be made in compliance with section 16A.124.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2019.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 119B.13, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. **Absent days.** (a) Licensed child care providers and license-exempt centers must not be reimbursed for more than 25 full-day absent days per child, excluding holidays, in a ~~fiscal~~ calendar year, or for more than ten consecutive full-day absent days. "Absent day" means any day that the child is authorized and scheduled to be in care with a licensed provider or license exempt center and the child is absent from the care for the entire day. Legal nonlicensed family child care providers must not be reimbursed for absent days. If a child attends for part of the time authorized to be in care in a day, but is absent for part of the time authorized to be in care in that same day, the absent time must be reimbursed but the time must not count toward the absent days limit. Child care providers must only be reimbursed for absent days if the provider has a written policy for child absences and charges all other families in care for similar absences.

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), children with documented medical conditions that cause more frequent absences may exceed the 25 absent days limit, or ten consecutive full-day absent days limit. Absences due to a documented medical condition of a parent or sibling who lives in the same residence as the child receiving child care assistance do not count against the absent days limit in a ~~fiscal~~ calendar year. Documentation of medical conditions must be on the forms and submitted according to the timelines established by the commissioner. A public health nurse or school nurse may verify the illness in lieu of a medical practitioner. If a provider sends a child home early due to a medical reason, including, but not limited to, fever or contagious illness, the child care center director or lead teacher may verify the illness in lieu of a medical practitioner.

(c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), children in families may exceed the absent days limit if at least one parent: (1) is under the age of 21; (2) does not have a high school diploma or commissioner of education-selected high school equivalency certification; and (3) is a student in a school district or another similar program that provides or arranges for child care, parenting support, social services, career and employment supports, and academic support to achieve high school graduation, upon request of the program and approval of the county. If a child attends part of an authorized day, payment to the provider must be for the full amount of care authorized for that day.

(d) Child care providers must be reimbursed for up to ten federal or state holidays or designated holidays per year when the provider charges all families for these days and the holiday or designated holiday falls on a day when the child is authorized to be in attendance. Parents may substitute other cultural or religious holidays for the ten recognized state and federal holidays. Holidays do not count toward the absent days limit.

(e) A family or child care provider must not be assessed an overpayment for an absent day payment unless (1) there was an error in the amount of care authorized for the family, (2) all of the

allowed full-day absent payments for the child have been paid, or (3) the family or provider did not timely report a change as required under law.

(f) The provider and family shall receive notification of the number of absent days used upon initial provider authorization for a family and ongoing notification of the number of absent days used as of the date of the notification.

(g) For purposes of this subdivision, "absent days limit" means 25 full-day absent days per child, excluding holidays, in a ~~fiscal~~ calendar year; and ten consecutive full-day absent days.

(h) For purposes of this subdivision, "holidays limit" means ten full-day holidays per child, excluding absent days, in a calendar year.

(i) If a day meets the criteria of an absent day or a holiday under this subdivision, the provider must bill that day as an absent day or holiday. A provider's failure to properly bill an absent day or a holiday results in an overpayment, regardless of whether the child reached, or is exempt from, the absent days limit or holidays limit for the calendar year.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2019.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144A.479, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 8. **Labor market reporting.** A home care provider shall comply with the labor market reporting requirements described in section 256B.4912, subdivision 1a.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 245.095, is amended to read:

245.095 LIMITS ON RECEIVING PUBLIC FUNDS.

Subdivision 1. **Prohibition.** (a) If a provider, vendor, or individual enrolled, licensed, or receiving funds under a grant contract, or registered in any program administered by the commissioner, including under the commissioner's powers and authorities in section 256.01, is excluded from any that program administered by the commissioner, including under the commissioner's powers and authorities in section 256.01, the commissioner shall:

(1) prohibit the excluded provider, vendor, or individual from enrolling or becoming licensed, receiving grant funds, or registering in any other program administered by the commissioner; and

(2) disenroll, revoke or suspend a license, disqualify, or debar the excluded provider, vendor, or individual in any other program administered by the commissioner.

(b) The duration of this prohibition, disenrollment, revocation, suspension, disqualification, or debarment must last for the longest applicable sanction or disqualifying period in effect for the provider, vendor, or individual permitted by state or federal law.

Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following definitions have the meanings given them.

(b) "Excluded" means disenrolled, ~~subject to license revocation or suspension, disqualified, or subject to vendor debarment~~ disqualified, has a license that has been revoked or suspended under chapter 245A, has been debarred or suspended under Minnesota Rules, part 1230.1150, or terminated from participation in medical assistance under section 256B.064.

(c) "Individual" means a natural person providing products or services as a provider or vendor.

(d) "Provider" means an owner, controlling individual, license holder, director, or managerial official.

Sec. 14. [245A.24] MANDATORY REPORTING.

All licensors employed by a county or the Department of Human Services must immediately report any suspected fraud to county human services investigators or the Department of Human Services Office of the Inspector General.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 245E.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1a. **Provider definitions.** For the purposes of this section, "provider" includes:

(1) individuals or entities meeting the definition of provider in section 245E.01, subdivision 12; and

(2) owners and controlling individuals of entities identified in clause (1).

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256.98, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Wrongfully obtaining assistance.** A person who commits any of the following acts or omissions with intent to defeat the purposes of sections 145.891 to 145.897, the MFIP program formerly codified in sections 256.031 to 256.0361, the AFDC program formerly codified in sections 256.72 to 256.871, chapter 256B, 256D, 256I, 256J, 256K, or 256L, child care assistance programs, and emergency assistance programs under section 256D.06, is guilty of theft and shall be sentenced under section 609.52, subdivision 3, clauses (1) to (5):

(1) obtains or attempts to obtain, or aids or abets any person to obtain by means of a willfully false statement or representation, by intentional concealment of any material fact, or by impersonation or other fraudulent device, assistance or the continued receipt of assistance, to include child care assistance or vouchers produced according to sections 145.891 to 145.897 and MinnesotaCare services according to sections 256.9365, 256.94, and 256L.01 to 256L.15, to which the person is not entitled or assistance greater than that to which the person is entitled;

(2) knowingly aids or abets in buying or in any way disposing of the property of a recipient or applicant of assistance without the consent of the county agency; or

(3) obtains or attempts to obtain, alone or in collusion with others, the receipt of payments to which the individual is not entitled as a provider of subsidized child care, or by furnishing or concurring in a willfully false claim for child care assistance.

The continued receipt of assistance to which the person is not entitled or greater than that to which the person is entitled as a result of any of the acts, failure to act, or concealment described in

this subdivision shall be deemed to be continuing offenses from the date that the first act or failure to act occurred.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256.98, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. **Disqualification from program.** (a) Any person found to be guilty of wrongfully obtaining assistance by a federal or state court or by an administrative hearing determination, or waiver thereof, through a disqualification consent agreement, or as part of any approved diversion plan under section 401.065, or any court-ordered stay which carries with it any probationary or other conditions, in the Minnesota family investment program and any affiliated program to include the diversionary work program and the work participation cash benefit program, the food stamp or food support program, the general assistance program, housing support under chapter 256I, or the Minnesota supplemental aid program shall be disqualified from that program. The disqualification based on a finding or action by a federal or state court is a permanent disqualification. The disqualification based on an administrative hearing, or waiver thereof, through a disqualification consent agreement, or as part of any approved diversion plan under section 401.065, or any court-ordered stay which carries with it any probationary or other conditions must be for a period of two years for the first offense and a permanent disqualification for the second offense. In addition, any person disqualified from the Minnesota family investment program shall also be disqualified from the food stamp or food support program. The needs of that individual shall not be taken into consideration in determining the grant level for that assistance unit.

~~(1) for one year after the first offense;~~

~~(2) for two years after the second offense; and~~

~~(3) permanently after the third or subsequent offense.~~

The period of program disqualification shall begin on the date stipulated on the advance notice of disqualification without possibility of postponement for administrative stay or administrative hearing and shall continue through completion unless and until the findings upon which the sanctions were imposed are reversed by a court of competent jurisdiction. The period for which sanctions are imposed is not subject to review. The sanctions provided under this subdivision are in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other sanctions that may be provided for by law for the offense involved. A disqualification established through hearing or waiver shall result in the disqualification period beginning immediately unless the person has become otherwise ineligible for assistance. If the person is ineligible for assistance, the disqualification period begins when the person again meets the eligibility criteria of the program from which they were disqualified and makes application for that program.

(b) A family receiving assistance through child care assistance programs under chapter 119B with a family member who is found to be guilty of wrongfully obtaining child care assistance by a federal court, state court, or an administrative hearing determination or waiver, through a disqualification consent agreement, as part of an approved diversion plan under section 401.065, or a court-ordered stay with probationary or other conditions, is disqualified from child care assistance programs. ~~The disqualifications must be for periods of one year and two years for the first and second offenses, respectively. Subsequent violations must result in~~ based on a finding or action by a federal or state court is a permanent disqualification. The disqualification based on an administrative

hearing determination or waiver, through a disqualification consent agreement, as part of an approved diversion plan under section 401.065, or a court-ordered stay with probationary or other conditions must be for a period of two years for the first offense and a permanent disqualification for the second offense. During the disqualification period, disqualification from any child care program must extend to all child care programs and must be immediately applied.

(c) A provider caring for children receiving assistance through child care assistance programs under chapter 119B is disqualified from receiving payment for child care services from the child care assistance program under chapter 119B when the provider is found to have wrongfully obtained child care assistance by a federal court, state court, or an administrative hearing determination or waiver under section 256.046, through a disqualification consent agreement, as part of an approved diversion plan under section 401.065, or a court-ordered stay with probationary or other conditions. ~~The disqualification must be for a period of one year for the first offense and two years for the second offense. Any subsequent violation must result in~~ based on a finding or action by a federal or state court is a permanent disqualification. The disqualification based on an administrative hearing determination or waiver under section 256.045, as part of an approved diversion plan under section 401.065, or a court-ordered stay with probationary or other conditions must be for a period of two years for the first offense and a permanent disqualification for the second offense. The disqualification period must be imposed immediately after a determination is made under this paragraph. During the disqualification period, the provider is disqualified from receiving payment from any child care program under chapter 119B.

(d) Any person found to be guilty of wrongfully obtaining MinnesotaCare for adults without children and upon federal approval, all categories of medical assistance and remaining categories of MinnesotaCare, except for children through age 18, by a federal or state court or by an administrative hearing determination, or waiver thereof, through a disqualification consent agreement, or as part of any approved diversion plan under section 401.065, or any court-ordered stay which carries with it any probationary or other conditions, is disqualified from that program. The period of disqualification is one year after the first offense, two years after the second offense, and permanently after the third or subsequent offense. The period of program disqualification shall begin on the date stipulated on the advance notice of disqualification without possibility of postponement for administrative stay or administrative hearing and shall continue through completion unless and until the findings upon which the sanctions were imposed are reversed by a court of competent jurisdiction. The period for which sanctions are imposed is not subject to review. The sanctions provided under this subdivision are in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other sanctions that may be provided for by law for the offense involved.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256.987, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Electronic benefit transfer (EBT) card.** Cash benefits for the general assistance and Minnesota supplemental aid programs under chapter 256D and programs under chapter 256J must be issued on an EBT card ~~with~~. The name and photograph of the head of household and a list of family members authorized to use the EBT card must be printed on the card. The cardholder must show identification before making a purchase. The card must include the following statement: "It is unlawful to use this card to purchase tobacco products or alcoholic beverages." This card must be issued within 30 calendar days of an eligibility determination. During the initial 30 calendar days of eligibility, a recipient may have cash benefits issued on an EBT card without a name printed on

the card. This card may be the same card on which food support benefits are issued and does not need to meet the requirements of this section.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256.987, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Prohibited purchases and returns.** (a) An individual with an EBT card issued for one of the programs listed under subdivision 1 is prohibited from using the EBT debit card to purchase tobacco products and alcoholic beverages, as defined in section 340A.101, subdivision 2. Any prohibited purchases made under this subdivision shall constitute unlawful use and result in disqualification of the cardholder from the program as provided in subdivision 4.

(b) An item purchased with an EBT card that is returned must be credited back to the EBT card. It is prohibited to give the EBT cardholder cash for returned items purchased with an EBT card.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.02, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. **Vendor of medical care.** (a) "Vendor of medical care" means any person or persons furnishing, within the scope of the vendor's respective license, any or all of the following goods or services: medical, surgical, hospital, ambulatory surgical center services, optical, visual, dental and nursing services; drugs and medical supplies; appliances; laboratory, diagnostic, and therapeutic services; nursing home and convalescent care; screening and health assessment services provided by public health nurses as defined in section 145A.02, subdivision 18; health care services provided at the residence of the patient if the services are performed by a public health nurse and the nurse indicates in a statement submitted under oath that the services were actually provided; and such other medical services or supplies provided or prescribed by persons authorized by state law to give such services and supplies, including services under section 256B.4912. For purposes of this chapter, the term includes a person or entity that furnishes a good or service eligible for medical assistance or federally approved waiver plan payments under this chapter. The term includes, but is not limited to, directors and officers of corporations or members of partnerships who, either individually or jointly with another or others, have the legal control, supervision, or responsibility of submitting claims for reimbursement to the medical assistance program. The term only includes directors and officers of corporations who personally receive a portion of the distributed assets upon liquidation or dissolution, and their liability is limited to the portion of the claim that bears the same proportion to the total claim as their share of the distributed assets bears to the total distributed assets.

(b) "Vendor of medical care" also includes any person who is credentialed as a health professional under standards set by the governing body of a federally recognized Indian tribe authorized under an agreement with the federal government according to United States Code, title 25, section 450f, to provide health services to its members, and who through a tribal facility provides covered services to American Indian people within a contract health service delivery area of a Minnesota reservation, as defined under Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 36.22.

(c) A federally recognized Indian tribe that intends to implement standards for credentialing health professionals must submit the standards to the commissioner of human services, along with evidence of meeting, exceeding, or being exempt from corresponding state standards. The commissioner shall maintain a copy of the standards and supporting evidence, and shall use those standards to enroll tribal-approved health professionals as medical assistance providers. For purposes

of this section, "Indian" and "Indian tribe" mean persons or entities that meet the definition in United States Code, title 25, section 450b.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 20. **Income.** Income is calculated using the adjusted gross income methodology under the Affordable Care Act. Income includes funds in personal or business accounts used to pay personal expenses including rent, mortgage, automobile-related expenses, utilities, food, and other personal expenses not directly related to the business, unless the funds are directly attributable to an exception to the income requirement specifically identified by the applicant.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.04, subdivision 21, is amended to read:

Subd. 21. **Provider enrollment.** (a) The commissioner shall enroll providers and conduct screening activities as required by Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 455, subpart E, including database checks, unannounced pre- and post-enrollment site visits, fingerprinting, and criminal background studies. A provider providing services from multiple licensed locations must enroll each licensed location separately. The commissioner may deny a provider's incomplete application for enrollment if a provider fails to respond to the commissioner's request for additional information within 60 days of the request.

(b) The commissioner must revalidate each provider under this subdivision at least once every five years. The commissioner may revalidate a personal care assistance agency under this subdivision once every three years. The commissioner shall conduct revalidation as follows:

(1) provide 30-day notice of revalidation due date to include instructions for revalidation and a list of materials the provider must submit to revalidate;

(2) notify the provider that fails to completely respond within 30 days of any deficiencies and allow an additional 30 days to comply; and

(3) give 60-day notice of termination and immediately suspend a provider's ability to bill for failure to remedy any deficiencies within the 30-day time period. The commissioner's decision to suspend the provider's ability to bill is not subject to an administrative appeal.

(c) The commissioner shall require that an individual rendering care to a recipient for the following covered services enroll as an individual provider and be identified on claims:

(1) consumer directed community supports; and

(2) qualified professionals supervising personal care assistant services according to section 256B.0659.

(d) The commissioner may suspend a provider's ability to bill for a failure to comply with any individual provider requirements or conditions of participation until the provider comes into compliance. The commissioner's decision to suspend the provider's ability to bill is not subject to an administrative appeal.

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary, all correspondence and notifications, including notifications of termination and other actions, shall be delivered electronically to a provider's

MN-ITS mailbox. For a provider that does not have a MN-ITS account and mailbox, notice shall be sent by first class mail.

(f) If the commissioner or the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services determines that a provider is designated "high-risk," the commissioner may withhold payment from providers within that category upon initial enrollment for a 90-day period. The withholding for each provider must begin on the date of the first submission of a claim.

~~(b)~~ (g) An enrolled provider that is also licensed by the commissioner under chapter 245A, or is licensed as a home care provider by the Department of Health under chapter 144A and has a home and community-based services designation on the home care license under section 144A.484, must designate an individual as the entity's compliance officer. The compliance officer must:

(1) develop policies and procedures to assure adherence to medical assistance laws and regulations and to prevent inappropriate claims submissions;

(2) train the employees of the provider entity, and any agents or subcontractors of the provider entity including billers, on the policies and procedures under clause (1);

(3) respond to allegations of improper conduct related to the provision or billing of medical assistance services, and implement action to remediate any resulting problems;

(4) use evaluation techniques to monitor compliance with medical assistance laws and regulations;

(5) promptly report to the commissioner any identified violations of medical assistance laws or regulations; and

(6) within 60 days of discovery by the provider of a medical assistance reimbursement overpayment, report the overpayment to the commissioner and make arrangements with the commissioner for the commissioner's recovery of the overpayment.

The commissioner may require, as a condition of enrollment in medical assistance, that a provider within a particular industry sector or category establish a compliance program that contains the core elements established by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.

~~(e)~~ (h) The commissioner may revoke the enrollment of an ordering or rendering provider for a period of not more than one year, if the provider fails to maintain and, upon request from the commissioner, provide access to documentation relating to written orders or requests for payment for durable medical equipment, certifications for home health services, or referrals for other items or services written or ordered by such provider, when the commissioner has identified a pattern of a lack of documentation. A pattern means a failure to maintain documentation or provide access to documentation on more than one occasion. Nothing in this paragraph limits the authority of the commissioner to sanction a provider under the provisions of section 256B.064.

~~(d)~~ (i) The commissioner shall terminate or deny the enrollment of any individual or entity if the individual or entity has been terminated from participation in Medicare or under the Medicaid program or Children's Health Insurance Program of any other state.

~~(e)~~ (j) As a condition of enrollment in medical assistance, the commissioner shall require that a provider designated "moderate" or "high-risk" by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services or the commissioner permit the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, its agents, or its designated contractors and the state agency, its agents, or its designated contractors to conduct unannounced on-site inspections of any provider location. The commissioner shall publish in the Minnesota Health Care Program Provider Manual a list of provider types designated "limited," "moderate," or "high-risk," based on the criteria and standards used to designate Medicare providers in Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 424.518. The list and criteria are not subject to the requirements of chapter 14. The commissioner's designations are not subject to administrative appeal.

~~(f)~~ (k) As a condition of enrollment in medical assistance, the commissioner shall require that a high-risk provider, or a person with a direct or indirect ownership interest in the provider of five percent or higher, consent to criminal background checks, including fingerprinting, when required to do so under state law or by a determination by the commissioner or the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services that a provider is designated high-risk for fraud, waste, or abuse.

~~(g)~~ (l)(1) Upon initial enrollment, reenrollment, and notification of revalidation, all durable medical equipment, prosthetics, orthotics, and supplies (DMEPOS) medical suppliers meeting the durable medical equipment provider and supplier definition in clause (3), operating in Minnesota and receiving Medicaid funds must purchase a surety bond that is annually renewed and designates the Minnesota Department of Human Services as the obligee, and must be submitted in a form approved by the commissioner. For purposes of this clause, the following medical suppliers are not required to obtain a surety bond: a federally qualified health center, a home health agency, the Indian Health Service, a pharmacy, and a rural health clinic.

(2) At the time of initial enrollment or reenrollment, durable medical equipment providers and suppliers defined in clause (3) must purchase a surety bond of \$50,000. If a revalidating provider's Medicaid revenue in the previous calendar year is up to and including \$300,000, the provider agency must purchase a surety bond of \$50,000. If a revalidating provider's Medicaid revenue in the previous calendar year is over \$300,000, the provider agency must purchase a surety bond of \$100,000. The surety bond must allow for recovery of costs and fees in pursuing a claim on the bond be in a form approved by the commissioner, renewed annually, and must allow for recovery of costs and fees in pursuing a claim on the bond.

(3) "Durable medical equipment provider or supplier" means a medical supplier that can purchase medical equipment or supplies for sale or rental to the general public and is able to perform or arrange for necessary repairs to and maintenance of equipment offered for sale or rental.

~~(h)~~ (m) The Department of Human Services may require a provider to purchase a surety bond as a condition of initial enrollment, reenrollment, reinstatement, or continued enrollment if: (1) the provider fails to demonstrate financial viability, (2) the department determines there is significant evidence of or potential for fraud and abuse by the provider, or (3) the provider or category of providers is designated high-risk pursuant to paragraph ~~(a)~~ (e) and as per Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 455.450. The surety bond must be in an amount of \$100,000 or ten percent of the provider's payments from Medicaid during the immediately preceding 12 months, whichever is greater. The surety bond must name the Department of Human Services as an obligee and must allow for recovery of costs and fees in pursuing a claim on the bond. This paragraph does not apply

if the provider currently maintains a surety bond under the requirements in section 256B.0659 or 256B.85.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2019, with the exception that the amendments to paragraph (1), clause (2), are effective January 1, 2020.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.056, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Asset limitations for certain individuals.** (a) To be eligible for medical assistance, a person must not individually own more than \$3,000 in assets, or if a member of a household with two family members, husband and wife, or parent and child, the household must not own more than \$6,000 in assets, plus \$200 for each additional legal dependent. In addition to these maximum amounts, an eligible individual or family may accrue interest on these amounts, but they must be reduced to the maximum at the time of an eligibility redetermination. The accumulation of the clothing and personal needs allowance according to section 256B.35 must also be reduced to the maximum at the time of the eligibility redetermination. The value of assets that are not considered in determining eligibility for medical assistance is the value of those assets excluded under the Supplemental Security Income program for aged, blind, and disabled persons, with the following exceptions:

(1) household goods and personal effects are not considered;

(2) capital and operating assets of a trade or business that the local agency determines are necessary to the person's ability to earn an income are not considered. A bank account that contains personal income or assets or is used to pay personal expenses is not a capital or operating asset of a trade or business;

(3) motor vehicles are excluded to the same extent excluded by the Supplemental Security Income program;

(4) assets designated as burial expenses are excluded to the same extent excluded by the Supplemental Security Income program. Burial expenses funded by annuity contracts or life insurance policies must irrevocably designate the individual's estate as contingent beneficiary to the extent proceeds are not used for payment of selected burial expenses;

(5) for a person who no longer qualifies as an employed person with a disability due to loss of earnings, assets allowed while eligible for medical assistance under section 256B.057, subdivision 9, are not considered for 12 months, beginning with the first month of ineligibility as an employed person with a disability, to the extent that the person's total assets remain within the allowed limits of section 256B.057, subdivision 9, paragraph (d);

(6) when a person enrolled in medical assistance under section 256B.057, subdivision 9, is age 65 or older and has been enrolled during each of the 24 consecutive months before the person's 65th birthday, the assets owned by the person and the person's spouse must be disregarded, up to the limits of section 256B.057, subdivision 9, paragraph (d), when determining eligibility for medical assistance under section 256B.055, subdivision 7. The income of a spouse of a person enrolled in medical assistance under section 256B.057, subdivision 9, during each of the 24 consecutive months before the person's 65th birthday must be disregarded when determining eligibility for medical

assistance under section 256B.055, subdivision 7. Persons eligible under this clause are not subject to the provisions in section 256B.059; and

(7) effective July 1, 2009, certain assets owned by American Indians are excluded as required by section 5006 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, Public Law 111-5. For purposes of this clause, an American Indian is any person who meets the definition of Indian according to Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 447.50.

(b) No asset limit shall apply to persons eligible under section 256B.055, subdivision 15.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.056, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Income.** (a) To be eligible for medical assistance, a person eligible under section 256B.055, subdivisions 7, 7a, and 12, may have income up to 100 percent of the federal poverty guidelines. Effective January 1, 2000, and each successive January, recipients of Supplemental Security Income may have an income up to the Supplemental Security Income standard in effect on that date.

(b) Effective January 1, 2014, to be eligible for medical assistance, under section 256B.055, subdivision 3a, a parent or caretaker relative may have an income up to 133 percent of the federal poverty guidelines for the household size.

(c) To be eligible for medical assistance under section 256B.055, subdivision 15, a person may have an income up to 133 percent of federal poverty guidelines for the household size.

(d) To be eligible for medical assistance under section 256B.055, subdivision 16, a child age 19 to 20 may have an income up to 133 percent of the federal poverty guidelines for the household size.

(e) To be eligible for medical assistance under section 256B.055, subdivision 3a, a child under age 19 may have income up to 275 percent of the federal poverty guidelines for the household size or an equivalent standard when converted using modified adjusted gross income methodology as required under the Affordable Care Act. Children who are enrolled in medical assistance as of December 31, 2013, and are determined ineligible for medical assistance because of the elimination of income disregards under modified adjusted gross income methodology as defined in subdivision 1a remain eligible for medical assistance under the Children's Health Insurance Program Reauthorization Act of 2009, Public Law 111-3, until the date of their next regularly scheduled eligibility redetermination as required in subdivision 7a.

(f) In computing income to determine eligibility of persons under paragraphs (a) to (e) who are not residents of long-term care facilities, the commissioner shall: (1) disregard increases in income as required by Public Laws 94-566, section 503; 99-272; and 99-509. For persons eligible under paragraph (a), veteran aid and attendance benefits and Veterans Administration unusual medical expense payments are considered income to the recipient; and (2) include all assets available to the applicant that are considered income according to the Internal Revenue Service. Income includes all deposits into accounts owned or controlled by the applicant, including amounts spent on personal expenses, including rent, mortgage, automobile-related expenses, utilities, and food and amounts received as salary or draws from business accounts and not otherwise excluded by federal or state

laws. Income does not include a deposit specifically identified by the applicant as a loan or gift, for which the applicant provides the source, date, amount, and repayment terms.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.056, subdivision 7a, is amended to read:

Subd. 7a. **Periodic renewal of eligibility.** (a) ~~The commissioner shall make an annual redetermination of eligibility based on information contained in the enrollee's case file and other information available to the agency, including but not limited to information accessed through an electronic database, without requiring the enrollee to submit any information when sufficient data is available for the agency to renew eligibility.~~

(b) ~~If the commissioner cannot renew eligibility in accordance with paragraph (a),~~ The commissioner must provide the enrollee with a prepopulated renewal form containing eligibility information available to the agency and ~~permit the enrollee to~~ must submit the form with any corrections or additional information to the agency and sign the renewal form via any of the modes of submission specified in section 256B.04, subdivision 18.

(c) An enrollee who is terminated for failure to complete the renewal process may subsequently submit the renewal form and required information within four months after the date of termination and have coverage reinstated without a lapse, if otherwise eligible under this chapter.

(d) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), individuals eligible under subdivision 5 shall be required to renew eligibility every six months.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0625, subdivision 17, is amended to read:

Subd. 17. **Transportation costs.** (a) "Nonemergency medical transportation service" means motor vehicle transportation provided by a public or private person that serves Minnesota health care program beneficiaries who do not require emergency ambulance service, as defined in section 144E.001, subdivision 3, to obtain covered medical services.

(b) Medical assistance covers medical transportation costs incurred solely for obtaining emergency medical care or transportation costs incurred by eligible persons in obtaining emergency or nonemergency medical care when paid directly to an ambulance company, nonemergency medical transportation company, or other recognized providers of transportation services. Medical transportation must be provided by:

(1) nonemergency medical transportation providers who meet the requirements of this subdivision;

(2) ambulances, as defined in section 144E.001, subdivision 2;

(3) taxicabs that meet the requirements of this subdivision;

(4) public transit, as defined in section 174.22, subdivision 7; or

(5) not-for-hire vehicles, including volunteer drivers.

(c) Medical assistance covers nonemergency medical transportation provided by nonemergency medical transportation providers enrolled in the Minnesota health care programs. All nonemergency

medical transportation providers must comply with the operating standards for special transportation service as defined in sections 174.29 to 174.30 and Minnesota Rules, chapter 8840, ~~and in consultation with the Minnesota Department of Transportation.~~ All drivers providing nonemergency medical transportation must be individually enrolled with the commissioner if the driver is a subcontractor for or employed by a provider that both has a base of operation located within a metropolitan county listed in section 473.121, subdivision 4, and is listed in paragraph (b), clause (1) or (3). All nonemergency medical transportation providers shall bill for nonemergency medical transportation services in accordance with Minnesota health care programs criteria. Publicly operated transit systems, volunteers, and not-for-hire vehicles are exempt from the requirements outlined in this paragraph.

(d) An organization may be terminated, denied, or suspended from enrollment if:

(1) the provider has not initiated background studies on the individuals specified in section 174.30, subdivision 10, paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (3); or

(2) the provider has initiated background studies on the individuals specified in section 174.30, subdivision 10, paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (3), and:

(i) the commissioner has sent the provider a notice that the individual has been disqualified under section 245C.14; and

(ii) the individual has not received a disqualification set-aside specific to the special transportation services provider under sections 245C.22 and 245C.23.

(e) The administrative agency of nonemergency medical transportation must:

(1) adhere to the policies defined by the commissioner in consultation with the Nonemergency Medical Transportation Advisory Committee;

(2) pay nonemergency medical transportation providers for services provided to Minnesota health care programs beneficiaries to obtain covered medical services;

(3) provide data monthly to the commissioner on appeals, complaints, no-shows, canceled trips, and number of trips by mode; and

(4) by July 1, 2016, in accordance with subdivision 18e, utilize a web-based single administrative structure assessment tool that meets the technical requirements established by the commissioner, reconciles trip information with claims being submitted by providers, and ensures prompt payment for nonemergency medical transportation services.

(f) Until the commissioner implements the single administrative structure and delivery system under subdivision 18e, clients shall obtain their level-of-service certificate from the commissioner or an entity approved by the commissioner that does not dispatch rides for clients using modes of transportation under paragraph (i), clauses (4), (5), (6), and (7).

(g) The commissioner may use an order by the recipient's attending physician or a medical or mental health professional to certify that the recipient requires nonemergency medical transportation services. Nonemergency medical transportation providers shall perform driver-assisted services for

eligible individuals, when appropriate. Driver-assisted service includes passenger pickup at and return to the individual's residence or place of business, assistance with admittance of the individual to the medical facility, and assistance in passenger securement or in securing of wheelchairs, child seats, or stretchers in the vehicle.

Nonemergency medical transportation providers must take clients to the health care provider using the most direct route, and must not exceed 30 miles for a trip to a primary care provider or 60 miles for a trip to a specialty care provider, unless the client receives authorization from the local agency.

Nonemergency medical transportation providers may not bill for separate base rates for the continuation of a trip beyond the original destination. Nonemergency medical transportation providers must maintain trip logs, which include pickup and drop-off times, signed by the medical provider or client, whichever is deemed most appropriate, attesting to mileage traveled to obtain covered medical services. Clients requesting client mileage reimbursement must sign the trip log attesting mileage traveled to obtain covered medical services.

(h) The administrative agency shall use the level of service process established by the commissioner in consultation with the Nonemergency Medical Transportation Advisory Committee to determine the client's most appropriate mode of transportation. If public transit or a certified transportation provider is not available to provide the appropriate service mode for the client, the client may receive a onetime service upgrade.

(i) The covered modes of transportation are:

(1) client reimbursement, which includes client mileage reimbursement provided to clients who have their own transportation, or to family or an acquaintance who provides transportation to the client;

(2) volunteer transport, which includes transportation by volunteers using their own vehicle;

(3) unassisted transport, which includes transportation provided to a client by a taxicab or public transit. If a taxicab or public transit is not available, the client can receive transportation from another nonemergency medical transportation provider;

(4) assisted transport, which includes transport provided to clients who require assistance by a nonemergency medical transportation provider;

(5) lift-equipped/ramp transport, which includes transport provided to a client who is dependent on a device and requires a nonemergency medical transportation provider with a vehicle containing a lift or ramp;

(6) protected transport, which includes transport provided to a client who has received a prescreening that has deemed other forms of transportation inappropriate and who requires a provider: (i) with a protected vehicle that is not an ambulance or police car and has safety locks, a video recorder, and a transparent thermoplastic partition between the passenger and the vehicle driver; and (ii) who is certified as a protected transport provider; and

(7) stretcher transport, which includes transport for a client in a prone or supine position and requires a nonemergency medical transportation provider with a vehicle that can transport a client in a prone or supine position.

(j) The local agency shall be the single administrative agency and shall administer and reimburse for modes defined in paragraph (i) according to paragraphs (m) and (n) when the commissioner has developed, made available, and funded the web-based single administrative structure, assessment tool, and level of need assessment under subdivision 18e. The local agency's financial obligation is limited to funds provided by the state or federal government.

(k) The commissioner shall:

(1) in consultation with the Nonemergency Medical Transportation Advisory Committee, verify that the mode and use of nonemergency medical transportation is appropriate;

(2) verify that the client is going to an approved medical appointment; and

(3) investigate all complaints and appeals.

(l) The administrative agency shall pay for the services provided in this subdivision and seek reimbursement from the commissioner, if appropriate. As vendors of medical care, local agencies are subject to the provisions in section 256B.041, the sanctions and monetary recovery actions in section 256B.064, and Minnesota Rules, parts 9505.2160 to 9505.2245.

(m) Payments for nonemergency medical transportation must be paid based on the client's assessed mode under paragraph (h), not the type of vehicle used to provide the service. The medical assistance reimbursement rates for nonemergency medical transportation services that are payable by or on behalf of the commissioner for nonemergency medical transportation services are:

(1) \$0.22 per mile for client reimbursement;

(2) up to 100 percent of the Internal Revenue Service business deduction rate for volunteer transport;

(3) equivalent to the standard fare for unassisted transport when provided by public transit, and \$11 for the base rate and \$1.30 per mile when provided by a nonemergency medical transportation provider;

(4) \$13 for the base rate and \$1.30 per mile for assisted transport;

(5) \$18 for the base rate and \$1.55 per mile for lift-equipped/ramp transport;

(6) \$75 for the base rate and \$2.40 per mile for protected transport; and

(7) \$60 for the base rate and \$2.40 per mile for stretcher transport, and \$9 per trip for an additional attendant if deemed medically necessary.

(n) The base rate for nonemergency medical transportation services in areas defined under RUCA to be super rural is equal to 111.3 percent of the respective base rate in paragraph (m), clauses

(1) to (7). The mileage rate for nonemergency medical transportation services in areas defined under RUCA to be rural or super rural areas is:

(1) for a trip equal to 17 miles or less, equal to 125 percent of the respective mileage rate in paragraph (m), clauses (1) to (7); and

(2) for a trip between 18 and 50 miles, equal to 112.5 percent of the respective mileage rate in paragraph (m), clauses (1) to (7).

(o) For purposes of reimbursement rates for nonemergency medical transportation services under paragraphs (m) and (n), the zip code of the recipient's place of residence shall determine whether the urban, rural, or super rural reimbursement rate applies.

(p) For purposes of this subdivision, "rural urban commuting area" or "RUCA" means a census-tract based classification system under which a geographical area is determined to be urban, rural, or super rural.

(q) The commissioner, when determining reimbursement rates for nonemergency medical transportation under paragraphs (m) and (n), shall exempt all modes of transportation listed under paragraph (i) from Minnesota Rules, part 9505.0445, item R, subitem (2).

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2020.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0625, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 17d. Transportation services oversight. The commissioner shall contract with a vendor or dedicate staff for oversight of providers of nonemergency medical transportation services pursuant to the commissioner's authority in section 256B.04 and Minnesota Rules, parts 9505.2160 to 9505.2245.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2020.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0625, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 17e. Transportation provider termination. (a) A terminated nonemergency medical transportation provider, including all named individuals on the current enrollment disclosure form and known or discovered affiliates of the nonemergency medical transportation provider, is not eligible to enroll as a nonemergency medical transportation provider for five years following the termination.

(b) After the five-year period in paragraph (a), if a provider seeks to reenroll as a nonemergency medical transportation provider, the nonemergency medical transportation provider must be placed on a one-year probation period. During a provider's probation period, the commissioner shall complete unannounced site visits and request documentation to review compliance with program requirements.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0625, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 17f. **Transportation provider training.** The commissioner shall make available to providers of nonemergency medical transportation and all drivers training materials and online training opportunities regarding documentation requirements, documentation procedures, and penalties for failing to meet documentation requirements.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0625, subdivision 18h, is amended to read:

Subd. 18h. **Managed care.** ~~(a)~~ The following subdivisions apply to managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans:

(1) subdivision 17, paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (i), and (n);

(2) subdivision 18; and

(3) subdivision 18a.

~~(b) A nonemergency medical transportation provider must comply with the operating standards for special transportation service specified in sections 174.29 to 174.30 and Minnesota Rules, chapter 8840. Publicly operated transit systems, volunteers, and not-for-hire vehicles are exempt from the requirements in this paragraph.~~

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0625, subdivision 43, is amended to read:

Subd. 43. **Mental health provider travel time.** (a) Medical assistance covers provider travel time if a recipient's individual treatment plan recipient requires the provision of mental health services outside of the provider's normal usual place of business. This does not include any travel time which is included in other billable services, and is only covered when the mental health service being provided to a recipient is covered under medical assistance.

(b) Medical assistance covers under this subdivision the time a provider is in transit to provide a covered mental health service to a recipient at a location that is not the provider's usual place of business. A provider must travel the most direct route available. Mental health provider travel time does not include time for scheduled or unscheduled stops, meal breaks, or vehicle maintenance or repair, including refueling or vehicle emergencies. Recipient transportation is not covered under this subdivision.

(c) Mental health provider travel time under this subdivision is only covered when the mental health service being provided is covered under medical assistance and only when the covered mental health service is delivered and billed. Mental health provider travel time is not covered when the mental health service being provided otherwise includes provider travel time or when the service is site based.

(d) A provider must document each trip for which the provider seeks reimbursement under this subdivision in a compiled travel record. Required documentation may be collected and maintained electronically or in paper form but must be made available and produced upon request by the commissioner. The travel record must be written in English and must be legible according to the standard of a reasonable person. The recipient's individual identification number must be on each page of the record. The reason the provider must travel to provide services must be included in the

record, if not otherwise documented in the recipient's individual treatment plan. Each entry in the record must document:

(1) start and stop time (with a.m. and p.m. notations);

(2) printed name of the recipient;

(3) date the entry is made;

(4) date the service is provided;

(5) origination site and destination site;

(6) who provided the service;

(7) the electronic source used to calculate driving directions and distance between locations;
and

(8) the medically necessary mental health service delivered.

(e) Mental health providers identified by the commissioner to have submitted a fraudulent report may be excluded from participation in Minnesota health care programs.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.064, subdivision 1b, is amended to read:

Subd. 1b. **Sanctions available.** The commissioner may impose the following sanctions for the conduct described in subdivision 1a: suspension or withholding of payments to a vendor and suspending or terminating participation in the program, or imposition of a fine under subdivision 2, paragraph (f). When imposing sanctions under this section, the commissioner shall consider the nature, chronicity, or severity of the conduct and the effect of the conduct on the health and safety of persons served by the vendor. The commissioner shall suspend a vendor's participation in the program for a minimum of five years if the vendor is convicted of a crime, received a stay of adjudication, or entered a court-ordered diversion program for an offense related to a provision of a health service under medical assistance or health care fraud. Regardless of imposition of sanctions, the commissioner may make a referral to the appropriate state licensing board.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.064, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Imposition of monetary recovery and sanctions.** (a) The commissioner shall determine any monetary amounts to be recovered and sanctions to be imposed upon a vendor of medical care under this section. Except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (d), neither a monetary recovery nor a sanction will be imposed by the commissioner without prior notice and an opportunity for a hearing, according to chapter 14, on the commissioner's proposed action, provided that the commissioner may suspend or reduce payment to a vendor of medical care, except a nursing home or convalescent care facility, after notice and prior to the hearing if in the commissioner's opinion that action is necessary to protect the public welfare and the interests of the program.

(b) Except when the commissioner finds good cause not to suspend payments under Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 455.23 (e) or (f), the commissioner shall withhold or reduce

payments to a vendor of medical care without providing advance notice of such withholding or reduction if either of the following occurs:

- (1) the vendor is convicted of a crime involving the conduct described in subdivision 1a; or
- (2) the commissioner determines there is a credible allegation of fraud for which an investigation is pending under the program. A credible allegation of fraud is an allegation which has been verified by the state, from any source, including but not limited to:
 - (i) fraud hotline complaints;
 - (ii) claims data mining; and
 - (iii) patterns identified through provider audits, civil false claims cases, and law enforcement investigations.

Allegations are considered to be credible when they have an indicia of reliability and the state agency has reviewed all allegations, facts, and evidence carefully and acts judiciously on a case-by-case basis.

(c) The commissioner must send notice of the withholding or reduction of payments under paragraph (b) within five days of taking such action unless requested in writing by a law enforcement agency to temporarily withhold the notice. The notice must:

- (1) state that payments are being withheld according to paragraph (b);
- (2) set forth the general allegations as to the nature of the withholding action, but need not disclose any specific information concerning an ongoing investigation;
- (3) except in the case of a conviction for conduct described in subdivision 1a, state that the withholding is for a temporary period and cite the circumstances under which withholding will be terminated;
- (4) identify the types of claims to which the withholding applies; and
- (5) inform the vendor of the right to submit written evidence for consideration by the commissioner.

The withholding or reduction of payments will not continue after the commissioner determines there is insufficient evidence of fraud by the vendor, or after legal proceedings relating to the alleged fraud are completed, unless the commissioner has sent notice of intention to impose monetary recovery or sanctions under paragraph (a). Upon conviction for a crime related to the provision, management, or administration of a health service under medical assistance, a payment held pursuant to this section by the commissioner or a managed care organization that contracts with the commissioner under section 256B.035 is forfeited to the commissioner or managed care organization, regardless of the amount charged in the criminal complaint or the amount of criminal restitution ordered.

(d) The commissioner shall suspend or terminate a vendor's participation in the program without providing advance notice and an opportunity for a hearing when the suspension or termination is

required because of the vendor's exclusion from participation in Medicare. Within five days of taking such action, the commissioner must send notice of the suspension or termination. The notice must:

- (1) state that suspension or termination is the result of the vendor's exclusion from Medicare;
- (2) identify the effective date of the suspension or termination; and
- (3) inform the vendor of the need to be reinstated to Medicare before reapplying for participation in the program.

(e) Upon receipt of a notice under paragraph (a) that a monetary recovery or sanction is to be imposed, a vendor may request a contested case, as defined in section 14.02, subdivision 3, by filing with the commissioner a written request of appeal. The appeal request must be received by the commissioner no later than 30 days after the date the notification of monetary recovery or sanction was mailed to the vendor. The appeal request must specify:

- (1) each disputed item, the reason for the dispute, and an estimate of the dollar amount involved for each disputed item;
- (2) the computation that the vendor believes is correct;
- (3) the authority in statute or rule upon which the vendor relies for each disputed item;
- (4) the name and address of the person or entity with whom contacts may be made regarding the appeal; and
- (5) other information required by the commissioner.

(f) The commissioner may order a vendor to forfeit a fine for failure to fully document services according to standards in this chapter and Minnesota Rules, chapter 9505. The commissioner may assess fines if specific required components of documentation are missing. The fine for incomplete documentation shall equal 20 percent of the amount paid on the claims for reimbursement submitted by the vendor, or up to \$5,000, whichever is less. If the commissioner determines that a vendor repeatedly violated this chapter or Minnesota Rules, chapter 9505, related to the provision of services to program recipients and the submission of claims for payment, the commissioner may order a vendor to forfeit a fine based on the nature, severity, and chronicity of the violations, in an amount of up to \$5,000 or 20 percent of the value of the claims, whichever is greater.

(g) The vendor shall pay the fine assessed on or before the payment date specified. If the vendor fails to pay the fine, the commissioner may withhold or reduce payments and recover the amount of the fine. A timely appeal shall stay payment of the fine until the commissioner issues a final order.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.064, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3. Vendor mandates on prohibited hiring. (a) The commissioner shall maintain and publish a list of each excluded individual and entity that was convicted of a crime related to the provision, management, or administration of a medical assistance health service, or where participation in the program was suspended or terminated under subdivision 2. A vendor that receives funding from medical assistance shall not: (1) employ an individual or entity who is on the exclusion

list; or (2) enter into or maintain a business relationship with an individual or entity that is on the exclusion list.

(b) Before hiring or entering into a business transaction, a vendor shall check the exclusion list. The vendor shall check the exclusion list on a monthly basis and document the date and time with a.m. and p.m. designations that the exclusion list was checked and the name and title of the person who checked the exclusion list. The vendor shall: (1) immediately terminate a current employee on the exclusion list; and (2) immediately terminate a business relationship with an individual or entity on the exclusion list.

(c) A vendor's requirement to check the exclusion list and to terminate an employee on the exclusion list applies to each employee, even if the named employee is not responsible for direct patient care or direct submission of a claim to medical assistance. A vendor's requirement to check the exclusion list and terminate a business relationship with an individual or entity on the exclusion list applies to each business relationship, even if the named individual or entity is not responsible for direct patient care or direct submission of a claim to medical assistance.

(d) A vendor that employs or enters into or maintains a business relationship with an individual or entity on the exclusion list shall refund any payment related to a service rendered by an individual or entity on the exclusion list from the date the individual is employed or the date the individual is placed on the exclusion list, whichever is later, and a vendor may be subject to:

(1) sanctions under subdivision 2;

(2) a civil monetary penalty of up to \$25,000 for each determination by the department that the vendor employed or contracted with an individual or entity on the exclusion list; and

(3) other fines or penalties allowed by law.

Sec. 35. [256B.0646] CORRECTIVE ACTIONS FOR PEOPLE USING PERSONAL CARE ASSISTANCE SERVICES; MINNESOTA RESTRICTED RECIPIENT PROGRAM.

(a) When there is abusive or fraudulent billing of personal care assistance services or community first services and supports under section 256B.85, the commissioner may place a recipient in the Minnesota restricted recipient program as defined in Minnesota Rules, part 9505.2165. A recipient placed in the Minnesota restricted recipient program under this section must:

(1) use a designated traditional personal care assistance provider agency;

(2) obtain a new assessment as described in section 256B.0911, including consultation with a registered or public health nurse on the long-term care consultation team under section 256B.0911, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2); and

(3) comply with additional conditions for the use of personal care assistance services or community first services and supports if the commissioner determines it is necessary to prevent future misuse of personal care assistance services or abusive or fraudulent billing related to personal care assistance services. These additional conditions may include, but are not limited to:

(i) the restriction of service authorizations to a duration of no more than one month; and

(ii) requiring a qualified professional to monitor and report services on a monthly basis.

(b) Placement in the Minnesota restricted recipient program under this section is subject to appeal according to section 256B.045.

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0651, subdivision 17, is amended to read:

Subd. 17. **Recipient protection.** (a) Providers of home care services must provide each recipient with a copy of the home care bill of rights under section 144A.44 at least 30 days prior to terminating services to a recipient, if the termination results from provider sanctions under section 256B.064, such as a payment withhold, a suspension of participation, or a termination of participation. If a home care provider determines it is unable to continue providing services to a recipient, the provider must notify the recipient, the recipient's responsible party, and the commissioner 30 days prior to terminating services to the recipient because of an action under section 256B.064, and must assist the commissioner and lead agency in supporting the recipient in transitioning to another home care provider of the recipient's choice.

(b) In the event of a payment withhold from a home care provider, a suspension of participation, or a termination of participation of a home care provider under section 256B.064, the commissioner may inform the Office of Ombudsman for Long-Term Care and the lead agencies for all recipients with active service agreements with the provider. At the commissioner's request, the lead agencies must contact recipients to ensure that the recipients are continuing to receive needed care, and that the recipients have been given free choice of provider if they transfer to another home care provider. In addition, the commissioner or the commissioner's delegate may directly notify recipients who receive care from the provider that payments have been or will be withheld or that the provider's participation in medical assistance has been or will be suspended or terminated, if the commissioner determines that notification is necessary to protect the welfare of the recipients. For purposes of this subdivision, "lead agencies" means counties, tribes, and managed care organizations.

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0659, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. ~~Noncovered~~ **Personal care assistance services not covered.** (a) Personal care assistance services are not eligible for medical assistance payment under this section when provided:

(1) by the recipient's spouse, parent of a recipient under the age of 18, paid legal guardian, licensed foster provider, except as allowed under section 256B.0652, subdivision 10, or responsible party;

(2) in order to meet staffing or license requirements in a residential or child care setting;

(3) solely as a child care or babysitting service; ~~or~~

(4) without authorization by the commissioner or the commissioner's designee; or

(5) on dates not within the frequency requirements of subdivision 14, paragraph (c), and subdivision 19, paragraph (a).

(b) The following personal care services are not eligible for medical assistance payment under this section when provided in residential settings:

(1) when the provider of home care services who is not related by blood, marriage, or adoption owns or otherwise controls the living arrangement, including licensed or unlicensed services; or

(2) when personal care assistance services are the responsibility of a residential or program license holder under the terms of a service agreement and administrative rules.

(c) Other specific tasks not covered under paragraph (a) or (b) that are not eligible for medical assistance reimbursement for personal care assistance services under this section include:

(1) sterile procedures;

(2) injections of fluids and medications into veins, muscles, or skin;

(3) home maintenance or chore services;

(4) homemaker services not an integral part of assessed personal care assistance services needed by a recipient;

(5) application of restraints or implementation of procedures under section 245.825;

(6) instrumental activities of daily living for children under the age of 18, except when immediate attention is needed for health or hygiene reasons integral to the personal care services and the need is listed in the service plan by the assessor; and

(7) assessments for personal care assistance services by personal care assistance provider agencies or by independently enrolled registered nurses.

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0659, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

Subd. 12. **Documentation of personal care assistance services provided.** (a) Personal care assistance services for a recipient must be documented daily by each personal care assistant, on a time sheet form approved by the commissioner. All documentation may be web-based, electronic, or paper documentation. The completed form must be submitted on a monthly basis to the provider and kept in the recipient's health record.

(b) The activity documentation must correspond to the personal care assistance care plan and be reviewed by the qualified professional.

(c) The personal care assistant time sheet must be on a form approved by the commissioner documenting time the personal care assistant provides services in the home. The following criteria must be included in the time sheet:

(1) full name of personal care assistant and individual provider number;

(2) provider name and telephone numbers;

(3) full name of recipient and either the recipient's medical assistance identification number or date of birth;

(4) consecutive dates, including month, day, and year, and arrival and departure times with a.m. or p.m. notations;

(5) signatures of recipient or the responsible party;

(6) personal signature of the personal care assistant;

(7) any shared care provided, if applicable;

(8) a statement that it is a federal crime to provide false information on personal care service billings for medical assistance payments; and

(9) dates and location of recipient stays in a hospital, care facility, or incarceration.

Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0659, subdivision 13, is amended to read:

Subd. 13. **Qualified professional; qualifications.** (a) The qualified professional must work for a personal care assistance provider agency ~~and~~, meet the definition of qualified professional under section 256B.0625, subdivision 19c, and enroll with the department as a qualified professional after clearing a background study. Before a qualified professional provides services, the personal care assistance provider agency must initiate a background study on the qualified professional under chapter 245C, and the personal care assistance provider agency must have received a notice from the commissioner that the qualified professional:

(1) is not disqualified under section 245C.14; or

(2) is disqualified, but the qualified professional has received a set aside of the disqualification under section 245C.22.

(b) The qualified professional shall perform the duties of training, supervision, and evaluation of the personal care assistance staff and evaluation of the effectiveness of personal care assistance services. The qualified professional shall:

(1) develop and monitor with the recipient a personal care assistance care plan based on the service plan and individualized needs of the recipient;

(2) develop and monitor with the recipient a monthly plan for the use of personal care assistance services;

(3) review documentation of personal care assistance services provided;

(4) provide training and ensure competency for the personal care assistant in the individual needs of the recipient; and

(5) document all training, communication, evaluations, and needed actions to improve performance of the personal care assistants.

(c) Effective July 1, 2011, the qualified professional shall complete the provider training with basic information about the personal care assistance program approved by the commissioner. Newly hired qualified professionals must complete the training within six months of the date hired by a

personal care assistance provider agency. Qualified professionals who have completed the required training as a worker from a personal care assistance provider agency do not need to repeat the required training if they are hired by another agency, if they have completed the training within the last three years. The required training must be available with meaningful access according to title VI of the Civil Rights Act and federal regulations adopted under that law or any guidance from the United States Health and Human Services Department. The required training must be available online or by electronic remote connection. The required training must provide for competency testing to demonstrate an understanding of the content without attending in-person training. A qualified professional is allowed to be employed and is not subject to the training requirement until the training is offered online or through remote electronic connection. A qualified professional employed by a personal care assistance provider agency certified for participation in Medicare as a home health agency is exempt from the training required in this subdivision. When available, the qualified professional working for a Medicare-certified home health agency must successfully complete the competency test. The commissioner shall ensure there is a mechanism in place to verify the identity of persons completing the competency testing electronically.

Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0659, subdivision 14, is amended to read:

Subd. 14. **Qualified professional; duties.** (a) Effective January 1, ~~2010~~ 2020, all personal care assistants must be supervised by a qualified professional who is enrolled as an individual provider with the commissioner under section 256B.04, subdivision 21, paragraph (c).

(b) Through direct training, observation, return demonstrations, and consultation with the staff and the recipient, the qualified professional must ensure and document that the personal care assistant is:

(1) capable of providing the required personal care assistance services;

(2) knowledgeable about the plan of personal care assistance services before services are performed; and

(3) able to identify conditions that should be immediately brought to the attention of the qualified professional.

(c) The qualified professional shall evaluate the personal care assistant within the first 14 days of starting to provide regularly scheduled services for a recipient, or sooner as determined by the qualified professional, except for the personal care assistance choice option under subdivision 19, paragraph (a), clause (4). For the initial evaluation, the qualified professional shall evaluate the personal care assistance services for a recipient through direct observation of a personal care assistant's work. The qualified professional may conduct additional training and evaluation visits, based upon the needs of the recipient and the personal care assistant's ability to meet those needs. Subsequent visits to evaluate the personal care assistance services provided to a recipient do not require direct observation of each personal care assistant's work and shall occur:

(1) at least every 90 days thereafter for the first year of a recipient's services;

(2) every 120 days after the first year of a recipient's service or whenever needed for response to a recipient's request for increased supervision of the personal care assistance staff; and

(3) after the first 180 days of a recipient's service, supervisory visits may alternate between unscheduled phone or Internet technology and in-person visits, unless the in-person visits are needed according to the care plan.

(d) Communication with the recipient is a part of the evaluation process of the personal care assistance staff.

(e) At each supervisory visit, the qualified professional shall evaluate personal care assistance services including the following information:

(1) satisfaction level of the recipient with personal care assistance services;

(2) review of the month-to-month plan for use of personal care assistance services;

(3) review of documentation of personal care assistance services provided;

(4) whether the personal care assistance services are meeting the goals of the service as stated in the personal care assistance care plan and service plan;

(5) a written record of the results of the evaluation and actions taken to correct any deficiencies in the work of a personal care assistant; and

(6) revision of the personal care assistance care plan as necessary in consultation with the recipient or responsible party, to meet the needs of the recipient.

(f) The qualified professional shall complete the required documentation in the agency recipient and employee files and the recipient's home, including the following documentation:

(1) the personal care assistance care plan based on the service plan and individualized needs of the recipient;

(2) a month-to-month plan for use of personal care assistance services;

(3) changes in need of the recipient requiring a change to the level of service and the personal care assistance care plan;

(4) evaluation results of supervision visits and identified issues with personal care assistance staff with actions taken;

(5) all communication with the recipient and personal care assistance staff; and

(6) hands-on training or individualized training for the care of the recipient.

(g) The documentation in paragraph (f) must be done on agency templates.

(h) The services that are not eligible for payment as qualified professional services include:

(1) direct professional nursing tasks that could be assessed and authorized as skilled nursing tasks;

(2) agency administrative activities;

- (3) training other than the individualized training required to provide care for a recipient; and
- (4) any other activity that is not described in this section.

(i) The qualified professional shall notify the commissioner on a form prescribed by the commissioner, within 30 days of when a qualified professional is no longer employed by or otherwise affiliated with the personal care assistance agency for whom the qualified professional previously provided qualified professional services.

Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0659, subdivision 19, is amended to read:

Subd. 19. **Personal care assistance choice option; qualifications; duties.** (a) Under personal care assistance choice, the recipient or responsible party shall:

- (1) recruit, hire, schedule, and terminate personal care assistants according to the terms of the written agreement required under subdivision 20, paragraph (a);

- (2) develop a personal care assistance care plan based on the assessed needs and addressing the health and safety of the recipient with the assistance of a qualified professional as needed;

- (3) orient and train the personal care assistant with assistance as needed from the qualified professional;

- (4) effective January 1, 2010, supervise and evaluate the personal care assistant with the qualified professional, who is required to visit the recipient at least every 180 days;

- (5) monitor and verify in writing and report to the personal care assistance choice agency the number of hours worked by the personal care assistant and the qualified professional;

- (6) engage in an annual face-to-face reassessment to determine continuing eligibility and service authorization; and

- (7) use the same personal care assistance choice provider agency if shared personal assistance care is being used.

(b) The personal care assistance choice provider agency shall:

- (1) meet all personal care assistance provider agency standards;

- (2) enter into a written agreement with the recipient, responsible party, and personal care assistants;

- (3) not be related as a parent, child, sibling, or spouse to the recipient or the personal care assistant; and

- (4) ensure arm's-length transactions without undue influence or coercion with the recipient and personal care assistant.

(c) The duties of the personal care assistance choice provider agency are to:

(1) be the employer of the personal care assistant and the qualified professional for employment law and related regulations including, but not limited to, purchasing and maintaining workers' compensation, unemployment insurance, surety and fidelity bonds, and liability insurance, and submit any or all necessary documentation including, but not limited to, workers' compensation ~~and~~ unemployment insurance, and labor market data required under section 256B.4912, subdivision 1a;

(2) bill the medical assistance program for personal care assistance services and qualified professional services;

(3) request and complete background studies that comply with the requirements for personal care assistants and qualified professionals;

(4) pay the personal care assistant and qualified professional based on actual hours of services provided;

(5) withhold and pay all applicable federal and state taxes;

(6) verify and keep records of hours worked by the personal care assistant and qualified professional;

(7) make the arrangements and pay taxes and other benefits, if any, and comply with any legal requirements for a Minnesota employer;

(8) enroll in the medical assistance program as a personal care assistance choice agency; and

(9) enter into a written agreement as specified in subdivision 20 before services are provided.

Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0659, subdivision 21, is amended to read:

Subd. 21. **Requirements for provider enrollment of personal care assistance provider agencies.** (a) All personal care assistance provider agencies must provide, at the time of enrollment, reenrollment, and revalidation as a personal care assistance provider agency in a format determined by the commissioner, information and documentation that includes, but is not limited to, the following:

(1) the personal care assistance provider agency's current contact information including address, telephone number, and e-mail address;

(2) proof of surety bond coverage. Upon new enrollment, or if the provider's Medicaid revenue in the previous calendar year is up to and including \$300,000, the provider agency must purchase a surety bond of \$50,000. If the Medicaid revenue in the previous year is over \$300,000, the provider agency must purchase a surety bond of \$100,000. The surety bond must be in a form approved by the commissioner, must be renewed annually, and must allow for recovery of costs and fees in pursuing a claim on the bond;

(3) proof of fidelity bond coverage in the amount of \$20,000;

(4) proof of workers' compensation insurance coverage;

(5) proof of liability insurance;

(6) a description of the personal care assistance provider agency's organization identifying the names of all owners, managing employees, staff, board of directors, and the affiliations of the directors, owners, or staff to other service providers;

(7) a copy of the personal care assistance provider agency's written policies and procedures including: hiring of employees; training requirements; service delivery; identification, prevention, detection, and reporting of fraud or any billing, record-keeping, or other administrative noncompliance; and employee and consumer safety including process for notification and resolution of consumer grievances, identification and prevention of communicable diseases, and employee misconduct;

(8) copies of all other forms the personal care assistance provider agency uses in the course of daily business including, but not limited to:

(i) a copy of the personal care assistance provider agency's time sheet if the time sheet varies from the standard time sheet for personal care assistance services approved by the commissioner, and a letter requesting approval of the personal care assistance provider agency's nonstandard time sheet;

(ii) the personal care assistance provider agency's template for the personal care assistance care plan; and

(iii) the personal care assistance provider agency's template for the written agreement in subdivision 20 for recipients using the personal care assistance choice option, if applicable;

(9) a list of all training and classes that the personal care assistance provider agency requires of its staff providing personal care assistance services;

(10) documentation that the personal care assistance provider agency and staff have successfully completed all the training required by this section;

(11) documentation of the agency's marketing practices;

(12) disclosure of ownership, leasing, or management of all residential properties that is used or could be used for providing home care services;

(13) documentation that the agency will use the following percentages of revenue generated from the medical assistance rate paid for personal care assistance services for employee personal care assistant wages and benefits: 72.5 percent of revenue in the personal care assistance choice option and 72.5 percent of revenue from other personal care assistance providers. The revenue generated by the qualified professional and the reasonable costs associated with the qualified professional shall not be used in making this calculation; ~~and~~

(14) effective May 15, 2010, documentation that the agency does not burden recipients' free exercise of their right to choose service providers by requiring personal care assistants to sign an agreement not to work with any particular personal care assistance recipient or for another personal care assistance provider agency after leaving the agency and that the agency is not taking action on any such agreements or requirements regardless of the date signed; and

(15) a copy of the personal care assistance provider agency's self-auditing policy and other materials demonstrating the personal care assistance provider agency's internal program integrity procedures.

(b) Personal care assistance provider agencies enrolling for the first time must also provide, at the time of enrollment as a personal care assistance provider agency in a format determined by the commissioner, information and documentation that includes proof of sufficient initial operating capital to support the infrastructure necessary to allow for ongoing compliance with the requirements of this section. Sufficient operating capital can be demonstrated as follows:

(1) copies of business bank account statements with at least \$5,000 in cash reserves;

(2) proof of a cash reserve or business line of credit sufficient to equal three payrolls of the agency's current or projected business; and

(3) any other manner proscribed by the commissioner.

(c) Personal care assistance provider agencies shall provide the information specified in paragraph (a) to the commissioner at the time the personal care assistance provider agency enrolls as a vendor or upon request from the commissioner. The commissioner shall collect the information specified in paragraph (a) from all personal care assistance providers beginning July 1, 2009.

(d) All personal care assistance provider agencies shall require all employees in management and supervisory positions and owners of the agency who are active in the day-to-day management and operations of the agency to complete mandatory training as determined by the commissioner before enrollment of the agency as a provider. Employees in management and supervisory positions and owners who are active in the day-to-day operations of an agency who have completed the required training as an employee with a personal care assistance provider agency do not need to repeat the required training if they are hired by another agency, if they have completed the training within the past three years. By September 1, 2010, the required training must be available with meaningful access according to title VI of the Civil Rights Act and federal regulations adopted under that law or any guidance from the United States Health and Human Services Department. The required training must be available online or by electronic remote connection. The required training must provide for competency testing. Personal care assistance provider agency billing staff shall complete training about personal care assistance program financial management. This training is effective July 1, 2009. Any personal care assistance provider agency enrolled before that date shall, if it has not already, complete the provider training within 18 months of July 1, 2009. Any new owners or employees in management and supervisory positions involved in the day-to-day operations are required to complete mandatory training as a requisite of working for the agency. Personal care assistance provider agencies certified for participation in Medicare as home health agencies are exempt from the training required in this subdivision. When available, Medicare-certified home health agency owners, supervisors, or managers must successfully complete the competency test.

(e) All personal care assistance provider agencies must provide, at the time of revalidation as a personal care assistance provider agency in a format determined by the commissioner, information and documentation that includes, but is not limited to, the following:

(1) documentation of the payroll paid for the preceding 12 months or other period as proscribed by the commissioner; and

(2) financial statements demonstrating compliance with paragraph (a), clause (13).

Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0659, subdivision 24, is amended to read:

Subd. 24. **Personal care assistance provider agency; general duties.** A personal care assistance provider agency shall:

(1) enroll as a Medicaid provider meeting all provider standards, including completion of the required provider training;

(2) comply with general medical assistance coverage requirements;

(3) demonstrate compliance with law and policies of the personal care assistance program to be determined by the commissioner;

(4) comply with background study requirements;

(5) verify and keep records of hours worked by the personal care assistant and qualified professional;

(6) not engage in any agency-initiated direct contact or marketing in person, by phone, or other electronic means to potential recipients, guardians, or family members;

(7) pay the personal care assistant and qualified professional based on actual hours of services provided;

(8) withhold and pay all applicable federal and state taxes;

(9) effective January 1, 2010, document that the agency uses a minimum of 72.5 percent of the revenue generated by the medical assistance rate for personal care assistance services for employee personal care assistant wages and benefits. The revenue generated by the qualified professional and the reasonable costs associated with the qualified professional shall not be used in making this calculation;

(10) make the arrangements and pay unemployment insurance, taxes, workers' compensation, liability insurance, and other benefits, if any;

(11) enter into a written agreement under subdivision 20 before services are provided;

(12) report suspected neglect and abuse to the common entry point according to section 256B.0651;

(13) provide the recipient with a copy of the home care bill of rights at start of service; ~~and~~

(14) request reassessments at least 60 days prior to the end of the current authorization for personal care assistance services, on forms provided by the commissioner; and

(15) comply with the labor market reporting requirements described in section 256B.4912, subdivision 1a.

Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.27, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Access to medical records.** The commissioner of human services, with the written consent of the recipient, on file with the local welfare agency, shall be allowed access to all personal medical records of medical assistance recipients solely for the purposes of investigating whether or not: (a) a vendor of medical care has submitted a claim for reimbursement, a cost report or a rate application which is duplicative, erroneous, or false in whole or in part, or which results in the vendor obtaining greater compensation than the vendor is legally entitled to; or (b) the medical care was medically necessary. ~~The vendor of medical care shall receive notification from the commissioner at least 24 hours before the commissioner gains access to such records.~~ When the commissioner is investigating a suspected overpayment of Medicaid funds, only after first conferring with the department's Office of Inspector General, and documenting the evidentiary basis for any decision to demand immediate access to medical records, the commissioner must be given immediate access without prior notice to the vendor's office during regular business hours and to documentation and records related to services provided and submission of claims for services provided. Denying the commissioner access to records is cause for the vendor's immediate suspension of payment or termination according to section 256B.064. The determination of provision of services not medically necessary shall be made by the commissioner. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, a vendor of medical care shall not be subject to any civil or criminal liability for providing access to medical records to the commissioner of human services pursuant to this section.

Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.4912, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1a. **Annual labor market reporting.** (a) As determined by the commissioner, a provider of home and community-based services for the elderly under sections 256B.0913 and 256B.0915, home and community-based services for people with developmental disabilities under section 256B.092, and home and community-based services for people with disabilities under section 256B.49 shall submit data to the commissioner on the following:

- (1) number of direct-care staff;
- (2) wages of direct-care staff;
- (3) hours worked by direct-care staff;
- (4) overtime wages of direct-care staff;
- (5) overtime hours worked by direct-care staff;
- (6) benefits paid and accrued by direct-care staff;
- (7) direct-care staff retention rates;
- (8) direct-care staff job vacancies;
- (9) amount of travel time paid;
- (10) program vacancy rates; and
- (11) other related data requested by the commissioner.

(b) The commissioner may adjust reporting requirements for a self-employed direct-care staff.

(c) For the purposes of this subdivision, "direct-care staff" means employees, including self-employed individuals and individuals directly employed by a participant in a consumer-directed service delivery option, providing direct service provision to people receiving services under this section. Direct-care staff does not include executive, managerial, or administrative staff.

(d) This subdivision also applies to a provider of personal care assistance services under section 256B.0625, subdivision 19a; community first services and supports under section 256B.85; nursing services and home health services under section 256B.0625, subdivision 6a; home care nursing services under section 256B.0625, subdivision 7; or day training and habilitation services for residents of intermediate care facilities for persons with developmental disabilities under section 256B.501.

(e) This subdivision also applies to financial management services providers for participants who directly employ direct-care staff through consumer support grants under section 256.476; the personal care assistance choice program under section 256B.0657, subdivisions 18 to 20; community first services and supports under section 256B.85; and the consumer-directed community supports option available under the alternative care program, the brain injury waiver, the community alternative care waiver, the community alternatives for disabled individuals waiver, the developmental disabilities waiver, the elderly waiver, and the Minnesota senior health option, except financial management services providers are not required to submit the data listed in paragraph (a), clauses (7) to (11).

(f) The commissioner shall ensure that data submitted under this subdivision is not duplicative of data submitted under any other section of this chapter or any other chapter.

(g) A provider shall submit the data annually on a date specified by the commissioner. The commissioner shall give a provider at least 30 calendar days to submit the data. If a provider fails to submit the requested data by the date specified by the commissioner, the commissioner may delay medical assistance reimbursement until the requested data is submitted.

(h) Individually identifiable data submitted to the commissioner in this section are considered private data on an individual, as defined by section 13.02, subdivision 12.

(i) The commissioner shall analyze data annually for workforce assessments and how the data impact service access.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2020.

Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.4912, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 11. Home and community-based service billing requirements. (a) A home and community-based service is eligible for reimbursement if:

(1) it is a service provided as specified in a federally approved waiver plan, as authorized under sections 256B.0913, 256B.0915, 256B.092, and 256B.49;

(2) if applicable, it is provided on days and times during the days and hours of operation specified on any license that is required under chapter 245A or 245D; or

(3) the home and community-based service provider has met the documentation requirements under section 256B.4912, subdivision 12, 13, 14, or 15.

A service that does not meet the criteria in this subdivision may be recovered by the department according to section 256B.064 and Minnesota Rules, parts 9505.2160 to 9505.2245.

(b) The provider must maintain documentation that all individuals providing service have attested to reviewing and understanding the following statement upon employment and annually thereafter.

"It is a federal crime to provide materially false information on service billings for medical assistance or services provided under a federally approved waiver plan, as authorized under Minnesota Statutes, sections 256B.0913, 256B.0915, 256B.092, and 256B.49."

Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.4912, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 12. **Home and community-based service documentation requirements.** (a) Documentation may be collected and maintained electronically or in paper form by providers, but must be made available and produced upon the request of the commissioner. Documentation of delivered services that comply with the electronic visit verification requirements under Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 6, article 3, section 49, satisfy the requirements of this subdivision.

(b) Documentation of a delivered service must be in English and must be legible according to the standard of a reasonable person.

(c) If the service is reimbursed at an hourly or specified minute-based rate, each documentation of the provision of a service, unless otherwise specified, must include:

(1) the date the documentation occurred;

(2) the day, month, and year when the service was provided;

(3) the start and stop times with a.m. and p.m. designations, except for case management services as defined under sections 256B.0913, subdivision 7, 256B.0915, subdivision 1a, 256B.092, subdivision 1a, and 256B.49, subdivision 13;

(4) the service name or description of the service provided; and

(5) the name, signature, and title, if any, of the provider of service. If the service is provided by multiple staff members, the provider may designate a staff member responsible for verifying services and completing the documentation required by this paragraph.

(d) If the service is reimbursed at a daily rate or does not meet the requirements of subdivision 12, paragraph (c), each documentation of the provision of a service, unless otherwise specified, must include:

(1) the date the documentation occurred;

(2) the day, month, and year when the service was provided;

(3) the service name or description of the service provided; and

(4) the name, signature, and title, if any, of the person providing the service. If the service is provided by multiple staff, the provider may designate a staff person responsible for verifying services and completing the documentation required by this paragraph.

Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.4912, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 13. **Waiver transportation documentation and billing requirements.** (a) A waiver transportation service must meet the billing requirements under section 256B.4912, subdivision 11, to be eligible for reimbursement and must:

(1) be a waiver transportation service that is not covered by medical transportation under the Medicaid state plan; and

(2) be a waiver transportation service that is not included as a component of another waiver service.

(b) A waiver transportation service provider must meet the documentation requirements under section 256B.4912, subdivision 12, and must maintain:

(1) odometer and other records as provided in section 256B.0625, subdivision 17b, paragraph (b), clause (3), sufficient to distinguish an individual trip with a specific vehicle and driver for a waiver transportation service that is billed directly by the mile, except if the provider is a common carrier as defined by Minnesota Rules, part 9505.0315, subpart 1, item B, or a publicly operated transit system; and

(2) documentation demonstrating that a vehicle and a driver meets the standards determined by the Department of Human Services on vehicle and driver qualifications as described in section 256B.0625, subdivision 17, paragraph (c).

Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.4912, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 14. **Equipment and supply documentation requirements.** (a) An equipment and supply services provider must meet the documentation requirements under section 256B.4912, subdivision 12, and must, for each documentation of the provision of a service, include:

(1) the recipient's assessed need for the equipment or supply and the reason the equipment or supply is not covered by the Medicaid state plan;

(2) the type and brand name of the equipment or supply delivered to or purchased by the recipient, including whether the equipment or supply was rented or purchased;

(3) the quantity of the equipment or supplies delivered or purchased; and

(4) the cost of equipment or supplies if the amount paid for the service depends on the cost.

(b) A provider must maintain a copy of the shipping invoice or a delivery service tracking log or other documentation showing the date of delivery that proves the equipment or supply was delivered to the recipient or a receipt if the equipment or supply was purchased by the recipient.

Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.4912, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 15. **Adult day service documentation and billing requirements.** (a) A service defined as "adult day care" under section 245A.02, subdivision 2a, and licensed under Minnesota Rules, parts 9555.9600 to 9555.9730, must meet the documentation requirements under section 256B.4912, subdivision 12, and must maintain documentation of:

(1) a needs assessment and current plan of care according to section 245A.143, subdivisions 4 to 7, or Minnesota Rules, part 9555.9700, if applicable, for each recipient;

(2) attendance records as specified under section 245A.14, subdivision 14, paragraph (c); the date of attendance must be documented on the attendance record with the day, month, and year; and the pickup and drop-off time must be noted on the attendance record in hours and minutes with a.m. and p.m. designations;

(3) the monthly and quarterly program requirements in Minnesota Rules, part 9555.9710, subparts 1, items E and H, 3, 4, and 6, if applicable;

(4) the names and qualifications of the registered physical therapists, registered nurses, and registered dietitians who provide services to the adult day care or nonresidential program; and

(5) the location where the service was provided and, if the location is an alternate location from the primary place of service, the address, or if an address is not available, a description of both the origin and destination location, the length of time at the alternate location with a.m. and p.m. designations, and a list of participants who went to the alternate location.

(b) A provider cannot exceed its licensed capacity; if licensed capacity is exceeded, all Minnesota health care program payments for that date shall be recovered by the department.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2019.

Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.5014, is amended to read:

256B.5014 FINANCIAL REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

Subdivision 1. **Financial reporting.** All facilities shall maintain financial records and shall provide annual income and expense reports to the commissioner of human services on a form prescribed by the commissioner no later than April 30 of each year in order to receive medical assistance payments. The reports for the reporting year ending December 31 must include:

(1) salaries and related expenses, including program salaries, administrative salaries, other salaries, payroll taxes, and fringe benefits;

(2) general operating expenses, including supplies, training, repairs, purchased services and consultants, utilities, food, licenses and fees, real estate taxes, insurance, and working capital interest;

- (3) property related costs, including depreciation, capital debt interest, rent, and leases; and
- (4) total annual resident days.

Subd. 2. **Labor market reporting.** All intermediate care facilities shall comply with the labor market reporting requirements described in section 256B.4912, subdivision 1a.

Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.85, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. **Agency-provider and FMS provider qualifications and duties.** (a) Agency-providers identified in subdivision 11 and FMS providers identified in subdivision 13a shall:

- (1) enroll as a medical assistance Minnesota health care programs provider and meet all applicable provider standards and requirements;

- (2) demonstrate compliance with federal and state laws and policies for CFSS as determined by the commissioner;

- (3) comply with background study requirements under chapter 245C and maintain documentation of background study requests and results;

- (4) verify and maintain records of all services and expenditures by the participant, including hours worked by support workers;

- (5) not engage in any agency-initiated direct contact or marketing in person, by telephone, or other electronic means to potential participants, guardians, family members, or participants' representatives;

- (6) directly provide services and not use a subcontractor or reporting agent;

- (7) meet the financial requirements established by the commissioner for financial solvency;

- (8) have never had a lead agency contract or provider agreement discontinued due to fraud, or have never had an owner, board member, or manager fail a state or FBI-based criminal background check while enrolled or seeking enrollment as a Minnesota health care programs provider; and

- (9) have an office located in Minnesota.

(b) In conducting general duties, agency-providers and FMS providers shall:

- (1) pay support workers based upon actual hours of services provided;

- (2) pay for worker training and development services based upon actual hours of services provided or the unit cost of the training session purchased;

- (3) withhold and pay all applicable federal and state payroll taxes;

- (4) make arrangements and pay unemployment insurance, taxes, workers' compensation, liability insurance, and other benefits, if any;

(5) enter into a written agreement with the participant, participant's representative, or legal representative that assigns roles and responsibilities to be performed before services, supports, or goods are provided;

(6) report maltreatment as required under sections 626.556 and 626.557; ~~and~~

(7) comply with the labor market reporting requirements described in section 256B.4912, subdivision 1a; and

(8) comply with any data requests from the department consistent with the Minnesota Government Data Practices Act under chapter 13.

Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256D.024, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Fleeing felons offenders.** An individual who is fleeing to avoid prosecution, or custody, or confinement after conviction for a crime ~~that is a felony~~ under the laws of the jurisdiction from which the individual flees, ~~or in the case of New Jersey, is a high misdemeanor,~~ is ineligible to receive benefits under this chapter.

Sec. 54. **[256D.0245] DRUG TESTING INFORMATION FROM PROBATION OFFICERS.**

The local probation agency shall regularly provide a list of probationers who tested positive for an illegal controlled substance to the local social services agency, specifically the welfare fraud division, for purposes of section 256D.024.

Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256D.0515, is amended to read:

256D.0515 ASSET LIMITATIONS FOR FOOD STAMP HOUSEHOLDS.

All food stamp households must be determined eligible for the benefit discussed under section 256.029. Food stamp households must demonstrate that: (1) their gross income is equal to or less than 165 percent of the federal poverty guidelines for the same family size; and (2) they have financial resources, excluding vehicles, of less than \$100,000.

Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256D.0516, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Food support reporting requirements.** The commissioner of human services shall implement simplified reporting as permitted under the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, and the food stamp regulations in Code of Federal Regulations, title 7, part 273. Food support recipient households are required to report periodically shall not be required to report more often than one time every six months, and must report any changes in income, assets, or employment that affects eligibility within ten days of the date the change occurs. This provision shall not apply to households receiving food benefits under the Minnesota family investment program waiver.

Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256J.08, subdivision 47, is amended to read:

Subd. 47. **Income.** "Income" means cash or in-kind benefit, whether earned or unearned, received by or available to an applicant or participant that is not property under section 256P.02. An applicant must document that the property is not available to the applicant.

Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256J.21, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Income exclusions.** The following must be excluded in determining a family's available income:

(1) payments for basic care, difficulty of care, and clothing allowances received for providing family foster care to children or adults under Minnesota Rules, parts 9555.5050 to 9555.6265, 9560.0521, and 9560.0650 to 9560.0654, payments for family foster care for children under section 260C.4411 or chapter 256N, and payments received and used for care and maintenance of a third-party beneficiary who is not a household member;

(2) reimbursements for employment training received through the Workforce Investment Act of 1998, United States Code, title 20, chapter 73, section 9201;

(3) reimbursement for out-of-pocket expenses incurred while performing volunteer services, jury duty, employment, or informal carpooling arrangements directly related to employment;

(4) all educational assistance, except the county agency must count graduate student teaching assistantships, fellowships, and other similar paid work as earned income and, after allowing deductions for any unmet and necessary educational expenses, shall count scholarships or grants awarded to graduate students that do not require teaching or research as unearned income;

(5) loans, regardless of purpose, from public or private lending institutions, governmental lending institutions, or governmental agencies;

(6) loans from private individuals, regardless of purpose, provided an applicant or participant documents that the lender expects repayment provides documentation of the source of the loan, dates, amount of the loan, and terms of repayment;

(7)(i) state income tax refunds; and

(ii) federal income tax refunds;

(8)(i) federal earned income credits;

(ii) Minnesota working family credits;

(iii) state homeowners and renters credits under chapter 290A; and

(iv) federal or state tax rebates;

(9) funds received for reimbursement, replacement, or rebate of personal or real property when these payments are made by public agencies, awarded by a court, solicited through public appeal, or made as a grant by a federal agency, state or local government, or disaster assistance organizations, subsequent to a presidential declaration of disaster;

(10) the portion of an insurance settlement that is used to pay medical, funeral, and burial expenses, or to repair or replace insured property;

(11) reimbursements for medical expenses that cannot be paid by medical assistance;

(12) payments by a vocational rehabilitation program administered by the state under chapter 268A, except those payments that are for current living expenses;

(13) in-kind income, including any payments directly made by a third party to a provider of goods and services. In-kind income does not include in-kind payments of living expenses;

(14) assistance payments to correct underpayments, but only for the month in which the payment is received;

(15) payments for short-term emergency needs under section 256J.626, subdivision 2;

(16) funeral and cemetery payments as provided by section 256.935;

(17) nonrecurring cash gifts of \$30 or less, not exceeding \$30 per participant in a calendar month;

(18) any form of energy assistance payment made through Public Law 97-35, Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Act of 1981, payments made directly to energy providers by other public and private agencies, and any form of credit or rebate payment issued by energy providers;

(19) Supplemental Security Income (SSI), including retroactive SSI payments and other income of an SSI recipient;

(20) Minnesota supplemental aid, including retroactive payments;

(21) proceeds from the sale of real or personal property;

(22) adoption or kinship assistance payments under chapter 256N or 259A and Minnesota permanency demonstration title IV-E waiver payments;

(23) state-funded family subsidy program payments made under section 252.32 to help families care for children with developmental disabilities, consumer support grant funds under section 256.476, and resources and services for a disabled household member under one of the home and community-based waiver services programs under chapter 256B;

(24) interest payments and dividends from property that is not excluded from and that does not exceed the asset limit;

(25) rent rebates;

(26) income earned by a minor caregiver, minor child through age 6, or a minor child who is at least a half-time student in an approved elementary or secondary education program;

(27) income earned by a caregiver under age 20 who is at least a half-time student in an approved elementary or secondary education program;

(28) MFIP child care payments under section 119B.05;

(29) all other payments made through MFIP to support a caregiver's pursuit of greater economic stability;

- (30) income a participant receives related to shared living expenses;
- (31) reverse mortgages;
- (32) benefits provided by the Child Nutrition Act of 1966, United States Code, title 42, chapter 13A, sections 1771 to 1790;
- (33) benefits provided by the women, infants, and children (WIC) nutrition program, United States Code, title 42, chapter 13A, section 1786;
- (34) benefits from the National School Lunch Act, United States Code, title 42, chapter 13, sections 1751 to 1769e;
- (35) relocation assistance for displaced persons under the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, United States Code, title 42, chapter 61, subchapter II, section 4636, or the National Housing Act, United States Code, title 12, chapter 13, sections 1701 to 1750jj;
- (36) benefits from the Trade Act of 1974, United States Code, title 19, chapter 12, part 2, sections 2271 to 2322;
- (37) war reparations payments to Japanese Americans and Aleuts under United States Code, title 50, sections 1989 to 1989d;
- (38) payments to veterans or their dependents as a result of legal settlements regarding Agent Orange or other chemical exposure under Public Law 101-239, section 10405, paragraph (a)(2)(E);
- (39) income that is otherwise specifically excluded from MFIP consideration in federal law, state law, or federal regulation;
- (40) security and utility deposit refunds;
- (41) American Indian tribal land settlements excluded under Public Laws 98-123, 98-124, and 99-377 to the Mississippi Band Chippewa Indians of White Earth, Leech Lake, and Mille Lacs reservations and payments to members of the White Earth Band, under United States Code, title 25, chapter 9, section 331, and chapter 16, section 1407;
- (42) all income of the minor parent's parents and stepparents when determining the grant for the minor parent in households that include a minor parent living with parents or stepparents on MFIP with other children;
- (43) income of the minor parent's parents and stepparents equal to 200 percent of the federal poverty guideline for a family size not including the minor parent and the minor parent's child in households that include a minor parent living with parents or stepparents not on MFIP when determining the grant for the minor parent. The remainder of income is deemed as specified in section 256J.37, subdivision 1b;
- (44) payments made to children eligible for relative custody assistance under section 257.85;

(45) vendor payments for goods and services made on behalf of a client unless the client has the option of receiving the payment in cash;

(46) the principal portion of a contract for deed payment;

(47) cash payments to individuals enrolled for full-time service as a volunteer under AmeriCorps programs including AmeriCorps VISTA, AmeriCorps State, AmeriCorps National, and AmeriCorps NCCC;

(48) housing assistance grants under section 256J.35, paragraph (a); and

(49) child support payments of up to \$100 for an assistance unit with one child and up to \$200 for an assistance unit with two or more children.

Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256J.26, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Fleeing felons offenders.** An individual who is fleeing to avoid prosecution, or custody, or confinement after conviction for a crime ~~that is a felony~~ under the laws of the jurisdiction from which the individual flees, ~~or in the case of New Jersey, is a high misdemeanor,~~ is disqualified from receiving MFIP.

Sec. 60. **[256J.265] DRUG TESTING INFORMATION FROM PROBATION OFFICERS.**

The local probation agency shall regularly provide a list of probationers who tested positive for an illegal controlled substance to the local social services agency, specifically the welfare fraud division, for purposes of section 256J.26.

Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256L.01, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Income.** "Income" has the meaning given for modified adjusted gross income, as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 26, section 1.36B-1, and means a household's current income, or if income fluctuates month to month, the income for the 12-month eligibility period. Income includes amounts deposited into checking and savings accounts for personal expenses including rent, mortgage, automobile-related expenses, utilities, and food.

Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256P.04, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Factors to be verified.** (a) The agency shall verify the following at application:

(1) identity of adults;

(2) age, if necessary to determine eligibility;

(3) immigration status;

(4) income;

(5) spousal support and child support payments made to persons outside the household;

(6) vehicles;

(7) checking and savings accounts; Verification of checking and savings accounts must include the source of deposits into accounts; identification of any loans, including the date, source, amount, and terms of repayment; identification of deposits for personal expenses including rent, mortgage, automobile-related expenses, utilities, and food;

(8) inconsistent information, if related to eligibility;

(9) residence;

(10) Social Security number; ~~and~~

(11) use of nonrecurring income under section 256P.06, subdivision 3, clause (2), item (ix), for the intended purpose for which it was given and received;

(12) loans. Verification of loans must include the source, the full amount, and repayment terms; and

(13) direct or indirect gifts of money.

(b) Applicants who are qualified noncitizens and victims of domestic violence as defined under section 256J.08, subdivision 73, clause (7), are not required to verify the information in paragraph (a), clause (10). When a Social Security number is not provided to the agency for verification, this requirement is satisfied when each member of the assistance unit cooperates with the procedures for verification of Social Security numbers, issuance of duplicate cards, and issuance of new numbers which have been established jointly between the Social Security Administration and the commissioner.

Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256P.06, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Income inclusions.** The following must be included in determining the income of an assistance unit:

(1) earned income:

(i) calculated according to Minnesota Rules, part 3400.0170, subpart 7, for earned income from self-employment, except if the participant is drawing a salary, taking a draw from the business, or using the business account to pay personal expenses including rent, mortgage, automobile-related expenses, utilities, or food, not directly related to the business, the salary or payment must be treated as earned income; and

(ii) excluding expenses listed in Minnesota Rules, part 3400.0170, subpart 8, items A to I and M to P; and

(2) unearned income, which includes:

(i) interest and dividends from investments and savings;

(ii) capital gains as defined by the Internal Revenue Service from any sale of real property;

(iii) proceeds from rent and contract for deed payments in excess of the principal and interest portion owed on property;

- (iv) income from trusts, excluding special needs and supplemental needs trusts;
- (v) interest income from loans made by the participant or household;
- (vi) cash prizes and winnings;
- (vii) unemployment insurance income;
- (viii) retirement, survivors, and disability insurance payments;
- (ix) nonrecurring income over \$60 per quarter unless earmarked and used for the purpose for which it is intended. Income and use of this income is subject to verification requirements under section 256P.04;
- (x) retirement benefits;
- (xi) cash assistance benefits, as defined by each program in chapters 119B, 256D, 256I, and 256J;
- (xii) tribal per capita payments unless excluded by federal and state law;
- (xiii) income and payments from service and rehabilitation programs that meet or exceed the state's minimum wage rate;
- (xiv) income from members of the United States armed forces unless excluded from income taxes according to federal or state law;
- (xv) all child support payments for programs under chapters 119B, 256D, and 256I;
- (xvi) the amount of child support received that exceeds \$100 for assistance units with one child and \$200 for assistance units with two or more children for programs under chapter 256J; and
- (xvii) spousal support.

Sec. 64. Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 6, article 3, section 49, is amended to read:

Sec. 49. **ELECTRONIC ~~SERVICE DELIVERY DOCUMENTATION SYSTEM~~ VISIT VERIFICATION.**

Subdivision 1. **Documentation; establishment.** The commissioner of human services shall establish implementation requirements and standards for an electronic ~~service delivery documentation system~~ visit verification to comply with the 21st Century Cures Act, Public Law 114-255. Within available appropriations, the commissioner shall take steps to comply with the electronic visit verification requirements in the 21st Century Cures Act, Public Law 114-255.

Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the terms in this subdivision have the meanings given them.

(b) "Electronic ~~service delivery documentation~~ visit verification" means the electronic documentation of the:

- (1) type of service performed;
- (2) individual receiving the service;
- (3) date of the service;
- (4) location of the service delivery;
- (5) individual providing the service; and
- (6) time the service begins and ends.

(c) "~~Electronic service delivery documentation~~ visit verification system" means a system that provides electronic ~~service delivery documentation~~ verification of services that complies with the 21st Century Cures Act, Public Law 114-255, and the requirements of subdivision 3.

(d) "Service" means one of the following:

(1) personal care assistance services as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 256B.0625, subdivision 19a, and provided according to Minnesota Statutes, section 256B.0659; ~~or~~

(2) community first services and supports under Minnesota Statutes, section 256B.85;

(3) home health services under Minnesota Statutes, section 256B.0625, subdivision 6a; or

(4) other medical supplies and equipment or home and community-based services that are required to be electronically verified by the 21st Century Cures Act, Public Law 114-255.

Subd. 3. **System requirements.** (a) In developing implementation requirements for ~~an electronic service delivery documentation system~~ visit verification, the commissioner shall ~~consider electronic visit verification systems and other electronic service delivery documentation methods. The commissioner shall convene stakeholders that will be impacted by an electronic service delivery system, including service providers and their representatives, service recipients and their representatives, and, as appropriate, those with expertise in the development and operation of an electronic service delivery documentation system,~~ to ensure that the requirements:

(1) are minimally administratively and financially burdensome to a provider;

(2) are minimally burdensome to the service recipient and the least disruptive to the service recipient in receiving and maintaining allowed services;

(3) consider existing best practices and use of electronic ~~service delivery documentation~~ visit verification;

(4) are conducted according to all state and federal laws;

(5) are effective methods for preventing fraud when balanced against the requirements of clauses (1) and (2); and

(6) are consistent with the Department of Human Services' policies related to covered services, flexibility of service use, and quality assurance.

(b) The commissioner shall make training available to providers on the electronic ~~service delivery documentation~~ visit verification system requirements.

(c) The commissioner shall establish baseline measurements related to preventing fraud and establish measures to determine the effect of electronic ~~service delivery documentation~~ visit verification requirements on program integrity.

(d) The commissioner shall make a state-selected electronic visit verification system available to providers of services.

Subd. 3a. **Provider requirements.** (a) Providers of services may select their own electronic visit verification system that meets the requirements established by the commissioner.

(b) All electronic visit verification systems used by providers to comply with the requirements established by the commissioner must provide data to the commissioner in a format and at a frequency to be established by the commissioner.

(c) Providers must implement the electronic visit verification systems required under this section by January 1, 2020, for personal care services and by January 1, 2023, for home health services in accordance with the 21st Century Cures Act, Public Law 114-255, and the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services guidelines. For the purposes of this paragraph, "personal care services" and "home health services" have the meanings given in United States Code, title 42, section 1396b(1)(5). Reimbursement rates for providers must not be reduced as a result of federal action to reduce the federal medical assistance percentage under the 21st Century Cures Act, Public Law 114.255, Code of Federal Regulations, title 32, section 310.32.

~~Subd. 4. **Legislative report.** (a) The commissioner shall submit a report by January 15, 2018, to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over human services with recommendations, based on the requirements of subdivision 3, to establish electronic service delivery documentation system requirements and standards. The report shall identify:~~

~~(1) the essential elements necessary to operationalize a base-level electronic service delivery documentation system to be implemented by January 1, 2019; and~~

~~(2) enhancements to the base-level electronic service delivery documentation system to be implemented by January 1, 2019, or after, with projected operational costs and the costs and benefits for system enhancements.~~

~~(b) The report must also identify current regulations on service providers that are either inefficient, minimally effective, or will be unnecessary with the implementation of an electronic service delivery documentation system.~~

Sec. 65. **DIRECTIONS TO COMMISSIONER; NEMT DRIVER ENROLLMENT IMPACT.**

By August 1, 2021, the commissioner of human services shall issue a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over health and human services. The commissioner must include in the report the commissioner's

findings regarding the impact of driver enrollment under Minnesota Statutes, section 256B.0625, subdivision 17, paragraph (c), on the program integrity of the nonemergency medical transportation program. The commissioner must include a recommendation, based on the findings in the report, regarding expanding the driver enrollment requirement.

Sec. 66. UNIVERSAL IDENTIFICATION NUMBER FOR CHILDREN IN EARLY CHILDHOOD PROGRAMS.

By July 1, 2020, the commissioners of the Departments of Education, Health, and Human Services shall identify a process to establish and implement a universal identification number for children participating in early childhood programs to eliminate potential duplication in programs. The commissioners shall report the identified process and any associated fiscal cost to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health, human services, and education. A universal identification number established and implemented under this section is private data on individuals, as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 13.02, subdivision 12, except that the commissioners of education, health, and human services may share the universal identification number with each other pursuant to their data sharing authority under Minnesota Statutes, section 13.46, subdivision 2, clause (9), and Minnesota Statutes, section 145A.17, subdivision 3, paragraph (e).

Sec. 67. DIRECTION TO COMMISSIONER; FEDERAL WAIVER FOR MEDICAL ASSISTANCE SELF-ATTESTATION REMOVAL.

The commissioner of human services shall seek all necessary federal waivers to implement the removal of the self-attestation when establishing eligibility for medical assistance.

Sec. 68. REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.

The revisor of statutes shall codify Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 6, article 3, section 49, as amended in this act, in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 256B.

Sec. 69. REPEALER.

Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0705, is repealed.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2020.

ARTICLE 2

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES SERVICES

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 252.27, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

Subd. 2a. **Contribution amount.** (a) The natural or adoptive parents of a minor child, not including a child determined eligible for medical assistance without consideration of parental income under the TEFRA option or for the purposes of accessing home and community-based waiver services, must contribute to the cost of services used by making monthly payments on a sliding scale based on income, unless the child is married or has been married, parental rights have been terminated, or the child's adoption is subsidized according to chapter 259A or through title IV-E of the Social

Security Act. The parental contribution is a partial or full payment for medical services provided for diagnostic, therapeutic, curing, treating, mitigating, rehabilitation, maintenance, and personal care services as defined in United States Code, title 26, section 213, needed by the child with a chronic illness or disability.

(b) For households with adjusted gross income equal to or greater than 275 percent of federal poverty guidelines, the parental contribution shall be computed by applying the following schedule of rates to the adjusted gross income of the natural or adoptive parents:

(1) if the adjusted gross income is equal to or greater than 275 percent of federal poverty guidelines and less than or equal to 545 percent of federal poverty guidelines, the parental contribution shall be determined using a sliding fee scale established by the commissioner of human services which begins at 1.94 percent of adjusted gross income at 275 percent of federal poverty guidelines and increases to 5.29 percent of adjusted gross income for those with adjusted gross income up to 545 percent of federal poverty guidelines;

(2) if the adjusted gross income is greater than 545 percent of federal poverty guidelines and less than 675 percent of federal poverty guidelines, the parental contribution shall be 5.29 percent of adjusted gross income;

(3) if the adjusted gross income is equal to or greater than 675 percent of federal poverty guidelines and less than 975 percent of federal poverty guidelines, the parental contribution shall be determined using a sliding fee scale established by the commissioner of human services which begins at 5.29 percent of adjusted gross income at 675 percent of federal poverty guidelines and increases to 7.05 percent of adjusted gross income for those with adjusted gross income up to 975 percent of federal poverty guidelines; and

(4) if the adjusted gross income is equal to or greater than 975 percent of federal poverty guidelines, the parental contribution shall be 8.81 percent of adjusted gross income.

If the child lives with the parent, the annual adjusted gross income is reduced by \$2,400 prior to calculating the parental contribution. If the child resides in an institution specified in section 256B.35, the parent is responsible for the personal needs allowance specified under that section in addition to the parental contribution determined under this section. The parental contribution is reduced by any amount required to be paid directly to the child pursuant to a court order, but only if actually paid.

(c) The household size to be used in determining the amount of contribution under paragraph (b) includes natural and adoptive parents and their dependents, including the child receiving services. Adjustments in the contribution amount due to annual changes in the federal poverty guidelines shall be implemented on the first day of July following publication of the changes.

(d) For purposes of paragraph (b), "income" means the adjusted gross income of the natural or adoptive parents determined according to the previous year's federal tax form, except, effective retroactive to July 1, 2003, taxable capital gains to the extent the funds have been used to purchase a home shall not be counted as income.

(e) The contribution shall be explained in writing to the parents at the time eligibility for services is being determined. The contribution shall be made on a monthly basis effective with the first month

in which the child receives services. Annually upon redetermination or at termination of eligibility, if the contribution exceeded the cost of services provided, the local agency or the state shall reimburse that excess amount to the parents, either by direct reimbursement if the parent is no longer required to pay a contribution, or by a reduction in or waiver of parental fees until the excess amount is exhausted. All reimbursements must include a notice that the amount reimbursed may be taxable income if the parent paid for the parent's fees through an employer's health care flexible spending account under the Internal Revenue Code, section 125, and that the parent is responsible for paying the taxes owed on the amount reimbursed.

(f) The monthly contribution amount must be reviewed at least every 12 months; when there is a change in household size; and when there is a loss of or gain in income from one month to another in excess of ten percent. The local agency shall mail a written notice 30 days in advance of the effective date of a change in the contribution amount. A decrease in the contribution amount is effective in the month that the parent verifies a reduction in income or change in household size.

(g) Parents of a minor child who do not live with each other shall each pay the contribution required under paragraph (a). An amount equal to the annual court-ordered child support payment actually paid on behalf of the child receiving services shall be deducted from the adjusted gross income of the parent making the payment prior to calculating the parental contribution under paragraph (b).

(h) The contribution under paragraph (b) shall be increased by an additional five percent if the local agency determines that insurance coverage is available but not obtained for the child. For purposes of this section, "available" means the insurance is a benefit of employment for a family member at an annual cost of no more than five percent of the family's annual income. For purposes of this section, "insurance" means health and accident insurance coverage, enrollment in a nonprofit health service plan, health maintenance organization, self-insured plan, or preferred provider organization.

Parents who have more than one child receiving services shall not be required to pay more than the amount for the child with the highest expenditures. There shall be no resource contribution from the parents. The parent shall not be required to pay a contribution in excess of the cost of the services provided to the child, not counting payments made to school districts for education-related services. Notice of an increase in fee payment must be given at least 30 days before the increased fee is due.

(i) The contribution under paragraph (b) shall be reduced by \$300 per fiscal year if, in the 12 months prior to July 1:

(1) the parent applied for insurance for the child;

(2) the insurer denied insurance;

(3) the parents submitted a complaint or appeal, in writing to the insurer, submitted a complaint or appeal, in writing, to the commissioner of health or the commissioner of commerce, or litigated the complaint or appeal; and

(4) as a result of the dispute, the insurer reversed its decision and granted insurance.

For purposes of this section, "insurance" has the meaning given in paragraph (h).

A parent who has requested a reduction in the contribution amount under this paragraph shall submit proof in the form and manner prescribed by the commissioner or county agency, including, but not limited to, the insurer's denial of insurance, the written letter or complaint of the parents, court documents, and the written response of the insurer approving insurance. The determinations of the commissioner or county agency under this paragraph are not rules subject to chapter 14.

Sec. 2. [256.4751] PARENT-TO-PARENT PEER SUPPORT GRANTS.

(a) The commissioner shall make available grants to organizations to support parent-to-parent peer support programs that provide information and emotional support for families of children and youth with special health care needs.

(b) For the purposes of this section, "special health care needs" means disabilities, chronic illnesses or conditions, health-related educational or behavioral problems, or the risk of developing disabilities, conditions, illnesses, or problems.

(c) Eligible organizations must have an established parent-to-parent program that:

(1) conducts outreach and support to parents or guardians of a child or youth with special health care needs;

(2) provides to parents and guardians information, tools, and training to support their child and to successfully navigate the health and human services systems;

(3) facilitates ongoing peer support for parents and guardians from trained volunteer support parents;

(4) has staff and volunteers located statewide; and

(5) is affiliated with and communicates regularly with other parent-to-parent programs and national organizations to ensure best practices are implemented.

(d) Grant recipients must use grant funds for the purposes in paragraph (c).

(e) Grant recipients must report to the commissioner of human services annually by January 15 on the services and programs funded by the appropriation. The report must include measurable outcomes from the previous year, including the number of families served and the number of volunteer support parents trained.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.14, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Actions to obtain payment.** The state agency shall promulgate rules to determine the ability of responsible relatives to contribute partial or complete payment or repayment of medical assistance furnished to recipients for whom they are responsible. All medical assistance exclusions shall be allowed, and a resource limit of \$10,000 for nonexcluded resources shall be implemented. Above these limits, a contribution of one-third of the excess resources shall be required. These rules shall not require payment or repayment when payment would cause undue hardship to the responsible relative or that relative's immediate family. These rules shall ~~be consistent with the requirements of section 252.27 for~~ not apply to parents of children whose eligibility for medical assistance was determined without deeming of the parents' resources and income under the TEFRA option or for

the purposes of accessing home and community-based waiver services. The county agency shall give the responsible relative notice of the amount of the payment or repayment. If the state agency or county agency finds that notice of the payment obligation was given to the responsible relative, but that the relative failed or refused to pay, a cause of action exists against the responsible relative for that portion of medical assistance granted after notice was given to the responsible relative, which the relative was determined to be able to pay.

The action may be brought by the state agency or the county agency in the county where assistance was granted, for the assistance, together with the costs of disbursements incurred due to the action.

In addition to granting the county or state agency a money judgment, the court may, upon a motion or order to show cause, order continuing contributions by a responsible relative found able to repay the county or state agency. The order shall be effective only for the period of time during which the recipient receives medical assistance from the county or state agency.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256M.41, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Payments based on performance.** ~~(a)~~ The commissioner shall make payments under this section to each county ~~board on a calendar year basis in an amount determined under paragraph (b)~~ on or before July 10 of each year.

~~(b) Calendar year allocations under subdivision 1 shall be paid to counties in the following manner:~~

~~(1) 80 percent of the allocation as determined in subdivision 1 must be paid to counties on or before July 10 of each year;~~

~~(2) ten percent of the allocation shall be withheld until the commissioner determines if the county has met the performance outcome threshold of 90 percent based on face-to-face contact with alleged child victims. In order to receive the performance allocation, the county child protection workers must have a timely face-to-face contact with at least 90 percent of all alleged child victims of screened-in maltreatment reports. The standard requires that each initial face-to-face contact occur consistent with timelines defined in section 626.556, subdivision 10, paragraph (i). The commissioner shall make threshold determinations in January of each year and payments to counties meeting the performance outcome threshold shall occur in February of each year. Any withheld funds from this appropriation for counties that do not meet this requirement shall be reallocated by the commissioner to those counties meeting the requirement; and~~

~~(3) ten percent of the allocation shall be withheld until the commissioner determines that the county has met the performance outcome threshold of 90 percent based on face-to-face visits by the case manager. In order to receive the performance allocation, the total number of visits made by caseworkers on a monthly basis to children in foster care and children receiving child protection services while residing in their home must be at least 90 percent of the total number of such visits that would occur if every child were visited once per month. The commissioner shall make such determinations in January of each year and payments to counties meeting the performance outcome threshold shall occur in February of each year. Any withheld funds from this appropriation for counties that do not meet this requirement shall be reallocated by the commissioner to those counties~~

meeting the requirement. For 2015, the commissioner shall only apply the standard for monthly foster care visits.

~~(e) The commissioner shall work with stakeholders and the Human Services Performance Council under section 402A.16 to develop recommendations for specific outcome measures that counties should meet in order to receive funds withheld under paragraph (b), and include in those recommendations a determination as to whether the performance measures under paragraph (b) should be modified or phased out. The commissioner shall report the recommendations to the legislative committees having jurisdiction over child protection issues by January 1, 2018.~~

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256M.41, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4. **County performance on child protection measures.** The commissioner shall set child protection measures and standards. The commissioner shall require an underperforming county to demonstrate that the county designated sufficient funds and implemented a reasonable strategy to improve child protection performance, including the provision of a performance improvement plan and additional remedies identified by the commissioner. The commissioner may redirect up to 20 percent of a county's funds under this section toward the performance improvement plan. Sanctions under section 256M.20, subdivision 3, related to noncompliance with federal performance standards also apply.

Sec. 6. **[260C.216] FOSTER CARE RECRUITMENT GRANT PROGRAM.**

Subdivision 1. **Establishment and authority.** The commissioner of human services shall make grants to facilitate partnerships between counties and community groups or faith communities to develop and utilize innovative, nontraditional shared recruitment methods to increase and stabilize the number of available foster care families.

Subd. 2. **Eligibility.** An eligible applicant for a foster care recruitment grant under subdivision 1 is an organization or entity that:

(1) provides a written description identifying the county and community organizations or faith communities that will partner to develop innovative shared methods to recruit families through their community or faith organizations for foster care in the county;

(2) agrees to incorporate efforts by the partnership or a third party to offer additional support services including host families, family coaches, or resource referrals for families in crisis such as homelessness, unemployment, hospitalization, substance abuse treatment, incarceration, or domestic violence, as an alternative to foster care; and

(3) describes how the proposed partnership model can be generalized to be used in other areas of the state.

Subd. 3. **Allowable grant activities.** Grant recipients may use grant funds to:

(1) develop materials that promote the partnership's innovative methods of nontraditional recruitment of foster care families through the partner community organizations or faith communities;

(2) develop an onboarding vehicle or training program for recruited foster care families that is accessible, relatable, and easy to understand, to be used by the partner community organizations or faith communities;

(3) establish sustainable communication between the partnership and the recruited families for ongoing support; or

(4) provide support services including host families, family coaches, or resource referrals for families in crisis such as homelessness, unemployment, hospitalization, substance abuse treatment, incarceration, or domestic violence, as an alternative to the foster care system.

Subd. 4. **Reporting** The commissioner shall report on the use of foster care recruitment grants to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over human services by December 31, 2020. The report shall include the name and location of grant recipients, the amount of each grant, the services provided, and the effects on the foster care system. The commissioner shall determine the form required for the report and may specify additional reporting requirements.

Subd. 5. **Funding.** The commissioner of human services may use available parent support outreach program funds for foster care recruitment grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 260C.216.

Sec. 7. [260C.218] PARENT SUPPORT FOR BETTER OUTCOMES GRANTS.

The commissioner of human services may use available parent support outreach program funds to provide mentoring, guidance, and support services to parents navigating the child welfare system in Minnesota, in order to promote the development of safe, stable, and healthy families, including parent mentoring, peer-to-peer support groups, housing support services, training, staffing, and administrative costs.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 518A.32, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Parent not considered voluntarily unemployed, underemployed, or employed on a less than full-time basis.** A parent is not considered voluntarily unemployed, underemployed, or employed on a less than full-time basis upon a showing by the parent that:

(1) the unemployment, underemployment, or employment on a less than full-time basis is temporary and will ultimately lead to an increase in income;

(2) the unemployment, underemployment, or employment on a less than full-time basis represents a bona fide career change that outweighs the adverse effect of that parent's diminished income on the child; or

(3) the unemployment, underemployment, or employment on a less than full-time basis is because a parent is physically or mentally incapacitated or due to incarceration, ~~except where the reason for incarceration is the parent's nonpayment of support.~~

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 518A.51, is amended to read:

518A.51 FEES FOR IV-D SERVICES.

(a) When a recipient of IV-D services is no longer receiving assistance under the state's title IV-A, IV-E foster care, or medical assistance programs, the public authority responsible for child support enforcement must notify the recipient, within five working days of the notification of ineligibility, that IV-D services will be continued unless the public authority is notified to the contrary by the recipient. The notice must include the implications of continuing to receive IV-D services, including the available services and fees, cost recovery fees, and distribution policies relating to fees.

(b) In the case of an individual who has never received assistance under a state program funded under title IV-A of the Social Security Act and for whom the public authority has collected at least ~~\$500~~ \$550 of support, the public authority must impose an annual federal collections fee of ~~\$25~~ \$35 for each case in which services are furnished. This fee must be retained by the public authority from support collected on behalf of the individual, but not from the first ~~\$500~~ \$550 collected.

(c) When the public authority provides full IV-D services to an obligee who has applied for those services, upon written notice to the obligee, the public authority must charge a cost recovery fee of two percent of the amount collected. This fee must be deducted from the amount of the child support and maintenance collected and not assigned under section 256.741 before disbursement to the obligee. This fee does not apply to an obligee who:

(1) is currently receiving assistance under the state's title IV-A, IV-E foster care, or medical assistance programs; or

(2) has received assistance under the state's title IV-A or IV-E foster care programs, until the person has not received this assistance for 24 consecutive months.

(d) When the public authority provides full IV-D services to an obligor who has applied for such services, upon written notice to the obligor, the public authority must charge a cost recovery fee of two percent of the monthly court-ordered child support and maintenance obligation. The fee may be collected through income withholding, as well as by any other enforcement remedy available to the public authority responsible for child support enforcement.

(e) Fees assessed by state and federal tax agencies for collection of overdue support owed to or on behalf of a person not receiving public assistance must be imposed on the person for whom these services are provided. The public authority upon written notice to the obligee shall assess a fee of \$25 to the person not receiving public assistance for each successful federal tax interception. The fee must be withheld prior to the release of the funds received from each interception and deposited in the general fund.

(f) Federal collections fees collected under paragraph (b) and cost recovery fees collected under paragraphs (c) and (d) retained by the commissioner of human services shall be considered child support program income according to Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, section 304.50, and shall be deposited in the special revenue fund account established under paragraph (h). The commissioner of human services must elect to recover costs based on either actual or standardized costs.

(g) The limitations of this section on the assessment of fees shall not apply to the extent inconsistent with the requirements of federal law for receiving funds for the programs under title IV-A and title IV-D of the Social Security Act, United States Code, title 42, sections 601 to 613 and United States Code, title 42, sections 651 to 662.

(h) The commissioner of human services is authorized to establish a special revenue fund account to receive the federal collections fees collected under paragraph (b) and cost recovery fees collected under paragraphs (c) and (d).

(i) The nonfederal share of the cost recovery fee revenue must be retained by the commissioner and distributed as follows:

(1) one-half of the revenue must be transferred to the child support system special revenue account to support the state's administration of the child support enforcement program and its federally mandated automated system;

(2) an additional portion of the revenue must be transferred to the child support system special revenue account for expenditures necessary to administer the fees; and

(3) the remaining portion of the revenue must be distributed to the counties to aid the counties in funding their child support enforcement programs.

(j) The nonfederal share of the federal collections fees must be distributed to the counties to aid them in funding their child support enforcement programs.

(k) The commissioner of human services shall distribute quarterly any of the funds dedicated to the counties under paragraphs (i) and (j) using the methodology specified in section 256.979, subdivision 11. The funds received by the counties must be reinvested in the child support enforcement program and the counties must not reduce the funding of their child support programs by the amount of the funding distributed.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective October 1, 2019.

Sec. 10. DIRECTION TO COMMISSIONER OF HUMAN SERVICES; TEFRA OPTION IMPROVEMENT MEASURES.

(a) The commissioner of human services shall, using existing appropriations, develop content to be included on the MNsure website explaining the TEFRA option under medical assistance for applicants who indicate during the application process that a child in the family has a disability.

(b) The commissioner shall develop a cover letter explaining the TEFRA option under medical assistance, as well as the application and renewal process, to be disseminated with the DHS-6696A form to applicants who may qualify for medical assistance under the TEFRA option. The commissioner shall provide the content and the form to the executive director of MNsure for inclusion on the MNsure website. The commissioner shall also develop and implement education and training for lead agency staff statewide to improve understanding of the medical assistance-TEFRA enrollment and renewal processes and procedures.

(c) The commissioner shall convene a stakeholder group that shall consider improvements to the TEFRA option enrollment and renewal processes, including but not limited to revisions to, or the development of, application and renewal paperwork specific to the TEFRA option; possible technology solutions; and county processes.

(d) The stakeholder group must include representatives from the Department of Human Services Health Care Division, MNsure, representatives from at least two counties in the metropolitan area and from at least one county in greater Minnesota, the Arc Minnesota, Gillette Children's Specialty Healthcare, the Autism Society of Minnesota, Proof Alliance, the Minnesota Consortium for Citizens with Disabilities, and other interested stakeholders as identified by the commissioner of human services.

(e) The stakeholder group shall submit a report of the group's recommended improvements and any associated costs to the commissioner by December 31, 2020. The group shall also provide copies of the report to each stakeholder group member. The commissioner shall provide a copy of the report to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over medical assistance.

Sec. 11. MINNESOTA PATHWAYS TO PROSPERITY AND WELL-BEING PILOT PROJECT.

Subdivision 1. **Authorization.** (a) The commissioner of human services shall develop a pilot project that tests an alternative benefit delivery system for the distribution of public assistance benefits. The commissioner shall work with Dakota County and Olmsted County to develop the pilot project in accordance with this section. The commissioner shall apply for any federal waivers necessary to implement the pilot project.

(b) Prior to authorizing the pilot project, Dakota and Olmsted Counties must provide the following information to the commissioner:

(1) identification of any federal waivers required to implement the pilot project and a timeline for obtaining the waivers;

(2) identification of data sharing requirements between the counties and the commissioner to administer the pilot project and evaluate the outcome measures under subdivision 4, including the technology systems that will be developed to administer the pilot project and a description of the elements of the technology systems that will ensure the privacy of the data of the participants and provide financial oversight and accountability for expended funds;

(3) documentation that demonstrates receipt of private donations or grants totaling at least \$2,800,000 per year for three years to support implementation of the pilot project;

(4) a complete plan for implementing the pilot project, including an assurance that each participant's unified benefit amount is proportionate to and in no event exceeds the total amount that the participant would have received by participating in the underlying programs for which they are eligible upon entering the pilot project, information about the administration of the unified benefit amount to ensure that the benefit is used by participants for the services provided through the underlying programs included in the unified benefit, an explanation of which funds will be issued directly to providers and which funds will be available on an EBT card, and information about consequences and remedies for improper use of the unified benefit;

(5) an evaluation plan developed in consultation with the commissioner of management and budget to ensure that the pilot project includes an evaluation using an experimental or quasi-experimental design and a formal evaluation of the results of the pilot project; and

(6) documentation that demonstrates the receipt of a formal commitment of grants or contracts with the federal government to complete a comprehensive evaluation of the pilot project.

(c) The commissioner may authorize the pilot project only after reviewing the information submitted under paragraph (b) and issuing a formal written approval of the proposed project.

Subd. 2. **Pilot project goals.** The goals of the pilot project are to:

(1) reduce the historical separation among the state programs and systems affecting families who may receive public assistance;

(2) eliminate, where possible, regulatory or program restrictions to allow a comprehensive approach to meeting the needs of the families in the pilot project; and

(3) focus on prevention-oriented supports and interventions.

Subd. 3. **Pilot project participants.** The pilot project developed by the commissioner must include requirements that participants:

(1) be 30 years of age or younger with a minimum of one child and income below 200 percent of federal poverty guidelines;

(2) voluntarily agree to participate in the pilot project;

(3) be informed of the right to voluntarily discontinue participation in the pilot project;

(4) be eligible for or receiving assistance under the Minnesota family investment program under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 256J, and at least one of the following programs: (i) the child care assistance program under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 119B; (ii) the diversionary work program under Minnesota Statutes, section 256J.95; (iii) the supplemental nutrition assistance program under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 256D; or (iv) state or federal housing support;

(5) provide informed, written consent that the participant waives eligibility for the programs included in the unified benefit set for the duration of their participation in the pilot project;

(6) be enrolled in an education program that is focused on obtaining a career that will result in a livable wage;

(7) receive as the unified benefit only an amount that is proportionate to and does not exceed the total value of the benefits the participant would be eligible to receive under the underlying programs upon entering the pilot project; and

(8) shall not have the unified benefit amount counted as income for child support or tax purposes.

Subd. 4. **Outcomes.** (a) The outcome measures for the pilot project must be developed in consultation with the commissioner of management and budget, and must include:

(1) improvement in the affordability, safety, and permanence of suitable housing;

(2) improvement in family functioning and stability, including the areas of behavioral health, incarceration, involvement with the child welfare system;

(3) improvement in education readiness and outcomes for parents and children from early childhood through high school, including reduction in absenteeism, preschool readiness scores, third grade reading competency, graduation, grade point average, and standardized test improvement;

(4) improvement in attachment to the workforce of one or both parents, including enhanced job stability; wage gains; career advancement; and progress in career preparation; and

(5) improvement in health care access and health outcomes for parents and children and other outcomes determined in consultation with the commissioner of human services and the commissioner of management and budget.

(b) Dakota and Olmsted Counties shall report on the progress and outcomes of the pilot project to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over human services by January 15 of each year that the pilot project operates, beginning January 15, 2021.

Sec. 12. DIRECTION TO COMMISSIONER; CHILD CARE ASSISTANCE PROGRAM REDESIGN.

(a) By January 15, 2020, the commissioner of human services shall, following consultation with families, providers, and county agencies, report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees having jurisdiction over child care with a proposal, for implementation by July 1, 2020, that redesigns the child care assistance program to meet all applicable federal requirements, achieve at least the following objectives, and include at least the following features:

(1) eliminates fraud;

(2) eliminates program inefficiencies;

(3) eliminates barriers to families entering the program;

(4) improves accessibility to child care for families in greater Minnesota and in the metropolitan area;

(5) improves the quality of available child care;

(6) eliminates assistance rate disparities between greater Minnesota and the metropolitan area;

(7) ensures future access to assistance and child care for families in greater Minnesota and in the metropolitan area;

(8) develops additional options for providers to complete required training including through online or remote access;

(9) improves ease of provider access to required training and quality improvement resources;

(10) reforms the Parent Aware program, including by removing barriers to participation for family child care providers, by implementing a method for evaluating the quality and effectiveness of four-star rated programs, and by incorporating licensing violations, sanctions, or maltreatment determinations into the star-rating program standards;

(11) proposes legislation that codifies Parent Aware program standards;

(12) implements a licensing and inspection structure based on differential monitoring;

(13) amends licensing requirements that have led to closure of child care programs, especially family child care programs;

(14) recommends business development and technical assistance resources to promote provider recruitment and retention;

(15) allows for family child care licensing alternatives, including permitting multiple family child care providers to operate in a commercial or other building other than the providers' residences; and

(16) improves family child care licensing efficiencies, including by adding a variance structure and updating child ratios.

(b) The commissioner shall seek all necessary federal waivers to implement the proposed redesign described in paragraph (a), including to authorize use of existing federal funding.

Sec. 13. **APPROPRIATION; CHILD CARE ASSISTANCE PROGRAM REDESIGN.**

\$236,453,000 is appropriated in fiscal year 2022 from the general fund to the commissioner of human services for the redesigned child care assistance program. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2023.

Sec. 14. **REVISOR INSTRUCTION.**

The revisor of statutes, in consultation with the Department of Human Services, House Research Department, and Senate Counsel, Research and Fiscal Analysis shall change the terms "food support" and "food stamps" to "Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program" or "SNAP" in Minnesota Statutes when appropriate. The revisor may make technical and other necessary changes to sentence structure to preserve the meaning of the text.

Sec. 15. **REVISOR INSTRUCTION.**

The revisor of statutes shall remove the terms "child care assistance program," "basic sliding fee child care," and "MFIP child care," or similar terms wherever the terms appear in Minnesota Statutes. The revisor shall also make technical and other necessary changes to sentence structure to preserve the meaning of the text.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2020.

Sec. 16. **REPEALER.**

(a) Minnesota Statutes 2018, sections 119B.011, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 10a, 11, 12, 13, 13a, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 19a, 19b, 20, 20a, 21, and 22; 119B.02; 119B.025, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, and 4; 119B.03, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 6a, 6b, 8, 9, and 10; 119B.035; 119B.04; 119B.05, subdivisions 1, 4, and 5; 119B.06, subdivisions 1, 2, and 3; 119B.08, subdivisions 1, 2, and 3; 119B.09, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, 4a, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 9a, 10, 11, 12, and 13; 119B.095; 119B.097; 119B.10, subdivisions 1, 2, and 3; 119B.105; 119B.11, subdivisions 1, 2a, 3, and 4; 119B.12, subdivisions 1 and 2; 119B.125; 119B.13, subdivisions 1, 1a, 3, 3a, 3b, 3c, 4, 5, 6, and 7; 119B.14; 119B.15; and 119B.16, are repealed effective July 1, 2020.

(b) Minnesota Rules, parts 3400.0010; 3400.0020, subparts 1, 4, 5, 8, 9a, 10a, 12, 17a, 18, 18a, 20, 24, 25, 26, 28, 29a, 31b, 32b, 33, 34a, 35, 37, 38, 38a, 38b, 39, 40, 40a, and 44; 3400.0030; 3400.0035; 3400.0040, subparts 1, 3, 4, 5, 5a, 6a, 6b, 6c, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 15a, 17, and 18; 3400.0060, subparts 2, 4, 5, 6, 6a, 7, 8, 9, and 10; 3400.0080, subparts 1, 1a, 1b, and 8; 3400.0090, subparts 1, 2, 3, and 4; 3400.0100, subparts 2a, 2b, 2c, and 5; 3400.0110, subparts 1, 1a, 2, 2a, 3, 4a, 7, 8, 9, 10, and 11; 3400.0120, subparts 1, 1a, 2, 2a, 3, and 5; 3400.0130, subparts 1, 1a, 2, 3, 3a, 3b, 5, 5a, and 7; 3400.0140, subparts 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 9a, 10, and 14; 3400.0150; 3400.0170, subparts 1, 3, 4, 6a, 7, 8, 9, 10, and 11; 3400.0180; 3400.0183, subparts 1, 2, and 5; 3400.0185; 3400.0187, subparts 1, 2, 3, 4, and 6; 3400.0200; 3400.0220; 3400.0230, subpart 3; and 3400.0235, subparts 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, are repealed are effective July 1, 2020.

(c) Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 6, article 7, section 34, is repealed effective July 1, 2019.

ARTICLE 3

CHEMICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 13.851, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 11. **Mental health data sharing.** Section 641.15, subdivision 3a, governs the sharing of data on prisoners who may have a mental illness or need services with county social service agencies or welfare system personnel.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 245.4889, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Establishment and authority.** (a) The commissioner is authorized to make grants from available appropriations to assist:

- (1) counties;
- (2) Indian tribes;
- (3) children's collaboratives under section 124D.23 or 245.493; or
- (4) mental health service providers.

(b) The following services are eligible for grants under this section:

- (1) services to children with emotional disturbances as defined in section 245.4871, subdivision 15, and their families;
- (2) transition services under section 245.4875, subdivision 8, for young adults under age 21 and their families;
- (3) respite care services for children with severe emotional disturbances who are at risk of out-of-home placement, whether or not the child is receiving case management services;
- (4) children's mental health crisis services;
- (5) mental health services for people from cultural and ethnic minorities;
- (6) children's mental health screening and follow-up diagnostic assessment and treatment;
- (7) services to promote and develop the capacity of providers to use evidence-based practices in providing children's mental health services;
- (8) school-linked mental health services, including transportation for children receiving school-linked mental health services when school is not in session;
- (9) building evidence-based mental health intervention capacity for children birth to age five;
- (10) suicide prevention and counseling services that use text messaging statewide;
- (11) mental health first aid training;
- (12) training for parents, collaborative partners, and mental health providers on the impact of adverse childhood experiences and trauma and development of an interactive website to share information and strategies to promote resilience and prevent trauma;
- (13) transition age services to develop or expand mental health treatment and supports for adolescents and young adults 26 years of age or younger;
- (14) early childhood mental health consultation;
- (15) evidence-based interventions for youth at risk of developing or experiencing a first episode of psychosis, and a public awareness campaign on the signs and symptoms of psychosis;
- (16) psychiatric consultation for primary care practitioners; ~~and~~
- (17) providers to begin operations and meet program requirements when establishing a new children's mental health program. These may be start-up grants; and
- (18) promoting and developing a provider's capacity to deliver multigenerational mental health treatment and services.

(c) Services under paragraph (b) must be designed to help each child to function and remain with the child's family in the community and delivered consistent with the child's treatment plan. Transition services to eligible young adults under this paragraph must be designed to foster independent living in the community.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 254A.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Rules for substance use disorder care.** (a) The commissioner of human services shall establish by rule criteria to be used in determining the appropriate level of chemical dependency care for each recipient of public assistance seeking treatment for substance misuse or substance use disorder. Upon federal approval of a comprehensive assessment as a Medicaid benefit, or on July 1, 2018, whichever is later, and notwithstanding the criteria in Minnesota Rules, parts 9530.6600 to 9530.6655, an eligible vendor of comprehensive assessments under section 254B.05 may determine and approve the appropriate level of substance use disorder treatment for a recipient of public assistance. The process for determining an individual's financial eligibility for the consolidated chemical dependency treatment fund or determining an individual's enrollment in or eligibility for a publicly subsidized health plan is not affected by the individual's choice to access a comprehensive assessment for placement.

(b) The commissioner shall develop and implement a utilization review process for publicly funded treatment placements to monitor and review the clinical appropriateness and timeliness of all publicly funded placements in treatment.

(c) If a screen result is positive for alcohol or substance misuse, a brief screening for alcohol or substance use disorder that is provided to a recipient of public assistance within a primary care clinic, hospital, or other medical setting or school setting establishes medical necessity and approval for an initial set of substance use disorder services identified in section 254B.05, subdivision 5. The initial set of services approved for a recipient whose screen result is positive may include four hours of individual or group substance use disorder treatment, two hours of substance use disorder treatment coordination, or two hours of substance use disorder peer support services provided by a qualified individual according to chapter 245G. A recipient must obtain an assessment pursuant to paragraph (a) to be approved for additional treatment services.

EFFECTIVE DATE. Contingent upon federal approval, this section is effective July 1, 2019. The commissioner of human services shall notify the revisor of statutes when federal approval is obtained or denied.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 254A.19, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5. **Assessment via telemedicine.** Notwithstanding Minnesota Rules, part 9530.6615, subpart 3, item A, a chemical use assessment may be conducted via telemedicine.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 254B.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Chemical dependency treatment allocation.** The chemical dependency treatment appropriation shall be placed in a special revenue account. ~~The commissioner shall annually transfer funds from the chemical dependency fund to pay for operation of the drug and alcohol abuse normative evaluation system and to pay for all costs incurred by adding two positions for licensing of chemical dependency treatment and rehabilitation programs located in hospitals for which funds are not otherwise appropriated.~~ The remainder of the money in the special revenue account must be used according to the requirements in this chapter.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2019.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 254B.03, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Chemical dependency fund payment.** (a) Payment from the chemical dependency fund is limited to payments for services other than detoxification licensed under Minnesota Rules, parts 9530.6510 to 9530.6590, that, if located outside of federally recognized tribal lands, would be required to be licensed by the commissioner as a chemical dependency treatment or rehabilitation program under sections 245A.01 to 245A.16, and services other than detoxification provided in another state that would be required to be licensed as a chemical dependency program if the program were in the state. Out of state vendors must also provide the commissioner with assurances that the program complies substantially with state licensing requirements and possesses all licenses and certifications required by the host state to provide chemical dependency treatment. Vendors receiving payments from the chemical dependency fund must not require co-payment from a recipient of benefits for services provided under this subdivision. The vendor is prohibited from using the client's public benefits to offset the cost of services paid under this section. The vendor shall not require the client to use public benefits for room or board costs. This includes but is not limited to cash assistance benefits under chapters 119B, 256D, and 256J, or SNAP benefits. Retention of SNAP benefits is a right of a client receiving services through the consolidated chemical dependency treatment fund or through state contracted managed care entities. Payment from the chemical dependency fund shall be made for necessary room and board costs provided by vendors ~~certified according to~~ meeting the criteria under section 254B.05, subdivision 1a, or in a community hospital licensed by the commissioner of health according to sections 144.50 to 144.56 to a client who is:

(1) determined to meet the criteria for placement in a residential chemical dependency treatment program according to rules adopted under section 254A.03, subdivision 3; and

(2) concurrently receiving a chemical dependency treatment service in a program licensed by the commissioner and reimbursed by the chemical dependency fund.

(b) A county may, from its own resources, provide chemical dependency services for which state payments are not made. A county may elect to use the same invoice procedures and obtain the same state payment services as are used for chemical dependency services for which state payments are made under this section if county payments are made to the state in advance of state payments to vendors. When a county uses the state system for payment, the commissioner shall make monthly billings to the county using the most recent available information to determine the anticipated services for which payments will be made in the coming month. Adjustment of any overestimate or underestimate based on actual expenditures shall be made by the state agency by adjusting the estimate for any succeeding month.

(c) ~~The commissioner shall coordinate chemical dependency services and determine whether there is a need for any proposed expansion of chemical dependency treatment services. The commissioner shall deny vendor certification to any provider that has not received prior approval from the commissioner for the creation of new programs or the expansion of existing program capacity. The commissioner shall consider the provider's capacity to obtain clients from outside the state based on plans, agreements, and previous utilization history, when determining the need for new treatment services.~~ The commissioner may deny vendor certification to a provider if the commissioner determines that the services currently available in the local area are sufficient to meet local need and that the addition of new services would be detrimental to individuals seeking these services.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2019.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 254B.03, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Division of costs.** (a) Except for services provided by a county under section 254B.09, subdivision 1, or services provided under section 256B.69, the county shall, out of local money, pay the state for 22.95 percent of the cost of chemical dependency services, ~~including those except that the county shall pay the state for ten percent of the nonfederal share of the cost of chemical dependency services provided to persons eligible for enrolled in~~ medical assistance under chapter 256B, and ten percent of the cost of room and board services under section 254B.05, subdivision 5, paragraph (b), clause (12). Counties may use the indigent hospitalization levy for treatment and hospital payments made under this section.

(b) 22.95 percent of any state collections from private or third-party pay, less 15 percent for the cost of payment and collections, must be distributed to the county that paid for a portion of the treatment under this section.

~~(c) For fiscal year 2017 only, the 22.95 percentages under paragraphs (a) and (b) are equal to 20.2 percent.~~

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2019.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 254B.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Eligibility.** (a) ~~Persons eligible for benefits under Code of Federal Regulations, title 25, part 20, and persons eligible for medical assistance benefits under sections 256B.055, 256B.056, and 256B.057, subdivisions 1, 5, and 6, or who meet the income standards of section 256B.056, subdivision 4, and are not enrolled in medical assistance,~~ are entitled to chemical dependency fund services. State money appropriated for this paragraph must be placed in a separate account established for this purpose.

(b) Persons with dependent children who are determined to be in need of chemical dependency treatment pursuant to an assessment under section 626.556, subdivision 10, or a case plan under section 260C.201, subdivision 6, or 260C.212, shall be assisted by the local agency to access needed treatment services. Treatment services must be appropriate for the individual or family, which may include long-term care treatment or treatment in a facility that allows the dependent children to stay in the treatment facility. The county shall pay for out-of-home placement costs, if applicable.

(c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), persons enrolled in medical assistance are eligible for room and board services under section 254B.05, subdivision 5, paragraph (b), clause (12).

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective September 1, 2019.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 254B.05, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. **Room and board provider requirements.** (a) Effective January 1, 2000, vendors of room and board are eligible for chemical dependency fund payment if the vendor:

(1) has rules prohibiting residents bringing chemicals into the facility or using chemicals while residing in the facility and provide consequences for infractions of those rules;

- (2) is determined to meet applicable health and safety requirements;
 - (3) is not a jail or prison;
 - (4) is not concurrently receiving funds under chapter 256I for the recipient;
 - (5) admits individuals who are 18 years of age or older;
 - (6) is registered as a board and lodging or lodging establishment according to section 157.17;
 - (7) has awake staff on site 24 hours per day;
 - (8) has staff who are at least 18 years of age and meet the requirements of section 245G.11, subdivision 1, paragraph (b);
 - (9) has emergency behavioral procedures that meet the requirements of section 245G.16;
 - (10) meets the requirements of section 245G.08, subdivision 5, if administering medications to clients;
 - (11) meets the abuse prevention requirements of section 245A.65, including a policy on fraternization and the mandatory reporting requirements of section 626.557;
 - (12) documents coordination with the treatment provider to ensure compliance with section 254B.03, subdivision 2;
 - (13) protects client funds and ensures freedom from exploitation by meeting the provisions of section 245A.04, subdivision 13;
 - (14) has a grievance procedure that meets the requirements of section 245G.15, subdivision 2; and
 - (15) has sleeping and bathroom facilities for men and women separated by a door that is locked, has an alarm, or is supervised by awake staff.
- (b) Programs licensed according to Minnesota Rules, chapter 2960, are exempt from paragraph (a), clauses (5) to (15).
- (c) Licensed programs providing intensive residential treatment services or residential crisis stabilization services pursuant to section 256B.0622 or 256B.0624 are eligible vendors of room and board and are exempt from paragraph (a), clauses (6) to (15).

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective September 1, 2019.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 254B.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **State collections.** The commissioner is responsible for all collections from persons determined to be partially responsible for the cost of care of an eligible person receiving services under Laws 1986, chapter 394, sections 8 to 20. The commissioner may initiate, or request the attorney general to initiate, necessary civil action to recover the unpaid cost of care. The commissioner may collect all third-party payments for chemical dependency services provided

under Laws 1986, chapter 394, sections 8 to 20, including private insurance and federal Medicaid and Medicare financial participation. ~~The commissioner shall deposit in a dedicated account a percentage of collections to pay for the cost of operating the chemical dependency consolidated treatment fund invoice processing and vendor payment system, billing, and collections.~~ The remaining receipts must be deposited in the chemical dependency fund.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2019.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 254B.06, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Allocation of collections.** ~~(a) The commissioner shall allocate all federal financial participation collections to a special revenue account.~~ The commissioner shall allocate 77.05 percent of patient payments and third-party payments to the special revenue account and 22.95 percent to the county financially responsible for the patient.

~~(b) For fiscal year 2017 only, the commissioner's allocation to the special revenue account shall be increased from 77.05 percent to 79.8 percent and the county financial responsibility shall be reduced from 22.95 percent to 20.2 percent.~~

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2019.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0625, subdivision 24, is amended to read:

Subd. 24. **Other medical or remedial care.** Medical assistance covers any other medical or remedial care licensed and recognized under state law unless otherwise prohibited by law, ~~except licensed chemical dependency treatment programs or primary treatment or extended care treatment units in hospitals that are covered under chapter 254B.~~ The commissioner shall include chemical dependency services in the state medical assistance plan for federal reporting purposes, but payment ~~must be made under chapter 254B.~~ The commissioner shall publish in the State Register a list of elective surgeries that require a second medical opinion before medical assistance reimbursement, and the criteria and standards for deciding whether an elective surgery should require a second medical opinion. The list and criteria and standards are not subject to the requirements of sections 14.01 to 14.69.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2019.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0625, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 24a. **Substance use disorder services.** Medical assistance covers substance use disorder treatment services according to section 254B.05, subdivision 5, except for room and board.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2019.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0757, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Provision of coverage.** (a) The commissioner shall provide medical assistance coverage of health home services for eligible individuals with chronic conditions who select a designated provider as the individual's health home.

(b) The commissioner shall implement this section in compliance with the requirements of the state option to provide health homes for enrollees with chronic conditions, as provided under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148, sections 2703 and 3502. Terms used in this section have the meaning provided in that act.

(c) The commissioner shall establish health homes to serve populations with serious mental illness who meet the eligibility requirements described under subdivision 2, ~~clause (4)~~. The health home services provided by health homes shall focus on both the behavioral and the physical health of these populations.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0757, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Eligible individual.** (a) The commissioner may elect to develop health home models in accordance with United States Code, title 42, section 1396w-4.

(b) An individual is eligible for health home services under this section if the individual is eligible for medical assistance under this chapter and has ~~at least:~~

~~(1) two chronic conditions;~~

~~(2) one chronic condition and is at risk of having a second chronic condition;~~

~~(3) one serious and persistent mental health condition; or~~

~~(4) a condition that meets the definition of mental illness as described in section 245.462, subdivision 20, paragraph (a), or emotional disturbance as defined in section 245.4871, subdivision 15, clause (2); and has a current diagnostic assessment as defined in Minnesota Rules, part 9505.0372, subpart 1, item B or C, as performed or reviewed by a mental health professional employed by or under contract with the behavioral health home.~~ The commissioner shall establish criteria for determining continued eligibility.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0757, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Designated provider.** ~~(a)~~ Health home services are voluntary and an eligible individual may choose any designated provider. The commissioner shall establish designated providers to serve as health homes and provide the services described in subdivision 3 to individuals eligible under subdivision 2. The commissioner shall apply for grants as provided under section 3502 of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act to establish health homes and provide capitated payments to designated providers. For purposes of this section, "designated provider" means a provider, clinical practice or clinical group practice, rural clinic, community health center, community mental health center, or any other entity that is determined by the commissioner to be qualified to be a health home for eligible individuals. This determination must be based on documentation evidencing that the designated provider has the systems and infrastructure in place to provide health home services and satisfies the qualification standards established by the commissioner in consultation with stakeholders and approved by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.

~~(b) The commissioner shall develop and implement certification standards for designated providers under this subdivision.~~

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0757, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 9. **Discharge criteria.** (a) An individual may be discharged from behavioral health home services if:

(1) the behavioral health home services provider is unable to locate, contact, and engage the individual for a period of greater than three months after persistent efforts by the behavioral health home services provider; or

(2) the individual is unwilling to participate in behavioral health home services as demonstrated by the individual's refusal to meet with the behavioral health home services provider, or refusal to identify the individual's goals or the activities or support necessary to achieve the individual's health and wellness goals.

(b) Before discharge from behavioral health home services, the behavioral health home services provider must offer a face-to-face meeting with the individual, the individual's identified supports, and the behavioral health home services provider to discuss options available to the individual, including maintaining behavioral health home services.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0757, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 10. **Behavioral health home services provider requirements.** A behavioral health home services provider must:

(1) be an enrolled Minnesota Health Care Programs provider;

(2) provide a medical assistance covered primary care or behavioral health service;

(3) utilize an electronic health record;

(4) utilize an electronic patient registry that contains data elements required by the commissioner;

(5) demonstrate the organization's capacity to administer screenings approved by the commissioner for substance use disorder or alcohol and tobacco use;

(6) demonstrate the organization's capacity to refer an individual to resources appropriate to the individual's screening results;

(7) have policies and procedures to track referrals to ensure that the referral met the individual's needs;

(8) conduct a brief needs assessment when an individual begins receiving behavioral health home services. The brief needs assessment must be completed with input from the individual and the individual's identified supports. The brief needs assessment must address the individual's immediate safety and transportation needs and potential barriers to participating in behavioral health home services;

(9) conduct a health wellness assessment within 60 days after intake that contains all required elements identified by the commissioner;

(10) conduct a health action plan that contains all required elements identified by the commissioner within 90 days after intake and updated at least once every six months or more frequently if significant changes to an individual's needs or goals occur;

(11) agree to cooperate and participate with the state's monitoring and evaluation of behavioral health home services; and

(12) utilize the form approved by the commissioner to obtain the individual's written consent to begin receiving behavioral health home services.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0757, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 11. Provider training and practice transformation requirements. (a) The behavioral health home services provider must ensure that all staff delivering behavioral health home services receive adequate preservice and ongoing training including:

(1) training approved by the commissioner that describes the goals and principles of behavioral health home services; and

(2) training on evidence-based practices to promote an individual's ability to successfully engage with medical, behavioral health, and social services to reach the individual's health and wellness goals.

(b) The behavioral health home services provider must ensure that staff are capable of implementing culturally responsive services as determined by the individual's culture, beliefs, values, and language as identified in the individual's health wellness assessment.

(c) The behavioral health home services provider must participate in the department's practice transformation activities to support continued skill and competency development in the provision of integrated medical, behavioral health, and social services.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0757, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 12. Staff qualifications. (a) A behavioral health home services provider must maintain staff with required professional qualifications appropriate to the setting.

(b) If behavioral health home services are offered in a mental health setting, the integration specialist must be a registered nurse licensed under the Minnesota Nurse Practice Act, sections 148.171 to 148.285.

(c) If behavioral health home services are offered in a primary care setting, the integration specialist must be a mental health professional as defined in section 245.462, subdivision 18, clauses (1) to (6), or 245.4871, subdivision 27, clauses (1) to (6).

(d) If behavioral health home services are offered in either a primary care setting or mental health setting, the systems navigator must be a mental health practitioner as defined in section 245.462, subdivision 17, or a community health worker as defined in section 256B.0625, subdivision 49.

(e) If behavioral health home services are offered in either a primary care setting or mental health setting, the qualified health home specialist must be one of the following:

(1) a peer support specialist as defined in section 256B.0615;

(2) a family peer support specialist as defined in section 256B.0616;

(3) a case management associate as defined in section 245.462, subdivision 4, paragraph (g), or 245.4871, subdivision 4, paragraph (j);

(4) a mental health rehabilitation worker as defined in section 256B.0623, subdivision 5, clause (4);

(5) a community paramedic as defined in section 144E.28, subdivision 9;

(6) a peer recovery specialist as defined in section 245G.07, subdivision 1, clause (5); or

(7) a community health worker as defined in section 256B.0625, subdivision 49.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0757, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 13. **Service delivery standards.** (a) A behavioral health home services provider must meet the following service delivery standards:

(1) establish and maintain processes to support the coordination of an individual's primary care, behavioral health, and dental care;

(2) maintain a team-based model of care, including regular coordination and communication between behavioral health home services team members;

(3) use evidence-based practices that recognize and are tailored to the medical, social, economic, behavioral health, functional impairment, cultural, and environmental factors affecting the individual's health and health care choices;

(4) use person-centered planning practices to ensure the individual's health action plan accurately reflects the individual's preferences, goals, resources, and optimal outcomes for the individual and the individual's identified supports;

(5) use the patient registry to identify individuals and population subgroups requiring specific levels or types of care and provide or refer the individual to needed treatment, intervention, or service;

(6) utilize Department of Human Services Partner Portal to identify past and current treatment or services and to identify potential gaps in care;

(7) deliver services consistent with standards for frequency and face-to-face contact as required by the commissioner;

(8) ensure that all individuals receiving behavioral health home services have a diagnostic assessment completed within six months of when the individual begins receiving behavioral health home services;

(9) deliver services in locations and settings that meet the needs of the individual;

(10) provide a central point of contact to ensure that individuals and the individual's identified supports can successfully navigate the array of services that impact the individual's health and well-being;

(11) have capacity to assess an individual's readiness for change and the individual's capacity to integrate new health care or community supports into the individual's life;

(12) offer or facilitate the provision of wellness and prevention education on evidenced-based curriculums specific to the prevention and management of common chronic conditions;

(13) help an individual set up and prepare for appointments, including accompanying the individual to appointments as appropriate, and follow up with the individual after medical, behavioral health, social service, or community support appointments;

(14) offer or facilitate the provision of health coaching related to chronic disease management and how to navigate complex systems of care to the individual, the individual's family, and identified supports;

(15) connect an individual, the individual's family, and identified supports to appropriate support services that help the individual overcome access or service barriers, increase self-sufficiency skills, and improve overall health;

(16) provide effective referrals and timely access to services; and

(17) establish a continuous quality improvement process for providing behavioral health home services.

(b) The behavioral health home services provider must also create a plan, in partnership with the individual and the individual's identified supports, to support the individual after discharge from a hospital, residential treatment program, or other setting. The plan must include protocols for:

(1) maintaining contact between the behavioral health home services team member and the individual and the individual's identified supports during and after discharge;

(2) linking the individual to new resources as needed;

(3) reestablishing the individual's existing services and community and social supports; and

(4) following up with appropriate entities to transfer or obtain the individual's service records as necessary for continued care.

(c) If the individual is enrolled in a managed care plan, a behavioral health home services provider must:

(1) notify the behavioral health home services contact designated by the managed care plan within 30 days of when the individual begins behavioral health home services; and

(2) adhere to the managed care plan communication and coordination requirements described in the behavioral health home services manual.

(d) Before terminating behavioral health home services, the behavioral health home services provider must:

(1) provide a 60-day notice of termination of behavioral health home services to all individuals receiving behavioral health home services, the department, and managed care plans, if applicable; and

(2) refer individuals receiving behavioral health home services to a new behavioral health home services provider.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0757, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 14. **Provider variances.** (a) The commissioner may grant a variance to specific requirements under subdivision 10, 11, 12, or 13 for a behavioral health home services provider according to this subdivision.

(b) The commissioner may grant a variance if the commissioner finds that (1) failure to grant the variance would result in hardship or injustice to the applicant, (2) the variance would be consistent with the public interest, and (3) the variance would not reduce the level of services provided to individuals served by the organization.

(c) The commissioner may grant a variance from one or more requirements to permit an applicant to offer behavioral health home services of a type or in a manner that is innovative if the commissioner finds that the variance does not impede the achievement of the criteria in subdivision 10, 11, 12, or 13 and may improve the behavioral health home services provided by the applicant.

(d) The commissioner's decision to grant or deny a variance request is final and not subject to appeal.

Sec. 23. **[256B.0759] SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER DEMONSTRATION PROJECT.**

Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** The commissioner shall develop and implement a medical assistance demonstration project to test reforms of Minnesota's substance use disorder treatment system to ensure individuals with substance use disorders have access to a full continuum of high quality care.

Subd. 2. **Provider participation.** Substance use disorder treatment providers may elect to participate in the demonstration project and fulfill the requirements under subdivision 3. To participate, a provider must notify the commissioner of the provider's intent to participate in a format required by the commissioner and enroll as a demonstration project provider.

Subd. 3. **Provider standards.** (a) The commissioner shall establish requirements for participating providers that are consistent with the federal requirements of the demonstration project.

(b) Participating residential providers must obtain applicable licensure under chapters 245F, 245G, or other applicable standards for the services provided and must:

(1) deliver services in accordance with American Society of Addiction Medicine (ASAM) standards;

(2) maintain formal patient referral arrangements with providers delivering step-up or step-down levels of care in accordance with ASAM standards; and

(3) provide or arrange for medication-assisted treatment services if requested by a client for whom an effective medication exists.

(c) Participating outpatient providers must be licensed and must:

(1) deliver services in accordance with ASAM standards; and

(2) maintain formal patient referral arrangements with providers delivering step-up or step-down levels of care in accordance with ASAM standards.

(d) If the provider standards under chapter 245G or other applicable standards conflict or are duplicative, the commissioner may grant variances to the standards if the variances do not conflict with federal requirements. The commissioner shall publish service components, service standards, and staffing requirements for participating providers that are consistent with ASAM standards and federal requirements.

Subd. 4. **Provider payment rates.** (a) Payment rates for participating providers must be increased for services provided to medical assistance enrollees.

(b) For substance use disorder services under section 254B.05, subdivision 5, paragraph (b), clause (8), payment rates must be increased by 15 percent over the rates in effect on January 1, 2020.

(c) For substance use disorder services under section 254B.05, subdivision 5, paragraph (b), clauses (1), (6), (7), and (10), payment rates must be increased by ten percent over the rates in effect on January 1, 2021.

Subd. 5. **Federal approval.** The commissioner shall seek federal approval to implement the demonstration project under this section and to receive federal financial participation.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256I.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Individual eligibility requirements.** An individual is eligible for and entitled to a housing support payment to be made on the individual's behalf if the agency has approved the setting where the individual will receive housing support and the individual meets the requirements in paragraph (a), (b), or (c).

(a) The individual is aged, blind, or is over 18 years of age with a disability as determined under the criteria used by the title II program of the Social Security Act, and meets the resource restrictions

and standards of section 256P.02, and the individual's countable income after deducting the (1) exclusions and disregards of the SSI program, (2) the medical assistance personal needs allowance under section 256B.35, and (3) an amount equal to the income actually made available to a community spouse by an elderly waiver participant under the provisions of sections 256B.0575, paragraph (a), clause (4), and 256B.058, subdivision 2, is less than the monthly rate specified in the agency's agreement with the provider of housing support in which the individual resides.

(b) The individual meets a category of eligibility under section 256D.05, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clauses (1), (3), (4) to (8), and (13), and paragraph (b), if applicable, and the individual's resources are less than the standards specified by section 256P.02, and the individual's countable income as determined under section 256P.06, less the medical assistance personal needs allowance under section 256B.35 is less than the monthly rate specified in the agency's agreement with the provider of housing support in which the individual resides.

~~(c) The individual receives licensed residential crisis stabilization services under section 256B.0624, subdivision 7, and is receiving medical assistance. The individual may receive concurrent housing support payments if receiving licensed residential crisis stabilization services under section 256B.0624, subdivision 7.~~ lacks a fixed, adequate, nighttime residence upon discharge from a residential behavioral health treatment program, as determined by treatment staff from the residential behavioral health treatment program. An individual is eligible under this paragraph for up to three months, including a full or partial month from the individual's move-in date at a setting approved for housing support following discharge from treatment, plus two full months.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective September 1, 2019.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256I.04, subdivision 2f, is amended to read:

Subd. 2f. **Required services.** (a) In licensed and registered settings under subdivision 2a, providers shall ensure that participants have at a minimum:

- (1) food preparation and service for three nutritional meals a day on site;
- (2) a bed, clothing storage, linen, bedding, laundering, and laundry supplies or service;
- (3) housekeeping, including cleaning and lavatory supplies or service; and

(4) maintenance and operation of the building and grounds, including heat, water, garbage removal, electricity, telephone for the site, cooling, supplies, and parts and tools to repair and maintain equipment and facilities.

(b) Providers serving participants described in subdivision 1, paragraph (c), shall assist participants in applying for continuing housing support payments before the end of the eligibility period.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective September 1, 2019.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256I.06, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. **Amount of housing support payment.** (a) The amount of a room and board payment to be made on behalf of an eligible individual is determined by subtracting the individual's countable

income under section 256I.04, subdivision 1, for a whole calendar month from the room and board rate for that same month. The housing support payment is determined by multiplying the housing support rate times the period of time the individual was a resident or temporarily absent under section 256I.05, subdivision 1c, paragraph (d).

(b) For an individual with earned income under paragraph (a), prospective budgeting must be used to determine the amount of the individual's payment for the following six-month period. An increase in income shall not affect an individual's eligibility or payment amount until the month following the reporting month. A decrease in income shall be effective the first day of the month after the month in which the decrease is reported.

(c) For an individual who receives ~~licensed residential crisis stabilization services under section 256B.0624, subdivision 7,~~ housing support payments under section 256I.04, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), the amount of housing support payment amount is determined by multiplying the housing support rate times the period of time the individual was a resident.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective September 1, 2019.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 641.15, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:

Subd. 3a. **Intake procedure; approved mental health screening; data sharing.** As part of its intake procedure for new prisoners, the sheriff or local corrections shall use a mental health screening tool approved by the commissioner of corrections, in consultation with the commissioner of human services and local corrections staff, to identify persons who may have a mental illness. Notwithstanding section 13.85, the sheriff or local corrections may share the names of persons who have screened positive for or may have a mental illness with the local county social services agency. The sheriff or local corrections may refer a person to county personnel of the welfare system, as defined in section 13.46, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), in order to arrange for services upon discharge and may share private data on the individual as necessary to:

- (1) provide assistance in filling out an application for medical assistance or MinnesotaCare;
- (2) make a referral for case management as provided under section 245.467, subdivision 4;
- (3) provide assistance in obtaining a state photo identification;
- (4) secure a timely appointment with a psychiatrist or other appropriate community mental health provider;
- (5) provide prescriptions for a 30-day supply of all necessary medications; or
- (6) provide for behavioral health service coordination.

Sec. 28. **REPEALER.**

(a) Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 254B.03, subdivision 4a, is repealed.

(b) Minnesota Rules, parts 9530.6800; and 9530.6810, are repealed.

ARTICLE 4**CONTINUING CARE FOR OLDER ADULTS**

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144A.073, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 16. **Moratorium exception funding.** In fiscal year 2020, the commissioner may approve moratorium exception projects under this section for which the full annualized state share of medical assistance costs does not exceed \$2,000,000 plus any carryover of previous appropriations for this purpose.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256R.25, is amended to read:

256R.25 EXTERNAL FIXED COSTS PAYMENT RATE.

(a) The payment rate for external fixed costs is the sum of the amounts in paragraphs (b) to ~~(h)~~ (o).

(b) For a facility licensed as a nursing home, the portion related to the provider surcharge under section 256.9657 is equal to \$8.86 per resident day. For a facility licensed as both a nursing home and a boarding care home, the portion related to the provider surcharge under section 256.9657 is equal to \$8.86 per resident day multiplied by the result of its number of nursing home beds divided by its total number of licensed beds.

(c) The portion related to the licensure fee under section 144.122, paragraph (d), is the amount of the fee divided by the sum of the facility's resident days.

(d) The portion related to development and education of resident and family advisory councils under section 144A.33 is \$5 per resident day divided by 365.

(e) The portion related to scholarships is determined under section 256R.37.

(f) The portion related to planned closure rate adjustments is as determined under section 256R.40, subdivision 5, and Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 256B.436.

(g) The portion related to consolidation rate adjustments shall be as determined under section 144A.071, subdivisions 4c, paragraph (a), clauses (5) and (6), and 4d.

(h) The portion related to single-bed room incentives is as determined under section 256R.41.

(i) The portions related to real estate taxes, special assessments, and payments made in lieu of real estate taxes directly identified or allocated to the nursing facility are the actual amounts divided by the sum of the facility's resident days. Allowable costs under this paragraph for payments made by a nonprofit nursing facility that are in lieu of real estate taxes shall not exceed the amount which the nursing facility would have paid to a city or township and county for fire, police, sanitation services, and road maintenance costs had real estate taxes been levied on that property for those purposes.

(j) The portion related to employer health insurance costs is the allowable costs divided by the sum of the facility's resident days.

(k) The portion related to the Public Employees Retirement Association is actual costs divided by the sum of the facility's resident days.

(l) The portion related to quality improvement incentive payment rate adjustments is the amount determined under section 256R.39.

(m) The portion related to performance-based incentive payments is the amount determined under section 256R.38.

(n) The portion related to special dietary needs is the amount determined under section 256R.51.

(o) The portion related to the rate adjustments for border city facilities is the amount determined under section 256R.481.

Sec. 3. **[256R.481] RATE ADJUSTMENTS FOR BORDER CITY FACILITIES.**

(a) The commissioner shall allow each nonprofit nursing facility located within the boundaries of the city of Breckenridge or Moorhead prior to January 1, 2015, to apply once annually for a rate add-on to the facility's external fixed costs payment rate.

(b) A facility seeking an add-on to its external fixed costs payment rate under this section must apply annually to the commissioner to receive the add-on. A facility must submit the application within 60 calendar days of the effective date of any add-on under this section. The commissioner may waive the deadlines required by this paragraph under extraordinary circumstances.

(c) The commissioner shall provide the add-on to each eligible facility that applies by the application deadline.

(d) The add-on to the external fixed costs payment rate is the difference on January 1 of the median total payment rate for case mix classification PA1 of the nonprofit facilities located in an adjacent city in another state and in cities contiguous to the adjacent city minus the eligible nursing facility's total payment rate for case mix classification PA1 as determined under section 256R.22, subdivision 4.

EFFECTIVE DATE. The add-on to the external fixed costs payment rate described in Minnesota Statutes, section 256R.481, is available for the rate years beginning on and after January 1, 2021.

Sec. 4. **REPEALER.**

Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256R.53, subdivision 2, is repealed effective January 1, 2021.

ARTICLE 5

DISABILITY SERVICES

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 245A.03, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. **Licensing moratorium.** (a) The commissioner shall not issue an initial license for child foster care licensed under Minnesota Rules, parts 2960.3000 to 2960.3340, or adult foster care licensed under Minnesota Rules, parts 9555.5105 to 9555.6265, under this chapter for a physical location that will not be the primary residence of the license holder for the entire period of licensure. If a license is issued during this moratorium, and the license holder changes the license holder's primary residence away from the physical location of the foster care license, the commissioner shall revoke the license according to section 245A.07. The commissioner shall not issue an initial license for a community residential setting licensed under chapter 245D. When approving an exception under this paragraph, the commissioner shall consider the resource need determination process in paragraph (h), the availability of foster care licensed beds in the geographic area in which the licensee seeks to operate, the results of a person's choices during their annual assessment and service plan review, and the recommendation of the local county board. The determination by the commissioner is final and not subject to appeal. Exceptions to the moratorium include:

(1) foster care settings that are required to be registered under chapter 144D;

(2) foster care licenses replacing foster care licenses in existence on May 15, 2009, or community residential setting licenses replacing adult foster care licenses in existence on December 31, 2013, and determined to be needed by the commissioner under paragraph (b);

(3) new foster care licenses or community residential setting licenses determined to be needed by the commissioner under paragraph (b) for the closure of a nursing facility, ICF/DD, or regional treatment center; restructuring of state-operated services that limits the capacity of state-operated facilities; or allowing movement to the community for people who no longer require the level of care provided in state-operated facilities as provided under section 256B.092, subdivision 13, or 256B.49, subdivision 24;

(4) new foster care licenses or community residential setting licenses determined to be needed by the commissioner under paragraph (b) for persons requiring hospital level care;

(5) new foster care licenses or community residential setting licenses determined to be needed by the commissioner for the transition of people from personal care assistance to the home and community-based services;

(6) new foster care licenses or community residential setting licenses determined to be needed by the commissioner for the transition of people from the residential care waiver services to foster care services. This exception applies only when:

(i) the person's case manager provided the person with information about the choice of service, service provider, and location of service to help the person make an informed choice; and

(ii) the person's foster care services are less than or equal to the cost of the person's services delivered in the residential care waiver service setting as determined by the lead agency; or

(7) new foster care licenses or community residential setting licenses for people receiving services under chapter 245D and residing in an unlicensed setting before May 1, 2017, and for which a license is required. This exception does not apply to people living in their own home. For purposes of this clause, there is a presumption that a foster care or community residential setting license is required for services provided to three or more people in a dwelling unit when the setting is controlled

by the provider. A license holder subject to this exception may rebut the presumption that a license is required by seeking a reconsideration of the commissioner's determination. The commissioner's disposition of a request for reconsideration is final and not subject to appeal under chapter 14. The exception is available until June 30, ~~2018~~ 2019. This exception is available when:

(i) the person's case manager provided the person with information about the choice of service, service provider, and location of service, including in the person's home, to help the person make an informed choice; and

(ii) the person's services provided in the licensed foster care or community residential setting are less than or equal to the cost of the person's services delivered in the unlicensed setting as determined by the lead agency; or

(8) a vacancy in a setting granted an exception under clause (7), created between January 1, 2017, and the date of the exception request, by the departure of a person receiving services under chapter 245D and residing in the unlicensed setting between January 1, 2017, and May 1, 2017. This exception is available when the lead agency provides documentation to the commissioner on the eligibility criteria being met. This exception is available until June 30, 2019.

(b) The commissioner shall determine the need for newly licensed foster care homes or community residential settings as defined under this subdivision. As part of the determination, the commissioner shall consider the availability of foster care capacity in the area in which the licensee seeks to operate, and the recommendation of the local county board. The determination by the commissioner must be final. A determination of need is not required for a change in ownership at the same address.

~~(c) When an adult resident served by the program moves out of a~~ for any reason permanently vacates a bed in an adult foster care home that is not the primary residence of the license holder according to section 256B.49, subdivision 15, paragraph (f), or the a bed in an adult community residential setting, the county shall immediately inform the Department of Human Services Licensing Division commissioner. Within six months of the second bed being permanently vacated, the department may commissioner shall decrease the statewide licensed capacity for adult foster care settings by one bed for every two beds vacated.

(d) Residential settings that would otherwise be subject to the decreased license capacity established in paragraph (c) shall be exempt if the license holder's beds are occupied by residents whose primary diagnosis is mental illness and the license holder is certified under the requirements in subdivision 6a or section 245D.33.

(e) A resource need determination process, managed at the state level, using the available reports required by section 144A.351, and other data and information shall be used to determine where the reduced capacity determined under section 256B.493 will be implemented. The commissioner shall consult with the stakeholders described in section 144A.351, and employ a variety of methods to improve the state's capacity to meet the informed decisions of those people who want to move out of corporate foster care or community residential settings, long-term service needs within budgetary limits, including seeking proposals from service providers or lead agencies to change service type, capacity, or location to improve services, increase the independence of residents, and better meet needs identified by the long-term services and supports reports and statewide data and information.

(f) At the time of application and reapplication for licensure, the applicant and the license holder that are subject to the moratorium or an exclusion established in paragraph (a) are required to inform the commissioner whether the physical location where the foster care will be provided is or will be the primary residence of the license holder for the entire period of licensure. If the primary residence of the applicant or license holder changes, the applicant or license holder must notify the commissioner immediately. The commissioner shall print on the foster care license certificate whether or not the physical location is the primary residence of the license holder.

(g) License holders of foster care homes identified under paragraph (f) that are not the primary residence of the license holder and that also provide services in the foster care home that are covered by a federally approved home and community-based services waiver, as authorized under section 256B.0915, 256B.092, or 256B.49, must inform the human services licensing division that the license holder provides or intends to provide these waiver-funded services.

(h) The commissioner may adjust capacity to address needs identified in section 144A.351. Under this authority, the commissioner may approve new licensed settings or delicense existing settings. Delicensing of settings will be accomplished through a process identified in section 256B.493. Annually, by August 1, the commissioner shall provide information and data on capacity of licensed long-term services and supports, actions taken under the subdivision to manage statewide long-term services and supports resources, and any recommendations for change to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over the health and human services budget.

(i) The commissioner must notify a license holder when its corporate foster care or community residential setting licensed beds are reduced under this section. The notice of reduction of licensed beds must be in writing and delivered to the license holder by certified mail or personal service. The notice must state why the licensed beds are reduced and must inform the license holder of its right to request reconsideration by the commissioner. The license holder's request for reconsideration must be in writing. If mailed, the request for reconsideration must be postmarked and sent to the commissioner within 20 calendar days after the license holder's receipt of the notice of reduction of licensed beds. If a request for reconsideration is made by personal service, it must be received by the commissioner within 20 calendar days after the license holder's receipt of the notice of reduction of licensed beds.

(j) The commissioner shall not issue an initial license for children's residential treatment services licensed under Minnesota Rules, parts 2960.0580 to 2960.0700, under this chapter for a program that Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services would consider an institution for mental diseases. Facilities that serve only private pay clients are exempt from the moratorium described in this paragraph. The commissioner has the authority to manage existing statewide capacity for children's residential treatment services subject to the moratorium under this paragraph and may issue an initial license for such facilities if the initial license would not increase the statewide capacity for children's residential treatment services subject to the moratorium under this paragraph.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2019, except the amendment to paragraph (a) adding clause (8) is effective retroactively from July 1, 2018, and applies to exception requests made on or after that date.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 245A.11, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

Subd. 2a. **Adult foster care and community residential setting license capacity.** (a) The commissioner shall issue adult foster care and community residential setting licenses with a maximum licensed capacity of four beds, including nonstaff roomers and boarders, except that the commissioner may issue a license with a capacity of ~~five~~ up to six beds, including roomers and boarders, according to paragraphs (b) to (g).

(b) The license holder may have a maximum license capacity of five if all persons in care are age 55 or over and do not have a serious and persistent mental illness or a developmental disability.

(c) The commissioner may grant variances to paragraph (b) to allow a facility with a licensed capacity of up to five persons to admit an individual under the age of 55 if the variance complies with section 245A.04, subdivision 9, and approval of the variance is recommended by the county in which the licensed facility is located.

(d) The commissioner may grant variances to paragraph (a) to allow the use of an additional bed, up to five, for emergency crisis services for a person with serious and persistent mental illness or a developmental disability, regardless of age, if the variance complies with section 245A.04, subdivision 9, and approval of the variance is recommended by the county in which the licensed facility is located.

(e) The commissioner may grant a variance to paragraph (b) to allow for the use of an additional bed, up to five, for respite services, as defined in section 245A.02, for persons with disabilities, regardless of age, if the variance complies with sections 245A.03, subdivision 7, and 245A.04, subdivision 9, and approval of the variance is recommended by the county in which the licensed facility is located. Respite care may be provided under the following conditions:

(1) staffing ratios cannot be reduced below the approved level for the individuals being served in the home on a permanent basis;

(2) no more than two different individuals can be accepted for respite services in any calendar month and the total respite days may not exceed 120 days per program in any calendar year;

(3) the person receiving respite services must have his or her own bedroom, which could be used for alternative purposes when not used as a respite bedroom, and cannot be the room of another person who lives in the facility; and

(4) individuals living in the facility must be notified when the variance is approved. The provider must give 60 days' notice in writing to the residents and their legal representatives prior to accepting the first respite placement. Notice must be given to residents at least two days prior to service initiation, or as soon as the license holder is able if they receive notice of the need for respite less than two days prior to initiation, each time a respite client will be served, unless the requirement for this notice is waived by the resident or legal guardian.

(f) The commissioner may issue an adult foster care or community residential setting license with a capacity of ~~five~~ six adults if the ~~fifth bed does~~ and sixth beds do not increase the overall statewide capacity of licensed adult foster care or community residential setting beds in homes that are not the primary residence of the license holder, as identified in a plan submitted to the commissioner by the county, when the capacity is recommended by the county licensing agency of the county in which the facility is located and if the recommendation verifies that:

(1) the facility meets the physical environment requirements in the adult foster care licensing rule;

(2) the five-bed or six-bed living arrangement is specified for each resident in the resident's:

(i) individualized plan of care;

(ii) individual service plan under section 256B.092, subdivision 1b, if required; or

(iii) individual resident placement agreement under Minnesota Rules, part 9555.5105, subpart 19, if required;

(3) the license holder obtains written and signed informed consent from each resident or resident's legal representative documenting the resident's informed choice to remain living in the home and that the resident's refusal to consent would not have resulted in service termination; and

(4) the facility was licensed for adult foster care before ~~March 1, 2011~~ June 30, 2016.

(g) The commissioner shall not issue a new adult foster care license under paragraph (f) after June 30, ~~2019~~ 2021. The commissioner shall allow a facility with an adult foster care license issued under paragraph (f) before June 30, ~~2019~~ 2021, to continue with a capacity of five or six adults if the license holder continues to comply with the requirements in paragraph (f).

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 245D.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Applicability.** (a) The commissioner shall regulate the provision of home and community-based services to persons with disabilities and persons age 65 and older pursuant to this chapter. The licensing standards in this chapter govern the provision of basic support services and intensive support services.

(b) Basic support services provide the level of assistance, supervision, and care that is necessary to ensure the health and welfare of the person and do not include services that are specifically directed toward the training, treatment, habilitation, or rehabilitation of the person. Basic support services include:

(1) in-home and out-of-home respite care services as defined in section 245A.02, subdivision 15, and under the brain injury, community alternative care, community access for disability inclusion, developmental ~~disability~~ disabilities, and elderly waiver plans, excluding out-of-home respite care provided to children in a family child foster care home licensed under Minnesota Rules, parts 2960.3000 to 2960.3100, when the child foster care license holder complies with the requirements under section 245D.06, subdivisions 5, 6, 7, and 8, or successor provisions; and section 245D.061 or successor provisions, which must be stipulated in the statement of intended use required under Minnesota Rules, part 2960.3000, subpart 4;

(2) adult companion services as defined under the brain injury, community access for disability inclusion, community alternative care, and elderly waiver plans, excluding adult companion services provided under the Corporation for National and Community Services Senior Companion Program established under the Domestic Volunteer Service Act of 1973, Public Law 98-288;

(3) personal support as defined under the developmental ~~disability~~ disabilities waiver plan;

(4) 24-hour emergency assistance, personal emergency response as defined under the community access for disability inclusion and developmental ~~disability~~ disabilities waiver plans;

(5) night supervision services as defined under the brain injury, community access for disability inclusion, community alternative care, and developmental disabilities waiver ~~plan~~ plans;

(6) homemaker services as defined under the community access for disability inclusion, brain injury, community alternative care, developmental ~~disability~~ disabilities, and elderly waiver plans, excluding providers licensed by the Department of Health under chapter 144A and those providers providing cleaning services only; and

(7) individual community living support under section 256B.0915, subdivision 3j.

(c) Intensive support services provide assistance, supervision, and care that is necessary to ensure the health and welfare of the person and services specifically directed toward the training, habilitation, or rehabilitation of the person. Intensive support services include:

(1) intervention services, including:

(i) ~~behavioral~~ positive support services as defined under the brain injury and community access for disability inclusion, community alternative care, and developmental disabilities waiver plans;

(ii) in-home or out-of-home crisis respite services as defined under the brain injury, community access for disability inclusion, community alternative care, and developmental ~~disability~~ disabilities waiver ~~plan~~ plans; and

(iii) specialist services as defined under the current brain injury, community access for disability inclusion, community alternative care, and developmental ~~disability~~ disabilities waiver ~~plan~~ plans;

(2) in-home support services, including:

(i) in-home family support and supported living services as defined under the developmental ~~disability~~ disabilities waiver plan;

(ii) independent living services training as defined under the brain injury and community access for disability inclusion waiver plans;

(iii) semi-independent living services; and

(iv) individualized home supports services as defined under the brain injury, community alternative care, and community access for disability inclusion waiver plans;

(3) residential supports and services, including:

(i) supported living services as defined under the developmental ~~disability~~ disabilities waiver plan provided in a family or corporate child foster care residence, a family adult foster care residence, a community residential setting, or a supervised living facility;

(ii) foster care services as defined in the brain injury, community alternative care, and community access for disability inclusion waiver plans provided in a family or corporate child foster care residence, a family adult foster care residence, or a community residential setting; and

(iii) residential services provided to more than four persons with developmental disabilities in a supervised living facility, including ICFs/DD;

(4) day services, including:

(i) structured day services as defined under the brain injury waiver plan;

(ii) day training and habilitation services under sections 252.41 to 252.46, and as defined under the developmental ~~disability~~ disabilities waiver plan; and

(iii) prevocational services as defined under the brain injury and community access for disability inclusion waiver plans; and

(5) employment exploration services as defined under the brain injury, community alternative care, community access for disability inclusion, and developmental ~~disability~~ disabilities waiver plans;

(6) employment development services as defined under the brain injury, community alternative care, community access for disability inclusion, and developmental ~~disability~~ disabilities waiver plans; and

(7) employment support services as defined under the brain injury, community alternative care, community access for disability inclusion, and developmental ~~disability~~ disabilities waiver plans.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 245D.071, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Service plan review and evaluation. (a) The license holder must give the person or the person's legal representative and case manager an opportunity to participate in the ongoing review and development of the service plan and the methods used to support the person and accomplish outcomes identified in subdivisions 3 and 4. At least once per year, or within 30 days of a written request by the person, the person's legal representative, or the case manager, the license holder, in coordination with the person's support team or expanded support team, must meet with the person, the person's legal representative, and the case manager, and participate in service plan review meetings following stated timelines established in the person's coordinated service and support plan or coordinated service and support plan addendum ~~or within 30 days of a written request by the person, the person's legal representative, or the case manager, at a minimum of once per year.~~ The purpose of the service plan review is to determine whether changes are needed to the service plan based on the assessment information, the license holder's evaluation of progress towards accomplishing outcomes, or other information provided by the support team or expanded support team.

(b) At least once per year, the license holder, in coordination with the person's support team or expanded support team, must meet with the person, the person's legal representative, and the case manager to discuss how technology might be used to meet the person's desired outcomes. The coordinated service and support plan addendum must include a summary of this discussion. The

summary must include a statement regarding any decision made related to the use of technology and a description of any further research that must be completed before a decision regarding the use of technology can be made. Nothing in this paragraph requires the coordinated service and support plan addendum to include the use of technology for the provision of services.

~~(b)~~ (c) The license holder must summarize the person's status and progress toward achieving the identified outcomes and make recommendations and identify the rationale for changing, continuing, or discontinuing implementation of supports and methods identified in subdivision 4 in a report available at the time of the progress review meeting. The report must be sent at least five working days prior to the progress review meeting if requested by the team in the coordinated service and support plan or coordinated service and support plan addendum.

~~(e)~~ (d) The license holder must send the coordinated service and support plan addendum to the person, the person's legal representative, and the case manager by mail within ten working days of the progress review meeting. Within ten working days of the mailing of the coordinated service and support plan addendum, the license holder must obtain dated signatures from the person or the person's legal representative and the case manager to document approval of any changes to the coordinated service and support plan addendum.

~~(d)~~ (e) If, within ten working days of submitting changes to the coordinated service and support plan and coordinated service and support plan addendum, the person or the person's legal representative or case manager has not signed and returned to the license holder the coordinated service and support plan or coordinated service and support plan addendum or has not proposed written modifications to the license holder's submission, the submission is deemed approved and the coordinated service and support plan addendum becomes effective and remains in effect until the legal representative or case manager submits a written request to revise the coordinated service and support plan addendum.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 245D.09, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Annual training.** A license holder must provide annual training to direct support staff on the topics identified in subdivision 4, clauses (3) to (10). If the direct support staff has a first aid certification, annual training under subdivision 4, clause (9), is not required as long as the certification remains current. ~~A license holder must provide a minimum of 24 hours of annual training to direct service staff providing intensive services and having fewer than five years of documented experience and 12 hours of annual training to direct service staff providing intensive services and having five or more years of documented experience in topics described in subdivisions 4 and 4a, paragraphs (a) to (f). Training on relevant topics received from sources other than the license holder may count toward training requirements. A license holder must provide a minimum of 12 hours of annual training to direct service staff providing basic services and having fewer than five years of documented experience and six hours of annual training to direct service staff providing basic services and having five or more years of documented experience.~~

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 245D.09, subdivision 5a, is amended to read:

Subd. 5a. **Alternative sources of training.** ~~The commissioner may approve online training and competency-based assessments in place of a specific number of hours of training in the topics~~

~~covered in subdivision 4. The commissioner must provide a list of preapproved trainings that do not need approval for each individual license holder.~~

Orientation or training received by the staff person from sources other than the license holder in the same subjects as identified in subdivision 4 may count toward the orientation and annual training requirements if received in the 12-month period before the staff person's date of hire. The license holder must maintain documentation of the training received from other sources and of each staff person's competency in the required area according to the requirements in subdivision 3.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 245D.091, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. ~~Behavior~~ **Positive support professional qualifications.** A ~~behavior~~ behavior positive support professional providing ~~behavioral positive~~ support services as identified in section 245D.03, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), clause (1), item (i), must have competencies in the following areas as required under the brain injury ~~and~~ community access for disability inclusion, community alternative care, and developmental disabilities waiver plans or successor plans:

- (1) ethical considerations;
- (2) functional assessment;
- (3) functional analysis;
- (4) measurement of behavior and interpretation of data;
- (5) selecting intervention outcomes and strategies;
- (6) behavior reduction and elimination strategies that promote least restrictive approved alternatives;
- (7) data collection;
- (8) staff and caregiver training;
- (9) support plan monitoring;
- (10) co-occurring mental disorders or neurocognitive disorder;
- (11) demonstrated expertise with populations being served; and
- (12) must be a:
 - (i) psychologist licensed under sections 148.88 to 148.98, who has stated to the Board of Psychology competencies in the above identified areas;
 - (ii) clinical social worker licensed as an independent clinical social worker under chapter 148D, or a person with a master's degree in social work from an accredited college or university, with at least 4,000 hours of post-master's supervised experience in the delivery of clinical services in the areas identified in clauses (1) to (11);

(iii) physician licensed under chapter 147 and certified by the American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology or eligible for board certification in psychiatry with competencies in the areas identified in clauses (1) to (11);

(iv) licensed professional clinical counselor licensed under sections 148B.29 to 148B.39 with at least 4,000 hours of post-master's supervised experience in the delivery of clinical services who has demonstrated competencies in the areas identified in clauses (1) to (11);

(v) person with a master's degree from an accredited college or university in one of the behavioral sciences or related fields, with at least 4,000 hours of post-master's supervised experience in the delivery of clinical services with demonstrated competencies in the areas identified in clauses (1) to (11); ~~or~~

(vi) person with a master's degree or PhD in one of the behavioral sciences or related fields with demonstrated expertise in positive support services; or

(vii) registered nurse who is licensed under sections 148.171 to 148.285, and who is certified as a clinical specialist or as a nurse practitioner in adult or family psychiatric and mental health nursing by a national nurse certification organization, or who has a master's degree in nursing or one of the behavioral sciences or related fields from an accredited college or university or its equivalent, with at least 4,000 hours of post-master's supervised experience in the delivery of clinical services.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 245D.091, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Behavior Positive support analyst qualifications.** (a) A ~~behavior~~ positive support analyst providing ~~behavioral~~ positive support services as identified in section 245D.03, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), clause (1), item (i), must have competencies in the following areas as required under the brain injury ~~and~~, community access for disability inclusion, community alternative care, and developmental disabilities waiver plans or successor plans:

(1) have obtained a baccalaureate degree, master's degree, or PhD in a social services discipline; ~~or~~

(2) meet the qualifications of a mental health practitioner as defined in section 245.462, subdivision 17; or

(3) be a board-certified behavior analyst or board-certified assistant behavior analyst by the Behavior Analyst Certification Board, Incorporated.

(b) In addition, a ~~behavior~~ positive support analyst must:

(1) have four years of supervised experience ~~working with individuals who exhibit challenging behaviors as well as co-occurring mental disorders or neurocognitive disorder~~ conducting functional behavior assessments and designing, implementing, and evaluating effectiveness of positive practices behavior support strategies for people who exhibit challenging behaviors as well as co-occurring mental disorders and neurocognitive disorder;

(2) ~~have received ten hours of instruction in functional assessment and functional analysis; training prior to hire or within 90 calendar days of hire that includes:~~

(i) ten hours of instruction in functional assessment and functional analysis;

(ii) 20 hours of instruction in the understanding of the function of behavior;

(iii) ten hours of instruction on design of positive practices behavior support strategies;

(iv) 20 hours of instruction preparing written intervention strategies, designing data collection protocols, training other staff to implement positive practice strategies, summarizing and reporting program evaluation data, analyzing program evaluation data to identify design flaws in behavioral interventions or failures in implementation fidelity, and recommending enhancements based on evaluation data; and

(v) eight hours of instruction on principles of person-centered thinking;

~~(3) have received 20 hours of instruction in the understanding of the function of behavior;~~

~~(4) have received ten hours of instruction on design of positive practices behavior support strategies;~~

~~(5) have received 20 hours of instruction on the use of behavior reduction approved strategies used only in combination with behavior positive practices strategies;~~

~~(6) (3) be determined by a behavior positive support professional to have the training and prerequisite skills required to provide positive practice strategies as well as behavior reduction approved and permitted intervention to the person who receives behavioral positive support; and~~

~~(7) (4) be under the direct supervision of a behavior positive support professional.~~

(c) Meeting the qualifications for a positive support professional under subdivision 2 shall substitute for meeting the qualifications listed in paragraph (b).

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 245D.091, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Behavior Positive support specialist qualifications.** (a) A behavior positive support specialist providing behavioral positive support services as identified in section 245D.03, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), clause (1), item (i), must have competencies in the following areas as required under the brain injury and, community access for disability inclusion, community alternative care, and developmental disabilities waiver plans or successor plans:

(1) have an associate's degree in a social services discipline; or

(2) have two years of supervised experience working with individuals who exhibit challenging behaviors as well as co-occurring mental disorders or neurocognitive disorder.

(b) In addition, a behavior specialist must:

(1) have received training prior to hire or within 90 calendar days of hire that includes:

- (i) a minimum of four hours of training in functional assessment;
 - ~~(2) have received~~ (ii) 20 hours of instruction in the understanding of the function of behavior;
 - ~~(3) have received~~ (iii) ten hours of instruction on design of positive practices behavioral support strategies; and
 - (iv) eight hours of instruction on principles of person-centered thinking;
 - ~~(4) (2)~~ be determined by a ~~behavior~~ positive support professional to have the training and prerequisite skills required to provide positive practices strategies as well as behavior reduction approved intervention to the person who receives ~~behavioral~~ positive support; and
 - ~~(5) (3)~~ be under the direct supervision of a ~~behavior~~ positive support professional.
- (c) Meeting the qualifications for a positive support professional under subdivision 2 shall substitute for meeting the qualifications listed in paragraphs (a) and (b).

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 252.275, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Reimbursement.** Counties shall be reimbursed for all expenditures made pursuant to subdivision 1 at a rate of ~~70~~ 85 percent, up to the allocation determined pursuant to subdivisions 4 and 4b. However, the commissioner shall not reimburse costs of services for any person if the costs exceed the state share of the average medical assistance costs for services provided by intermediate care facilities for a person with a developmental disability for the same fiscal year, and shall not reimburse costs of a onetime living allowance for any person if the costs exceed \$1,500 in a state fiscal year. The commissioner may make payments to each county in quarterly installments. The commissioner may certify an advance of up to 25 percent of the allocation. Subsequent payments shall be made on a reimbursement basis for reported expenditures and may be adjusted for anticipated spending patterns.

Sec. 11. **[256.488] ADAPTIVE FITNESS ACCESS GRANT.**

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) "Adaptive fitness" means the practice of physical fitness by an individual with primary physical disabilities, either as a consequence of the natural aging process or due to a developmental disability, mental health issue, congenital condition, trauma, injury, or disease.

(b) "Adaptive fitness center" means a center with modified equipment, equipment arrangement and space for access, and trainers with skills in modifying exercise programs specific to the physical and cognitive needs of individuals with disabilities.

(c) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services.

(d) "Disability" has the meaning given in the Americans with Disabilities Act.

Subd. 2. **Establishment.** A statewide adaptive fitness access grant program is established under the Department of Human Services to award grants to promote access to adaptive fitness for individuals with disabilities.

Subd. 3. **Application and review.** (a) The commissioner must develop a grant application that must contain, at a minimum:

(1) a description of the purpose or project for which the grant will be used;

(2) a description of the specific problem the grant intends to address;

(3) a description of achievable objectives, a work plan, and a timeline for implementation and completion of processes or projects enabled by the grant;

(4) a description of the existing frameworks and experience providing adaptive fitness; and

(5) a proposed process for documenting and evaluating results of the grant.

(b) An applicant must apply using the grant application developed by the commissioner.

(c) The commissioner shall review each application. The commissioner shall establish criteria to evaluate applications, including but not limited to:

(1) the application is complete;

(2) the eligibility of the applicant;

(3) the thoroughness and clarity in identifying the specific problem the grant intends to address;

(4) a description of the population demographics and service area of the proposed project;

(5) documentation the grant applicant has received cash or in-kind contributions of value equal to the requested grant amount; and

(6) the proposed project's longevity and demonstrated financial sustainability after the initial grant period.

(d) In evaluating applications, the commissioner may request additional information regarding a proposed project, including information on project cost. An applicant's failure to timely provide the information requested disqualifies an applicant.

Subd. 4. **Awards.** (a) The commissioner shall award grants to eligible applicants to provide adaptive fitness for individuals with disabilities.

(b) The commissioner shall award grants to qualifying nonprofit organizations that provide adaptive fitness in adaptive fitness centers. Grants must be used to assist one or more qualified nonprofit organizations to provide adaptive fitness, including: (1) stay fit; (2) activity-based locomotor exercise; (3) equipment necessary for adaptive fitness programs; (4) operating expenses related to staffing of adaptive fitness programs; and (5) other adaptive fitness programs as deemed appropriate by the commissioner.

(c) An applicant may apply for and the commissioner may award grants for two-year periods, and the commissioner shall determine the number of grants awarded. The commissioner may reallocate underspending among grantees within the same grant period.

Subd. 5. **Report.** Beginning December 1, 2020, and every two years thereafter, the commissioner of human services shall submit a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health and human services. The report shall, at a minimum, include the amount of funding awarded for each project, a description of the programs and services funded, plans for the long-term sustainability of the projects, and data on outcomes for the programs and services funded. Grantees must provide information and data requested by the commissioner to support the development of this report.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0625, subdivision 19a, is amended to read:

Subd. 19a. **Personal care assistance services.** Medical assistance covers personal care assistance services in a recipient's home. Effective January 1, ~~2010~~ 2020, to qualify for personal care assistance services, a recipient must require assistance and be determined dependent in one critical activity of daily living as defined in section 256B.0659, subdivision 1, paragraph ~~(b)~~ (e), or in a Level I behavior as defined in section 256B.0659, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), or have a behavior that shows increased vulnerability due to cognitive deficits or socially inappropriate behavior that requires assistance at least four times per week. Recipients or responsible parties must be able to identify the recipient's needs, direct and evaluate task accomplishment, and provide for health and safety. Approved hours may be used outside the home when normal life activities take them outside the home. To use personal care assistance services at school, the recipient or responsible party must provide written authorization in the care plan identifying the chosen provider and the daily amount of services to be used at school. Total hours for services, whether actually performed inside or outside the recipient's home, cannot exceed that which is otherwise allowed for personal care assistance services in an in-home setting according to sections 256B.0651 to 256B.0654. Medical assistance does not cover personal care assistance services for residents of a hospital, nursing facility, intermediate care facility, health care facility licensed by the commissioner of health, or unless a resident who is otherwise eligible is on leave from the facility and the facility either pays for the personal care assistance services or forgoes the facility per diem for the leave days that personal care assistance services are used. All personal care assistance services must be provided according to sections 256B.0651 to 256B.0654. Personal care assistance services may not be reimbursed if the personal care assistant is the spouse or paid guardian of the recipient or the parent of a recipient under age 18, or the responsible party or the family foster care provider of a recipient who cannot direct the recipient's own care unless, in the case of a foster care provider, a county or state case manager visits the recipient as needed, but not less than every six months, to monitor the health and safety of the recipient and to ensure the goals of the care plan are met. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 256B.0659, the unpaid guardian or conservator of an adult, who is not the responsible party and not the personal care provider organization, may be reimbursed to provide personal care assistance services to the recipient if the guardian or conservator meets all criteria for a personal care assistant according to section 256B.0659, and shall not be considered to have a service provider interest for purposes of participation on the screening team under section 256B.092, subdivision 7.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2020, or upon federal approval, whichever is later. The commissioner shall implement the modified eligibility criteria as annual assessments occur. The commissioner shall notify the revisor of statutes when federal approval is obtained.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0652, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Authorization; personal care assistance and qualified professional.** (a) All personal care assistance services, supervision by a qualified professional, and additional services beyond the limits established in subdivision 11, must be authorized by the commissioner or the commissioner's designee before services begin except for the assessments established in subdivision 11 and section 256B.0911. The authorization for personal care assistance and qualified professional services under section 256B.0659 must be completed within 30 days after receiving a complete request.

(b) The amount of personal care assistance services authorized must be based on the recipient's home care rating. The home care rating shall be determined by the commissioner or the commissioner's designee based on information submitted to the commissioner identifying the following for recipients with dependencies in two or more activities of daily living:

- (1) total number of dependencies of activities of daily living as defined in section 256B.0659;
- (2) presence of complex health-related needs as defined in section 256B.0659; and
- (3) presence of Level I behavior as defined in section 256B.0659.

(c) For purposes meeting the criteria in paragraph (b), the methodology to determine total time for personal care assistance services for each home care rating is based on the median paid units per day for each home care rating from fiscal year 2007 data for the personal care assistance program. Each home care rating has a base level of hours assigned. Additional time is added through the assessment and identification of the following:

- (1) 30 additional minutes per day for a dependency in each critical activity of daily living as defined in section 256B.0659;
- (2) 30 additional minutes per day for each complex health-related function as defined in section 256B.0659; and
- (3) 30 additional minutes per day for each behavior issue as defined in section 256B.0659, subdivision 4, paragraph (d).

(d) Effective July 1, 2011, the home care rating for recipients who have a dependency in one activity of daily living or Level I behavior shall equal no more than two units per day. Effective January 1, 2020, the home care rating for recipients who have a dependency in one critical activity of daily living or one Level I behavior or that require assistance with a behavior that shows increased vulnerability due to cognitive deficits or socially inappropriate behavior at least four times per week shall equal no more than two units per day. Recipients with this home care rating are not subject to the methodology in paragraph (c) and are not eligible for more than two units per day.

(e) A limit of 96 units of qualified professional supervision may be authorized for each recipient receiving personal care assistance services. A request to the commissioner to exceed this total in a calendar year must be requested by the personal care provider agency on a form approved by the commissioner.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2020, or upon federal approval, whichever is later. The commissioner shall implement the modified eligibility criteria as annual

assessments occur. The commissioner shall notify the revisor of statutes when federal approval is obtained.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0658, is amended to read:

256B.0658 HOUSING ACCESS GRANTS.

The commissioner of human services shall award through a competitive process contracts for grants to public and private agencies to support and assist individuals ~~eligible for publicly funded home and community-based services, including state plan home care~~ with a disability as defined in section 256B.051, subdivision 2, paragraph (e), to access housing. Grants may be awarded to agencies that may include, but are not limited to, the following supports: assessment to ensure suitability of housing, accompanying an individual to look at housing, filling out applications and rental agreements, meeting with landlords, helping with Section 8 or other program applications, helping to develop a budget, obtaining furniture and household goods, if necessary, and assisting with any problems that may arise with housing.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0659, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:

Subd. 3a. **Assessment; defined.** (a) "Assessment" means a review and evaluation of a recipient's need for personal care assistance services conducted in person. Assessments for personal care assistance services shall be conducted by the county public health nurse or a certified public health nurse under contract with the county except when a long-term care consultation assessment is being conducted for the purposes of determining a person's eligibility for home and community-based waiver services including personal care assistance services according to section 256B.0911. During the transition to MnCHOICES, a certified assessor may complete the assessment defined in this subdivision. An in-person assessment must include: documentation of health status, determination of need, evaluation of service effectiveness, identification of appropriate services, service plan development or modification, coordination of services, referrals and follow-up to appropriate payers and community resources, completion of required reports, recommendation of service authorization, and consumer education. Once the need for personal care assistance services is determined under this section, the county public health nurse or certified public health nurse under contract with the county is responsible for communicating this recommendation to the commissioner and the recipient. An in-person assessment must occur at least annually or when there is a significant change in the recipient's condition or when there is a change in the need for personal care assistance services. A service update may substitute for the annual face-to-face assessment when there is not a significant change in recipient condition or a change in the need for personal care assistance service. A service update may be completed by telephone, used when there is no need for an increase in personal care assistance services, and used for two consecutive assessments if followed by a face-to-face assessment. A service update must be completed on a form approved by the commissioner. A service update or review for temporary increase includes a review of initial baseline data, evaluation of service effectiveness, redetermination of service need, modification of service plan and appropriate referrals, update of initial forms, obtaining service authorization, and on going consumer education. Assessments or reassessments must be completed on forms provided by the commissioner within 30 days of a request for home care services by a recipient or responsible party.

(b) This subdivision expires when notification is given by the commissioner as described in section 256B.0911, subdivision 3a.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0659, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. **Personal care assistant; requirements.** (a) A personal care assistant must meet the following requirements:

(1) be at least 18 years of age with the exception of persons who are 16 or 17 years of age with these additional requirements:

(i) supervision by a qualified professional every 60 days; and

(ii) employment by only one personal care assistance provider agency responsible for compliance with current labor laws;

(2) be employed by a personal care assistance provider agency;

(3) enroll with the department as a personal care assistant after clearing a background study. Except as provided in subdivision 11a, before a personal care assistant provides services, the personal care assistance provider agency must initiate a background study on the personal care assistant under chapter 245C, and the personal care assistance provider agency must have received a notice from the commissioner that the personal care assistant is:

(i) not disqualified under section 245C.14; or

(ii) is disqualified, but the personal care assistant has received a set aside of the disqualification under section 245C.22;

(4) be able to effectively communicate with the recipient and personal care assistance provider agency;

(5) be able to provide covered personal care assistance services according to the recipient's personal care assistance care plan, respond appropriately to recipient needs, and report changes in the recipient's condition to the supervising qualified professional or physician;

(6) not be a consumer of personal care assistance services;

(7) maintain daily written records including, but not limited to, time sheets under subdivision 12;

(8) effective January 1, 2010, complete standardized training as determined by the commissioner before completing enrollment. The training must be available in languages other than English and to those who need accommodations due to disabilities. Personal care assistant training must include successful completion of the following training components: basic first aid, vulnerable adult, child maltreatment, OSHA universal precautions, basic roles and responsibilities of personal care assistants including information about assistance with lifting and transfers for recipients, emergency preparedness, orientation to positive behavioral practices, fraud issues, and completion of time sheets. Upon completion of the training components, the personal care assistant must demonstrate the competency to provide assistance to recipients;

(9) complete training and orientation on the needs of the recipient; and

(10) be limited to providing and being paid for up to 275 hours per month of personal care assistance services regardless of the number of recipients being served or the number of personal care assistance provider agencies enrolled with. The number of hours worked per day shall not be disallowed by the department unless in violation of the law.

(b) A legal guardian may be a personal care assistant if the guardian is not being paid for the guardian services and meets the criteria for personal care assistants in paragraph (a).

(c) Persons who do not qualify as a personal care assistant include parents, stepparents, and legal guardians of minors; spouses; paid legal guardians of adults; family foster care providers, except as otherwise allowed in section 256B.0625, subdivision 19a; and staff of a residential setting.

(d) Personal care assistance services qualify for the enhanced rate described in subdivision 17a if the personal care assistant providing the services:

(1) provides services, according to the care plan in subdivision 7, to a recipient who qualifies for ten or more hours per day of personal care assistance services; and

(2) satisfies the current requirements of Medicare for training and competency or competency evaluation of home health aides or nursing assistants, as provided in Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 483.151 or 484.36, or alternative state-approved training or competency requirements.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2019.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0659, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 17a. **Enhanced rate.** An enhanced rate of 110 percent of the rate paid for personal care assistance services shall be paid for services provided to persons who qualify for ten or more hours of personal care assistance service per day when provided by a personal care assistant who meets the requirements of subdivision 11, paragraph (d). The enhanced rate for personal care assistance services includes, and is not in addition to, any rate adjustments implemented by the commissioner to comply with the terms of a collective bargaining agreement between the state of Minnesota and an exclusive representative of individual providers under section 179A.54 for increased financial incentives for providing services to people with complex needs.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2019.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0659, subdivision 21, is amended to read:

Subd. 21. **Requirements for provider enrollment of personal care assistance provider agencies.** (a) All personal care assistance provider agencies must provide, at the time of enrollment, reenrollment, and revalidation as a personal care assistance provider agency in a format determined by the commissioner, information and documentation that includes, but is not limited to, the following:

(1) the personal care assistance provider agency's current contact information including address, telephone number, and e-mail address;

(2) proof of surety bond coverage. Upon new enrollment, or if the provider's Medicaid revenue in the previous calendar year is up to and including \$300,000, the provider agency must purchase

a surety bond of \$50,000. If the Medicaid revenue in the previous year is over \$300,000, the provider agency must purchase a surety bond of \$100,000. The surety bond must be in a form approved by the commissioner, must be renewed annually, and must allow for recovery of costs and fees in pursuing a claim on the bond;

(3) proof of fidelity bond coverage in the amount of \$20,000;

(4) proof of workers' compensation insurance coverage;

(5) proof of liability insurance;

(6) a description of the personal care assistance provider agency's organization identifying the names of all owners, managing employees, staff, board of directors, and the affiliations of the directors, owners, or staff to other service providers;

(7) a copy of the personal care assistance provider agency's written policies and procedures including: hiring of employees; training requirements; service delivery; and employee and consumer safety including process for notification and resolution of consumer grievances, identification and prevention of communicable diseases, and employee misconduct;

(8) copies of all other forms the personal care assistance provider agency uses in the course of daily business including, but not limited to:

(i) a copy of the personal care assistance provider agency's time sheet if the time sheet varies from the standard time sheet for personal care assistance services approved by the commissioner, and a letter requesting approval of the personal care assistance provider agency's nonstandard time sheet;

(ii) the personal care assistance provider agency's template for the personal care assistance care plan; and

(iii) the personal care assistance provider agency's template for the written agreement in subdivision 20 for recipients using the personal care assistance choice option, if applicable;

(9) a list of all training and classes that the personal care assistance provider agency requires of its staff providing personal care assistance services;

(10) documentation that the personal care assistance provider agency and staff have successfully completed all the training required by this section, including the requirements under subdivision 11, paragraph (d), if enhanced personal care assistance services are provided and submitted for an enhanced rate under subdivision 17a;

(11) documentation of the agency's marketing practices;

(12) disclosure of ownership, leasing, or management of all residential properties that is used or could be used for providing home care services;

(13) documentation that the agency will use the following percentages of revenue generated from the medical assistance rate paid for personal care assistance services for employee personal care assistant wages and benefits: 72.5 percent of revenue in the personal care assistance choice

option and 72.5 percent of revenue from other personal care assistance providers. The revenue generated by the qualified professional and the reasonable costs associated with the qualified professional shall not be used in making this calculation; and

(14) effective May 15, 2010, documentation that the agency does not burden recipients' free exercise of their right to choose service providers by requiring personal care assistants to sign an agreement not to work with any particular personal care assistance recipient or for another personal care assistance provider agency after leaving the agency and that the agency is not taking action on any such agreements or requirements regardless of the date signed.

(b) Personal care assistance provider agencies shall provide the information specified in paragraph (a) to the commissioner at the time the personal care assistance provider agency enrolls as a vendor or upon request from the commissioner. The commissioner shall collect the information specified in paragraph (a) from all personal care assistance providers beginning July 1, 2009.

(c) All personal care assistance provider agencies shall require all employees in management and supervisory positions and owners of the agency who are active in the day-to-day management and operations of the agency to complete mandatory training as determined by the commissioner before enrollment of the agency as a provider. Employees in management and supervisory positions and owners who are active in the day-to-day operations of an agency who have completed the required training as an employee with a personal care assistance provider agency do not need to repeat the required training if they are hired by another agency, if they have completed the training within the past three years. By September 1, 2010, the required training must be available with meaningful access according to title VI of the Civil Rights Act and federal regulations adopted under that law or any guidance from the United States Health and Human Services Department. The required training must be available online or by electronic remote connection. The required training must provide for competency testing. Personal care assistance provider agency billing staff shall complete training about personal care assistance program financial management. This training is effective July 1, 2009. Any personal care assistance provider agency enrolled before that date shall, if it has not already, complete the provider training within 18 months of July 1, 2009. Any new owners or employees in management and supervisory positions involved in the day-to-day operations are required to complete mandatory training as a requisite of working for the agency. Personal care assistance provider agencies certified for participation in Medicare as home health agencies are exempt from the training required in this subdivision. When available, Medicare-certified home health agency owners, supervisors, or managers must successfully complete the competency test.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2019.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0659, subdivision 24, is amended to read:

Subd. 24. **Personal care assistance provider agency; general duties.** A personal care assistance provider agency shall:

(1) enroll as a Medicaid provider meeting all provider standards, including completion of the required provider training;

(2) comply with general medical assistance coverage requirements;

(3) demonstrate compliance with law and policies of the personal care assistance program to be determined by the commissioner;

(4) comply with background study requirements;

(5) verify and keep records of hours worked by the personal care assistant and qualified professional;

(6) not engage in any agency-initiated direct contact or marketing in person, by phone, or other electronic means to potential recipients, guardians, or family members;

(7) pay the personal care assistant and qualified professional based on actual hours of services provided;

(8) withhold and pay all applicable federal and state taxes;

(9) ~~effective January 1, 2010~~, document that the agency uses a minimum of 72.5 percent of the revenue generated by the medical assistance rate for personal care assistance services for employee personal care assistant wages and benefits. The revenue generated by the qualified professional and the reasonable costs associated with the qualified professional shall not be used in making this calculation;

(10) make the arrangements and pay unemployment insurance, taxes, workers' compensation, liability insurance, and other benefits, if any;

(11) enter into a written agreement under subdivision 20 before services are provided;

(12) report suspected neglect and abuse to the common entry point according to section 256B.0651;

(13) provide the recipient with a copy of the home care bill of rights at start of service; ~~and~~

(14) request reassessments at least 60 days prior to the end of the current authorization for personal care assistance services, on forms provided by the commissioner; and

(15) document that the agency uses the additional revenue due to the enhanced rate under subdivision 17a for the wages and benefits of the PCAs whose services meet the requirements under subdivision 11, paragraph (d).

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2019.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0659, subdivision 28, is amended to read:

Subd. 28. **Personal care assistance provider agency; required documentation.** (a) Required documentation must be completed and kept in the personal care assistance provider agency file or the recipient's home residence. The required documentation consists of:

(1) employee files, including:

(i) applications for employment;

(ii) background study requests and results;

(iii) orientation records about the agency policies;

(iv) trainings completed with demonstration of competence, including verification of the completion of training required under subdivision 11, paragraph (d), for any services billed at the enhanced rate under subdivision 17a;

(v) supervisory visits;

(vi) evaluations of employment; and

(vii) signature on fraud statement;

(2) recipient files, including:

(i) demographics;

(ii) emergency contact information and emergency backup plan;

(iii) personal care assistance service plan;

(iv) personal care assistance care plan;

(v) month-to-month service use plan;

(vi) all communication records;

(vii) start of service information, including the written agreement with recipient; and

(viii) date the home care bill of rights was given to the recipient;

(3) agency policy manual, including:

(i) policies for employment and termination;

(ii) grievance policies with resolution of consumer grievances;

(iii) staff and consumer safety;

(iv) staff misconduct; and

(v) staff hiring, service delivery, staff and consumer safety, staff misconduct, and resolution of consumer grievances;

(4) time sheets for each personal care assistant along with completed activity sheets for each recipient served; and

(5) agency marketing and advertising materials and documentation of marketing activities and costs.

(b) The commissioner may assess a fine of up to \$500 on provider agencies that do not consistently comply with the requirements of this subdivision.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2019.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0911, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. **Definitions.** For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:

(a) Until additional requirements apply under paragraph (b), "long-term care consultation services" means:

(1) intake for and access to assistance in identifying services needed to maintain an individual in the most inclusive environment;

(2) providing recommendations for and referrals to cost-effective community services that are available to the individual;

(3) development of an individual's person-centered community support plan;

(4) providing information regarding eligibility for Minnesota health care programs;

(5) face-to-face long-term care consultation assessments, which may be completed in a hospital, nursing facility, intermediate care facility for persons with developmental disabilities (ICF/DDs), regional treatment centers, or the person's current or planned residence;

(6) determination of home and community-based waiver and other service eligibility as required under sections 256B.0913, 256B.0915, 256B.092, and 256B.49, including level of care determination for individuals who need an institutional level of care as determined under subdivision 4e, based on assessment and community support plan development, appropriate referrals to obtain necessary diagnostic information, and including an eligibility determination for consumer-directed community supports;

(7) providing recommendations for institutional placement when there are no cost-effective community services available;

(8) providing access to assistance to transition people back to community settings after institutional admission; and

(9) providing information about competitive employment, with or without supports, for school-age youth and working-age adults and referrals to the Disability Linkage Line and Disability Benefits 101 to ensure that an informed choice about competitive employment can be made. For the purposes of this subdivision, "competitive employment" means work in the competitive labor market that is performed on a full-time or part-time basis in an integrated setting, and for which an individual is compensated at or above the minimum wage, but not less than the customary wage and level of benefits paid by the employer for the same or similar work performed by individuals without disabilities.

(b) Upon statewide implementation of lead agency requirements in subdivisions 2b, 2c, and 3a, "long-term care consultation services" also means:

(1) service eligibility determination for state plan ~~home care~~ services identified in:

(i) section 256B.0625, subdivisions ~~7~~, 19a, and 19c;

(ii) consumer support grants under section 256.476; or

(iii) section 256B.85;

(2) notwithstanding provisions in Minnesota Rules, parts 9525.0004 to 9525.0024, ~~determination of eligibility for gaining access to~~ case management services available under sections 256B.0621, subdivision 2, ~~paragraph clause~~ (4), and 256B.0924, and Minnesota Rules, part 9525.0016;

(3) ~~determination of institutional level of care, home and community-based service waiver, and other service of eligibility as required under section 256B.092, determination of eligibility for family support grants under section 252.32, for semi-independent living services under section 252.275, and day training and habilitation services under section 256B.092; and~~

(4) obtaining necessary diagnostic information to determine eligibility under clauses (2) and (3).

(c) "Long-term care options counseling" means the services provided by the linkage lines as mandated by sections 256.01, subdivision 24, and 256.975, subdivision 7, and also includes telephone assistance and follow up once a long-term care consultation assessment has been completed.

(d) "Minnesota health care programs" means the medical assistance program under this chapter and the alternative care program under section 256B.0913.

(e) "Lead agencies" means counties administering or tribes and health plans under contract with the commissioner to administer long-term care consultation assessment and support planning services.

(f) "Person-centered planning" is a process that includes the active participation of a person in the planning of the person's services, including in making meaningful and informed choices about the person's own goals, talents, and objectives, as well as making meaningful and informed choices about the services the person receives. For the purposes of this section, "informed choice" means a voluntary choice of services by a person from all available service options based on accurate and complete information concerning all available service options and concerning the person's own preferences, abilities, goals, and objectives. In order for a person to make an informed choice, all available options must be developed and presented to the person to empower the person to make decisions.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0911, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:

Subd. 3a. **Assessment and support planning.** (a) Persons requesting assessment, services planning, or other assistance intended to support community-based living, including persons who need assessment in order to determine waiver or alternative care program eligibility, must be visited by a long-term care consultation team within 20 calendar days after the date on which an assessment was requested or recommended. Upon statewide implementation of subdivisions 2b, 2c, and 5, this requirement also applies to an assessment of a person requesting personal care assistance services and home care nursing. ~~The commissioner shall provide at least a 90-day notice to lead agencies~~

~~prior to the effective date of this requirement.~~ Face-to-face assessments must be conducted according to paragraphs (b) to (i).

(b) Upon implementation of subdivisions 2b, 2c, and 5, lead agencies shall use certified assessors to conduct the assessment. For a person with complex health care needs, a public health or registered nurse from the team must be consulted.

(c) The MnCHOICES assessment provided by the commissioner to lead agencies must be used to complete a comprehensive, conversation-based, person-centered assessment. The assessment must include the health, psychological, functional, environmental, and social needs of the individual necessary to develop a community support plan that meets the individual's needs and preferences.

(d) The assessment must be conducted in a face-to-face conversational interview with the person being assessed ~~and~~. The person's legal representative must provide input during the assessment process and may do so remotely if requested. At the request of the person, other individuals may participate in the assessment to provide information on the needs, strengths, and preferences of the person necessary to develop a community support plan that ensures the person's health and safety. Except for legal representatives or family members invited by the person, persons participating in the assessment may not be a provider of service or have any financial interest in the provision of services. For persons who are to be assessed for elderly waiver customized living or adult day services under section 256B.0915, with the permission of the person being assessed or the person's designated or legal representative, the client's current or proposed provider of services may submit a copy of the provider's nursing assessment or written report outlining its recommendations regarding the client's care needs. The person conducting the assessment must notify the provider of the date by which this information is to be submitted. This information shall be provided to the person conducting the assessment prior to the assessment. For a person who is to be assessed for waiver services under section 256B.092 or 256B.49, with the permission of the person being assessed or the person's designated legal representative, the person's current provider of services may submit a written report outlining recommendations regarding the person's care needs ~~prepared by a direct service employee with at least 20 hours of service to that client. The person conducting the assessment or reassessment must notify the provider of the date by which this information is to be submitted. This information shall be provided to the person conducting the assessment and the person or the person's legal representative, and must be considered prior to the finalization of the assessment or reassessment~~ the person completed in consultation with someone who is known to the person and has interaction with the person on a regular basis. The provider must submit the report at least 60 days before the end of the person's current service agreement. The certified assessor must consider the content of the submitted report prior to finalizing the person's assessment or reassessment.

(e) The certified assessor and the individual responsible for developing the coordinated service and support plan must complete the community support plan and the coordinated service and support plan no more than 60 calendar days from the assessment visit. The person or the person's legal representative must be provided with a written community support plan within 40 calendar days of the assessment visit the timelines established by the commissioner, regardless of whether the individual person is eligible for Minnesota health care programs.

(f) For a person being assessed for elderly waiver services under section 256B.0915, a provider who submitted information under paragraph (d) shall receive the final written community support plan when available and the Residential Services Workbook.

(g) The written community support plan must include:

- (1) a summary of assessed needs as defined in paragraphs (c) and (d);
- (2) the individual's options and choices to meet identified needs, including all available options for case management services and providers, including service provided in a non-disability-specific setting;
- (3) identification of health and safety risks and how those risks will be addressed, including personal risk management strategies;
- (4) referral information; and
- (5) informal caregiver supports, if applicable.

For a person determined eligible for state plan home care under subdivision 1a, paragraph (b), clause (1), the person or person's representative must also receive a copy of the home care service plan developed by the certified assessor.

(h) A person may request assistance in identifying community supports without participating in a complete assessment. Upon a request for assistance identifying community support, the person must be transferred or referred to long-term care options counseling services available under sections 256.975, subdivision 7, and 256.01, subdivision 24, for telephone assistance and follow up.

(i) The person has the right to make the final decision between institutional placement and community placement after the recommendations have been provided, except as provided in section 256.975, subdivision 7a, paragraph (d).

(j) The lead agency must give the person receiving assessment or support planning, or the person's legal representative, materials, and forms supplied by the commissioner containing the following information:

- (1) written recommendations for community-based services and consumer-directed options;
- (2) documentation that the most cost-effective alternatives available were offered to the individual. For purposes of this clause, "cost-effective" means community services and living arrangements that cost the same as or less than institutional care. For an individual found to meet eligibility criteria for home and community-based service programs under section 256B.0915 or 256B.49, "cost-effectiveness" has the meaning found in the federally approved waiver plan for each program;
- (3) the need for and purpose of preadmission screening conducted by long-term care options counselors according to section 256.975, subdivisions 7a to 7c, if the person selects nursing facility placement. If the individual selects nursing facility placement, the lead agency shall forward information needed to complete the level of care determinations and screening for developmental disability and mental illness collected during the assessment to the long-term care options counselor using forms provided by the commissioner;

(4) the role of long-term care consultation assessment and support planning in eligibility determination for waiver and alternative care programs, and state plan home care, case management, and other services as defined in subdivision 1a, paragraphs (a), clause (6), and (b);

(5) information about Minnesota health care programs;

(6) the person's freedom to accept or reject the recommendations of the team;

(7) the person's right to confidentiality under the Minnesota Government Data Practices Act, chapter 13;

(8) the certified assessor's decision regarding the person's need for institutional level of care as determined under criteria established in subdivision 4e and the certified assessor's decision regarding eligibility for all services and programs as defined in subdivision 1a, paragraphs (a), clause (6), and (b); and

(9) the person's right to appeal the certified assessor's decision regarding eligibility for all services and programs as defined in subdivision 1a, paragraphs (a), clauses (6), (7), and (8), and (b), and incorporating the decision regarding the need for institutional level of care or the lead agency's final decisions regarding public programs eligibility according to section 256.045, subdivision 3. The certified assessor must verbally communicate this appeal right to the person and must visually point out where in the document the right to appeal is stated.

(k) Face-to-face assessment completed as part of eligibility determination for the alternative care, elderly waiver, developmental disabilities, community access for disability inclusion, community alternative care, and brain injury waiver programs under sections 256B.0913, 256B.0915, 256B.092, and 256B.49 is valid to establish service eligibility for no more than 60 calendar days after the date of assessment.

(l) The effective eligibility start date for programs in paragraph (k) can never be prior to the date of assessment. If an assessment was completed more than 60 days before the effective waiver or alternative care program eligibility start date, assessment and support plan information must be updated and documented in the department's Medicaid Management Information System (MMIS). Notwithstanding retroactive medical assistance coverage of state plan services, the effective date of eligibility for programs included in paragraph (k) cannot be prior to the date the most recent updated assessment is completed.

(m) If an eligibility update is completed within 90 days of the previous face-to-face assessment and documented in the department's Medicaid Management Information System (MMIS), the effective date of eligibility for programs included in paragraph (k) is the date of the previous face-to-face assessment when all other eligibility requirements are met.

(n) At the time of reassessment, the certified assessor shall assess each person receiving waiver services currently residing in a community residential setting, or licensed adult foster care home that is not the primary residence of the license holder, or in which the license holder is not the primary caregiver, to determine if that person would prefer to be served in a community-living setting as defined in section 256B.49, subdivision 23. The certified assessor shall offer the person, through a person-centered planning process, the option to receive alternative housing and service options.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0911, subdivision 3f, is amended to read:

Subd. 3f. Long-term care reassessments and community support plan updates. (a) Prior to a face-to-face reassessment, the certified assessor must review the person's most recent assessment. Reassessments must be tailored using the professional judgment of the assessor to the person's known needs, strengths, preferences, and circumstances. Reassessments provide information to support the person's informed choice and opportunities to express choice regarding activities that contribute to quality of life, as well as information and opportunity to identify goals related to desired employment, community activities, and preferred living environment. Reassessments ~~allow for~~ require a review of the most recent assessment, review of the current coordinated service and support plan's effectiveness, monitoring of services, and the development of an updated person-centered community support plan. Reassessments verify continued eligibility or offer alternatives as warranted and provide an opportunity for quality assurance of service delivery. Face-to-face ~~assessments~~ reassessments must be conducted annually or as required by federal and state laws and rules. For reassessments, the certified assessor and the individual responsible for developing the coordinated service and support plan must ensure the continuity of care for the person receiving services and complete the updated community support plan and the updated coordinated service and support plan no more than 60 days from the reassessment visit.

(b) The commissioner shall develop mechanisms for providers and case managers to share information with the assessor to facilitate a reassessment and support planning process tailored to the person's current needs and preferences.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0911, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3g. Assessments for Rule 185 case management. Unless otherwise required by federal law, the county agency is not required to conduct or arrange for an annual needs reassessment by a certified assessor. The case manager who works on behalf of the person to identify the person's needs and to minimize the impact of the disability on the person's life must instead develop a person-centered service plan based on the person's assessed needs and preferences. The person-centered service plan must be reviewed annually for persons with developmental disabilities who are receiving only case management services under Minnesota Rules, part 9525.0036, and who make an informed choice to decline an assessment under this section.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0911, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Administrative activity. (a) The commissioner shall streamline the processes, including timelines for when assessments need to be completed, required to provide the services in this section and shall implement integrated solutions to automate the business processes to the extent necessary for community support plan approval, reimbursement, program planning, evaluation, and policy development.

(b) The commissioner of human services shall work with lead agencies responsible for conducting long-term consultation services to modify the MnCHOICES application and assessment policies to create efficiencies while ensuring federal compliance with medical assistance and long-term services and supports eligibility criteria.

(c) The commissioner shall work with lead agencies responsible for conducting long-term consultation services to develop a set of measurable benchmarks sufficient to demonstrate quarterly improvement in the average time per assessment and other mutually agreed upon measures of increasing efficiency. The commissioner shall collect data on these benchmarks and provide to the lead agencies and the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over human services an annual trend analysis of the data in order to demonstrate the commissioner's compliance with the requirements of this subdivision.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0915, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Implementation of coordinated service and support plan.** (a) Each elderly waiver client shall be provided a copy of a written coordinated service and support plan ~~which~~ that:

(1) is developed with and signed by the recipient within ten working days after the case manager receives the assessment information and written community support plan as described in section 256B.0911, subdivision 3a, from the certified assessor the timelines established by the commissioner. The timeline for completing the community support plan under section 256B.0911, subdivision 3a, and the coordinated service and support plan must not exceed 60 calendar days from the assessment visit;

(2) includes the person's need for service and identification of service needs that will be or that are met by the person's relatives, friends, and others, as well as community services used by the general public;

(3) reasonably ensures the health and welfare of the recipient;

(4) identifies the person's preferences for services as stated by the person or the person's legal guardian or conservator;

(5) reflects the person's informed choice between institutional and community-based services, as well as choice of services, supports, and providers, including available case manager providers;

(6) identifies long-range and short-range goals for the person;

(7) identifies specific services and the amount, frequency, duration, and cost of the services to be provided to the person based on assessed needs, preferences, and available resources;

(8) includes information about the right to appeal decisions under section 256.045; and

(9) includes the authorized annual and estimated monthly amounts for the services.

(b) In developing the coordinated service and support plan, the case manager should also include the use of volunteers, religious organizations, social clubs, and civic and service organizations to support the individual in the community. The lead agency must be held harmless for damages or injuries sustained through the use of volunteers and agencies under this paragraph, including workers' compensation liability.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0915, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. **Waiver payment rates; managed care organizations.** The commissioner shall adjust the elderly waiver capitation payment rates for managed care organizations paid under section 256B.69, subdivisions 6b and 23, to reflect the maximum service rate limits for customized living services and 24-hour customized living services under subdivisions 3e and 3h, and the rate adjustment under subdivision 18. Medical assistance rates paid to customized living providers by managed care organizations under this section shall not exceed the maximum service rate limits and component rates as determined by the commissioner under subdivisions 3e and 3h, plus any rate adjustment under subdivision 18.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0915, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 18. Disproportionate share establishment customized living rate adjustment. (a) For purposes of this section, "designated disproportionate share establishment" means a housing with services establishment registered under chapter 144D that meets the requirements of paragraph (d).

(b) A housing with services establishment registered under chapter 144D may apply annually between June 1 and June 15 to the commissioner to be designated as a disproportionate share establishment. The applying housing with services establishment must apply to the commissioner in the manner determined by the commissioner. The applying housing with services establishment must document as a percentage the census of elderly waiver participants residing in the establishment on May 31 of the year of application.

(c) Only a housing with services establishment registered under chapter 144D with a census of at least 50 percent elderly waiver participants on May 31 of the application year is eligible under this section for designation as a disproportionate share establishment.

(d) By June 30, the commissioner shall designate as a disproportionate share establishment any housing with services establishment that complies with the requirements of paragraph (b) and meets the eligibility criteria described in paragraph (c).

(e) A designated disproportionate share establishment's customized living rate adjustment is the sum of 0.83 plus the product of 0.36 multiplied by the percentage of elderly waiver participants residing in the establishment as reported on the establishment's most recent application for designation as a disproportionate share establishment. No establishment may receive a customized living rate adjustment greater than 1.10.

(f) The commissioner shall multiply the customized living rate and 24-hour customized living rate for a designated disproportionate share establishment by the amount determined under paragraph (e).

(g) The value of the rate adjustment under paragraph (e) shall not be included in an individual elderly waiver client's monthly case mix budget cap.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2020, or upon federal approval, whichever is later, and applies to rates paid on or after January 1, 2021. The commissioner of human services shall inform the revisor of statutes when federal approval is obtained.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.092, subdivision 1b, is amended to read:

Subd. 1b. **Coordinated service and support plan.** (a) Each recipient of home and community-based waived services shall be provided a copy of the written coordinated service and support plan ~~which~~ that:

(1) is developed with and signed by the recipient within ~~ten working days after the case manager receives the assessment information and written community support plan as described in section 256B.0911, subdivision 3a, from the certified assessor~~ the timelines established by the commissioner. The timeline for completing the community support plan under section 256B.0911, subdivision 3a, and the coordinated service and support plan must not exceed 60 calendar days from the assessment visit;

(2) includes the person's need for service, including identification of service needs that will be or that are met by the person's relatives, friends, and others, as well as community services used by the general public;

(3) reasonably ensures the health and welfare of the recipient;

(4) identifies the person's preferences for services as stated by the person, the person's legal guardian or conservator, or the parent if the person is a minor, including the person's choices made on self-directed options and on services and supports to achieve employment goals;

(5) provides for an informed choice, as defined in section 256B.77, subdivision 2, paragraph (o), of service and support providers, and identifies all available options for case management services and providers;

(6) identifies long-range and short-range goals for the person;

(7) identifies specific services and the amount and frequency of the services to be provided to the person based on assessed needs, preferences, and available resources. The coordinated service and support plan shall also specify other services the person needs that are not available;

(8) identifies the need for an individual program plan to be developed by the provider according to the respective state and federal licensing and certification standards, and additional assessments to be completed or arranged by the provider after service initiation;

(9) identifies provider responsibilities to implement and make recommendations for modification to the coordinated service and support plan;

(10) includes notice of the right to request a conciliation conference or a hearing under section 256.045;

(11) is agreed upon and signed by the person, the person's legal guardian or conservator, or the parent if the person is a minor, and the authorized county representative;

(12) is reviewed by a health professional if the person has overriding medical needs that impact the delivery of services; and

(13) includes the authorized annual and monthly amounts for the services.

(b) In developing the coordinated service and support plan, the case manager is encouraged to include the use of volunteers, religious organizations, social clubs, and civic and service organizations to support the individual in the community. The lead agency must be held harmless for damages or injuries sustained through the use of volunteers and agencies under this paragraph, including workers' compensation liability.

(c) Approved, written, and signed changes to a consumer's services that meet the criteria in this subdivision shall be an addendum to that consumer's individual service plan.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.092, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 12a. **Developmental disabilities waiver growth limit.** The commissioner shall limit the total number of people receiving developmental disabilities waiver services to the number of people receiving developmental disabilities waiver services on June 30, 2019. The commissioner shall only add new recipients when an existing recipient permanently leaves the program. The commissioner shall reserve capacity, within enrollment limits, to re-enroll persons who temporarily discontinue and then resume waiver services within 90 days of the date that services were discontinued. When adding a new recipient, the commissioner shall target persons who meet the priorities for accessing waiver services identified in subdivision 12. The allocation limits include conversions from intermediate care facilities for persons with developmental disabilities unless capacity at the facility is permanently converted to home and community-based services through the developmental disabilities waiver.

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0921, is amended to read:

256B.0921 HOME AND COMMUNITY-BASED SERVICES INCENTIVE INNOVATION POOL.

The commissioner of human services shall develop an initiative to provide incentives for innovation in: (1) achieving integrated competitive employment; (2) achieving integrated competitive employment for youth under age 25 upon their graduation from school; (3) living in the most integrated setting; and (4) other outcomes determined by the commissioner. The commissioner shall seek requests for proposals and shall contract with one or more entities to provide incentive payments for meeting identified outcomes.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.49, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 11b. **Community access for disability inclusion waiver growth limit.** The commissioner shall limit the total number of people receiving community access for disability inclusion waiver services to the number of people receiving community access for disability inclusion waiver services on June 30, 2019. The commissioner shall only add new recipients when an existing recipient permanently leaves the program. The commissioner shall reserve capacity, within enrollment limits, to re-enroll persons who temporarily discontinue and then resume waiver services within 90 days of the date that services were discontinued. When adding a new recipient, the commissioner shall target individuals who meet the priorities for accessing waiver services identified in subdivision 11a. The allocation limits includes conversions and diversions from nursing facilities.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.49, subdivision 13, is amended to read:

Subd. 13. **Case management.** (a) Each recipient of a home and community-based waiver shall be provided case management services by qualified vendors as described in the federally approved waiver application. The case management service activities provided must include:

(1) finalizing the written coordinated service and support plan within ~~ten working days after the case manager receives the plan from the certified assessor~~ the timelines established by the commissioner. The timeline for completing the community support plan under section 256B.0911, subdivision 3a, and the coordinated service and support plan must not exceed 60 calendar days from the assessment visit;

(2) informing the recipient or the recipient's legal guardian or conservator of service options;

(3) assisting the recipient in the identification of potential service providers and available options for case management service and providers, including services provided in a non-disability-specific setting;

(4) assisting the recipient to access services and assisting with appeals under section 256.045; and

(5) coordinating, evaluating, and monitoring of the services identified in the service plan.

(b) The case manager may delegate certain aspects of the case management service activities to another individual provided there is oversight by the case manager. The case manager may not delegate those aspects which require professional judgment including:

(1) finalizing the coordinated service and support plan;

(2) ongoing assessment and monitoring of the person's needs and adequacy of the approved coordinated service and support plan; and

(3) adjustments to the coordinated service and support plan.

(c) Case management services must be provided by a public or private agency that is enrolled as a medical assistance provider determined by the commissioner to meet all of the requirements in the approved federal waiver plans. Case management services must not be provided to a recipient by a private agency that has any financial interest in the provision of any other services included in the recipient's coordinated service and support plan. For purposes of this section, "private agency" means any agency that is not identified as a lead agency under section 256B.0911, subdivision 1a, paragraph (e).

(d) For persons who need a positive support transition plan as required in chapter 245D, the case manager shall participate in the development and ongoing evaluation of the plan with the expanded support team. At least quarterly, the case manager, in consultation with the expanded support team, shall evaluate the effectiveness of the plan based on progress evaluation data submitted by the licensed provider to the case manager. The evaluation must identify whether the plan has been developed and implemented in a manner to achieve the following within the required timelines:

(1) phasing out the use of prohibited procedures;

(2) acquisition of skills needed to eliminate the prohibited procedures within the plan's timeline; and

(3) accomplishment of identified outcomes.

If adequate progress is not being made, the case manager shall consult with the person's expanded support team to identify needed modifications and whether additional professional support is required to provide consultation.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.49, subdivision 14, is amended to read:

Subd. 14. **Assessment and reassessment.** (a) Assessments and reassessments shall be conducted by certified assessors according to section 256B.0911, subdivision 2b. The certified assessor, with the permission of the recipient or the recipient's designated legal representative, may invite other individuals to attend the assessment. With the permission of the recipient or the recipient's designated legal representative, the recipient's current provider of services may submit a written report outlining their recommendations regarding the recipient's care needs prepared by a direct service employee ~~with at least 20 hours of service to that client. The certified assessor must notify the provider of the date by which this information is to be submitted. This information shall be provided to the certified assessor and the person or the person's legal representative and must be considered prior to the finalization of the assessment or reassessment~~ who is familiar with the person. The provider must submit the report at least 60 days before the end of the person's current service agreement. The certified assessor must consider the content of the submitted report prior to finalizing the person's assessment or reassessment.

(b) There must be a determination that the client requires a hospital level of care or a nursing facility level of care as defined in section 256B.0911, subdivision 4e, at initial and subsequent assessments to initiate and maintain participation in the waiver program.

(c) Regardless of other assessments identified in section 144.0724, subdivision 4, as appropriate to determine nursing facility level of care for purposes of medical assistance payment for nursing facility services, only face-to-face assessments conducted according to section 256B.0911, subdivisions 3a, 3b, and 4d, that result in a hospital level of care determination or a nursing facility level of care determination must be accepted for purposes of initial and ongoing access to waiver services payment.

(d) Recipients who are found eligible for home and community-based services under this section before their 65th birthday may remain eligible for these services after their 65th birthday if they continue to meet all other eligibility factors.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.4914, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given them, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

(b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services.

(c) "Component value" means underlying factors that are part of the cost of providing services that are built into the waiver rates methodology to calculate service rates.

(d) "Customized living tool" means a methodology for setting service rates that delineates and documents the amount of each component service included in a recipient's customized living service plan.

(e) "Direct care staff" means employees providing direct services to an individual receiving services under this section. Direct care staff excludes executive, managerial, or administrative staff.

~~(e)~~ (f) "Disability waiver rates system" means a statewide system that establishes rates that are based on uniform processes and captures the individualized nature of waiver services and recipient needs.

~~(f)~~ (g) "Individual staffing" means the time spent as a one-to-one interaction specific to an individual recipient by staff to provide direct support and assistance with activities of daily living, instrumental activities of daily living, and training to participants, and is based on the requirements in each individual's coordinated service and support plan under section 245D.02, subdivision 4b; any coordinated service and support plan addendum under section 245D.02, subdivision 4c; and an assessment tool. Provider observation of an individual's needs must also be considered.

~~(g)~~ (h) "Lead agency" means a county, partnership of counties, or tribal agency charged with administering waived services under sections 256B.092 and 256B.49.

~~(h)~~ (i) "Median" means the amount that divides distribution into two equal groups, one-half above the median and one-half below the median.

~~(i)~~ (j) "Payment or rate" means reimbursement to an eligible provider for services provided to a qualified individual based on an approved service authorization.

~~(j)~~ (k) "Rates management system" means a web-based software application that uses a framework and component values, as determined by the commissioner, to establish service rates.

~~(k)~~ (l) "Recipient" means a person receiving home and community-based services funded under any of the disability waivers.

~~(l)~~ (m) "Shared staffing" means time spent by employees, not defined under paragraph (f), providing or available to provide more than one individual with direct support and assistance with activities of daily living as defined under section 256B.0659, subdivision 1, paragraph (b); instrumental activities of daily living as defined under section 256B.0659, subdivision 1, paragraph (i); ancillary activities needed to support individual services; and training to participants, and is based on the requirements in each individual's coordinated service and support plan under section 245D.02, subdivision 4b; any coordinated service and support plan addendum under section 245D.02, subdivision 4c; an assessment tool; and provider observation of an individual's service need. Total shared staffing hours are divided proportionally by the number of individuals who receive the shared service provisions.

~~(m)~~ (n) "Staffing ratio" means the number of recipients a service provider employee supports during a unit of service based on a uniform assessment tool, provider observation, case history, and the recipient's services of choice, and not based on the staffing ratios under section 245D.31.

~~(n)~~ (o) "Unit of service" means the following:

(1) for residential support services under subdivision 6, a unit of service is a day. Any portion of any calendar day, within allowable Medicaid rules, where an individual spends time in a residential setting is billable as a day;

(2) for day services under subdivision 7:

(i) for day training and habilitation services, a unit of service is either:

(A) a day unit of service is defined as six or more hours of time spent providing direct services and transportation; or

(B) a partial day unit of service is defined as fewer than six hours of time spent providing direct services and transportation; and

(C) for new day service recipients after January 1, 2014, 15 minute units of service must be used for fewer than six hours of time spent providing direct services and transportation;

(ii) for adult day and structured day services, a unit of service is a day or 15 minutes. A day unit of service is six or more hours of time spent providing direct services;

(iii) for prevocational services, a unit of service is a day or ~~an hour~~ 15 minutes. A day unit of service is six or more hours of time spent providing direct service;

(3) for unit-based services with programming under subdivision 8:

(i) for supported living services, a unit of service is a day or 15 minutes. When a day rate is authorized, any portion of a calendar day where an individual receives services is billable as a day; and

(ii) for all other services, a unit of service is 15 minutes; and

(4) for unit-based services without programming under subdivision 9, a unit of service is 15 minutes.

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.4914, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Applicable services.** Applicable services are those authorized under the state's home and community-based services waivers under sections 256B.092 and 256B.49, including the following, as defined in the federally approved home and community-based services plan:

(1) 24-hour customized living;

(2) adult day care;

(3) adult day care bath;

~~(4) behavioral programming;~~

~~(5)~~ (4) companion services;

~~(6)~~ (5) customized living;

- ~~(7)~~ (6) day training and habilitation;
- (7) employment development services;
- (8) employment exploration services;
- (9) employment support services;
- ~~(8)~~ (10) housing access coordination;
- ~~(9)~~ (11) independent living skills;
- (12) independent living skills specialist services;
- (13) individualized home supports;
- ~~(10)~~ (14) in-home family support;
- ~~(11)~~ (15) night supervision;
- ~~(12)~~ (16) personal support;
- (17) positive support service;
- ~~(13)~~ (18) prevocational services;
- ~~(14)~~ (19) residential care services;
- ~~(15)~~ (20) residential support services;
- ~~(16)~~ (21) respite services;
- ~~(17)~~ (22) structured day services;
- ~~(18)~~ (23) supported employment services;
- ~~(19)~~ (24) supported living services;
- ~~(20)~~ (25) transportation services; and
- ~~(21)~~ individualized home supports;
- ~~(22)~~ independent living skills specialist services;
- ~~(23)~~ employment exploration services;
- ~~(24)~~ employment development services;
- ~~(25)~~ employment support services; and
- (26) other services as approved by the federal government in the state home and community-based services plan.

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.4914, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Base wage index and standard component values.** (a) The base wage index is established to determine staffing costs associated with providing services to individuals receiving home and community-based services. For purposes of developing and calculating the proposed base wage, Minnesota-specific wages taken from job descriptions and standard occupational classification (SOC) codes from the Bureau of Labor Statistics as defined in the most recent edition of the Occupational Handbook must be used. The base wage index must be calculated as follows:

(1) for residential direct care staff, the sum of:

(i) 15 percent of the subtotal of 50 percent of the median wage for personal and home health aide (SOC code 39-9021); 30 percent of the median wage for nursing assistant (SOC code 31-1014); and 20 percent of the median wage for social and human services aide (SOC code 21-1093); and

(ii) 85 percent of the subtotal of 20 percent of the median wage for home health aide (SOC code 31-1011); 20 percent of the median wage for personal and home health aide (SOC code 39-9021); 20 percent of the median wage for nursing assistant (SOC code 31-1014); 20 percent of the median wage for psychiatric technician (SOC code 29-2053); and 20 percent of the median wage for social and human services aide (SOC code 21-1093);

(2) for day services, 20 percent of the median wage for nursing assistant (SOC code 31-1014); 20 percent of the median wage for psychiatric technician (SOC code 29-2053); and 60 percent of the median wage for social and human services aide (SOC code 21-1093);

(3) for residential asleep-overnight staff, the wage is the minimum wage in Minnesota for large employers, except in a family foster care setting, the wage is 36 percent of the minimum wage in Minnesota for large employers;

(4) for behavior program analyst staff, 100 percent of the median wage for mental health counselors (SOC code 21-1014);

(5) for behavior program professional staff, 100 percent of the median wage for clinical counseling and school psychologist (SOC code 19-3031);

(6) for behavior program specialist staff, 100 percent of the median wage for psychiatric technicians (SOC code 29-2053);

(7) for supportive living services staff, 20 percent of the median wage for nursing assistant (SOC code 31-1014); 20 percent of the median wage for psychiatric technician (SOC code 29-2053); and 60 percent of the median wage for social and human services aide (SOC code 21-1093);

(8) for housing access coordination staff, 100 percent of the median wage for community and social services specialist (SOC code 21-1099);

(9) for in-home family support staff, 20 percent of the median wage for nursing aide (SOC code 31-1012); 30 percent of the median wage for community social service specialist (SOC code 21-1099); 40 percent of the median wage for social and human services aide (SOC code 21-1093); and ten percent of the median wage for psychiatric technician (SOC code 29-2053);

(10) for individualized home supports services staff, 40 percent of the median wage for community social service specialist (SOC code 21-1099); 50 percent of the median wage for social and human services aide (SOC code 21-1093); and ten percent of the median wage for psychiatric technician (SOC code 29-2053);

(11) for independent living skills staff, 40 percent of the median wage for community social service specialist (SOC code 21-1099); 50 percent of the median wage for social and human services aide (SOC code 21-1093); and ten percent of the median wage for psychiatric technician (SOC code 29-2053);

(12) for independent living skills specialist staff, 100 percent of mental health and substance abuse social worker (SOC code 21-1023);

(13) for supported employment staff, 20 percent of the median wage for nursing assistant (SOC code 31-1014); 20 percent of the median wage for psychiatric technician (SOC code 29-2053); and 60 percent of the median wage for social and human services aide (SOC code 21-1093);

(14) for employment support services staff, 50 percent of the median wage for rehabilitation counselor (SOC code 21-1015); and 50 percent of the median wage for community and social services specialist (SOC code 21-1099);

(15) for employment exploration services staff, 50 percent of the median wage for rehabilitation counselor (SOC code 21-1015); and 50 percent of the median wage for community and social services specialist (SOC code 21-1099);

(16) for employment development services staff, 50 percent of the median wage for education, guidance, school, and vocational counselors (SOC code 21-1012); and 50 percent of the median wage for community and social services specialist (SOC code 21-1099);

(17) for adult companion staff, 50 percent of the median wage for personal and home care aide (SOC code 39-9021); and 50 percent of the median wage for nursing assistant (SOC code 31-1014);

(18) for night supervision staff, 20 percent of the median wage for home health aide (SOC code 31-1011); 20 percent of the median wage for personal and home health aide (SOC code 39-9021); 20 percent of the median wage for nursing assistant (SOC code 31-1014); 20 percent of the median wage for psychiatric technician (SOC code 29-2053); and 20 percent of the median wage for social and human services aide (SOC code 21-1093);

(19) for respite staff, 50 percent of the median wage for personal and home care aide (SOC code 39-9021); and 50 percent of the median wage for nursing assistant (SOC code 31-1014);

(20) for personal support staff, 50 percent of the median wage for personal and home care aide (SOC code 39-9021); and 50 percent of the median wage for nursing assistant (SOC code 31-1014);

(21) for supervisory staff, 100 percent of the median wage for community and social services specialist (SOC code 21-1099), with the exception of the supervisor of behavior professional, behavior analyst, and behavior specialists, which is 100 percent of the median wage for clinical counseling and school psychologist (SOC code 19-3031);

(22) for registered nurse staff, 100 percent of the median wage for registered nurses (SOC code 29-1141); and

(23) for licensed practical nurse staff, 100 percent of the median wage for licensed practical nurses (SOC code 29-2061).

(b) The commissioner shall adjust the base wage index in paragraph (j) with a competitive workforce factor of 4.7 percent to provide increased compensation to direct care staff. A provider shall use the additional revenue from the competitive workforce factor to increase wages for or to improve benefits provided to direct care staff.

(c) Beginning February 1, 2021, and every two years thereafter, the commissioner shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees and divisions with jurisdiction over health and human services policy and finance an analysis of the competitive workforce factor. The report shall include recommendations to adjust the competitive workforce factor using (1) the most recently available wage data by SOC code of the weighted average wage for direct care staff for residential services and direct care staff for day services; (2) the most recently available wage data by SOC code of the weighted average wage of comparable occupations; and (3) labor market data as required under subdivision 10a, paragraph (g). The commissioner shall not recommend in any biennial report an increase or decrease of the competitive workforce factor by more than two percentage points from the current value. If, after a biennial analysis for the next report, the competitive workforce factor is less than or equal to zero, the commissioner shall recommend a competitive workforce factor of zero.

~~(b)~~ (d) Component values for residential support services are:

- (1) supervisory span of control ratio: 11 percent;
- (2) employee vacation, sick, and training allowance ratio: 8.71 percent;
- (3) employee-related cost ratio: 23.6 percent;
- (4) general administrative support ratio: 13.25 percent;
- (5) program-related expense ratio: 1.3 percent; and
- (6) absence and utilization factor ratio: 3.9 percent.

~~(c)~~ (e) Component values for family foster care are:

- (1) supervisory span of control ratio: 11 percent;
- (2) employee vacation, sick, and training allowance ratio: 8.71 percent;
- (3) employee-related cost ratio: 23.6 percent;
- (4) general administrative support ratio: 3.3 percent;
- (5) program-related expense ratio: 1.3 percent; and

(6) absence factor: 1.7 percent.

~~(f)~~ (f) Component values for day services for all services are:

- (1) supervisory span of control ratio: 11 percent;
- (2) employee vacation, sick, and training allowance ratio: 8.71 percent;
- (3) employee-related cost ratio: 23.6 percent;
- (4) program plan support ratio: 5.6 percent;
- (5) client programming and support ratio: ten percent;
- (6) general administrative support ratio: 13.25 percent;
- (7) program-related expense ratio: 1.8 percent; and
- (8) absence and utilization factor ratio: 9.4 percent.

~~(g)~~ (g) Component values for unit-based services with programming are:

- (1) supervisory span of control ratio: 11 percent;
- (2) employee vacation, sick, and training allowance ratio: 8.71 percent;
- (3) employee-related cost ratio: 23.6 percent;
- (4) program plan supports ratio: 15.5 percent;
- (5) client programming and supports ratio: 4.7 percent;
- (6) general administrative support ratio: 13.25 percent;
- (7) program-related expense ratio: 6.1 percent; and
- (8) absence and utilization factor ratio: 3.9 percent.

~~(h)~~ (h) Component values for unit-based services without programming except respite are:

- (1) supervisory span of control ratio: 11 percent;
- (2) employee vacation, sick, and training allowance ratio: 8.71 percent;
- (3) employee-related cost ratio: 23.6 percent;
- (4) program plan support ratio: 7.0 percent;
- (5) client programming and support ratio: 2.3 percent;
- (6) general administrative support ratio: 13.25 percent;

(7) program-related expense ratio: 2.9 percent; and

(8) absence and utilization factor ratio: 3.9 percent.

~~(g)~~ (i) Component values for unit-based services without programming for respite are:

(1) supervisory span of control ratio: 11 percent;

(2) employee vacation, sick, and training allowance ratio: 8.71 percent;

(3) employee-related cost ratio: 23.6 percent;

(4) general administrative support ratio: 13.25 percent;

(5) program-related expense ratio: 2.9 percent; and

(6) absence and utilization factor ratio: 3.9 percent.

~~(h) On July 1, 2017, the commissioner shall update the base wage index in paragraph (a) based on the wage data by standard occupational code (SOC) from the Bureau of Labor Statistics available on December 31, 2016. The commissioner shall publish these updated values and load them into the rate management system.~~ (j) On July 1, 2022, and every five two years thereafter, the commissioner shall update the base wage index in paragraph (a) based on the most recently available wage data by SOC from the Bureau of Labor Statistics available 30 months and one day prior to the scheduled update. The commissioner shall publish these updated values and load them into the rate management system.

~~(i) On July 1, 2017, the commissioner shall update the framework components in paragraph (d), clause (5); paragraph (e), clause (5); and paragraph (f), clause (5); subdivision 6, clauses (8) and (9); and subdivision 7, clauses (10), (16), and (17), for changes in the Consumer Price Index. The commissioner will adjust these values higher or lower by the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index - All Items, United States city average (CPI-U) from January 1, 2014, to January 1, 2017. The commissioner shall publish these updated values and load them into the rate management system.~~ (k) On July 1, 2022, and every five two years thereafter, the commissioner shall update the framework components in paragraph ~~(d)~~ (f), clause (5); paragraph ~~(e)~~ (g), clause (5); ~~and paragraph (f)~~ (h), clause (5); subdivision 6, clauses (8) and (9); and subdivision 7, clauses (10), (16), and (17), for changes in the Consumer Price Index. The commissioner shall adjust these values higher or lower by the percentage change in the CPI-U from the date of the previous update to the ~~date of the data most recently~~ available 30 months and one day prior to the scheduled update. The commissioner shall publish these updated values and load them into the rate management system.

(l) Upon the implementation of automatic inflation adjustments under paragraphs (j) and (k), rate adjustments authorized under section 256B.439, subdivision 7; Laws 2013, chapter 108, article 7, section 60; and Laws 2014, chapter 312, article 27, section 75, shall be removed from service rates calculated under this section.

(m) Any rate adjustments applied to the service rates calculated under this section outside of the cost components and rate methodology specified in this section shall be removed from rate calculations upon implementation of automatic inflation adjustments under paragraphs (j) and (k).

~~(j)~~ (n) In this subdivision, if Bureau of Labor Statistics occupational codes or Consumer Price Index items are unavailable in the future, the commissioner shall recommend to the legislature codes or items to update and replace missing component values.

(o) The commissioner shall update the general administrative support ratio in paragraph (b), clause (4); paragraph (c), clause (4); paragraph (d), clause (6); paragraph (e), clause (6); paragraph (f), clause (6); and paragraph (g), clause (4), for any changes to the annual licensing fee under section 245A.10, subdivision 4, paragraph (b). The commissioner shall adjust these ratios higher or lower by an amount equal in value to the percent change in general administrative support costs attributable to the change in the licensing fee. The commissioner shall publish these updated ratios and load them into the rate management system.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2021, or upon federal approval, whichever is later, except the new paragraphs (b) and (o) are effective January 1, 2020, or upon federal approval, whichever is later. The commissioner of human services shall notify the revisor of statutes when federal approval is obtained.

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.4914, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. **Updating payment values and additional information.** ~~(a) From January 1, 2014, through December 31, 2017, the commissioner shall develop and implement uniform procedures to refine terms and adjust values used to calculate payment rates in this section.~~

~~(b)~~ (a) No later than July 1, 2014, the commissioner shall, within available resources, begin to conduct research and gather data and information from existing state systems or other outside sources on the following items:

(1) differences in the underlying cost to provide services and care across the state; and

(2) mileage, vehicle type, lift requirements, incidents of individual and shared rides, and units of transportation for all day services, which must be collected from providers using the rate management worksheet and entered into the rates management system; and

(3) the distinct underlying costs for services provided by a license holder under sections 245D.05, 245D.06, 245D.07, 245D.071, 245D.081, and 245D.09, and for services provided by a license holder certified under section 245D.33.

~~(e) Beginning January 1, 2014, through December 31, 2018, using a statistically valid set of rates management system data, the commissioner, in consultation with stakeholders, shall analyze for each service the average difference in the rate on December 31, 2013, and the framework rate at the individual, provider, lead agency, and state levels. The commissioner shall issue semiannual reports to the stakeholders on the difference in rates by service and by county during the banding period under section 256B.4913, subdivision 4a. The commissioner shall issue the first report by October 1, 2014, and the final report shall be issued by December 31, 2018.~~

~~(d)~~ (b) No later than July 1, 2014, the commissioner, in consultation with stakeholders, shall begin the review and evaluation of the following values already in subdivisions ~~6~~ 5 to 9, or issues that impact all services, including, but not limited to:

- (1) values for transportation rates;
 - (2) values for services where monitoring technology replaces staff time;
 - (3) values for indirect services;
 - (4) values for nursing;
 - (5) values for the facility use rate in day services, and the weightings used in the day service ratios and adjustments to those weightings;
 - (6) values for workers' compensation as part of employee-related expenses;
 - (7) values for unemployment insurance as part of employee-related expenses;
 - (8) direct care workforce labor market measures;
 - (9) any changes in state or federal law with a direct impact on the underlying cost of providing home and community-based services; ~~and~~
 - ~~(9)~~ (10) outcome measures, determined by the commissioner, for home and community-based services rates determined under this section; and
 - (11) different competitive workforce factors by service.
- ~~(e)~~ (c) The commissioner shall report to the chairs and the ranking minority members of the legislative committees and divisions with jurisdiction over health and human services policy and finance with the information and data gathered under paragraphs ~~(b) to (d)~~ (a) and (b) on the following dates:
- (1) January 15, 2015, with preliminary results and data;
 - (2) January 15, 2016, with a status implementation update, and additional data and summary information;
 - (3) January 15, 2017, with the full report; and
 - (4) January 15, 2020 2021, with another full report, and a full report once every four years thereafter.
- ~~(f)~~ The commissioner shall implement a regional adjustment factor to all rate calculations in subdivisions 6 to 9, effective no later than January 1, 2015. (d) Beginning ~~July 1, 2017~~ January 1, 2022, the commissioner shall renew analysis and implement changes to the regional adjustment factors ~~when adjustments required under subdivision 5, paragraph (h), occur~~ once every six years. Prior to implementation, the commissioner shall consult with stakeholders on the methodology to calculate the adjustment.
- ~~(g)~~ (e) The commissioner shall provide a public notice via LISTSERV in October of each year beginning October 1, 2014, containing information detailing legislatively approved changes in:

- (1) calculation values including derived wage rates and related employee and administrative factors;
- (2) service utilization;
- (3) county and tribal allocation changes; and
- (4) information on adjustments made to calculation values and the timing of those adjustments.

The information in this notice must be effective January 1 of the following year.

~~(h)~~ (f) When the available shared staffing hours in a residential setting are insufficient to meet the needs of an individual who enrolled in residential services after January 1, 2014, or insufficient to meet the needs of an individual with a service agreement adjustment described in section 256B.4913, subdivision 4a, paragraph (f), then individual staffing hours shall be used.

~~(i) The commissioner shall study the underlying cost of absence and utilization for day services. Based on the commissioner's evaluation of the data collected under this paragraph, the commissioner shall make recommendations to the legislature by January 15, 2018, for changes, if any, to the absence and utilization factor ratio component value for day services.~~

~~(j)~~ (g) Beginning July 1, 2017, the commissioner shall collect transportation and trip information for all day services through the rates management system.

(h) The commissioner, in consultation with stakeholders, shall study value-based models and outcome-based payment strategies for fee-for-service home and community-based services and report to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over the disability waiver rate system by October 1, 2020, with recommended strategies to improve the quality, efficiency, and effectiveness of services.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.4914, subdivision 10a, is amended to read:

Subd. 10a. **Reporting and analysis of cost data.** (a) The commissioner must ensure that wage values and component values in subdivisions 5 to 9 reflect the cost to provide the service. As determined by the commissioner, in consultation with stakeholders identified in section 256B.4913, subdivision 5, a provider enrolled to provide services with rates determined under this section must submit requested cost data to the commissioner to support research on the cost of providing services that have rates determined by the disability waiver rates system. Requested cost data may include, but is not limited to:

- (1) worker wage costs;
- (2) benefits paid;
- (3) supervisor wage costs;
- (4) executive wage costs;
- (5) vacation, sick, and training time paid;

- (6) taxes, workers' compensation, and unemployment insurance costs paid;
- (7) administrative costs paid;
- (8) program costs paid;
- (9) transportation costs paid;
- (10) vacancy rates; and
- (11) other data relating to costs required to provide services requested by the commissioner.

(b) At least once in any five-year period, a provider must submit cost data for a fiscal year that ended not more than 18 months prior to the submission date. The commissioner shall provide each provider a 90-day notice prior to its submission due date. If a provider fails to submit required reporting data, the commissioner shall provide notice to providers that have not provided required data 30 days after the required submission date, and a second notice for providers who have not provided required data 60 days after the required submission date. The commissioner shall temporarily suspend payments to the provider if cost data is not received 90 days after the required submission date. Withheld payments shall be made once data is received by the commissioner.

(c) The commissioner shall conduct a random validation of data submitted under paragraph (a) to ensure data accuracy. The commissioner shall analyze cost documentation in paragraph (a) and provide recommendations for adjustments to cost components.

(d) The commissioner shall analyze cost documentation in paragraph (a) and, in consultation with stakeholders identified in section 256B.4913, subdivision 5, may submit recommendations on component values and inflationary factor adjustments to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over human services every four years beginning January 1, ~~2020~~ 2021. The commissioner shall make recommendations in conjunction with reports submitted to the legislature according to subdivision 10, paragraph ~~(e)~~ (c). The commissioner shall release cost data in an aggregate form, and cost data from individual providers shall not be released except as provided for in current law.

(e) The commissioner, in consultation with stakeholders identified in section 256B.4913, subdivision 5, shall develop and implement a process for providing training and technical assistance necessary to support provider submission of cost documentation required under paragraph (a).

(f) By December 31, 2020, providers paid with rates calculated under subdivision 5, paragraph (b), shall identify additional revenues from the competitive workforce factor and prepare a written distribution plan for the revenues. A provider shall make the provider's distribution plan available and accessible to all direct care staff for a minimum of one calendar year. Upon request, a provider shall submit the written distribution plan to the commissioner.

(g) Providers enrolled to provide services with rates determined under section 256B.4914, subdivision 3, shall submit labor market data to the commissioner annually on or before November 1, including but not limited to:

- (1) number of direct care staff;

- (2) wages of direct care staff;
- (3) overtime wages of direct care staff;
- (4) hours worked by direct care staff;
- (5) overtime hours worked by direct care staff;
- (6) benefits provided to direct care staff;
- (7) direct care staff job vacancies; and
- (8) direct care staff retention rates.

(h) The commissioner shall publish annual reports on provider and state-level labor market data, including but not limited to the data obtained under paragraph (g).

(i) The commissioner shall temporarily suspend payments to the provider if data requested under paragraph (g) is not received 90 days after the required submission date. Withheld payments shall be made once data is received by the commissioner.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment except paragraph (g) is effective November 1, 2019, and paragraph (h) is effective February 1, 2020.

Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.493, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Commissioner's duties; report.** The commissioner of human services has the authority to manage statewide licensed corporate foster care or community residential settings capacity, including the reduction and realignment of licensed capacity of a current foster care or community residential setting to accomplish the consolidation or closure of settings. The commissioner shall implement a program for planned closure of licensed corporate adult foster care or community residential settings, necessary as a preferred method to: (1) respond to the informed decisions of those individuals who want to move out of these settings into other types of community settings; and (2) achieve ~~necessary budgetary savings~~ the reduction of statewide licensed capacity required in section 245A.03, subdivision 7, paragraphs (c) and (d). Closure determinations by the commissioner are final and not subject to appeal.

Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.5013, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Variable rate adjustments.** ~~(a) For rate years beginning on or after October 1, 2000; When there is a documented increase in the needs of a current ICF/DD recipient, the county of financial responsibility may recommend a variable rate to enable the facility to meet the individual's increased needs. Variable rate adjustments made under this subdivision replace payments for persons with special needs for crisis intervention services under section 256B.501, subdivision 8a. Effective July 1, 2003, facilities with a base rate above the 50th percentile of the statewide average reimbursement rate for a Class A facility or Class B facility, whichever matches the facility licensure, are not eligible for a variable rate adjustment. Variable rate adjustments may not exceed a 12-month period, except when approved for purposes established in paragraph (b), clause (1). Once approved, variable rate adjustments must continue to remain in place unless there is an identified change in need. A review of needed resources must be done at the time of the individual's annual support plan~~

meeting. A request to adjust the resources of the individual must be submitted if any change in need is identified. Variable rate adjustments approved solely on the basis of changes on a developmental disabilities screening document will end June 30, 2002.

(b) The county of financial responsibility must act on a variable rate request within 30 days and notify the initiator of the request of the county's recommendation in writing.

~~(b)~~ (c) A variable rate may be recommended by the county of financial responsibility for increased needs in the following situations:

(1) a need for resources due to an individual's full or partial retirement from participation in a day training and habilitation service when the individual: (i) has reached the age of 65 or has a change in health condition that makes it difficult for the person to participate in day training and habilitation services over an extended period of time because it is medically contraindicated; and (ii) has expressed a desire for change through the developmental disability screening process under section 256B.092;

(2) a need for additional resources for intensive short-term programming which is necessary prior to an individual's discharge to a less restrictive, more integrated setting;

(3) a demonstrated medical need that significantly impacts the type or amount of services needed by the individual; ~~or~~

(4) a demonstrated behavioral or cognitive need that significantly impacts the type or amount of services needed by the individual; or

~~(e) The county of financial responsibility must justify the purpose, the projected length of time, and the additional funding needed for the facility to meet the needs of the individual.~~

~~(d) The facility shall provide an annual report to the county case manager on the use of the variable rate funds and the status of the individual on whose behalf the funds were approved. The county case manager will forward the facility's report with a recommendation to the commissioner to approve or disapprove a continuation of the variable rate.~~

~~(e) Funds made available through the variable rate process that are not used by the facility to meet the needs of the individual for whom they were approved shall be returned to the state.~~

(5) a demonstrated increased need for staff assistance, changes in the type of staff credentials needed, or a need for expert consultation based on assessments conducted prior to the annual support plan meeting.

(d) Variable rate requests must include the following information:

(1) the service needs change;

(2) the variable rate requested and the difference from the current rate;

(3) a basis for the underlying costs used for the variable rate and any accompanying documentation; and

(4) documentation of the expected outcomes to be achieved and the frequency of progress monitoring associated with the rate increase.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2019, or upon federal approval, whichever is later. The commissioner of human services shall inform the revisor of statutes when federal approval is obtained.

Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.5013, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Commissioner's responsibilities.** The commissioner shall:

(1) make a determination to approve, deny, or modify a request for a variable rate adjustment within 30 days of the receipt of the completed application;

(2) notify the ICF/DD facility and county case manager of the ~~duration and conditions of variable rate adjustment approvals~~ determination; and

(3) modify MMIS II service agreements to reimburse ICF/DD facilities for approved variable rates.

Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.5015, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Services during the day.** (a) Services during the day, as defined in section 256B.501, but excluding day training and habilitation services, shall be paid as a pass-through payment no later than January 1, 2004. The commissioner shall establish rates for these services, other than day training and habilitation services, at levels that do not exceed 75 100 percent of a recipient's day training and habilitation service costs prior to the service change.

(b) An individual qualifies for services during the day under paragraph (a) if:

(1) through consultation with the individual and their support team or interdisciplinary team, it has been determined that the individual's needs can best be met through partial or full retirement from:

(i) participation in a day training and habilitation service; or

(ii) the use of services during the day in the individual's home environment; and

(2) in consultation with the individual and their support team or interdisciplinary team, an individualized plan has been developed with designated outcomes that:

(i) addresses the support needs and desires contained in the person-centered plan or individual support plan; and

(ii) includes goals that focus on community integration as appropriate for the individual.

(c) When establishing a rate for these services, the commissioner shall also consider an individual recipient's needs as identified in the ~~individualized service~~ individual support plan and the person's need for active treatment as defined under federal regulations. The pass-through payments for

services during the day shall be paid separately by the commissioner and shall not be included in the computation of the ICF/DD facility total payment rate.

Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.85, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Eligibility.** (a) CFSS is available to a person who meets one of the following:

(1) is an enrollee of medical assistance as determined under section 256B.055, 256B.056, or 256B.057, subdivisions 5 and 9;

(2) is a participant in the alternative care program under section 256B.0913;

(3) is a waiver participant as defined under section 256B.0915, 256B.092, 256B.093, or 256B.49;
or

(4) has medical services identified in a person's individualized education program and is eligible for services as determined in section 256B.0625, subdivision 26.

(b) In addition to meeting the eligibility criteria in paragraph (a), a person must also meet all of the following:

(1) based on an assessment under section 256B.0911, require assistance and be determined dependent in one critical activity of daily living or one Level I behavior based on assessment under section 256B.0911 or have a behavior that shows increased vulnerability due to cognitive deficits or socially inappropriate behavior that requires assistance at least four times per week; and

(2) is not a participant under a family support grant under section 252.32.

(c) A pregnant woman eligible for medical assistance under section 256B.055, subdivision 6, is eligible for CFSS without federal financial participation if the woman: (1) is eligible for CFSS under paragraphs (a) and (b); and (2) does not meet institutional level of care, as determined under section 256B.0911.

Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.85, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. **Determination of CFSS service authorization amount.** (a) All community first services and supports must be authorized by the commissioner or the commissioner's designee before services begin. The authorization for CFSS must be completed as soon as possible following an assessment but no later than 40 calendar days from the date of the assessment.

(b) The amount of CFSS authorized must be based on the participant's home care rating described in paragraphs (d) and (e) and any additional service units for which the participant qualifies as described in paragraph (f).

(c) The home care rating shall be determined by the commissioner or the commissioner's designee based on information submitted to the commissioner identifying the following for a participant:

(1) the total number of dependencies of activities of daily living;

(2) the presence of complex health-related needs; and

(3) the presence of Level I behavior.

(d) The methodology to determine the total service units for CFSS for each home care rating is based on the median paid units per day for each home care rating from fiscal year 2007 data for the PCA program.

(e) Each home care rating is designated by the letters ~~P~~ LT through Z and EN and has the following base number of service units assigned:

~~(1) P~~ LT home care rating requires ~~Level I behavior or one to three dependencies in ADLs and qualifies the person for five service units~~ the presence of increased vulnerability due to cognitive deficits and socially inappropriate behavior that requires assistance at least four times per week, the presence of a Level I behavior, or a dependency in one critical activity of daily living, and qualifies the person for two service units;

~~(2) P~~ home care rating requires two to three dependencies in ADLs, one of which must be a critical ADL, and qualifies the person for five services units;

~~(3) Q~~ home care rating requires Level I behavior and ~~one~~ two to three dependencies in ADLs, one of which must be a critical ADL, and qualifies the person for six service units;

~~(3) (4) R~~ home care rating requires a complex health-related need and ~~one~~ two to three dependencies in ADLs, one of which must be a critical ADL, and qualifies the person for seven service units;

~~(4) (5) S~~ home care rating requires four to six dependencies in ADLs, one of which must be a critical ADL, and qualifies the person for ten service units;

~~(5) (6) T~~ home care rating requires Level I behavior and four to six dependencies in ADLs and Level I behavior, one of which must be a critical ADL, and qualifies the person for 11 service units;

~~(6) (7) U~~ home care rating requires four to six dependencies in ADLs, one of which must be a critical ADL, and a complex health-related need and qualifies the person for 14 service units;

~~(7) (8) V~~ home care rating requires seven to eight dependencies in ADLs and qualifies the person for 17 service units;

~~(8) (9) W~~ home care rating requires seven to eight dependencies in ADLs and Level I behavior and qualifies the person for 20 service units;

~~(9) (10) Z~~ home care rating requires seven to eight dependencies in ADLs and a complex health-related need and qualifies the person for 30 service units; and

~~(10) (11) EN~~ home care rating includes ventilator dependency as defined in section 256B.0651, subdivision 1, paragraph (g). A person who meets the definition of ventilator-dependent and the EN home care rating and utilize a combination of CFSS and home care nursing services is limited to a total of 96 service units per day for those services in combination. Additional units may be authorized when a person's assessment indicates a need for two staff to perform activities. Additional time is limited to 16 service units per day.

(f) Additional service units are provided through the assessment and identification of the following:

- (1) 30 additional minutes per day for a dependency in each critical activity of daily living;
- (2) 30 additional minutes per day for each complex health-related need; and
- (3) 30 additional minutes per day when the behavior requires assistance at least four times per week for one or more of the following behaviors:

- (i) level I behavior;
- (ii) increased vulnerability due to cognitive deficits or socially inappropriate behavior; or
- (iii) increased need for assistance for participants who are verbally aggressive or resistive to care so that the time needed to perform activities of daily living is increased.

(g) The service budget for budget model participants shall be based on:

- (1) assessed units as determined by the home care rating; and
- (2) an adjustment needed for administrative expenses.

Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256C.23, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 7. Family and community intervener. "Family and community intervener" means a paraprofessional, specifically trained in deafblindness, who works one-on-one with a child who is deafblind to provide critical connections to people and the environment.

Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256C.261, is amended to read:

256C.261 SERVICES FOR PERSONS WHO ARE DEAFBLIND.

(a) The commissioner of human services shall use at least 35 percent of the deafblind services biennial base level grant funding for services and other supports for a child who is deafblind and the child's family. The commissioner shall use at least 25 percent of the deafblind services biennial base level grant funding for services and other supports for an adult who is deafblind.

The commissioner shall award grants for the purposes of:

- (1) providing services and supports to persons who are deafblind; and
- (2) developing and providing training to counties and the network of senior citizen service providers. The purpose of the training grants is to teach counties how to use existing programs that capture federal financial participation to meet the needs of eligible persons who are deafblind and to build capacity of senior service programs to meet the needs of seniors with a dual sensory hearing and vision loss.

(b) The commissioner may make grants:

- (1) for services and training provided by organizations; and

(2) to develop and administer consumer-directed services.

(c) Consumer-directed services shall be provided in whole by grant-funded providers. The Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing Services Division's regional service centers shall not provide any aspect of a grant-funded consumer-directed services program.

(d) Any entity that is able to satisfy the grant criteria is eligible to receive a grant under paragraph (a).

(e) Deafblind service providers may, but are not required to, provide intervenor services as part of the service package provided with grant funds under this section. Intervener services include services provided by a family and community intervenor as described in paragraph (f).

(f) The family and community intervenor, as defined in section 256C.23, subdivision 7, provides services to open channels of communication between the child and others; facilitate the development or use of receptive and expressive communication skills by the child; and develop and maintain a trusting, interactive relationship that promotes social and emotional well-being. The family and community intervenor also provides access to information and the environment, and facilitates opportunities for learning and development. A family and community intervenor must have specific training in deafblindness, building language and communication skills, and intervention strategies.

Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256I.03, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. **Supplementary services.** "Supplementary services" means housing support services provided to individuals in addition to room and board including, but not limited to, oversight and up to 24-hour supervision, medication reminders, assistance with transportation, arranging for meetings and appointments, and arranging for medical and social services, and services identified in section 256I.03, subdivision 12.

Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256I.04, subdivision 2b, is amended to read:

Subd. 2b. **Housing support agreements.** (a) Agreements between agencies and providers of housing support must be in writing on a form developed and approved by the commissioner and must specify the name and address under which the establishment subject to the agreement does business and under which the establishment, or service provider, if different from the group residential housing establishment, is licensed by the Department of Health or the Department of Human Services; the specific license or registration from the Department of Health or the Department of Human Services held by the provider and the number of beds subject to that license; the address of the location or locations at which group residential housing is provided under this agreement; the per diem and monthly rates that are to be paid from housing support funds for each eligible resident at each location; the number of beds at each location which are subject to the agreement; whether the license holder is a not-for-profit corporation under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code; and a statement that the agreement is subject to the provisions of sections 256I.01 to 256I.06 and subject to any changes to those sections.

(b) Providers are required to verify the following minimum requirements in the agreement:

(1) current license or registration, including authorization if managing or monitoring medications;

(2) all staff who have direct contact with recipients meet the staff qualifications;

(3) the provision of housing support;

(4) the provision of supplementary services, if applicable;

(5) reports of adverse events, including recipient death or serious injury; ~~and~~

(6) submission of residency requirements that could result in recipient eviction; and

(7) confirmation that the provider will not limit or restrict the number of hours an applicant or recipient chooses to be employed, as specified in subdivision 5.

(c) Agreements may be terminated with or without cause by the commissioner, the agency, or the provider with two calendar months prior notice. The commissioner may immediately terminate an agreement under subdivision 2d.

Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256I.04, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2h. **Required supplementary services.** Providers of supplementary services shall ensure that recipients have, at a minimum, assistance with services as identified in the recipient's professional statement of need under section 256I.03, subdivision 12. Providers of supplementary services shall maintain case notes with the date and description of services provided to individual recipients.

Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256I.04, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5. **Employment.** A provider is prohibited from limiting or restricting the number of hours an applicant or recipient is employed.

Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256I.05, subdivision 1r, is amended to read:

Subd. 1r. **Supplemental rate; Anoka County.** (a) Notwithstanding the provisions in this section, a county agency shall negotiate a supplemental rate for 42 beds in addition to the rate specified in subdivision 1, not to exceed the maximum rate allowed under subdivision 1a, including any legislatively authorized inflationary adjustments, for a housing support provider that is located in Anoka County and provides emergency housing on the former Anoka Regional Treatment Center campus.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions in this section, a county agency shall negotiate a supplemental rate for six beds in addition to the rate specified in subdivision 1, not to exceed the maximum rate allowed under subdivision 1a, including any legislatively authorized inflationary adjustments, for a housing support provider located in Anoka County that operates a 12-bed facility and provides room and board and supplementary services to individuals 18 to 24 years of age.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2019.

Sec. 53. **[268A.061] HOME AND COMMUNITY-BASED PROVIDERS.**

Subdivision 1. **Home and community-based provider eligibility for payments.** Notwithstanding Minnesota Rules, part 3300.5060, subparts 14 to 16, the commissioner shall make

payments for job-related services, vocational adjustment training, and vocational evaluation services to any home and community-based services provider licensed as an intensive support services provider under chapter 245D with whom the commissioner has signed a limited-use vendor operating agreement.

Subd. 2. **Limited-use agreements with home and community-based providers.** A limited-use vendor operating agreement under this section may not limit the dollar amount the provider may receive annually. The limited-use vendor operating agreement available under this section must specify at a minimum that payments under the agreement are limited to vocational rehabilitation services provided to individuals to whom the provider has previously provided day services as described under section 245D.03, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), clause (4), or any of the employment services described under section 245D.03, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), clauses (5) to (7).

Subd. 3. **Required limited-use agreements.** The commissioner must enter into a limited-use vendor operating agreement that meets at least the minimal requirements of subdivision 2 with a provider eligible under subdivision 1 if:

(1) the home and community-based provider is not a current vocational rehabilitation services provider;

(2) each individual to be served under the limited-use vendor operating agreement was receiving day or employment services from the provider immediately prior to the provider serving the individual under the terms of the agreement; and

(3) each individual to be served under the limited-use vendor operating agreement has made an informed choice to remain with the provider.

Sec. 54. Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 6, article 1, section 44, is amended to read:

Sec. 44. EXPANSION OF CONSUMER-DIRECTED COMMUNITY SUPPORTS BUDGET METHODOLOGY EXCEPTION.

(a) No later than September 30, 2017, if necessary, the commissioner of human services shall submit an amendment to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services for the home and community-based services waivers authorized under Minnesota Statutes, sections 256B.092 and 256B.49, to expand the exception to the consumer-directed community supports budget methodology under Laws 2015, chapter 71, article 7, section 54, to provide up to 30 percent more funds for either:

(1) consumer-directed community supports participants who have a coordinated service and support plan which identifies the need for an increased amount of services or supports under consumer-directed community supports than the amount they are currently receiving under the consumer-directed community supports budget methodology:

(i) to increase the amount of time a person works or otherwise improves employment opportunities;

(ii) to plan a transition to, move to, or live in a setting described in Minnesota Statutes, section 256D.44, subdivision 5, ~~paragraph (f), clause (1), item (ii), or paragraph (g), clause (1), item (iii);~~
or

(iii) to develop and implement a positive behavior support plan; or

(2) home and community-based waiver participants who are currently using licensed providers for (i) employment supports or services during the day; or (ii) residential services, either of which cost more annually than the person would spend under a consumer-directed community supports plan for any or all of the supports needed to meet the goals identified in paragraph (a), clause (1), items (i), (ii), and (iii).

(b) The exception under paragraph (a), clause (1), is limited to those persons who can demonstrate that they will have to discontinue using consumer-directed community supports and accept other non-self-directed waiver services because their supports needed for the goals described in paragraph (a), clause (1), items (i), (ii), and (iii), cannot be met within the consumer-directed community supports budget limits.

(c) The exception under paragraph (a), clause (2), is limited to those persons who can demonstrate that, upon choosing to become a consumer-directed community supports participant, the total cost of services, including the exception, will be less than the cost of current waiver services.

Sec. 55. Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 6, article 1, section 45, is amended to read:

Sec. 45. **CONSUMER-DIRECTED COMMUNITY SUPPORTS BUDGET METHODOLOGY EXCEPTION FOR PERSONS LEAVING INSTITUTIONS AND CRISIS RESIDENTIAL SETTINGS.**

Subdivision 1. Exception for persons leaving institutions and crisis residential settings. (a) By September 30, 2017, the commissioner shall establish an institutional and crisis bed consumer-directed community supports budget exception process in the home and community-based services waivers under Minnesota Statutes, sections 256B.092 and 256B.49. This budget exception process shall be available for any individual who:

(1) is not offered available and appropriate services within 60 days since approval for discharge from the individual's current institutional setting; and

(2) requires services that are more expensive than appropriate services provided in a noninstitutional setting using the consumer-directed community supports option.

(b) Institutional settings for purposes of this exception include intermediate care facilities for persons with developmental disabilities; nursing facilities; acute care hospitals; Anoka Metro Regional Treatment Center; Minnesota Security Hospital; and crisis beds. The budget exception shall be limited to no more than the amount of appropriate services provided in a noninstitutional setting as determined by the lead agency managing the individual's home and community-based services waiver. The lead agency shall notify the Department of Human Services of the budget exception.

Subd. 2. Shared services. (a) Medical assistance payments for shared services under consumer-directed community supports are limited to this subdivision.

(b) For purposes of this subdivision, "shared services" means services provided at the same time by the same direct care worker for individuals who have entered into an agreement to share consumer-directed community support services.

(c) Shared services may include services in the personal assistance category as outlined in the consumer-directed community supports community support plan and shared services agreement, except:

(1) services for more than three individuals provided by one worker at one time;

(2) use of more than one worker for the shared services; and

(3) a child care program licensed under chapter 245A or operated by a local school district or private school.

(d) The individuals or, as needed, their representatives shall develop the plan for shared services when developing or amending the consumer-directed community supports plan, and must follow the consumer-directed community supports process for approval of the plan by the lead agency. The plan for shared services in an individual's consumer-directed community supports plan shall include the intention to utilize shared services based on individuals' needs and preferences.

(e) Individuals sharing services must use the same financial management services provider.

(f) Individuals whose consumer-directed community supports community support plans include the intention to utilize shared services must also jointly develop, with the support of their representatives as needed, a shared services agreement. This agreement must include:

(1) the names of the individuals receiving shared services;

(2) the individuals' representative, if identified in their consumer-directed community supports plans, and their duties;

(3) the names of the case managers;

(4) the financial management services provider;

(5) the shared services that must be provided;

(6) the schedule for shared services;

(7) the location where shared services must be provided;

(8) the training specific to each individual served;

(9) the training specific to providing shared services to the individuals identified in the agreement;

(10) instructions to follow all required documentation for time and services provided;

(11) a contingency plan for each of the individuals that accounts for service provision and billing in the absence of one of the individuals in a shared services setting due to illness or other circumstances;

(12) signatures of all parties involved in the shared services; and

(13) agreement by each of the individuals who are sharing services on the number of shared hours for services provided.

(g) Any individual or any individual's representative may withdraw from participating in a shared services agreement at any time.

(h) The lead agency for each individual must authorize the use of the shared services option based on the criteria that the shared service is appropriate to meet the needs, health, and safety of each individual for whom they provide case management or care coordination.

(i) Nothing in this subdivision must be construed to reduce the total authorized consumer-directed community supports budget for an individual.

(j) No later than September 30, 2019, the commissioner of human services shall:

(1) submit an amendment to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services for the home and community-based services waivers authorized under Minnesota Statutes, sections 256B.092 and 256B.49, to allow for a shared services option under consumer-directed community supports; and

(2) with stakeholder input, develop guidance for shared services in consumer-directed community-supports within the Community Based Services Manual. Guidance must include:

(i) recommendations for negotiating payment for one-to-two and one-to-three services; and

(ii) a template of the shared services agreement.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective October 1, 2019, or upon federal approval, whichever is later, except for subdivision 2, paragraph (j), which is effective the day following final enactment. The commissioner of human services shall notify the revisor of statutes when federal approval is obtained.

Sec. 56. DAY TRAINING AND HABILITATION DISABILITY WAIVER RATE SYSTEM TRANSITION GRANTS.

(a) The commissioner of human services shall establish annual grants to day training and habilitation providers that are projected to experience a funding gap upon the full implementation of Minnesota Statutes, section 256B.4914.

(b) In order to be eligible for a grant under this section, a day training and habilitation disability waiver provider must:

(1) serve at least 100 waiver service participants;

(2) be projected to receive a reduction in annual revenue from medical assistance for day services during the first year of full implementation of disability waiver rate system framework rates under Minnesota Statutes, section 256B.4914, of at least 15 percent and at least \$300,000 compared to the annual medical assistance revenue for day services the provider received during the last full year

during which banded rates under Minnesota Statutes, section 256B.4913, subdivision 4a, were effective; and

(3) agree to develop, submit, and implement a sustainability plan as provided in paragraph

(c) A recipient of a grant under this section must develop a sustainability plan in partnership with the commissioner of human services. The sustainability plan must include:

(1) a review of all the provider's costs and an assessment of whether the provider is implementing available cost-control options appropriately;

(2) a review of all the provider's revenue and an assessment of whether the provider is leveraging available resources appropriately; and

(3) a practical strategy for closing the funding gap described in paragraph (b), clause (2).

(d) The commissioner of human services shall provide technical assistance and financial management advice to grant recipients as they develop and implement their sustainability plans.

(e) In order to be eligible for an annual grant renewal, a grant recipient must demonstrate to the commissioner of human services that it made a good faith effort to close the revenue gap described in paragraph (b), clause (2).

Sec. 57. DIRECTION TO COMMISSIONER OF HUMAN SERVICES; MNCHOICES 2.0.

(a) The commissioner of human services must ensure that the MnCHOICES 2.0 assessment and support planning tool incorporates a qualitative approach with open-ended questions and a conversational, culturally sensitive approach to interviewing that captures the assessor's professional judgment based on the person's responses.

(b) If the commissioner of human services convenes a working group or consults with stakeholders for the purposes of modifying the assessment and support planning process or tool, the commissioner must include members of the disability community, including representatives of organizations and individuals involved in assessment and support planning.

(c) Until MnCHOICES 2.0 is fully implemented, the commissioner shall permit counties to use the most recent legacy documents related to long-term service and supports assessments and shall reimburse counties in the same amount as the commissioner would were the county using the MnCHOICES assessment tool.

Sec. 58. DIRECTION TO THE COMMISSIONER OF HUMAN SERVICES; CAPITATION PAYMENTS FOR LONG-TERM SERVICES AND SUPPORTS ASSESSMENT ACTIVITIES.

By December 1, 2019, the commissioner of human services shall provide a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over human services finance and policy proposing a rate per assessment to be paid to counties and tribes for all medical assistance and county human services activities currently reimbursed via a random moment time study. The commissioner, in developing the proposal, shall use past estimates of time spent on each

relevant activity. The commissioner's report shall include an explanation of how the commissioner determines the portion of capitated rates paid to health plans attributable to each type of activity also performed by a county or tribe. The commissioner's proposal must include a single rate per activity for each activity for all populations, but may also include an alternative proposal for different rates per activity for each activity for different populations.

Sec. 59. DIRECTION TO THE COMMISSIONER OF HUMAN SERVICES; BARRIERS TO INDEPENDENT LIVING.

By December 1, 2019, the commissioner of human services shall submit to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over human services finance and policy a report describing state and federal regulatory barriers, including provisions of the Fair Housing Act, that create barriers to independent living for persons with disabilities. In developing the report, the commissioner shall consult with stakeholders, including individuals with disabilities, advocacy organizations, and service providers.

Sec. 60. ADULT FOSTER CARE MORATORIUM EXEMPTION.

An adult foster care setting located in Elk River, Sherburne County, and licensed in 2003 to serve four people is exempt from the moratorium under Minnesota Statutes, section 245A.03, subdivision 7, until July 1, 2020.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2019.

Sec. 61. DIRECTION TO COMMISSIONER; BI AND CADI WAIVER CUSTOMIZED LIVING SERVICES PROVIDER LOCATED IN HENNEPIN COUNTY.

(a) The commissioner of human services shall allow a housing with services establishment located in Minneapolis that provides customized living and 24-hour customized living services for clients enrolled in the brain injury (BI) or community access for disability inclusion (CADI) waiver and had a capacity to serve 66 clients as of July 1, 2017, to transfer service capacity of up to 66 clients to no more than three new housing with services establishments located in Hennepin County.

(b) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 256B.492, the commissioner shall determine that the new housing with services establishments described under paragraph (a) meet the BI and CADI waiver customized living and 24-hour customized living size limitation exception for clients receiving those services at the new housing with services establishments described under paragraph (a).

Sec. 62. DIRECTION TO THE COMMISSIONER OF HUMAN SERVICES; PERSONAL CARE ASSISTANCE SERVICES COMPARABILITY WAIVER.

The commissioner of human services shall submit by July 1, 2019, a waiver request to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services to allow people receiving personal care assistance services as of December 31, 2019, to continue their eligibility for personal care assistance services under the personal care assistance service eligibility criteria in effect on December 31, 2019.

Sec. 63. **DIRECTION TO THE COMMISSIONER OF HUMAN SERVICES; TRANSITION PERIOD FOR MODIFIED ELIGIBILITY OF PERSONAL CARE ASSISTANCE.**

(a) Beginning at the latest date permissible under federal law, the modified eligibility criteria under Minnesota Statutes, section 256B.0625, subdivision 19a, and Minnesota Statutes, section 256B.0652, subdivision 6, paragraphs (b) and (d), shall apply on a rolling basis, at the time of annual assessments, to people receiving personal care assistance as of December 31, 2019.

(b) The commissioner shall establish a transition period for people receiving personal care assistance services as of December 31, 2019, who, at the time of the annual assessment described in paragraph (a), are determined to be ineligible for personal care assistance services. Service authorizations for this transition period shall not exceed one year.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2020, or upon federal approval, whichever is later. The commissioner shall notify the revisor of statutes when federal approval is obtained and when personal care assistance services provided under paragraph (b) have expired.

Sec. 64. **DIRECTION TO THE COMMISSIONER; REPORT ON ELIGIBILITY FOR PERSONAL CARE ASSISTANCE AND ACCESS TO DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES AND COMMUNITY ACCESS FOR DISABILITY INCLUSION WAIVERS.**

By December 15, 2020, the commissioner shall submit a report to chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over human services on modifications to the eligibility criteria for the personal care assistance program and limits on the growth of the developmental disabilities and community access for disability inclusion waivers enacted following the 2019 legislative session. The report shall include the impact on people receiving or requesting services and any recommendations. By February 15, 2021, the commissioner shall supplement the December 15, 2020, report with updated data and information.

Sec. 65. **DIRECTION TO THE COMMISSIONER OF HUMAN SERVICES; INTERMEDIATE CARE FACILITY FOR PERSONS WITH DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES LEVEL OF CARE CRITERIA.**

By February 1, 2020, the commissioner of human services shall submit to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health and human services finance and policy recommended language to codify in Minnesota Statutes the commissioner's existing criteria for the determination of need for intermediate care facility for persons with developmental disabilities level of care. The recommended language shall include language clarifying "at risk of placement," "reasonable indication," and "might require" as those expressions are used in Minnesota Statutes, section 256B.092, subdivision 7, paragraph (b). The recommended statutory language shall also include the commissioner's current guidance with respect to the interpretation and application of the federal standard under Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 483.440, that a person receiving the services of an intermediate care facility for persons with developmental disabilities require a continuous active treatment plan, including which characteristics are necessary or sufficient for a determination of a need for active treatment. The commissioner shall submit the recommended statutory language with a letter listing, with statutory references, all the programs

and services for which an intermediate care facility for persons with developmental disabilities level of care is required.

Sec. 66. DIRECTION TO THE COMMISSIONER OF HUMAN SERVICES; DIRECT CARE WORKFORCE RATE METHODOLOGY STUDY.

The commissioner of human services, in consultation with stakeholders, shall evaluate the feasibility of developing a rate methodology for the personal care assistance program under Minnesota Statutes, section 256B.0659, and community first services and supports under Minnesota Statutes, section 256B.85, similar to the disability waiver rate system under Minnesota Statutes, section 256B.4914, including determining the component values and factors to include in such a rate methodology; consider aligning any rate methodology with the collective bargaining agreement and negotiation cycle under Minnesota Statutes, section 179A.54; recommend strategies for ensuring adequate, competitive wages for direct care workers; develop methods and determine the necessary resources for the commissioner to more consistently collect and audit data from the direct care industry; and report recommendations, including proposed draft legislation, to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over human services policy and finance by February 1, 2020.

Sec. 67. DIRECTION TO THE COMMISSIONER OF HUMAN SERVICES; HOME CARE SERVICES PAYMENT REFORM PROPOSAL.

The commissioner of human services shall submit to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over human services finance and policy a proposal to adopt a budget-neutral prospective payment system for nursing services and home health services under Minnesota Statutes, sections 256B.0625, subdivision 6a, and 256B.0653, and home care nursing services under Minnesota Statutes, sections 256B.0625, subdivision 7, and 256B.0624, modeled on the Medicare fee-for-service home health prospective payment system. The commissioner shall include in the proposal a case mix adjusted episodic rate, including services, therapies and supplies, minimum visits required for an episodic rate, consolidated billing requirements, outlier payments, low-utilization payments, and other criteria at the commissioner's discretion. In addition to the budget-neutral payment reform proposal, the commissioner shall also submit a proposed mechanism for updating the payment rates to reflect inflation in health care costs.

Sec. 68. REVISOR INSTRUCTION.

(a) The revisor of statutes shall change the term "developmental disability waiver" or similar terms to "developmental disabilities waiver" or similar terms wherever they appear in Minnesota Statutes. The revisor shall also make technical and other necessary changes to sentence structure to preserve the meaning of the text.

(b) The revisor of statutes, in consultation with the House Research Department, Office of Senate Counsel, Research and Fiscal Analysis, and Department of Human Services, shall prepare legislation for the 2020 legislative session to codify existing session laws governing consumer-directed community supports in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 256B.

Sec. 69. REPEALER.

Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256I.05, subdivision 3, is repealed.

ARTICLE 6**DIRECT CARE AND TREATMENT**

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 246.54, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3. **Administrative review of county liability for cost of care.** (a) The county of financial responsibility may submit a written request for administrative review by the commissioner of the county's payment of the cost of care when a delay in discharge of a client from a regional treatment center, state-operated community-based behavioral health hospital, or other state-operated facility results from the following actions by the facility:

(1) the facility did not provide notice to the county that the facility has determined that it is clinically appropriate for a client to be discharged;

(2) the notice to the county that the facility has determined that it is clinically appropriate for a client to be discharged was communicated on a holiday or weekend;

(3) the required documentation or procedures for discharge were not completed in order for the discharge to occur in a timely manner; or

(4) the facility disagrees with the county's discharge plan.

(b) The county of financial responsibility may not appeal the determination that it is clinically appropriate for a client to be discharged from a regional treatment center, state-operated community-based behavioral health hospital, or other state-operated facility.

(c) The commissioner must evaluate the request for administrative review and determine if the facility's actions listed in paragraph (a) caused undue delay in discharging the client. If the commissioner determines that the facility's actions listed in paragraph (a) caused undue delay in discharging the client, the county's liability will be reduced to the level of the cost of care for a client whose stay in a facility is determined to be clinically appropriate, effective on the date of the facility's action or failure to act that caused the delay. The commissioner's determination under this subdivision is final.

(d) If a county's liability is reduced pursuant to paragraph (c), a county's liability will return to the level of the cost of care for a client whose stay in a facility is determined to no longer be appropriate effective on the date the facility rectifies the action or failure to act that caused the delay under paragraph (a).

(e) Any difference in the county cost of care liability resulting from administrative review under this subdivision shall not be billed to the client or applied to future reimbursement from the client's estate or relatives.

Sec. 2. DIRECTION TO COMMISSIONER; REPORT REQUIRED; DISCHARGE DELAY REDUCTION.

No later than January 1, 2023, the commissioner of human services must submit a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over human services that provides an update on county and state efforts to reduce the number of days clients

spend in state-operated facilities after discharge from the facility has been determined to be clinically appropriate. The report must also include information on the fiscal impact of clinically inappropriate stays in these facilities.

Sec. 3. **DIRECTION TO COMMISSIONER; MSOCS COON RAPIDS ILEX CLOSURE.**

The commissioner of human services shall close the Minnesota state-operated community services program known as MSOCS Coon Rapids Ilex. The commissioner must not reopen or redesign the program. For the purposes of this section:

(1) a program is considered closed if the commissioner discontinues providing services at a given location;

(2) a program is considered reopened if the commissioner opens a new program or begins providing a new service at a location that was previously closed; and

(3) a program is considered redesigned if the commissioner does not change the nature of the services provided, but does change the focus of the population served by the program.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 4. **REPEALER.**

Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 246.18, subdivisions 8 and 9, are repealed.

ARTICLE 7

OPERATIONS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.057, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Reconsiderations.** The commissioner of health shall review and decide reconsideration requests, including the granting of variances, in accordance with the procedures and criteria contained in chapter 245C. The commissioner must set aside a disqualification for an individual who requests reconsideration and who meets the criteria described in section 245C.22, subdivision 4, paragraph (d). The commissioner's decision shall be provided to the individual and to the Department of Human Services. The commissioner's decision to grant or deny a reconsideration of disqualification is the final administrative agency action, except for the provisions under sections 245C.25, 245C.27, and 245C.28, subdivision 3.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 245A.04, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. **Grant of license; license extension.** (a) If the commissioner determines that the program complies with all applicable rules and laws, the commissioner shall issue a license consistent with this section or, if applicable, a temporary change of ownership license under section 245A.043. At minimum, the license shall state:

(1) the name of the license holder;

(2) the address of the program;

- (3) the effective date and expiration date of the license;
- (4) the type of license;
- (5) the maximum number and ages of persons that may receive services from the program; and
- (6) any special conditions of licensure.

(b) The commissioner may issue ~~an initial~~ a license for a period not to exceed two years if:

(1) the commissioner is unable to conduct the evaluation or observation required by subdivision 4, paragraph (a), clauses (3) and (4), because the program is not yet operational;

(2) certain records and documents are not available because persons are not yet receiving services from the program; and

(3) the applicant complies with applicable laws and rules in all other respects.

(c) A decision by the commissioner to issue a license does not guarantee that any person or persons will be placed or cared for in the licensed program. ~~A license shall not be transferable to another individual, corporation, partnership, voluntary association, other organization, or controlling individual or to another location.~~

~~(d) A license holder must notify the commissioner and obtain the commissioner's approval before making any changes that would alter the license information listed under paragraph (a).~~

~~(d)~~ (d) Except as provided in paragraphs ~~(g)~~ (f) and ~~(h)~~ (g), the commissioner shall not issue or reissue a license if the applicant, license holder, or controlling individual has:

(1) been disqualified and the disqualification was not set aside and no variance has been granted;

(2) been denied a license within the past two years;

(3) had a license issued under this chapter revoked within the past five years;

(4) an outstanding debt related to a license fee, licensing fine, or settlement agreement for which payment is delinquent; or

(5) failed to submit the information required of an applicant under subdivision 1, paragraph (f) or (g), after being requested by the commissioner.

When a license issued under this chapter is revoked under clause (1) or (3), the license holder and controlling individual may not hold any license under chapter 245A or 245D for five years following the revocation, and other licenses held by the applicant, license holder, or controlling individual shall also be revoked.

~~(e)~~ (e) The commissioner shall not issue or reissue a license under this chapter if an individual living in the household where the ~~licensed~~ services will be provided as specified under section 245C.03, subdivision 1, has been disqualified and the disqualification has not been set aside and no variance has been granted.

~~(e)~~ (f) Pursuant to section 245A.07, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), when a license issued under this chapter has been suspended or revoked and the suspension or revocation is under appeal, the program may continue to operate pending a final order from the commissioner. If the license under suspension or revocation will expire before a final order is issued, a temporary provisional license may be issued provided any applicable license fee is paid before the temporary provisional license is issued.

~~(h)~~ (g) Notwithstanding paragraph ~~(e)~~ (f), when a revocation is based on the disqualification of a controlling individual or license holder, and the controlling individual or license holder is ordered under section 245C.17 to be immediately removed from direct contact with persons receiving services or is ordered to be under continuous, direct supervision when providing direct contact services, the program may continue to operate only if the program complies with the order and submits documentation demonstrating compliance with the order. If the disqualified individual fails to submit a timely request for reconsideration, or if the disqualification is not set aside and no variance is granted, the order to immediately remove the individual from direct contact or to be under continuous, direct supervision remains in effect pending the outcome of a hearing and final order from the commissioner.

~~(i)~~ (h) For purposes of reimbursement for meals only, under the Child and Adult Care Food Program, Code of Federal Regulations, title 7, subtitle B, chapter II, subchapter A, part 226, relocation within the same county by a licensed family day care provider, shall be considered an extension of the license for a period of no more than 30 calendar days or until the new license is issued, whichever occurs first, provided the county agency has determined the family day care provider meets licensure requirements at the new location.

~~(j)~~ (i) Unless otherwise specified by statute, all licenses issued under this chapter expire at 12:01 a.m. on the day after the expiration date stated on the license. A license holder must apply for and be granted a new license to operate the program or the program must not be operated after the expiration date.

~~(k)~~ (j) The commissioner shall not issue or reissue a license under this chapter if it has been determined that a tribal licensing authority has established jurisdiction to license the program or service.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2020.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 245A.04, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 7a. Notification required. (a) A license holder must notify the commissioner and obtain the commissioner's approval before making any change that would alter the license information listed under subdivision 7, paragraph (a).

(b) At least 30 days before the effective date of a change, the license holder must notify the commissioner in writing of any change:

(1) to the license holder's controlling individual as defined in section 245A.02, subdivision 5a;

(2) to license holder information on file with the secretary of state;

(3) in the location of the program or service licensed under this chapter; and

(4) in the federal or state tax identification number associated with the license holder.

(c) When a license holder notifies the commissioner of a change to the business structure governing the licensed program or services but is not selling the business, the license holder must provide amended articles of incorporation and other documentation of the change and any other information requested by the commissioner.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2020.

Sec. 4. [245A.043] LICENSE APPLICATION AFTER CHANGE OF OWNERSHIP.

Subdivision 1. **Transfer prohibited.** A license issued under this chapter is only valid for a premises and individual, organization, or government entity identified by the commissioner on the license. A license is not transferable or assignable.

Subd. 2. **Change of ownership.** If the commissioner determines that there will be a change of ownership, the commissioner shall require submission of a new license application. A change of ownership occurs when:

(1) the license holder sells or transfers 100 percent of the property, stock, or assets;

(2) the license holder merges with another organization;

(3) the license holder consolidates with two or more organizations, resulting in the creation of a new organization;

(4) there is a change in the federal tax identification number associated with the license holder;
or

(5) there is a turnover of each controlling individual associated with the license within a 12-month period. A change to the license holder's controlling individuals, including a change due to a transfer of stock, is not a change of ownership if at least one controlling individual who was listed on the license for at least 12 consecutive months continues to be a controlling individual after the reported change.

Subd. 3. **Change of ownership requirements.** (a) A license holder who intends to change the ownership of the program or service under subdivision 2 to a party that intends to assume operation without an interruption in service longer than 60 days after acquiring the program or service must provide the commissioner with written notice of the proposed sale or change, on a form provided by the commissioner, at least 60 days before the anticipated date of the change in ownership. For purposes of this subdivision and subdivision 4, "party" means the party that intends to operate the service or program.

(b) The party must submit a license application under this chapter on the form and in the manner prescribed by the commissioner at least 30 days before the change of ownership is complete and must include documentation to support the upcoming change. The form and manner of the application prescribed by the commissioner shall require only information which is specifically required by statute or rule. The party must comply with background study requirements under chapter 245C and

shall pay the application fee required in section 245A.10. A party that intends to assume operation without an interruption in service longer than 60 days after acquiring the program or service is exempt from the requirements of Minnesota Rules, part 9530.6800.

(c) The commissioner may develop streamlined application procedures when the party is an existing license holder under this chapter and is acquiring a program licensed under this chapter or service in the same service class as one or more licensed programs or services the party operates and those licenses are in substantial compliance according to the licensing standards in this chapter and applicable rules. For purposes of this subdivision, "substantial compliance" means within the past 12 months the commissioner did not: (i) issue a sanction under section 245A.07 against a license held by the party or (ii) make a license held by the party conditional according to section 245A.06.

(d) Except when a temporary change of ownership license is issued pursuant to subdivision 4, the existing license holder is solely responsible for operating the program according to applicable rules and statutes until a license under this chapter is issued to the party.

(e) If a licensing inspection of the program or service was conducted within the previous 12 months and the existing license holder's license record demonstrates substantial compliance with the applicable licensing requirements, the commissioner may waive the party's inspection required by section 245A.04, subdivision 4. The party must submit to the commissioner proof that the premises was inspected by a fire marshal or that the fire marshal deemed that an inspection was not warranted and proof that the premises was inspected for compliance with the building code or that no inspection was deemed warranted.

(f) If the party is seeking a license for a program or service that has an outstanding correction order, the party must submit a letter with the license application identifying how and within what length of time the party shall resolve the outstanding correction order and come into full compliance with the licensing requirements.

(g) Any action taken under section 245A.06 or 245A.07 against the existing license holder's license at the time the party is applying for a license, including when the existing license holder is operating under a conditional license or is subject to a revocation, shall remain in effect until the commissioner determines that the grounds for the action are corrected or no longer exist.

(h) The commissioner shall evaluate the application of the party according to section 245A.04, subdivision 6. Pursuant to section 245A.04, subdivision 7, if the commissioner determines that the party complies with applicable laws and rules, the commissioner may issue a license or a temporary change of ownership license.

(i) The commissioner may deny an application as provided in section 245A.05. An applicant whose application was denied by the commissioner may appeal the denial according to section 245A.05.

(j) This subdivision does not apply to a licensed program or service located in a home where the license holder resides.

Subd. 4. **Temporary change of ownership license.** (a) After receiving the party's application and upon the written request of the existing license holder and the party, the commissioner may issue a temporary change of ownership license to the party while the commissioner evaluates the

party's application. Until a decision is made to grant or deny a license under this chapter, the existing license holder and the party shall both be responsible for operating the program or service according to applicable laws and rules, and the sale or transfer of the license holder's ownership interest in the licensed program or service does not terminate the existing license.

(b) The commissioner may establish criteria to issue a temporary change of ownership license, if a license holder's death, divorce, or other event affects the ownership of the program, when an applicant seeks to assume operation of the program or service to ensure continuity of the program or service while a license application is evaluated. This subdivision applies to any program or service licensed under this chapter.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2020.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 245A.065, is amended to read:

245A.065 CHILD CARE FIX-IT TICKET.

Subdivision 1. Contents of fix-it tickets. (a) In lieu of a correction order under section 245A.06, the commissioner ~~shall~~ may issue a fix-it ticket to a family child care or child care center license holder if the commissioner finds that:

(1) the license holder has failed to comply with a requirement in this chapter or Minnesota Rules, chapter 9502 or 9503; ~~that the commissioner determines to be eligible for a fix-it ticket;~~

(2) the violation does not imminently endanger the health, safety, or rights of the persons served by the program;

(3) the license holder did not receive a fix-it ticket or correction order for the violation at the license holder's last licensing inspection; and

(4) the violation ~~can~~ cannot be corrected at the time of inspection ~~or within 48 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays; and~~

~~(5) the license holder corrects the violation at the time of inspection or agrees to correct the violation within 48 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays.~~

(b) The commissioner shall not issue a fix-it ticket for violations that are corrected at the time of the inspection.

(c) The fix-it ticket must state:

(1) the conditions that constitute a violation of the law or rule;

(2) the specific law or rule violated; and

(3) that the violation ~~was corrected at the time of inspection or~~ must be corrected within 48 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays.

~~(e)~~ (d) The commissioner shall not publicly publish a fix-it ticket on the department's website.

~~(d)~~ (e) Within 48 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, of receiving a fix-it ticket, the license holder must correct the violation and within one week submit evidence to the licensing agency that the violation was corrected.

~~(e)~~ (f) If the violation is not corrected ~~at the time of inspection or~~ within 48 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, or the evidence submitted is insufficient to establish that the license holder corrected the violation, the commissioner must issue a correction order, according to section 245A.06, for the violation of Minnesota law or rule identified in the fix-it ticket ~~according to section 245A.06~~.

~~(f) The commissioner shall, following consultation with family child care license holders, child care center license holders, and county agencies, issue a report by October 1, 2017, that identifies the violations of this chapter and Minnesota Rules, chapters 9502 and 9503, that are eligible for a fix-it ticket. The commissioner shall provide the report to county agencies and the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over child care, and shall post the report to the department's website.~~

Subd. 2. Fix-it ticket laws and rules. (a) For family child care license holders, violations of the following laws and rules may qualify only for a fix-it ticket: 9502.0335, subpart 10; 9502.0375, subpart 2; 9502.0395; 9502.0405, subpart 3; 9502.0405, subpart 4, item A; 9502.0415, subpart 3; 9502.0425, subpart 2 (outdoor play spaces must be free from litter, rubbish, unlocked vehicles, or human or animal waste); 9502.0425, subpart 3 (wading pools must be kept clean); 9502.0425, subpart 5; 9502.0425, subpart 7, item F (screens on exterior doors and windows when biting insects are prevalent); 9502.0425, subpart 8; 9502.0425, subpart 10; 9502.0425, subpart 11 (decks free of splinters); 9502.0425, subpart 13 (toilets flush thoroughly); 9502.0425, subpart 16; 9502.0435, subpart 1; 9502.0435, subpart 3; 9502.0435, subpart 7; 9502.0435, subpart 8, item B; 9502.0435, subpart 8, item E; 9502.0435, subpart 12, items A through E; 9502.0435, subpart 13; 9502.0435, subpart 14; 9502.0435, subpart 15; 9502.0435, subpart 15, items A and B; 9502.0445, subpart 1, item B; 9502.0445, subpart 3, items B through D; 9502.0445, subpart 4, items A through C; 245A.04, subdivision 14, paragraph (c); 245A.06, subdivision 8; 245A.07, subdivision 5; 245A.146, subdivision 3, paragraph (c); 245A.148; 245A.152; 245A.50, subdivision 7; 245A.51, subdivision 3, paragraph (d) (emergency preparedness plan available for review and posted in prominent location).

(b) For child care center license holders, violations of the following laws and rules may qualify only for a fix-it ticket: 9503.0120, item B; 9503.0120, item E; 9503.0125, item E; 9503.0125, item F; 9503.0125, item I; 9503.0125, item M; 9503.0140, subpart 2; 9503.0140, subpart 7, item D; 9503.0140, subpart 9; 9503.0140, subpart 10; 9503.0140, subpart 13; 9503.0140, subpart 14; 9503.0140, subpart 15; 9503.0140, subpart 16 (item missing from first-aid kit); 9503.0140, subpart 18; 9503.0140, subpart 19; 9503.0140, subpart 20; 9503.0140, subpart 21 (emergency plan not posted in prominent place); 9503.0145, subpart 2; 9503.0145, subpart 3; 9503.0145, subpart 4, item D; 9503.0145, subpart 8 (drinking water provided in single service cups or at an accessible drinking fountain); 9503.0155, subpart 7, item D; 9503.0155, subpart 13; 9503.0155, subpart 16; 9503.0155, subpart 17; 9503.0155, subpart 18, item D; 9503.0170, subpart 3; 9503.0145, subpart 7, item D; 245A.04, subdivision 14, paragraph (c); 245A.06, subdivision 8; 245A.07, subdivision 5; 245A.14, subdivision 8, paragraph (b) (experienced aide identification posting); 245A.146, subdivision 3, paragraph (c); 245A.152; 245A.41, subdivision 3, paragraph (d); 245A.41, subdivision 3, paragraph (e); 245A.41, subdivision 3, paragraph (f).

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 245C.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 20. **Substance use disorder treatment field.** "Substance use disorder treatment field" means a program exclusively serving individuals 18 years of age and older and that is required to be:

(1) licensed under chapter 245G; or

(2) registered under section 157.17 as a board and lodge establishment that predominantly serves individuals being treated for or recovering from a substance use disorder.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 245C.22, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Risk of harm; set aside.** (a) The commissioner may set aside the disqualification if the commissioner finds that the individual has submitted sufficient information to demonstrate that the individual does not pose a risk of harm to any person served by the applicant, license holder, or other entities as provided in this chapter.

(b) In determining whether the individual has met the burden of proof by demonstrating the individual does not pose a risk of harm, the commissioner shall consider:

(1) the nature, severity, and consequences of the event or events that led to the disqualification;

(2) whether there is more than one disqualifying event;

(3) the age and vulnerability of the victim at the time of the event;

(4) the harm suffered by the victim;

(5) vulnerability of persons served by the program;

(6) the similarity between the victim and persons served by the program;

(7) the time elapsed without a repeat of the same or similar event;

(8) documentation of successful completion by the individual studied of training or rehabilitation pertinent to the event; and

(9) any other information relevant to reconsideration.

(c) If the individual requested reconsideration on the basis that the information relied upon to disqualify the individual was incorrect or inaccurate and the commissioner determines that the information relied upon to disqualify the individual is correct, the commissioner must also determine if the individual poses a risk of harm to persons receiving services in accordance with paragraph (b).

(d) For an individual seeking employment in the substance use disorder treatment field, the commissioner shall set aside the disqualification if the following criteria are met:

(1) the individual is not disqualified for a crime of violence as listed under section 624.712, subdivision 5, except that the following crimes are prohibitory offenses: crimes listed under section 152.021, subdivision 2 or 2a; 152.022, subdivision 2; 152.023, subdivision 2; 152.024; or 152.025;

(2) the individual is not disqualified under section 245C.15, subdivision 1;

(3) the individual is not disqualified under section 245C.15, subdivision 4, paragraph (b);

(4) the individual provided documentation of successful completion of treatment, at least one year prior to the date of the request for reconsideration, at a program licensed under chapter 245G, and has had no disqualifying crimes or conduct under section 245C.15 after the successful completion of treatment;

(5) the individual provided documentation demonstrating abstinence from controlled substances, as defined in section 152.01, subdivision 4, for the period of one year prior to the date of the request for reconsideration; and

(6) the individual is seeking employment in the substance use disorder treatment field.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 245C.22, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Scope of set-aside.** (a) If the commissioner sets aside a disqualification under this section, the disqualified individual remains disqualified, but may hold a license and have direct contact with or access to persons receiving services. Except as provided in paragraph (b), the commissioner's set-aside of a disqualification is limited solely to the licensed program, applicant, or agency specified in the set aside notice under section 245C.23. For personal care provider organizations, the commissioner's set-aside may further be limited to a specific individual who is receiving services. For new background studies required under section 245C.04, subdivision 1, paragraph (h), if an individual's disqualification was previously set aside for the license holder's program and the new background study results in no new information that indicates the individual may pose a risk of harm to persons receiving services from the license holder, the previous set-aside shall remain in effect.

(b) If the commissioner has previously set aside an individual's disqualification for one or more programs or agencies, and the individual is the subject of a subsequent background study for a different program or agency, the commissioner shall determine whether the disqualification is set aside for the program or agency that initiated the subsequent background study. A notice of a set-aside under paragraph (c) shall be issued within 15 working days if all of the following criteria are met:

(1) the subsequent background study was initiated in connection with a program licensed or regulated under the same provisions of law and rule for at least one program for which the individual's disqualification was previously set aside by the commissioner;

(2) the individual is not disqualified for an offense specified in section 245C.15, subdivision 1 or 2;

(3) the commissioner has received no new information to indicate that the individual may pose a risk of harm to any person served by the program; and

(4) the previous set-aside was not limited to a specific person receiving services.

(c) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), clause (2), for an individual who is employed in the substance use disorder field, if the commissioner has previously set aside an individual's disqualification for one or more programs or agencies in the substance use disorder treatment field, and the individual is the subject of a subsequent background study for a different program or agency in the substance use disorder treatment field, the commissioner shall set aside the disqualification for the program or agency in the substance use disorder treatment field that initiated the subsequent background study when the criteria under paragraph (b), clauses (1), (3), and (4), are met and the individual is not disqualified for an offense specified in section 254C.15, subdivision 1. A notice of a set-aside under paragraph (d) shall be issued within 15 working days.

~~(e)~~ (d) When a disqualification is set aside under paragraph (b), the notice of background study results issued under section 245C.17, in addition to the requirements under section 245C.17, shall state that the disqualification is set aside for the program or agency that initiated the subsequent background study. The notice must inform the individual that the individual may request reconsideration of the disqualification under section 245C.21 on the basis that the information used to disqualify the individual is incorrect.

Sec. 9. [256.0113] COUNTY HUMAN SERVICES STATE FUNDING REALLOCATION.

(a) Beginning October 1, 2019, counties and tribes or tribal agencies receiving human services grants funded exclusively with state general fund dollars may allocate any unexpended grant amounts to any county or tribal human services activity for the fourth quarter of the county or tribe's fiscal year.

(b) Any proposed reallocation of unspent funds must be approved by majority vote of the county board or the tribe or tribal agency's governing body.

(c) Each county, tribe, or tribal agency shall report any approved reallocation of unspent grant funds to the commissioner of human services by March 31 of each year following a reallocation under this section. The report shall describe the use of the reallocated human services grant funds, compare how the funds were allocated prior to the reallocation, and explain the advantages or disadvantages of the reallocation.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.04, subdivision 21, is amended to read:

Subd. 21. **Provider enrollment.** (a) If the commissioner or the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services determines that a provider is designated "high-risk," the commissioner may withhold payment from providers within that category upon initial enrollment for a 90-day period. The withholding for each provider must begin on the date of the first submission of a claim.

(b) An enrolled provider that is also licensed by the commissioner under chapter 245A, or is licensed as a home care provider by the Department of Health under chapter 144A and has a home and community-based services designation on the home care license under section 144A.484, must designate an individual as the entity's compliance officer. The compliance officer must:

(1) develop policies and procedures to assure adherence to medical assistance laws and regulations and to prevent inappropriate claims submissions;

(2) train the employees of the provider entity, and any agents or subcontractors of the provider entity including billers, on the policies and procedures under clause (1);

(3) respond to allegations of improper conduct related to the provision or billing of medical assistance services, and implement action to remediate any resulting problems;

(4) use evaluation techniques to monitor compliance with medical assistance laws and regulations;

(5) promptly report to the commissioner any identified violations of medical assistance laws or regulations; and

(6) within 60 days of discovery by the provider of a medical assistance reimbursement overpayment, report the overpayment to the commissioner and make arrangements with the commissioner for the commissioner's recovery of the overpayment.

The commissioner may require, as a condition of enrollment in medical assistance, that a provider within a particular industry sector or category establish a compliance program that contains the core elements established by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.

(c) The commissioner may revoke the enrollment of an ordering or rendering provider for a period of not more than one year, if the provider fails to maintain and, upon request from the commissioner, provide access to documentation relating to written orders or requests for payment for durable medical equipment, certifications for home health services, or referrals for other items or services written or ordered by such provider, when the commissioner has identified a pattern of a lack of documentation. A pattern means a failure to maintain documentation or provide access to documentation on more than one occasion. Nothing in this paragraph limits the authority of the commissioner to sanction a provider under the provisions of section 256B.064.

(d) The commissioner shall terminate or deny the enrollment of any individual or entity if the individual or entity has been terminated from participation in Medicare or under the Medicaid program or Children's Health Insurance Program of any other state. The commissioner may exempt a rehabilitation agency from termination or denial that would otherwise be required under this paragraph, if the agency:

(1) is unable to retain Medicare certification and enrollment solely due to a lack of billing to the Medicare program;

(2) meets all other applicable Medicare certification requirements based on an on-site review completed by the commissioner of health; and

(3) serves primarily a pediatric population.

(e) As a condition of enrollment in medical assistance, the commissioner shall require that a provider designated "moderate" or "high-risk" by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services or the commissioner permit the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, its agents, or its designated contractors and the state agency, its agents, or its designated contractors to conduct unannounced on-site inspections of any provider location. The commissioner shall publish in the Minnesota Health Care Program Provider Manual a list of provider types designated "limited," "moderate," or "high-risk," based on the criteria and standards used to designate Medicare providers

in Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 424.518. The list and criteria are not subject to the requirements of chapter 14. The commissioner's designations are not subject to administrative appeal.

(f) As a condition of enrollment in medical assistance, the commissioner shall require that a high-risk provider, or a person with a direct or indirect ownership interest in the provider of five percent or higher, consent to criminal background checks, including fingerprinting, when required to do so under state law or by a determination by the commissioner or the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services that a provider is designated high-risk for fraud, waste, or abuse.

(g)(1) Upon initial enrollment, reenrollment, and notification of revalidation, all durable medical equipment, prosthetics, orthotics, and supplies (DMEPOS) medical suppliers meeting the durable medical equipment provider and supplier definition in clause (3), operating in Minnesota and receiving Medicaid funds must purchase a surety bond that is annually renewed and designates the Minnesota Department of Human Services as the obligee, and must be submitted in a form approved by the commissioner. For purposes of this clause, the following medical suppliers are not required to obtain a surety bond: a federally qualified health center, a home health agency, the Indian Health Service, a pharmacy, and a rural health clinic.

(2) At the time of initial enrollment or reenrollment, durable medical equipment providers and suppliers defined in clause (3) must purchase a surety bond of \$50,000. If a revalidating provider's Medicaid revenue in the previous calendar year is up to and including \$300,000, the provider agency must purchase a surety bond of \$50,000. If a revalidating provider's Medicaid revenue in the previous calendar year is over \$300,000, the provider agency must purchase a surety bond of \$100,000. The surety bond must allow for recovery of costs and fees in pursuing a claim on the bond.

(3) "Durable medical equipment provider or supplier" means a medical supplier that can purchase medical equipment or supplies for sale or rental to the general public and is able to perform or arrange for necessary repairs to and maintenance of equipment offered for sale or rental.

(h) The Department of Human Services may require a provider to purchase a surety bond as a condition of initial enrollment, reenrollment, reinstatement, or continued enrollment if: (1) the provider fails to demonstrate financial viability, (2) the department determines there is significant evidence of or potential for fraud and abuse by the provider, or (3) the provider or category of providers is designated high-risk pursuant to paragraph (a) and as per Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 455.450. The surety bond must be in an amount of \$100,000 or ten percent of the provider's payments from Medicaid during the immediately preceding 12 months, whichever is greater. The surety bond must name the Department of Human Services as an obligee and must allow for recovery of costs and fees in pursuing a claim on the bond. This paragraph does not apply if the provider currently maintains a surety bond under the requirements in section 256B.0659 or 256B.85.

Sec. 11. **REPEALER.**

Minnesota Statutes 2018, sections 16A.724, subdivision 2; and 245G.11, subdivisions 1, 4, and 7, are repealed.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

ARTICLE 8**HEALTH CARE**

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 13.69, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Classifications.** (a) The following government data of the Department of Public Safety are private data:

(1) medical data on driving instructors, licensed drivers, and applicants for parking certificates and special license plates issued to physically disabled persons;

(2) other data on holders of a disability certificate under section 169.345, except that (i) data that are not medical data may be released to law enforcement agencies, and (ii) data necessary for enforcement of sections 169.345 and 169.346 may be released to parking enforcement employees or parking enforcement agents of statutory or home rule charter cities and towns;

(3) Social Security numbers in driver's license and motor vehicle registration records, except that Social Security numbers must be provided to the Department of Revenue for purposes of tax administration, the Department of Labor and Industry for purposes of workers' compensation administration and enforcement, the judicial branch for purposes of debt collection, and the Department of Natural Resources for purposes of license application administration, and except that the last four digits of the Social Security number must be provided to the Department of Human Services for purposes of recovery of Minnesota health care program benefits paid; and

(4) data on persons listed as standby or temporary custodians under section 171.07, subdivision 11, except that the data must be released to:

(i) law enforcement agencies for the purpose of verifying that an individual is a designated caregiver; or

(ii) law enforcement agencies who state that the license holder is unable to communicate at that time and that the information is necessary for notifying the designated caregiver of the need to care for a child of the license holder.

The department may release the Social Security number only as provided in clause (3) and must not sell or otherwise provide individual Social Security numbers or lists of Social Security numbers for any other purpose.

(b) The following government data of the Department of Public Safety are confidential data: data concerning an individual's driving ability when that data is received from a member of the individual's family.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256.9365, is amended to read:

256.9365 PURCHASE OF ~~CONTINUATION~~ HEALTH CARE COVERAGE FOR AIDS PATIENTS PEOPLE LIVING WITH HIV.

Subdivision 1. **Program established.** The commissioner of human services shall establish a program to pay private the cost of health plan premiums and cost sharing for prescriptions, including

co-payments, deductibles, and coinsurance for persons who have contracted human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) to enable them to continue coverage under or enroll in a group or individual health plan. If a person is determined to be eligible under subdivision 2, the commissioner shall pay the portion of the group plan premium for which the individual is responsible, if the individual is responsible for at least 50 percent of the cost of the premium, or pay the individual plan premium health insurance premiums and prescription cost sharing, including co-payments and deductibles required under section 256B.0631. The commissioner shall not pay for that portion of a premium that is attributable to other family members or dependents or is paid by the individual's employer.

Subd. 2. **Eligibility requirements.** To be eligible for the program, an applicant must ~~satisfy the following requirements:~~ meet all eligibility requirements for and enroll in Part B of the Ryan White HIV/AIDS Treatment Extension Act of 2009, Public Law 111-87.

~~(1) the applicant must provide a physician's, advanced practice registered nurse's, or physician assistant's statement verifying that the applicant is infected with HIV and is, or within three months is likely to become, too ill to work in the applicant's current employment because of HIV-related disease;~~

~~(2) the applicant's monthly gross family income must not exceed 300 percent of the federal poverty guidelines, after deducting medical expenses and insurance premiums;~~

~~(3) the applicant must not own assets with a combined value of more than \$25,000; and~~

~~(4) if applying for payment of group plan premiums, the applicant must be covered by an employer's or former employer's group insurance plan.~~

Subd. 3. **Cost-effective coverage.** Requirements for the payment of individual plan premiums under ~~subdivision 2, clause (5), this section~~ must be designed to ensure that the state cost of paying an individual plan premium does not exceed the estimated state cost that would otherwise be incurred in the medical assistance program. The commissioner shall purchase the most cost-effective coverage available for eligible individuals.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.056, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Asset limitations for certain individuals.** (a) To be eligible for medical assistance, a person must not individually own more than \$3,000 in assets, or if a member of a household with two family members, husband and wife, or parent and child, the household must not own more than \$6,000 in assets, plus \$200 for each additional legal dependent. In addition to these maximum amounts, an eligible individual or family may accrue interest on these amounts, but they must be reduced to the maximum at the time of an eligibility redetermination. The accumulation of the clothing and personal needs allowance according to section 256B.35 must also be reduced to the maximum at the time of the eligibility redetermination. The value of assets that are not considered in determining eligibility for medical assistance is the value of those assets excluded under the Supplemental Security Income program for aged, blind, and disabled persons, with the following exceptions:

(1) household goods and personal effects are not considered;

(2) capital and operating assets of a trade or business that the local agency determines are necessary to the person's ability to earn an income are not considered;

(3) motor vehicles are excluded to the same extent excluded by the Supplemental Security Income program;

(4) assets designated as burial expenses are excluded to the same extent excluded by the Supplemental Security Income program. Burial expenses funded by annuity contracts or life insurance policies must irrevocably designate the individual's estate as contingent beneficiary to the extent proceeds are not used for payment of selected burial expenses;

(5) for a person who no longer qualifies as an employed person with a disability due to loss of earnings, assets allowed while eligible for medical assistance under section 256B.057, subdivision 9, are not considered for 12 months, beginning with the first month of ineligibility as an employed person with a disability, to the extent that the person's total assets remain within the allowed limits of section 256B.057, subdivision 9, paragraph (d);

~~(6) when a person enrolled in medical assistance under section 256B.057, subdivision 9, is age 65 or older and has been enrolled during each of the 24 consecutive months before the person's 65th birthday, the assets owned by the person and the person's spouse must be disregarded, up to the limits of section 256B.057, subdivision 9, paragraph (d), when determining eligibility for medical assistance under section 256B.055, subdivision 7.~~ a designated employment incentives asset account is disregarded when determining eligibility for medical assistance for a person age 65 years or older under section 256B.055, subdivision 7. An employment incentives asset account must only be designated by a person who has been enrolled in medical assistance under section 256B.057, subdivision 9, for a 24-consecutive-month period. A designated employment incentives asset account contains qualified assets owned by the person and the person's spouse in the last month of enrollment in medical assistance under section 256B.057, subdivision 9. Qualified assets include retirement and pension accounts, medical expense accounts, and up to \$17,000 of the person's other nonexcluded assets. An employment incentives asset account is no longer designated when a person loses medical assistance eligibility for a calendar month or more before turning age 65. A person who loses medical assistance eligibility before age 65 can establish a new designated employment incentives asset account by establishing a new 24-consecutive-month period of enrollment under section 256B.057, subdivision 9. The income of a spouse of a person enrolled in medical assistance under section 256B.057, subdivision 9, during each of the 24 consecutive months before the person's 65th birthday must be disregarded when determining eligibility for medical assistance under section 256B.055, subdivision 7. Persons eligible under this clause are not subject to the provisions in section 256B.059; and

(7) effective July 1, 2009, certain assets owned by American Indians are excluded as required by section 5006 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, Public Law 111-5. For purposes of this clause, an American Indian is any person who meets the definition of Indian according to Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 447.50.

(b) No asset limit shall apply to persons eligible under section 256B.055, subdivision 15.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2019.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.056, subdivision 5c, is amended to read:

Subd. 5c. **Excess income standard.** (a) The excess income standard for parents and caretaker relatives, pregnant women, infants, and children ages two through 20 is the standard specified in subdivision 4, paragraph (b).

(b) The excess income standard for a person whose eligibility is based on blindness, disability, or age of 65 or more years shall equal ~~81~~ 82 percent of the federal poverty guidelines. Effective July 1, 2021, the excess income standard for a person whose eligibility is based on blindness disability, or age of 65 or more years, is the standard specified in subdivision 4, paragraph (a).

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2020.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0625, subdivision 18d, is amended to read:

Subd. 18d. **Advisory committee members.** (a) The Nonemergency Medical Transportation Advisory Committee consists of:

(1) four voting members who represent counties, utilizing the rural urban commuting area classification system. As defined in subdivision 17, these members shall be designated as follows:

- (i) two counties within the 11-county metropolitan area;
- (ii) one county representing the rural area of the state; and
- (iii) one county representing the super rural area of the state.

The Association of Minnesota Counties shall appoint one county within the 11-county metropolitan area and one county representing the super rural area of the state. The Minnesota Inter-County Association shall appoint one county within the 11-county metropolitan area and one county representing the rural area of the state;

(2) three voting members who represent medical assistance recipients, including persons with physical and developmental disabilities, persons with mental illness, seniors, children, and low-income individuals;

(3) ~~four~~ five voting members who represent providers that deliver nonemergency medical transportation services to medical assistance enrollees, one of whom is a taxicab owner or operator;

(4) two voting members of the house of representatives, one from the majority party and one from the minority party, appointed by the speaker of the house, and two voting members from the senate, one from the majority party and one from the minority party, appointed by the Subcommittee on Committees of the Committee on Rules and Administration;

(5) one voting member who represents demonstration providers as defined in section 256B.69, subdivision 2;

(6) one voting member who represents an organization that contracts with state or local governments to coordinate transportation services for medical assistance enrollees;

(7) one voting member who represents the Minnesota State Council on Disability;

(8) the commissioner of transportation or the commissioner's designee, who shall serve as a voting member;

(9) one voting member appointed by the Minnesota Ambulance Association; and

(10) one voting member appointed by the Minnesota Hospital Association.

(b) Members of the advisory committee shall not be employed by the Department of Human Services. Members of the advisory committee shall receive no compensation.

Sec. 6. PAIN MANAGEMENT.

(a) The Health Services Policy Committee established under Minnesota Statutes, section 256B.0625, subdivision 3c, shall evaluate and make recommendations on the integration of nonpharmacologic pain management that are clinically viable and sustainable; reduce or eliminate chronic pain conditions; improve functional status; and prevent addiction and reduce dependence on opiates or other pain medications. The recommendations must be based on best practices for the effective treatment of musculoskeletal pain provided by health practitioners identified in paragraph (b), and covered under medical assistance. Each health practitioner represented under paragraph (b) shall present the minimum best integrated practice recommendations, policies, and scientific evidence for nonpharmacologic treatment options for eliminating pain and improving functional status within their full professional scope. Recommendations for integration of services may include guidance regarding screening for co-occurring behavioral health diagnoses; protocols for communication between all providers treating a unique individual, including protocols for follow-up; and universal mechanisms to assess improvements in functional status.

(b) In evaluating and making recommendations, the Health Services Policy Committee shall consult and collaborate with the following health practitioners: acupuncture practitioners licensed under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 147B; chiropractors licensed under Minnesota Statutes, sections 148.01 to 148.10; physical therapists licensed under Minnesota Statutes, sections 148.68 to 148.78; medical and osteopathic physicians licensed under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 147, and advanced practice registered nurses licensed under Minnesota Statutes, sections 148.171 to 148.285, with experience in providing primary care collaboratively within a multidisciplinary team of health care practitioners who employ nonpharmacologic pain therapies; and psychologists licensed under Minnesota Statutes, section 148.907.

(c) The commissioner shall submit a progress report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health and human services policy and finance by January 15, 2020, and shall report final recommendations by August 1, 2020. The final report may also contain recommendations for developing and implementing a pilot program to assess the clinical viability, sustainability, and effectiveness of integrated nonpharmacologic, multidisciplinary treatments for managing musculoskeletal pain and improving functional status.

ARTICLE 9

APPROPRIATIONS

Section 1. HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES APPROPRIATIONS.

The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the general fund, or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose. The figures "2020" and "2021" used in this article mean that the appropriations listed under them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, or June 30, 2021, respectively. "The first year" is fiscal year 2020. "The second year" is fiscal year 2021. "The biennium" is fiscal years 2020 and 2021.

APPROPRIATIONS

Available for the Year

Ending June 30

2020

2021

Sec. 2. COMMISSIONER OF HUMAN SERVICES \$ (17,122,000) \$ (154,855,000)

Appropriations by Fund

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>
General	(17,115,000)	(155,846,000)
Health Care Access	(7,000)	(9,000)
Federal TANF	-0-	1,000,000

(a) Gun Violence Prevention Grants. \$100,000 in fiscal year 2020 is from the general fund for gun violence prevention grants to nonprofit organizations with expertise in gun violence prevention to conduct gun violence prevention initiatives or public awareness and education campaigns on gun violence prevention. This is a onetime appropriation.

(b) Semi-Independent Living Services Grants. \$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2021 are from the general fund for reimbursement to lead agencies under Minnesota Statutes, section 252.275.

(c) Social Functioning Measurement Tool. \$100,000 in fiscal year 2020 is from the general fund for the commissioner to determine whether the Center for Victims of

Torture's social functioning measurement tool can be adapted for other populations that receive targeted case management and other medical assistance services. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2023.

(d) Homeless Youth Drop-In Program Grant. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.97, \$100,000 in fiscal year 2020 is from the general fund for a grant to an organization in Anoka County providing services and programming through a drop-in program to meet the basic needs, including mental health needs, of homeless youth in the north metropolitan suburbs, to develop a model of its homeless youth drop-in program that can be shared and replicated in other communities throughout Minnesota. This is a onetime appropriation.

(e) Pathways to Prosperity. \$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2021 is from the federal TANF fund for the unified benefit amount of the Minnesota Pathways to Prosperity and Well-Being pilot project. The commissioner may award the grant only upon issuance of formal approval of the pilot project plan as required under article ..., section ..., subdivision 1, paragraph (c), and after fulfillment of the condition in article ..., section ..., subdivision 1, paragraph (b), clause (3). No amount of the appropriation may be used for any other purpose of the pilot project. The base for this appropriation is \$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2022 and \$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2023. This is not an ongoing appropriation. The commissioner of management and budget shall not include a base amount for this appropriation in fiscal year 2024. This section expires June 30, 2023.

(f) Community-Based Housing and Behavioral Health Services for Opiate Addiction. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.97, \$25,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$25,000 in fiscal year 2021

are from the general fund for a grant to Oasis Central Minnesota, Inc., serving Morrison County to provide opioid programming, behavioral health services, and residential housing with employment services.

(g) Parent-to-Parent Peer Support Grants.
\$100,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$100,000 in fiscal year 2021 are from the general fund for grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 256.4751.

(h) Children's Mental Health Grant.
Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.97, \$193,000 in fiscal year 2020 is from the general fund for a grant to the Family Enhancement Center for staffing and administrative support to provide children access to expert mental health services regardless of a child's insurance status or income. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2021.

(i) Transitional Housing Program.
Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.97, \$50,000 in fiscal year 2020 is from the general fund for a transitional housing and support program located in Rice County that serves women and children in crisis to enhance current services and supports and to determine if the program's model can be expanded statewide. The commissioner of human services shall report by February 1, 2020, to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over transitional housing programs on the outcomes of the program and provide recommendations on expanding the program's model statewide. This is a onetime appropriation.

(j) Fraud Prevention Investigations.
\$425,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$425,000 in fiscal year 2021 are from the general fund for the fraud prevention investigation project under Minnesota Statutes, section 256.983.

(k) Adaptive Fitness Access Grants.
\$125,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$125,000
in fiscal year 2021 are from the general fund
for the grant program under Minnesota
Statutes, section 256.488.

(l) Day Training and Habilitation
Disability Waiver Rate System Transition
Grants. \$200,000 in fiscal year 2020 and
 \$200,000 in fiscal year 2021 are from the
 general fund for day training and habilitation
 disability waiver rate system transition grants
 under article ..., section

(m) Family Support Grants. The general
 fund base for family support grants under
 Minnesota Statutes, section 252.32, is
 \$10,278,000 in fiscal year 2022 and
 \$8,278,000 in fiscal year 2023. The
 commissioner may use up to \$2,000,000 of
 the 2022 fiscal year base funding to
 reimburse counties that issue family support
 grants in an amount that exceeds the county's
 allocation in fiscal year 2021. This paragraph
 expires June 20, 2023.

Sec. 3. <u>COUNCIL ON DISABILITY</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>156,000</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>146,000</u>
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Sec. 4. <u>OMBUDSMAN FOR MENTAL HEALTH</u> <u>AND DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>250,000</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>-0-</u>
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Department of Psychiatry Monitoring.
\$100,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$100,000
in fiscal year 2021 are for monitoring the
Department of Psychiatry at the University
of Minnesota.

Sec. 5. Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 6, article 18, section 7, is amended to read:

Sec. 7. <u>OMBUDSMAN FOR MENTAL HEALTH</u> <u>AND DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>2,407,000</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>2,427,000</u> <u><u>2,177,000</u></u>
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Department of Psychiatry Monitoring.
\$100,000 in fiscal year 2018 and \$100,000
in fiscal year 2019 are for monitoring the
Department of Psychiatry at the University
of Minnesota."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to state government; establishing a portion of the health and human services budget; modifying provisions governing program integrity, children and family services, chemical and mental health, continuing care for older adults, disability services, direct care and treatment, operations, and health care; modifying penalties; establishing asset limits; establishing electronic visit verification system; eliminating TEFRA fees; repealing MFIP child care assistance program and basic sliding fee child care assistance program; directing the commissioner of human services to propose a redesigned child care assistance program; directing closure of a MSOCS residential facility; repealing statutes relating to the state-operated services account; establishing a background study set-aside for individuals working in the substance use disorder treatment field; requiring reports; making technical changes; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2018, sections 13.69, subdivision 1; 13.851, by adding a subdivision; 15C.02; 119B.09, subdivisions 1, 4, 7, 9, 9a; 119B.125, subdivision 6, by adding subdivisions; 119B.13, subdivisions 6, 7; 144.057, subdivision 3; 144A.073, by adding a subdivision; 144A.479, by adding a subdivision; 245.095; 245.4889, subdivision 1; 245A.03, subdivision 7; 245A.04, subdivision 7, by adding a subdivision; 245A.065; 245A.11, subdivision 2a; 245C.02, by adding a subdivision; 245C.22, subdivisions 4, 5; 245D.03, subdivision 1; 245D.071, subdivision 5; 245D.09, subdivisions 5, 5a; 245D.091, subdivisions 2, 3, 4; 245E.02, by adding a subdivision; 246.54, by adding a subdivision; 252.27, subdivision 2a; 252.275, subdivision 3; 254A.03, subdivision 3; 254A.19, by adding a subdivision; 254B.02, subdivision 1; 254B.03, subdivisions 2, 4; 254B.04, subdivision 1; 254B.05, subdivision 1a; 254B.06, subdivisions 1, 2; 256.9365; 256.98, subdivisions 1, 8; 256.987, subdivisions 1, 2; 256B.02, subdivision 7, by adding a subdivision; 256B.04, subdivision 21; 256B.056, subdivisions 3, 4, 5c, 7a; 256B.0625, subdivisions 17, 18d, 18h, 19a, 24, 43, by adding subdivisions; 256B.064, subdivisions 1b, 2, by adding a subdivision; 256B.0651, subdivision 17; 256B.0652, subdivision 6; 256B.0658; 256B.0659, subdivisions 3, 3a, 11, 12, 13, 14, 19, 21, 24, 28, by adding a subdivision; 256B.0757, subdivisions 1, 2, 4, by adding subdivisions; 256B.0911, subdivisions 1a, 3a, 3f, 5, by adding a subdivision; 256B.0915, subdivisions 6, 10, by adding a subdivision; 256B.092, subdivision 1b, by adding a subdivision; 256B.0921; 256B.14, subdivision 2; 256B.27, subdivision 3; 256B.49, subdivisions 13, 14, by adding a subdivision; 256B.4912, by adding subdivisions; 256B.4914, subdivisions 2, 3, 5, 10, 10a; 256B.493, subdivision 1; 256B.5013, subdivisions 1, 6; 256B.5014; 256B.5015, subdivision 2; 256B.85, subdivisions 3, 8, 10; 256C.23, by adding a subdivision; 256C.261; 256D.024, subdivision 3; 256D.0515; 256D.0516, subdivision 2; 256I.03, subdivision 8; 256I.04, subdivisions 1, 2b, 2f, by adding subdivisions; 256I.05, subdivision 1r; 256I.06, subdivision 8; 256J.08, subdivision 47; 256J.21, subdivision 2; 256J.26, subdivision 3; 256L.01, subdivision 5; 256M.41, subdivision 3, by adding a subdivision; 256P.04, subdivision 4; 256P.06, subdivision 3; 256R.25; 518A.32, subdivision 3; 518A.51; 641.15, subdivision 3a; Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 6, article 1, sections 44; 45; article 3, section 49; article 18, section 7; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 245A; 256; 256B; 256D; 256J; 256R; 260C; 268A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2018, sections 16A.724, subdivision 2; 119B.011, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 10a, 11, 12, 13, 13a, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 19a, 19b, 20, 20a, 21, 22; 119B.02; 119B.025, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4; 119B.03, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 6a, 6b, 8, 9, 10; 119B.035; 119B.04; 119B.05, subdivisions 1, 4, 5; 119B.06, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 119B.08, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 119B.09, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, 4a, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 9a, 10, 11, 12, 13; 119B.095; 119B.097; 119B.10, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 119B.105; 119B.11, subdivisions 1, 2a, 3, 4; 119B.12, subdivisions 1, 2; 119B.125; 119B.13, subdivisions 1, 1a, 3, 3a, 3b, 3c, 4, 5, 6, 7; 119B.14; 119B.15; 119B.16; 245G.11, subdivisions 1, 4, 7; 246.18, subdivisions 8, 9; 254B.03, subdivision

4a; 256B.0705; 256I.05, subdivision 3; 256R.53, subdivision 2; Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 6, article 7, section 34; Minnesota Rules, parts 3400.0010; 3400.0020, subparts 1, 4, 5, 8, 9a, 10a, 12, 17a, 18, 18a, 20, 24, 25, 26, 28, 29a, 31b, 32b, 33, 34a, 35, 37, 38, 38a, 38b, 39, 40, 40a, 44; 3400.0030; 3400.0035; 3400.0040, subparts 1, 3, 4, 5, 5a, 6a, 6b, 6c, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 15a, 17, 18; 3400.0060, subparts 2, 4, 5, 6, 6a, 7, 8, 9, 10; 3400.0080, subparts 1, 1a, 1b, 8; 3400.0090, subparts 1, 2, 3, 4; 3400.0100, subparts 2a, 2b, 2c, 5; 3400.0110, subparts 1, 1a, 2, 2a, 3, 4a, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11; 3400.0120, subparts 1, 1a, 2, 2a, 3, 5; 3400.0130, subparts 1, 1a, 2, 3, 3a, 3b, 5, 5a, 7; 3400.0140, subparts 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 9a, 10, 14; 3400.0150; 3400.0170, subparts 1, 3, 4, 6a, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11; 3400.0180; 3400.0183, subparts 1, 2, 5; 3400.0185; 3400.0187, subparts 1, 2, 3, 4, 6; 3400.0200; 3400.0220; 3400.0230, subpart 3; 3400.0235, subparts 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6; 9530.6800; 9530.6810."

And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Finance. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

REPORT OF VOTE IN COMMITTEE

Pursuant to Rule 12.10, upon the request of three members, a roll call was taken on the Hayden amendment to S.F. No. 92.

There were yeas 5 and nays 7, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Senators Bigham, Hayden, Hoffman, Isaacson, and Klein.

Those who voted in the negative were:

Senators Abeler, Benson, Jensen, Kiffmeyer, Relph, Rosen, and Utke.

The amendment was not adopted.

Pursuant to Rule 12.10, upon the request of three members, a roll call was taken on the Bigham amendment to S.F. No. 92.

There were yeas 5 and nays 7, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Senators Bigham, Hayden, Hoffman, Isaacson, and Klein.

Those who voted in the negative were:

Senators Abeler, Benson, Jensen, Kiffmeyer, Relph, Rosen, and Utke.

The amendment was not adopted.

Senator Rosen from the Committee on Finance, to which was re-referred

S.F. No. 802: A bill for an act relating to public safety; appropriating money for public safety, courts, corrections, human rights, Guardian Ad Litem Board, Uniform Laws Commission, Board on Judicial Standards, Board of Public Defense, Sentencing Guidelines, Peace Officer Standards and Training (POST) Board, and Private Detective Board; increasing the maximum penalty and requiring predatory offender registration for certain invasion of privacy crimes involving minors; increasing penalties for child pornography offenses; expanding criminal sexual conduct offenses for persons in current or recent positions of authority over juveniles and for peace officers who engage in sexual activity with those in custody; amending Minnesota Statutes 2018, sections 243.166, subdivision 1b; 299A.707, by adding a subdivision; 357.021, subdivision 7; 609.341, subdivisions 10, 11; 609.342, subdivision 1; 609.343, subdivision 1; 609.344, subdivision 1; 609.345, subdivision 1; 609.746, subdivision 1; 617.246, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 7; 617.247, subdivisions 3, 4, 9.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 2, delete line 7 and insert:

"(a) Contingent Account"

Page 2, after line 11, insert:

"(b) Health Insurance"

\$213,000 the first year and \$501,000 the second year are for health insurance increases. This is a onetime appropriation."

Page 2, delete lines 13 and 14 and insert:

"(a) Legal Services to Low-Income Clients in Family Law Matters"

Page 2, after line 25, insert:

"(b) Health Insurance"

\$218,000 each year is for health insurance increases. This is a onetime appropriation."

Page 2, after line 26, insert:

"Health Insurance"

\$60,000 the first year and \$142,000 the second year are for health insurance increases. This is a onetime appropriation."

Page 2, after line 27, insert:

"Health Insurance

\$1,839,000 the first year and \$4,332,000 the second year are for health insurance increases. This is a onetime appropriation."

Page 2, after line 28, insert:

"Health Insurance

\$183,000 the first year and \$285,000 the second year are for health insurance increases. This is a onetime appropriation."

Page 3, after line 9, insert:

"Health Insurance

\$699,000 the first year and \$1,406,000 the second year are for health insurance increases. This is a onetime appropriation."

Page 5, after line 6, insert:

"(c) Rapidan Township

\$340,000 the first year is for distribution to Rapidan Township under Minnesota Statutes, section 12A.03, subdivision 2, for costs incurred from flooding that resulted in Presidential Disaster Declaration DR-1941. Of this amount, \$237,906.91 is for reimbursement of the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Public Assistance Program. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2020."

Page 10, after line 23, insert:

"Health Insurance

\$125,000 each year is for health insurance increases. This is a onetime appropriation."

Page 11, after line 3, insert:

"(b) Health Insurance

\$2,402,000 the first year and \$5,672,000 the second year are for health insurance increases. This is a onetime appropriation."

Page 11, line 4, delete "(b)" and insert "(c)"

Page 11, line 11, delete "(c)" and insert "(d)"

Page 11, delete line 16 and insert:

"(a) Base Adjustment"

Page 11, after line 21, insert:

"(b) Health Insurance"

\$311,000 the first year and \$734,000 the second year are for health insurance increases. This is a onetime appropriation."

Page 11, delete line 23 and insert:

"(a) Base Adjustment"

Page 11, after line 28, insert:

"(b) Health Insurance"

\$122,000 the first year and \$288,000 the second year are for health insurance increases. This is a onetime appropriation."

And when so amended the bill do pass. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator Anderson, P. from the Committee on Higher Education Finance and Policy, to which was referred

S.F. No. 2415: A bill for an act relating to higher education; providing funding and related programs for the Office of Higher Education, the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities; the University of Minnesota, and other related programs; requiring reports; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2018, sections 127A.70, subdivision 2; 136A.101, subdivision 5a; 136A.121, subdivisions 5, 6; 136A.246, subdivisions 4, 8.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"ARTICLE 1**HIGHER EDUCATION APPROPRIATIONS**Section 1. **APPROPRIATIONS.**

The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the general fund, or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose. The figures "2020" and "2021" used in this article mean that the appropriations listed under them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, or June 30, 2021, respectively. "The first year" is fiscal year 2020. "The second year" is fiscal year 2021. "The biennium" is fiscal years 2020 and 2021.

APPROPRIATIONS
Available for the Year
Ending June 30
2020 **2021**

Sec. 2. **MINNESOTA OFFICE OF HIGHER EDUCATION**

Subdivision 1. **Total Appropriation** \$ **268,951,000** \$ **268,651,000**

The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.

Subd. 2. **State Grants** **210,062,000** **210,062,000**

If the appropriation in this subdivision for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.

Subd. 3. **Child Care Grants** **6,694,000** **6,694,000**

Subd. 4. **State Work-Study** **14,502,000** **14,502,000**

Subd. 5. **Interstate Tuition Reciprocity** **11,018,000** **11,018,000**

If the appropriation in this subdivision for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available to meet reciprocity contract obligations.

Subd. 6. **Safety Officer's Survivors** **100,000** **100,000**

This appropriation is to provide educational benefits under Minnesota Statutes, section 299A.45, to eligible dependent children and

to the spouses of public safety officers killed in the line of duty.

If the appropriation in this subdivision for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.

<u>Subd. 7. Indian Scholarships</u>	<u>3,500,000</u>	<u>3,500,000</u>
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The commissioner must contract with or employ at least one person with demonstrated competence in American Indian culture and residing in or near the city of Bemidji to assist students with the scholarships under Minnesota Statutes, section 136A.126, and with other information about financial aid for which the students may be eligible. Bemidji State University must provide office space at no cost to the Office of Higher Education for purposes of administering the American Indian scholarship program under Minnesota Statutes, section 136A.126. This appropriation includes funding to administer the American Indian scholarship program.

<u>Subd. 8. Tribal College Grants</u>	<u>150,000</u>	<u>150,000</u>
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For tribal college assistance grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 136A.1796.

<u>Subd. 9. Intervention for College Attendance Program Grants</u>	<u>671,000</u>	<u>671,000</u>
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For the intervention for college attendance program under Minnesota Statutes, section 136A.861.

The commissioner may use no more than three percent of this appropriation to administer the intervention for college attendance program grants.

<u>Subd. 10. Student-Parent Information</u>	<u>122,000</u>	<u>122,000</u>
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<u>Subd. 11. Get Ready!</u>	<u>180,000</u>	<u>180,000</u>
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<u>Subd. 12. Minnesota Education Equity Partnership</u>	<u>45,000</u>	<u>45,000</u>
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<u>Subd. 13. Midwest Higher Education Compact</u>	<u>115,000</u>	<u>115,000</u>
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Subd. 14. United Family Medicine Residency Program

501,000

501,000

For a grant to United Family Medicine residency program. This appropriation shall be used to support up to 21 resident physicians each year in family practice at United Family Medicine residency programs and shall prepare doctors to practice family care medicine in underserved rural and urban areas of the state. It is intended that this program will improve health care in underserved communities, provide affordable access to appropriate medical care, and manage the treatment of patients in a cost-effective manner.

Subd. 15. MnLINK Gateway and Minitex

5,905,000

5,905,000

Subd. 16. Statewide Longitudinal Education Data System

882,000

882,000

Subd. 17. Hennepin Healthcare

645,000

645,000

For transfer to Hennepin Healthcare for graduate family medical education programs at Hennepin Healthcare.

Subd. 18. College Possible

350,000

350,000

(a) This appropriation is for immediate transfer to College Possible to support programs of college admission and college graduation for low-income students through an intensive curriculum of coaching and support at both the high school and postsecondary level.

(b) This appropriation must, to the extent possible, be proportionately allocated between students from greater Minnesota and students in the seven-county metropolitan area.

(c) This appropriation must be used by College Possible only for programs supporting students who are residents of Minnesota and attending colleges or universities within Minnesota.

(d) By February 1 of each year, College Possible must report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees and divisions with jurisdiction over higher education and E-12 education on activities funded by this appropriation. The report must include, but is not limited to, information about the expansion of College Possible in Minnesota, the number of College Possible coaches hired, the expansion within existing partner high schools, the expansion of high school partnerships, the number of high school and college students served, the total hours of community service by high school and college students, and a list of communities and organizations benefiting from student service hours.

Subd. 19. Spinal Cord Injury and Traumatic Brain Injury Research Grant Program

3,000,000

3,000,000

For spinal cord injury and traumatic brain injury research grants authorized under Minnesota Statutes, section 136A.901.

The commissioner may use no more than three percent of this appropriation to administer the grant program under this subdivision.

Subd. 20. Summer Academic Enrichment Program

175,000

175,000

For summer academic enrichment grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 136A.091.

The commissioner may use no more than three percent of this appropriation to administer the grant program under this subdivision.

Subd. 21. Dual Training Competency Grants; Office of Higher Education

2,000,000

2,000,000

For training grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 136A.246.

The commissioner may use no more than three percent of this appropriation to administer the grant program under this subdivision.

**Subd. 22. Dual Training Competency Grants;
Department of Labor and Industry**

200,000200,000

For transfer to the commissioner of labor and industry for identification of competency standards for dual training under Minnesota Statutes, section 175.45.

Subd. 23. Concurrent Enrollment Courses

340,000340,000

(a) \$225,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$225,000 in fiscal year 2021 are for grants to develop new concurrent enrollment courses under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.09, subdivision 10, that satisfy the elective standard for career and technical education. Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.

(b) \$115,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$115,000 in fiscal year 2021 are for grants to postsecondary institutions currently sponsoring a concurrent enrollment course to expand existing programs. The commissioner shall determine the application process and the grant amounts. The commissioner must give preference to expanding programs that are at capacity. Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.

(c) By December 1 of each year, the office shall submit a brief report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over higher education regarding:

(1) the courses developed by grant recipients and the number of students who enrolled in the courses under paragraph (a); and

(2) the programs expanded and the number of students who enrolled in programs under paragraph (b).

Subd. 24. Campus Sexual Assault Reporting

25,00025,000

For the sexual assault reporting required under Minnesota Statutes, section 135A.15.

Subd. 25. Campus Sexual Violence Prevention and Response Coordinator150,000150,000

For the Office of Higher Education to staff a campus sexual violence prevention and response coordinator to serve as a statewide resource providing professional development and guidance on best practices for postsecondary institutions. \$50,000 each year are for administrative funding to conduct trainings and provide materials to postsecondary institutions.

Subd. 26. Emergency Assistance for Postsecondary Students275,000275,000

(a) This appropriation is for the Office of Higher Education to allocate grant funds on a matching basis to schools with a demonstrable homeless student population.

(b) This appropriation shall be used to meet immediate student needs that could result in a student not completing the term or their program including, but not limited to, emergency housing, food, and transportation. Emergency assistance does not impact the amount of state financial aid received.

(c) The commissioner shall determine the application process and the grant amounts. Any balance in the first year does not cancel but shall be available in the second year. The Office of Higher Education shall partner with interested postsecondary institutions, other state agencies, and student groups to establish the programs.

Subd. 27. Grants to Teacher Candidates500,000500,000

For grants to teacher candidates under Minnesota Statutes, section 136A.1275. This appropriation is in addition to the money available under Laws 2016, chapter 189, article 25, section 62, subdivision 11.

The commissioner may use no more than three percent of the appropriation for administration of the program.

<u>Subd. 28. Teacher Shortage Loan Forgiveness</u>	<u>400,000</u>	<u>400,000</u>
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For the loan forgiveness program under Minnesota Statutes, section 136A.1791.

The commissioner may use no more than three percent of this appropriation to administer the program under this subdivision.

<u>Subd. 29. Large Animal Veterinarian Loan Forgiveness Program</u>	<u>375,000</u>	<u>375,000</u>
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For the large animal veterinarian loan forgiveness program under Minnesota Statutes, section 136A.1795.

<u>Subd. 30. Agricultural Educators Loan Forgiveness</u>	<u>50,000</u>	<u>50,000</u>
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For deposit in the agricultural education loan forgiveness account.

<u>Subd. 31. Aviation Degree Loan Forgiveness Program</u>	<u>25,000</u>	<u>25,000</u>
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For the aviation degree loan forgiveness program under Minnesota Statutes, section 136A.1789.

<u>Subd. 32. Student Loan Debt Counseling</u>	<u>117,000</u>	<u>117,000</u>
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For student loan debt counseling under Minnesota Statutes, section 136A.1788.

<u>Subd. 33. Grants for Students with Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities</u>	<u>200,000</u>	<u>200,000</u>
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For grants for students with intellectual and developmental disabilities under Minnesota Statutes, section 136A.1215.

<u>Subd. 34. Loan Repayment Assistance Program</u>	<u>50,000</u>	<u>50,000</u>
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For a grant to the Loan Repayment Assistance Program of Minnesota to provide education debt relief to attorneys with full-time employment providing legal advice or representation to low-income clients or support services for this work.

<u>Subd. 35. Minnesota Independence College and Community</u>	<u>1,250,000</u>	<u>1,250,000</u>
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For a grant to Minnesota Independence College and Community for need-based scholarships and tuition reduction for resident students as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 136A.101, subdivision 8.

Subd. 36. Inclusive Access Pilot Program 50,000 -0-

For the inclusive access pilot program under article 2, section 41. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2021.

Subd. 37. Teacher Preparation Program Design Grant 50,000 -0-

For a grant to an institution of higher education, defined under Minnesota Statutes, section 135A.51, subdivision 5, to explore, design, and plan for a teacher preparation program leading to licensure as a teacher of the blind or visually impaired, consistent with Minnesota Rules, part 8710.5100. The commissioner may develop an application process and guidelines as necessary, and may use up to two percent of the appropriation for administrative costs. The grant recipient shall submit a report describing the plan and identifying potential ongoing costs for the program to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over higher education finance and policy no later than January 15, 2021.

Subd. 38. Secondary Technical Education Program 200,000 -0-

For a grant to the secondary technical education program to purchase equipment and software for a fabrication lab at its facility in collaboration with Independent School District No. 11, Anoka-Hennepin, Anoka Technical College, and private program partners.

Subd. 39. Agency Administration 4,077,000 4,077,000

Subd. 40. Balances Forward

A balance in the first year under this section does not cancel, but is available for the second year.

Subd. 41. Transfers

The commissioner of the Office of Higher Education may transfer unencumbered balances from the appropriations in this section to the state grant appropriation, the interstate tuition reciprocity appropriation, the child care grant appropriation, the Indian scholarship appropriation, the state work-study appropriation, the get ready appropriation, and the public safety officers' survivors appropriation. Transfers from the child care or state work-study appropriations may only be made to the extent there is a projected surplus in the appropriation. A transfer may be made only with prior written notice to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house of representatives committees with jurisdiction over higher education finance.

Sec. 3. BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE MINNESOTA STATE COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES

<u>Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation</u>	<u>\$ 739,369,000</u>	<u>\$ 750,369,000</u>
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The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.

<u>Subd. 2. Central Office and Shared Services Unit</u>	<u>33,074,000</u>	<u>33,074,000</u>
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For the Office of the Chancellor and the Shared Services Division.

<u>Subd. 3. Operations and Maintenance</u>	<u>702,180,000</u>	<u>713,180,000</u>
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(a) The Board of Trustees must establish tuition rates as follows:

(1) for the 2019-2020 academic year, the tuition rate at colleges must not exceed the 2018-2019 academic year rate by more than two percent, and for the 2020-2021 academic year, the tuition rate must not exceed the 2019-2020 academic year rate by more than one percent; and

(2) for the 2019-2020 academic year, the tuition rates for undergraduates at universities must not exceed the 2018-2019 academic year rate by more than two percent, and for the 2020-2021 academic year, the tuition rate must not exceed the 2019-2020 academic year rate by more than two percent.

The student tuition relief may not be offset by increases in mandatory fees, charges, or other assessments to the student. Colleges and universities are permitted to increase differential tuition charges in fiscal years 2020 and 2021 where costs for course or program delivery have increased due to extraordinary circumstances beyond the control of the college or university. Rates and rationale must be approved by the Board of Trustees.

(b) \$3,600,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$3,600,000 in fiscal year 2021 are to provide supplemental aid for operations and maintenance of two-year colleges in the system. In each year, the board shall transfer \$100,000 for each campus not located in a metropolitan county, as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 473.121, subdivision 4, to the president of the college that includes that campus.

(c) The Board of Trustees is requested to help Minnesota close the attainment gap by funding activities which improve retention and completion for students of color.

(d) \$2,500,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$13,500,000 in fiscal year 2021 are for workforce development scholarships under Minnesota Statutes, section 136F.38. The base for fiscal year 2022 and thereafter is \$8,000,000.

(e) \$300,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$300,000 in fiscal year 2021 are for transfer to the Cook County Higher Education Board to provide educational programming, workforce development, and academic

support services to remote regions in northeastern Minnesota. The Cook County Higher Education Board shall continue to provide information to the Board of Trustees on the number of students served, credit hours delivered, and services provided to students.

(f) \$50,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$50,000 in fiscal year 2021 are for developing and teaching online agricultural courses by farm business management faculty at colleges that offer farm business management.

(g) \$175,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$175,000 in fiscal year 2021 are for the veterans-to-agriculture pilot program established by Laws 2015, chapter 69, article 1, section 4, subdivision 3. The program shall continue to conform to the requirements of that subdivision. The appropriation shall be used to support, in equal amounts, up to six program sites statewide. No more than two percent of the total appropriation provided by this section may be used for administrative purposes at the system level.

No later than December 15, 2020, the program shall report to the committees of the house of representatives and the senate with jurisdiction over issues related to agriculture, veterans affairs, and higher education on program operations, including information on participation rates, new job placements, and any unmet needs.

(h) This appropriation includes \$40,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$40,000 in fiscal year 2021 to implement the sexual assault policies required under Minnesota Statutes, section 135A.15.

(i) This appropriation includes \$15,000,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$15,000,000 in fiscal year 2021 for upgrading the Integrated Statewide Record System.

(j) This appropriation includes \$250,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$250,000 in fiscal year 2021 for developing and offering courses to implement the Z-Degree textbook program under Minnesota Statutes, section 136F.305.

(k) This appropriation includes \$1,500,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$1,500,000 in fiscal year 2021 to support local partnership programs at Minnesota State Colleges and Universities campuses. Local partnerships must be comprised of campuses and local businesses and may also include K-12 school districts, trade associations, local chambers of commerce, and economic development authorities. Funds must be used to develop new and accelerate existing employer-led workforce exposure programs, technical education pathway programs, dual-training programs, internships, youth skills training programs, and other industry-recognized programs in high-growth, high-demand industries. Priority consideration for funding shall be given to local partnerships whose program addresses an industry with a demonstrated workforce shortage. Local partnerships must demonstrate how business and industry are providing financial and in-kind contributions to the program.

(l) This appropriation includes \$500,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$500,000 in fiscal year 2021 for leveraged equipment acquisition. For the purposes of this section, "equipment" means equipment for instructional purposes for programs that the board has determined would produce graduates with skills for which there is a high employer need within the state. An equipment acquisition may be made using this appropriation only if matched by cash or in-kind contributions from nonstate sources.

(m) The total operations and maintenance base for fiscal year 2022 and thereafter is \$707,680,000.

Subd. 4. Learning Network of Minnesota

4,115,000

4,115,000

Sec. 4. BOARD OF REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA

<u>Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>662,893,000</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>662,893,000</u>
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The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.

<u>Subd. 2. Operations and Maintenance</u>		<u>592,198,000</u>		<u>592,198,000</u>
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(a) The Board of Regents must establish tuition rates as follows: for the 2019-2020 academic year, the resident tuition rate must not exceed the 2018-2019 academic year rate by more than two percent, and for the 2020-2021 academic year, the tuition rate must not exceed the 2019-2020 academic year rate by more than two percent.

(b) \$15,000,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$15,000,000 in fiscal year 2021 are to: (1) increase the medical school's research capacity; (2) improve the medical school's ranking in National Institutes of Health funding; (3) ensure the medical school's national prominence by attracting and retaining world-class faculty, staff, and students; (4) invest in physician training programs in rural and underserved communities; and (5) translate the medical school's research discoveries into new treatments and cures to improve the health of Minnesotans.

(c) \$7,800,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$7,800,000 in fiscal year 2021 are for health training restoration. This appropriation must be used to support all of the following: (1) faculty physicians who teach at eight residency program sites, including medical resident and student training programs in the Department of Family Medicine; (2) the Mobile Dental Clinic; and (3) expansion of geriatric education and family programs.

(d) \$4,000,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$4,000,000 in fiscal year 2021 are for the Minnesota Discovery, Research, and

InnoVation Economy funding program for cancer care research.

(e) \$500,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$500,000 in fiscal year 2021 are for the University of Minnesota, Morris branch, to cover the costs of tuition waivers under Minnesota Statutes, section 137.16.

Subd. 3. Special Appropriations

(a) Agriculture and Extension Service

42,922,000

42,922,000

For the Agricultural Experiment Station and the Minnesota Extension Service:

(1) the agricultural experiment stations and Minnesota Extension Service must convene agricultural advisory groups to focus research, education, and extension activities on producer needs and implement an outreach strategy that more effectively and rapidly transfers research results and best practices to producers throughout the state;

(2) this appropriation includes funding for research and outreach on the production of renewable energy from Minnesota biomass resources, including agronomic crops, plant and animal wastes, and native plants or trees. The following areas should be prioritized and carried out in consultation with Minnesota producers, renewable energy, and bioenergy organizations:

(i) biofuel and other energy production from perennial crops, small grains, row crops, and forestry products in conjunction with the Natural Resources Research Institute (NRRI);

(ii) alternative bioenergy crops and cropping systems; and

(iii) biofuel coproducts used for livestock feed;

(3) this appropriation includes funding for the College of Food, Agricultural, and Natural Resources Sciences to establish and

provide leadership for organic agronomic, horticultural, livestock, and food systems research, education, and outreach and for the purchase of state-of-the-art laboratory, planting, tilling, harvesting, and processing equipment necessary for this project;

(4) this appropriation includes funding for research efforts that demonstrate a renewed emphasis on the needs of the state's agriculture community. The following areas should be prioritized and carried out in consultation with Minnesota farm organizations:

(i) vegetable crop research with priority for extending the Minnesota vegetable growing season;

(ii) fertilizer and soil fertility research and development;

(iii) soil, groundwater, and surface water conservation practices and contaminant reduction research;

(iv) discovering and developing plant varieties that use nutrients more efficiently;

(v) breeding and development of turf seed and other biomass resources in all three Minnesota biomes;

(vi) development of new disease-resistant and pest-resistant varieties of turf and agronomic crops;

(vii) utilizing plant and livestock cells to treat and cure human diseases;

(viii) the development of dairy coproducts;

(ix) a rapid agricultural response fund for current or emerging animal, plant, and insect problems affecting production or food safety;

(x) crop pest and animal disease research;

(xi) developing animal agriculture that is capable of sustainably feeding the world;

(xii) consumer food safety education and outreach;

(xiii) programs to meet the research and outreach needs of organic livestock and crop farmers; and

(xiv) alternative bioenergy crops and cropping systems; and growing, harvesting, and transporting biomass plant material; and

(5) by February 1, 2021, the Board of Regents must submit a report to the legislative committees and divisions with jurisdiction over agriculture and higher education finance on the status and outcomes of research and initiatives funded in this paragraph.

(b) Health Sciences

11,461,000

11,461,000

(1) \$2,157,000 each year is for primary care education initiatives.

(2) \$346,000 each year is to support up to 12 resident physicians in the St. Cloud Hospital family practice residency program. The program must prepare doctors to practice primary care medicine in rural areas of the state. The legislature intends this program to improve health care in rural communities, provide affordable access to appropriate medical care, and manage the treatment of patients in a more cost-effective manner.

(3) \$100,000 each year is for the advisory council on rare diseases under Minnesota Statutes, section 137.68.

(4) The remainder of this appropriation is for the rural physicians associates program; the Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory; health sciences research; dental care; the Biomedical Engineering Center; and the collaborative partnership between the University of Minnesota and Mayo Clinic for regenerative

medicine, research, clinical translation, and commercialization.

(c) Institute of Technology

1,140,000

1,140,000

For the geological survey and the talented youth mathematics program.

(d) System Special

7,181,000

7,181,000

For general research, the Labor Education Service, Natural Resources Research Institute, Center for Urban and Regional Affairs, Bell Museum of Natural History, and the Humphrey exhibit.

\$2,000,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$2,000,000 in fiscal year 2021 are for the Natural Resources Research Institute to invest in applied research for economic development.

(e) University of Minnesota and Mayo Foundation Partnership

7,991,000

7,991,000

This appropriation is for the following activities:

(1) \$7,491,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$7,491,000 in fiscal year 2021 are for the direct and indirect expenses of the collaborative research partnership between the University of Minnesota and the Mayo Foundation for research in biotechnology and medical genomics. An annual report on the expenditure of these funds must be submitted to the governor and the chairs of the legislative committees responsible for higher education finance by June 30 of each fiscal year.

(2) \$500,000 in fiscal year 2020 and \$500,000 in fiscal year 2021 are to award competitive grants to conduct research into the prevention, treatment, causes, and cures of Alzheimer's disease and other dementias.

Subd. 4. Academic Health Center

The appropriation for Academic Health Center funding under Minnesota Statutes, section 297F.10, is estimated to be \$22,250,000 each year.

Sec. 5. **MAYO CLINIC**

<u>Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,351,000</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,351,000</u>
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The amounts that may be spent are specified in the following subdivisions.

<u>Subd. 2. Medical School</u>	<u>665,000</u>	<u>665,000</u>
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The state must pay a capitation each year for each student who is a resident of Minnesota. The appropriation may be transferred between each year of the biennium to accommodate enrollment fluctuations. It is intended that during the biennium the Mayo Clinic use the capitation money to increase the number of doctors practicing in rural areas in need of doctors.

<u>Subd. 3. Family Practice and Graduate Residency Program</u>	<u>686,000</u>	<u>686,000</u>
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The state must pay stipend support for up to 27 residents each year.

ARTICLE 2

HIGHER EDUCATION

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 13.322, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Minnesota Office of Higher Education.** (a) **General.** Data sharing involving the Minnesota Office of Higher Education and other institutions is governed by section 136A.05.

(b) **Student financial aid.** Data collected and used by the Minnesota Office of Higher Education on applicants for financial assistance are classified under section 136A.162.

(c) **Minnesota college savings plan data.** Account owner data, account data, and data on beneficiaries of accounts under the Minnesota college savings plan are classified under section 136G.05, subdivision 10.

(d) **School financial records.** Financial records submitted by schools registering with the Minnesota Office of Higher Education are classified under section 136A.64.

(e) **Enrollment and financial aid data.** Data collected from eligible institutions on student enrollment and federal and state financial aid are governed by sections 136A.121, subdivision 18, and 136A.1701, subdivision 11.

(f) **Student complaint data.** Data collected from student complaints are governed by sections 136A.672, subdivision 6, and 136A.8295, subdivision 7.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 135A.15, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Victims' rights.** The policy required under subdivision 1 shall, at a minimum, require that students and employees be informed of the policy, and shall include provisions for:

- (1) filing criminal charges with local law enforcement officials in sexual assault cases;
- (2) the prompt assistance of campus authorities, at the request of the victim, in notifying the appropriate law enforcement officials and disciplinary authorities of a sexual assault incident;
- (3) allowing sexual assault victims to decide whether to report a case to law enforcement;
- (4) requiring campus authorities to treat sexual assault victims with dignity;
- (5) requiring campus authorities to offer sexual assault victims fair and respectful health care, counseling services, or referrals to such services;
- (6) preventing campus authorities from suggesting to a victim of sexual assault that the victim is at fault for the crimes or violations that occurred;
- (7) preventing campus authorities from suggesting to a victim of sexual assault that the victim should have acted in a different manner to avoid such a crime;
- (8) subject to subdivision 10, protecting the privacy of sexual assault victims by only disclosing data collected under this section to the victim, persons whose work assignments reasonably require access, and, at a sexual assault victim's request, police conducting a criminal investigation;
- (9) an investigation and resolution of a sexual assault complaint by campus disciplinary authorities;
- (10) a sexual assault victim's participation in and the presence of the victim's attorney or other support person who is not a fact witness to the sexual assault at any meeting with campus officials concerning the victim's sexual assault complaint or campus disciplinary proceeding concerning a sexual assault complaint;
- (11) ensuring that a sexual assault victim may decide when to repeat a description of the incident of sexual assault;
- (12) notice to a sexual assault victim of the availability of a campus or local program providing sexual assault advocacy services and information on legal resources;
- (13) notice to a sexual assault victim of the outcome of any campus disciplinary proceeding concerning a sexual assault complaint, consistent with laws relating to data practices;

(14) the complete and prompt assistance of campus authorities, at the direction of law enforcement authorities, in obtaining, securing, and maintaining evidence in connection with a sexual assault incident;

(15) the assistance of campus authorities in preserving for a sexual assault complainant or victim materials relevant to a campus disciplinary proceeding;

(16) during and after the process of investigating a complaint and conducting a campus disciplinary procedure, the assistance of campus personnel, in cooperation with the appropriate law enforcement authorities, at a sexual assault victim's request, in shielding the victim from unwanted contact with the alleged assailant, including transfer of the victim to alternative classes or to alternative college-owned housing, if alternative classes or housing are available and feasible;

(17) forbidding retaliation, and establishing a process for investigating complaints of retaliation, against sexual assault victims by campus authorities, the accused, organizations affiliated with the accused, other students, and other employees;

(18) at the request of the victim, providing students who reported sexual assaults to the institution and subsequently choose to transfer to another postsecondary institution with information about resources for victims of sexual assault at the institution to which the victim is transferring; and

(19) consistent with laws governing access to student records, providing a student who reported an incident of sexual assault with access to the student's description of the incident as it was reported to the institution, including if that student transfers to another postsecondary institution.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 136A.101, subdivision 5a, is amended to read:

Subd. 5a. **Assigned family responsibility.** "Assigned family responsibility" means the amount of a family's contribution to a student's cost of attendance, as determined by a federal need analysis. For dependent students, the assigned family responsibility is ~~84~~ 78 percent of the parental contribution. For independent students with dependents other than a spouse, the assigned family responsibility is ~~76~~ 70 percent of the student contribution. For independent students without dependents other than a spouse, the assigned family responsibility is ~~40~~ 34 percent of the student contribution.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 136A.121, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Cost of attendance.** (a) The recognized cost of attendance consists of: (1) an allowance specified in law for living and miscellaneous expenses, and (2) an allowance for tuition and fees equal to the lesser of the average tuition and fees charged by the institution, or a tuition and fee maximum if one is established in law. If no living and miscellaneous expense allowance is established in law, the allowance is equal to ~~40~~ 105 percent of the federal poverty guidelines for a one person household in Minnesota for nine months. If no tuition and fee maximum is established in law, the allowance for tuition and fees is equal to the lesser of: (1) the average tuition and fees charged by the institution, and (2) for two-year programs, an amount equal to the highest tuition and fees charged at a public two-year institution, or for four-year programs, an amount equal to the highest tuition and fees charged at a public university.

(b) For a student registering for less than full time, the office shall prorate the cost of attendance to the actual number of credits for which the student is enrolled.

(c) The recognized cost of attendance for a student who is confined to a Minnesota correctional institution shall consist of the tuition and fee component in paragraph (a), with no allowance for living and miscellaneous expenses.

(d) For the purpose of this subdivision, "fees" include only those fees that are mandatory and charged to full-time resident students attending the institution. Fees do not include charges for tools, equipment, computers, or other similar materials where the student retains ownership. Fees include charges for these materials if the institution retains ownership. Fees do not include optional or punitive fees.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 136A.1215, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Maximum grant amounts.** (a) The amount of a grant under this section equals the tuition and fees at the student's postsecondary institution, minus:

- (1) any Pell or state grants the student receives; and
- (2) any institutional aid the student receives.

(b) If appropriations are insufficient to provide the full amount calculated under paragraph (a) to all eligible applicants, the commissioner must reduce the ~~grants of all~~ maximum grant amount available to recipients proportionally.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 136A.1275, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Eligibility.** To be eligible for a grant under this section, a teacher candidate must:

(1) be enrolled in a Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board-approved teacher preparation program that requires at least 12 weeks of student teaching in order to be recommended for a full professional teaching license;

(2) demonstrate financial need based on criteria established by the commissioner under subdivision 3;

~~(3) intend to teach in a shortage area or belong to an underrepresented racial or ethnic group; and~~

~~(4)~~ (3) be meeting satisfactory academic progress as defined under section 136A.101, subdivision 10; and

(4) intend to teach in a shortage area or belong to a racial or ethnic group underrepresented in the Minnesota teacher workforce. Intent can be documented based on the teacher license field the student is pursuing or a statement of intent to teach in an economic development region defined as a shortage area in the year the student receives a grant.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 136A.1275, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Administration; repayment.** (a) The commissioner must establish an application process and other guidelines for implementing this program, ~~including repayment responsibilities~~

~~for stipend recipients who do not complete student teaching or who leave Minnesota to teach in another state during the first year after student teaching.~~

(b) The commissioner must determine each academic year the stipend amount up to \$7,500 based on the amount of available funding, the number of eligible applicants, and the financial need of the applicants.

(c) The percentage of the total award funds available at the beginning of the fiscal year reserved for teacher candidates who identify as belonging to an underrepresented a racial or ethnic group underrepresented in the Minnesota teacher workforce must be equal to or greater than the total percentage of students of underrepresented racial or ethnic groups underrepresented in the Minnesota teacher workforce as measured under section 120B.35, subdivision 3. If this percentage cannot be met because of a lack of qualifying candidates, the remaining amount may be awarded to teacher candidates who intend to teach in a shortage area.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 136A.15, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. **Eligible student.** "Eligible student" means a student who is officially registered or accepted for enrollment at an eligible institution in Minnesota or a Minnesota resident who is officially registered as a student or accepted for enrollment at an eligible institution in another state ~~or province.~~ Non-Minnesota residents are eligible students if they are enrolled or accepted for enrollment in a minimum of one course of at least 30 days in length during the academic year that requires physical attendance at an eligible institution located in Minnesota. Non-Minnesota resident students enrolled exclusively during the academic year in correspondence courses or courses offered over the Internet are not eligible students. Non-Minnesota resident students not physically attending classes in Minnesota due to enrollment in a study abroad program for 12 months or less are eligible students. Non-Minnesota residents enrolled in study abroad programs exceeding 12 months are not eligible students. An eligible student, for section 136A.1701, means a student who gives informed consent authorizing the disclosure of data specified in section 136A.162, paragraph (c), to a consumer credit reporting agency.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 136A.16, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Designation.** Notwithstanding chapter 16C, the office is designated as the administrative agency for carrying out the purposes and terms of sections 136A.15 to ~~136A.1702~~ 136A.1704. The office may establish one or more loan programs.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 136A.16, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Rules, policies, and conditions.** The office shall adopt policies and may prescribe appropriate rules and conditions to carry out the purposes of sections 136A.15 to 136A.1702. ~~The policies and rules except as they relate to loans under section 136A.1701 must be compatible with the provisions of the National Vocational Student Loan Insurance Act of 1965 and the provisions of title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965, and any amendments thereof.~~

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 136A.16, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Agencies.** The office may contract with loan servicers, collection agencies, credit bureaus, or any other person, to carry out the purposes of sections 136A.15 to ~~136A.1702~~ 136A.1704.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 136A.16, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. **Investment.** Money made available to the office that is not immediately needed for the purposes of sections 136A.15 to ~~136A.1702~~ 136A.1704 may be invested by the office. The money must be invested in bonds, certificates of indebtedness, and other fixed income securities, except preferred stocks, which are legal investments for the permanent school fund. The money may also be invested in prime quality commercial paper that is eligible for investment in the state employees retirement fund. All interest and profits from such investments inure to the benefit of the office or may be pledged for security of bonds issued by the office or its predecessors.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 136A.16, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. **Staff.** The office may employ the professional and clerical staff the commissioner deems necessary for the proper administration of the loan programs established and defined by sections 136A.15 to ~~136A.1702~~ 136A.1704.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 136A.162, is amended to read:

136A.162 CLASSIFICATION OF DATA.

(a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c), data on applicants for financial assistance collected and used by the office for student financial aid programs administered by that office are private data on individuals as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12.

(b) Data on applicants may be disclosed to the commissioner of human services to the extent necessary to determine eligibility under section 136A.121, subdivision 2, clause (5).

(c) The following data collected in the Minnesota supplemental loan program under ~~section~~ sections 136A.1701 and 136A.1704 may be disclosed to a consumer credit reporting agency only if the borrower and the cosigner give informed consent, according to section 13.05, subdivision 4, at the time of application for a loan:

- (1) the lender-assigned borrower identification number;
- (2) the name and address of borrower;
- (3) the name and address of cosigner;
- (4) the date the account is opened;
- (5) the outstanding account balance;
- (6) the dollar amount past due;
- (7) the number of payments past due;
- (8) the number of late payments in previous 12 months;
- (9) the type of account;
- (10) the responsibility for the account; and

(11) the status or remarks code.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 136A.1701, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. **Repayment of loans.** ~~(a) The office shall establish repayment procedures for loans made under this section, but in no event shall the period of permitted repayment for SELF II or SELF III loans exceed ten years from the eligible student's termination of the student's postsecondary academic or vocational program, or 15 years from the date of the student's first loan under this section, whichever is less.~~ in accordance with the policies, rules, and conditions authorized under section 136A.16, subdivision 2. The office will take into consideration the loan limits and current financial market conditions when establishing repayment terms.

~~(b) For SELF IV loans, eligible students with aggregate principal loan balances from all SELF phases that are less than \$18,750 shall have a repayment period not exceeding ten years from the eligible student's graduation or termination date. For SELF IV loans, eligible students with aggregate principal loan balances from all SELF phases of \$18,750 or greater shall have a repayment period not exceeding 15 years from the eligible student's graduation or termination date. For SELF IV loans, the loans shall enter repayment no later than seven years after the first disbursement date on the loan.~~

~~(c) For SELF loans from phases after SELF IV, eligible students with aggregate principal loan balances from all SELF phases that are:~~

~~(1) less than \$20,000, must have a repayment period not exceeding ten years from the eligible student's graduation or termination date;~~

~~(2) \$20,000 up to \$40,000, must have a repayment period not exceeding 15 years from the eligible student's graduation or termination date; and~~

~~(3) \$40,000 or greater, must have a repayment period not exceeding 20 years from the eligible student's graduation or termination date. For SELF loans from phases after SELF IV, the loans must enter repayment no later than nine years after the first disbursement date of the loan.~~

Sec. 16. [136A.1788] STUDENT LOAN DEBT COUNSELING.

Subdivision 1. **Grant.** A program is established under the Office of Higher Education to provide a grant to a Minnesota-based nonprofit qualified debt counseling organization to provide individual student loan debt repayment counseling to borrowers who are Minnesota residents concerning loans obtained to attend a postsecondary institution. The number of individuals receiving counseling may be limited to those capable of being served with available appropriations for that purpose. A goal of the counseling program is to provide two counseling sessions to at least 75 percent of borrowers receiving counseling.

The purpose of the counseling is to assist borrowers to:

(1) understand their loan and repayment options;

(2) manage loan repayment; and

(3) develop a workable budget based on the borrower's full financial situation regarding income, expenses, and other debt.

Subd. 2. **Qualified debt counseling organization.** A qualified debt counseling organization is an organization that:

(1) has experience in providing individualized student loan counseling;

(2) employs certified financial counselors; and

(3) is based in Minnesota and has offices at multiple rural and metropolitan area locations in the state to provide in-person counseling.

Subd. 3. **Grant application and award.** (a) Applications for a grant shall be on a form created by the commissioner and on a schedule set by the commissioner. Among other provisions, the application must include a description of:

(1) the characteristics of borrowers to be served;

(2) the services to be provided and a timeline for implementation of the services;

(3) how the services provided will help borrowers manage loan repayment;

(4) specific program outcome goals and performance measures for each goal; and

(5) how the services will be evaluated to determine whether the program goals were met.

(b) The commissioner shall select one grant recipient for a two-year award every two years. A grant may be renewed biennially.

Subd. 4. **Program evaluation.** (a) The grant recipient must submit a report to the commissioner by January 15 of the second year of the grant award. The report must evaluate and measure the extent to which program outcome goals have been met.

(b) The grant recipient must collect, analyze, and report on participation and outcome data that enable the office to verify the outcomes.

(c) The evaluation must include information on the number of borrowers served with on-time student loan payments, the number who brought their loans into good standing, the number of student loan defaults, the number who developed a monthly budget plan, and other information required by the commissioner. Recipients of the counseling must be surveyed on their opinions about the usefulness of the counseling and the survey results must be included in the report.

Subd. 5. **Report to legislature.** By February 1 of the second year of each grant award, the commissioner must submit a report to the committees in the legislature with jurisdiction over higher education finance regarding grant program outcomes.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 136A.1789, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the terms in this subdivision have the meanings given them.

(b) "Qualified aircraft technician" means an individual who (1) has earned an associate's or bachelor's degree preparing individuals to obtain an aviation mechanic's certificate from the Federal Aviation Administration from a postsecondary institution located in Minnesota, and (2) has obtained an aviation mechanic's certificate from the Federal Aviation Administration.

(c) "Qualified education loan" means a government, commercial, or foundation loan used by an individual for actual costs paid for tuition ~~to a postsecondary institution located in Minnesota for a professional flight training degree~~ and reasonable educational and living expenses related to the postsecondary education of the qualified aircraft technician or qualified pilot.

(d) "Qualified pilot" means an individual who (1) has earned an associate's or bachelor's degree ~~in professional flight training~~ preparing individuals to obtain an airline transport pilot certificate from a postsecondary institution located in Minnesota, and (2) is in the process of obtaining or has obtained an airline transport pilot certificate.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 136A.1789, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Eligibility.** (a) To be eligible to participate in the loan forgiveness program under this section, an individual must:

(1) be a qualified pilot or qualified aircraft technician;

(2) have qualified education loans;

(3) reside in Minnesota; and

(4) submit an application to the commissioner in the form and manner prescribed by the commissioner.

(b) An applicant selected to participate must sign a contract to agree to serve a ~~minimum one-year~~ five-year full-time service obligation according to subdivision 4. To complete the service obligation, the applicant must work full time in Minnesota as a qualified pilot or qualified aircraft technician. A participant must complete one year of service under this paragraph for each year the participant receives an award under this section.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 136A.1789, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Loan forgiveness.** (a) The commissioner may select eligible applicants each year for participation in the aviation degree loan forgiveness program, within the limits of available funding. Applicants are responsible for securing their own qualified education loans.

(b) For each year that the participant meets the eligibility requirements under subdivision 3, the commissioner must make annual disbursements directly to:

(1) a selected qualified pilot of \$5,000 or the balance of the participant's qualified education loans, whichever is less; and

(2) a selected qualified aircraft technician of \$3,000 or the balance of the participant's qualified education loans, whichever is less.

(c) An individual may receive disbursements under this section for a maximum of five years.

(d) The participant must provide the commissioner with verification that the full amount of the loan repayment disbursement received by the participant has been applied toward the designated qualified education loan. After each disbursement, verification must be received by the commissioner and approved before the next repayment disbursement is made.

(e) If the participant receives a disbursement in the participant's fifth year of eligibility, the participant must provide the commissioner with verification that the full amount of the participant's final loan repayment disbursement was applied toward the designated qualified education loan. If a participant does not provide the verification as required under this paragraph within ~~six~~ 12 months of receipt of the final disbursement, the commissioner must collect from the participant the total amount of the final disbursement paid to the participant under the loan forgiveness program plus interest at a rate established according to section 270C.40. The commissioner must deposit the money collected in the aviation degree loan forgiveness program account.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 136A.64, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Schools to provide information.** As a basis for registration, schools shall provide the office with such information as the office needs to determine the nature and activities of the school, including but not limited to the following which shall be accompanied by an affidavit attesting to its accuracy and truthfulness:

- (1) articles of incorporation, constitution, bylaws, or other operating documents;
- (2) a duly adopted statement of the school's mission and goals;
- (3) evidence of current school or program licenses granted by departments or agencies of any state;
- (4) a fiscal balance sheet on an accrual basis, or a certified audit of the immediate past fiscal year including any management letters provided by the independent auditor or, if the school is a public institution outside Minnesota, an income statement for the immediate past fiscal year;
- (5) all current promotional and recruitment materials and advertisements; and
- (6) the current school catalog and, if not contained in the catalog:
 - (i) the members of the board of trustees or directors, if any;
 - (ii) the current institutional officers;
 - (iii) current full-time and part-time faculty with degrees held or applicable experience;
 - (iv) a description of all school facilities;
 - (v) a description of all current course offerings;

- (vi) all requirements for satisfactory completion of courses, programs, and degrees;
- (vii) the school's policy about freedom or limitation of expression and inquiry;
- (viii) a current schedule of fees, charges for tuition, required supplies, student activities, housing, and all other standard charges;
- (ix) the school's policy about refunds and adjustments;
- (x) the school's policy about granting credit for prior education, training, and experience; ~~and~~
- (xi) the school's policies about student admission, evaluation, suspension, and dismissal; and
- (xii) the school's disclosure to students on the student complaint process under section 136A.672.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 136A.64, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Public information.** All information submitted to the office is public information except financial records, student complaint data, and accreditation records and information reports. Except for accreditation reports, the office may disclose financial any records or information submitted to the office:

- (1) to law enforcement officials; or
- (2) in connection with a legal or administrative proceeding to:
 - (i) to defend its decision to approve or disapprove granting of degrees or the use of a name or;
 - (ii) defend its ~~decisions~~ decision to revoke the institution's approval at a hearing under chapter 14 or other legal proceedings; or
 - (iii) enforce a requirement of law.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 136A.64, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 8. **Disclosure.** Schools must disclose on their website, student handbook, and student catalog the student complaint process under section 136A.672 to students.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 136A.645, is amended to read:

136A.645 SCHOOL CLOSURE.

(a) When a school ~~decides~~ intends to cease postsecondary education operations, ~~it must cooperate with the office in assisting students to find alternative means to complete their studies with a minimum of disruption, and inform the office of the following~~ announces its closure, or is informed by the office that the office anticipates the school's closure due to its registration status or ability to meet criteria for approval under section 136A.65, the school must provide the office:

- (1) the planned date for termination of postsecondary education operations;
- (2) the planned date for the transfer of the student records;

~~(3) confirmation of the name and address of the organization to receive and hold the student records; and~~

~~(4) the official at the organization receiving the student records who is designated to provide official copies of records or transcripts upon request.~~

(1) a notice of closure, including the name of the school, the name of the school owner, an active mailing address and telephone number that the school owner may be reached at after the school physically closes, the name of the school director, and the planned date for termination of postsecondary operations;

(2) a report of all students currently enrolled and all students enrolled within the prior 120 days, including the following information for each student: name, address, school e-mail address, alternate e-mail address, program of study, number of credits completed, number of credits remaining, and enrollment status at closure;

(3) a report of refunds due to any student and the amount due;

(4) a written statement from the school's owner or designee affirming that all recruitment efforts, school marketing, advertisement, solicitation, and enrollment of new students has ceased;

(5) a copy of any communication between the school's accreditors about the school closure;

(6) confirmation that the requirements for student records under section 136A.68 have been satisfied, including:

(i) the planned date for the transfer of the student records;

(ii) confirmation of the name and address of the organization to receive and hold the student records; and

(iii) the official at the organization receiving the student records who is designated to provide official copies of records or transcripts upon request;

(7) academic information, including the school's most recent catalog, all course syllabi, and faculty credential information; and

(8) copies of any teach-out, transfer, or train-out agreement between the school and a new school for students to be able to complete their studies. A teach-out fulfills the original contract or agreement between the closing school and the student. If a teach-out is arranged for another approved school to do the remaining occupational training, that other school must (i) provide comparable education and training and (ii) agree that students transferring from the closing school pay only what the cost of tuition and fees remain unpaid according to the terms and conditions in the enrollment agreement entered into between the student and the closing school.

~~(b) Upon notice from a school of its intention to cease operations, the office shall notify the school of the date on which it must cease the enrollment of students and all postsecondary educational operations.~~

(b) Without limitation as to other circumstance, a school shall be deemed to have ceased operations when the school:

(1) has an unscheduled nonemergency closure or cancellation of classes for more than 24 hours without prior notice to the office;

(2) announces it is closed or closing; or

(3) files for bankruptcy.

(c) When a school is deemed to have ceased operations, the office shall provide the school a reasonable time to correct student records and grant credentials. After that time, the office must revoke the school's registration. This revocation is not appealable under section 136A.65, subdivision 8.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 136A.646, is amended to read:

136A.646 ADDITIONAL SECURITY.

(a) New schools that have been granted conditional approval for degrees or names to allow them the opportunity to apply for and receive accreditation under section 136A.65, subdivision 7, ~~or~~ shall provide a surety bond in a sum equal to ten percent of the net revenue from tuition and fees in the registered institution's prior fiscal year, but in no case shall the bond be less than \$10,000.

(b) Any registered institution that is notified by the United States Department of Education that it has fallen below minimum financial standards and that its continued participation in Title IV will be conditioned upon its satisfying either the Zone Alternative, Code of Federal Regulations, title 34, section 668.175, paragraph (f), or a Letter of Credit Alternative, Code of Federal Regulations, title 34, section 668.175, paragraph (c), shall provide a surety bond in a sum equal to the "letter of credit" required by the United States Department of Education in the Letter of Credit Alternative, but in no event shall such bond be less than \$10,000 nor more than \$250,000. If the letter of credit required by the United States Department of Education is higher than ten percent of the Title IV, Higher Education Act program funds received by the institution during its most recently completed fiscal year, the office shall reduce the office's surety requirement to represent ten percent of the Title IV, Higher Education Act program funds received by the institution during its most recently completed fiscal year, subject to the minimum and maximum in this paragraph.

~~(b)~~ (c) In lieu of a bond, the applicant may deposit with the commissioner of management and budget:

(1) a sum equal to the amount of the required surety bond in cash;

(2) securities, as may be legally purchased by savings banks or for trust funds, in an aggregate market value equal to the amount of the required surety bond; or

(3) an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a financial institution to the amount of the required surety bond.

~~(e)~~ (d) The surety of any bond may cancel it upon giving 60 days' notice in writing to the office and shall be relieved of liability for any breach of condition occurring after the effective date of cancellation.

~~(d)~~ (e) In the event of a school closure, the additional security must first be used to destroy any private educational data under section 13.32 left at a physical campus in Minnesota after all other governmental agencies have recovered or retrieved records under their record retention policies. Any remaining funds must then be used to reimburse tuition and fee costs to students that were enrolled at the time of the closure or had withdrawn in the previous 120 calendar days but did not graduate. Priority for refunds will be given to students in the following order:

(1) cash payments made by the student or on behalf of a student;

(2) private student loans; and

(3) Veteran Administration education benefits that are not restored by the Veteran Administration. If there are additional security funds remaining, the additional security funds may be used to cover any administrative costs incurred by the office related to the closure of the school.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 136A.672, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6. **Private information.** Student complaint data are private data. The office may disclose student complaint data as provided in section 136A.64, subdivision 5.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 136A.821, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 18. **Clock hour.** "Clock hour" means a period of time consisting of a 50- to 60-minute class, lecture, or recitation in a 60-minute period; a 50- to 60-minute faculty-supervised laboratory, shop training, or internship in a 60-minute period; or 60 minutes of preparation in a correspondence course. If a school seeks to determine the number of clock hours in an educational program by aggregating the number of minutes in that program, it must divide those minutes by 60.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 136A.821, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 19. **Student record.** "Student record" means a transcript or record of student attendance in a program that includes, at a minimum, the student's name; the student's address; the school's name; the school's address; the title of the course or program; the total number of hours or courses completed; the dates of enrollment and attendance; the grade record of each course; any credential awarded; and cumulative grade for the program.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 136A.822, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Bond.** (a) No license shall be issued to any private career school which maintains, conducts, solicits for, or advertises within the state of Minnesota any program, unless the applicant files with the office a continuous corporate surety bond written by a company authorized to do

business in Minnesota conditioned upon the faithful performance of all contracts and agreements with students made by the applicant.

(b)(1) The amount of the surety bond shall be ten percent of the preceding year's net ~~income~~ revenue from student tuition, fees, and other required institutional charges collected, but in no event less than \$10,000, except that a private career school may deposit a greater amount at its own discretion. A private career school in each annual application for licensure must compute the amount of the surety bond and verify that the amount of the surety bond complies with this subdivision. A private career school that operates at two or more locations may combine net ~~income~~ revenue from student tuition, fees, and other required institutional charges collected for all locations for the purpose of determining the annual surety bond requirement. The net revenue from tuition and fees used to determine the amount of the surety bond required for a private career school having a license for the sole purpose of recruiting students in Minnesota shall be only that paid to the private career school by the students recruited from Minnesota.

(2) A person required to obtain a private career school license due to the use of "academy," "institute," "college," or "university" in its name and which is also licensed by another state agency or board, except not including those schools licensed exclusively in order to participate in state grants or SELF loan financial aid programs, shall be required to provide a school bond of \$10,000.

(c) The bond shall run to the state of Minnesota and to any person who may have a cause of action against the applicant arising at any time after the bond is filed and before it is canceled for breach of any contract or agreement made by the applicant with any student. The aggregate liability of the surety for all breaches of the conditions of the bond shall not exceed the principal sum deposited by the private career school under paragraph (b). The surety of any bond may cancel it upon giving 60 days' notice in writing to the office and shall be relieved of liability for any breach of condition occurring after the effective date of cancellation.

(d) In lieu of bond, the applicant may deposit with the commissioner of management and budget a sum equal to the amount of the required surety bond in cash, an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a financial institution equal to the amount of the required surety bond, or securities as may be legally purchased by savings banks or for trust funds in an aggregate market value equal to the amount of the required surety bond.

(e) Failure of a private career school to post and maintain the required surety bond or deposit under paragraph (d) may result in denial, suspension, or revocation of the school's license.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 136A.822, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. **Catalog, brochure, or electronic display.** Before a license is issued to a private career school, the private career school shall furnish to the office a catalog, brochure, or electronic display including:

- (1) identifying data, such as volume number and date of publication;
- (2) name and address of the private career school and its governing body and officials;
- (3) a calendar of the private career school showing legal holidays, beginning and ending dates of each course quarter, term, or semester, and other important dates;

(4) the private career school policy and regulations on enrollment including dates and specific entrance requirements for each program;

(5) the private career school policy and regulations about leave, absences, class cuts, make-up work, tardiness, and interruptions for unsatisfactory attendance;

(6) the private career school policy and regulations about standards of progress for the student including the grading system of the private career school, the minimum grades considered satisfactory, conditions for interruption for unsatisfactory grades or progress, a description of any probationary period allowed by the private career school, and conditions of reentrance for those dismissed for unsatisfactory progress;

(7) the private career school policy and regulations about student conduct and conditions for dismissal for unsatisfactory conduct;

(8) a detailed schedule of fees, charges for tuition, books, supplies, tools, student activities, laboratory fees, service charges, rentals, deposits, and all other charges;

(9) the private career school policy and regulations, including an explanation of section 136A.827, about refunding tuition, fees, and other charges if the student does not enter the program, withdraws from the program, or the program is discontinued;

(10) a description of the available facilities and equipment;

(11) a course outline syllabus for each course offered showing course objectives, subjects or units in the course, type of work or skill to be learned, and approximate time, hours, or credits to be spent on each subject or unit;

(12) the private career school policy and regulations about granting credit for previous education and preparation;

(13) a notice to students relating to the transferability of any credits earned at the private career school to other institutions;

(14) a procedure for investigating and resolving student complaints; ~~and~~

(15) the name and address of the office; and

(16) the student complaint process and rights under section 136A.8295.

A private career school that is exclusively a distance education school is exempt from clauses (3) and (5).

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 136A.822, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

Subd. 12. **Permanent student records.** A private career school licensed under sections 136A.82 to 136A.834 and located in Minnesota shall maintain a permanent student record for each student for 50 years from the last date of the student's attendance. A private career school licensed under this chapter and offering distance instruction to a student located in Minnesota shall maintain a permanent record for each Minnesota student for 50 years from the last date of the student's

attendance. Records include school transcripts, documents, and files containing student data about academic credits earned, courses completed, grades awarded, degrees awarded, and periods of attendance. To preserve permanent student records, a private career school shall submit a plan that meets the following requirements:

- (1) at least one copy of the records must be held in a secure, fireproof depository;
- (2) an appropriate official must be designated to provide a student with copies of records or a transcript upon request;
- (3) an alternative method, approved by the office, of complying with clauses (1) and (2) must be established if the private career school ceases to exist; and
- (4) a continuous surety bond or irrevocable letter of credit issued by a financial institution must be filed with the office in an amount not to exceed \$20,000 if the private career school has no binding agreement approved by the office, for preserving student records. The bond or irrevocable letter of credit shall run to the state of Minnesota. In the event of a school closure, the surety bond or irrevocable letter of credit must be used by the office to retrieve, recover, maintain, digitize, and destroy academic records.

Sec. 31. [136A.8225] SCHOOL CLOSURE.

(a) When a school intends to cease postsecondary education operations, announces its closure, or is informed by the office that the office anticipates the school's closure due to its licensure status or ability to meet criteria for approval under section 136A.822, subdivision 8, the school must provide the office:

(1) a notice of closure, including the name of the school, the name of the school owner, an active mailing address and telephone number that the school owner may be reached at after the school physically closes, the name of the school director, and the planned date for termination of postsecondary operations;

(2) a report of all students currently enrolled and all students enrolled within the prior 120 days, including the following information for each student: name, address, school e-mail address, alternate e-mail address, program of study, number of credits completed, number of credits remaining, and enrollment status at closure;

(3) a report of refunds due to any student and the amount due;

(4) a written statement from the school's owner or designee affirming that all recruitment efforts, school marketing, advertisement, solicitation, and enrollment of new students has ceased;

(5) a copy of any communication between the school's accreditors about the school closure;

(6) confirmation that the requirements for student records under section 136A.822, subdivision 12, have been satisfied, including:

(i) the planned date for the transfer of the student records;

(ii) confirmation of the name and address of the organization to receive and hold the student records; and

(iii) the official at the organization receiving the student records who is designated to provide official copies of records or transcripts upon request;

(7) academic information, including the school's most recent catalog, all course syllabi, and faculty credential information; and

(8) copies of any teach-out, transfer, or train-out agreement between the school and a new school for students to be able to complete their studies. A teach-out fulfills the original contract or agreement between the closing school and the student. If a teach-out is arranged for another approved school to do the remaining occupational training, that other school must (i) provide comparable education and training and (ii) agree that students transferring from the closing school pay only what the cost of tuition and fees remain unpaid according to the terms and conditions in the enrollment agreement entered into between the student and the closing school.

(b) Without limitation as to other circumstance, a school shall be deemed to have ceased operations when the school:

(1) has an unscheduled nonemergency closure or cancellation of classes for more than 24 hours without prior notice to the office;

(2) announces it is closed or closing; or

(3) files for bankruptcy.

(c) When a school is deemed to have ceased operations, the office shall provide the school a reasonable time to correct student records and grant credentials. After that time, the office must revoke the school's license. This revocation is not appealable under section 136A.829, subdivision 2.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 136A.8295, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6. **Disclosure.** Schools must disclose on their website, student handbook, and student catalog the student complaint process under this section to students.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 136A.8295, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 7. **Private information.** Student complaint data are private data. The office may disclose student complaint data to law enforcement officials or in connection with a legal or administrative proceeding commenced to enforce a requirement of law.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 136A.87, is amended to read:

136A.87 PLANNING INFORMATION FOR POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION.

(a) The office shall make available to all residents beginning in 7th grade through adulthood information about planning and preparing for postsecondary opportunities. Information must be provided to all 7th grade students and their parents annually by September 30 about planning for their postsecondary education. The office may also provide information to high school students and their parents, to adults, and to out-of-school youth.

(b) The office shall gather and share information with students and parents about the dual credit acceptance policies of each Minnesota public and private college and university. The office shall gather and share information related to the acceptance policies for concurrent enrollment courses, postsecondary enrollment options courses, advanced placement courses, and international baccalaureate courses. This information must be shared on the office's website and included in the information under paragraph (a).

(c) The information provided under paragraph (a) may include the following:

- (1) the need to start planning early;
- (2) the availability of assistance in educational planning from educational institutions and other organizations;
- (3) suggestions for studying effectively during high school;
- (4) high school courses necessary to be adequately prepared for postsecondary education;
- (5) encouragement to involve parents actively in planning for all phases of education;
- (6) information about postsecondary education and training opportunities existing in the state, their respective missions and expectations for students, their preparation requirements, admission requirements, and student placement;
- (7) ways to evaluate and select postsecondary institutions;
- (8) the process of transferring credits among Minnesota postsecondary institutions and systems;
- (9) the costs of postsecondary education and the availability of financial assistance in meeting these costs, including specific information about the Minnesota Promise;
- (10) the interrelationship of assistance from student financial aid, public assistance, and job training programs; ~~and~~
- (11) financial planning for postsecondary education; and
- (12) postsecondary education options for students with intellectual and developmental disabilities.

Sec. 35. **[136F.305] Z-DEGREES.**

A "Z-Degree" is a zero-textbook-cost associate's degree. Each college must offer the opportunity to earn a Z-Degree. A college's course offerings for its Z-Degree program must include at least two distinct courses in each transfer curriculum goal area and at least enough credits in each transfer curriculum goal area to complete the transfer curriculum package.

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 136F.38, is amended to read:

136F.38 WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT SCHOLARSHIPS.

Subdivision 1. **Program established.** The board shall develop a scholarship program to incentivize new students and students returning from the workforce to enter high-demand occupations upon graduation.

Subd. 2. **Scholarship awards.** The program shall award scholarships at the beginning of an academic term, in the amount of \$2,500, to be distributed evenly between two terms.

Subd. 3. **Program eligibility.** (a) Scholarships shall be awarded only to a student eligible for resident tuition, as defined in section 135A.043, who is enrolled in any of the following programs of study or certification: (1) advanced manufacturing; (2) agriculture; (3) health care services; ~~or~~ (4) information technology; (5) early childhood; or (6) transportation.

(b) The student must be enrolled for at least nine credits ~~at a two-year college~~ in the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities system.

Subd. 4. **Renewal; cap.** A student who has received a scholarship may apply again but total lifetime awards are not to exceed ~~\$5,000~~ \$7,500 per student. Students may only be awarded a second scholarship upon completion of two academic terms. Students may be awarded a third scholarship if the student transfers to a corresponding program at a Minnesota state university.

Subd. 5. **Administration.** (a) The board shall establish an application process and other guidelines for implementing this program.

(b) The board shall give preference to students in financial need.

Subd. 5a. **Local business partnerships.** Beginning in 2020, and each year thereafter, the board shall withhold ten percent of the appropriation. The withheld funds must be distributed in the following year to institutions that successfully leverage private matching funds from local businesses, resulting in additional scholarships by partnering with the local business community.

Subd. 6. **Report required.** The board must submit an annual report by February 1 of each year about the scholarship awards to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house of representatives committees with jurisdiction over higher education finance and policy. The first report is due no later than February 1, 2019. The annual report shall describe the following:

(1) the number of students receiving a scholarship at each two-year college and each university during the previous fiscal year;

(2) the number of scholarships awarded for each program of study or certification described in subdivision 3, paragraph (a);

(3) the number of scholarship recipients who completed a program of study or certification described in subdivision 3, paragraph (a);

(4) the number of scholarship recipients who secured employment by their graduation date and those who secured employment within three months of their graduation date;

(5) a list of the institutions that received funding under subdivision 5a, the amount of funding each institution received, and whether all withheld funds were distributed;

(6) a list of occupations scholarship recipients are entering; and

~~(6)~~ (7) the number of students who were denied a scholarship.

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 136F.58, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5. **Open educational resources.** (a) Each instructor must review and approve open educational resources for use in a course. "Open educational resources" are high-quality teaching, learning, and research resources that reside in the public domain or have been released under an intellectual property license that permits their free use and repurposing by others, and may include other resources that are legally available and free of cost to students. Open educational resources include course materials, modules, textbooks, articles, faculty-created content, streaming videos, tests, software, and any other tools, materials, or techniques used to support access to knowledge.

(b) Instructors who are not teaching a full course load are required to actively identify additional open educational resources for their courses.

Sec. 38. **[136F.707] ONLINE TUITION RATE.**

The tuition for an online course must not exceed the tuition for a comparable on-campus classroom course.

Sec. 39. **[137.68] ADVISORY COUNCIL ON RARE DISEASES.**

Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** The University of Minnesota is requested to establish an advisory council on rare diseases to provide advice on research, diagnosis, treatment, and education related to rare diseases. For purposes of this section, "rare disease" has the meaning given in United States Code, title 21, section 360bb. The council shall be called the Chloe Barnes Advisory Council on Rare Diseases.

Subd. 2. **Membership.** (a) The advisory council may consist of public members appointed by the Board of Regents or a designee according to paragraph (b) and four members of the legislature appointed according to paragraph (c).

(b) The Board of Regents or a designee is requested to appoint the following public members:

(1) three physicians licensed and practicing in the state with experience researching, diagnosing, or treating rare diseases, including one specializing in pediatrics;

(2) one registered nurse or advanced practice registered nurse licensed and practicing in the state with experience treating rare diseases;

(3) at least two hospital administrators, or their designees, from hospitals in the state that provide care to persons diagnosed with a rare disease. One administrator or designee appointed under this clause must represent a hospital in which the scope of service focuses on rare diseases of pediatric patients;

(4) three persons age 18 or older who either have a rare disease or are a caregiver of a person with a rare disease;

(5) a representative of a rare disease patient organization that operates in the state;

(6) a social worker with experience providing services to persons diagnosed with a rare disease;

(7) a pharmacist with experience with drugs used to treat rare diseases;

(8) a dentist licensed and practicing in the state with experience treating rare diseases;

(9) a representative of the biotechnology industry;

(10) a representative of health plan companies;

(11) a medical researcher with experience conducting research on rare diseases; and

(12) a genetic counselor with experience providing services to persons diagnosed with a rare disease or caregivers of those persons.

(c) The advisory council shall include two members of the senate, one appointed by the majority leader and one appointed by the minority leader; and two members of the house of representatives, one appointed by the speaker of the house and one appointed by the minority leader.

(d) The commissioner of health or a designee, a representative of Mayo Medical School, and a representative of the University of Minnesota Medical School shall serve as ex officio nonvoting members of the advisory council.

(e) Initial appointments to the advisory council shall be made no later than September 1, 2019. Members appointed according to paragraph (b) shall serve for a term of three years, except that the initial members appointed according to paragraph (b) shall have an initial term of two, three, or four years determined by lot by the chairperson. Members appointed according to paragraph (b) shall serve until their successors have been appointed.

Subd. 3. **Meetings.** The Board of Regents or a designee is requested to convene the first meeting of the advisory council no later than October 1, 2019. The advisory council shall meet at the call of the chairperson or at the request of a majority of advisory council members.

Subd. 4. **Duties.** (a) The advisory council's duties may include, but are not limited to:

(1) in conjunction with the state's medical schools, the state's schools of public health, and hospitals in the state that provide care to persons diagnosed with a rare disease, developing resources or recommendations relating to quality of and access to treatment and services in the state for persons with a rare disease, including but not limited to:

(i) a list of existing, publicly accessible resources on research, diagnosis, treatment, and education relating to rare diseases;

(ii) identifying best practices for rare disease care implemented in other states, at the national level, and at the international level that will improve rare disease care in the state and seeking opportunities to partner with similar organizations in other states and countries;

(iii) identifying problems faced by patients with a rare disease when changing health plans, including recommendations on how to remove obstacles faced by these patients to finding a new health plan and how to improve the ease and speed of finding a new health plan that meets the needs of patients with a rare disease; and

(iv) identifying best practices to ensure health care providers are adequately informed of the most effective strategies for recognizing and treating rare diseases; and

(2) advising, consulting, and cooperating with the Department of Health, the Advisory Committee on Heritable and Congenital Disorders, and other agencies of state government in developing information and programs for the public and the health care community relating to diagnosis, treatment, and awareness of rare diseases.

(b) The advisory council shall collect additional topic areas for study and evaluation from the general public. In order for the advisory council to study and evaluate a topic, the topic must be approved for study and evaluation by the advisory council.

Subd. 5. **Conflict of interest.** Advisory council members are subject to the Board of Regents policy on conflicts of interest.

Subd. 6. **Annual report.** By January 1 of each year, beginning January 1, 2020, the advisory council shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over higher education and health care policy on the advisory council's activities under subdivision 4 and other issues on which the advisory council may choose to report.

Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 179A.20, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2b. **Limited by appropriation.** The Board of Trustees for Minnesota State Colleges and Universities must not contract to pay more to employees in compensation and benefits in a biennium than is permitted under an agreement between the board and the Department of Management and Budget specifying how appropriated amounts will be spent.

Sec. 41. **CURRICULUM FOR COMMUNITY HEALTH WORKERS.**

Minnesota State Colleges and Universities shall collaborate with Northwestern Health Sciences University to develop a modified community health worker curriculum for Northwestern Health Sciences University to train and certify as community health workers under Minnesota Statutes, section 256B.0625, subdivision 49, chiropractors licensed under Minnesota Statutes, sections 148.01 to 148.10, podiatrists licensed under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 153, and acupuncturists licensed under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 147B.

Sec. 42. **INCLUSIVE ACCESS PILOT PROGRAM.**

The inclusive access pilot program is established to address textbook affordability in postsecondary institutions and determine the cost savings for both students and the participating

institutions. Inclusive access provides a digital distribution of course material instead of traditional textbooks. The commissioner of the Office of Higher Education shall make a grant to a school in the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities system that currently uses inclusive access for at least 20 percent of the courses that use publisher materials, for purposes of expanding inclusive access to at least 60 percent of the courses offered at the institution. The pilot program expires July 1, 2021. The grant recipient shall report by December 1, 2021, to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over higher education issues on the results of the pilot program, including:

- (1) cost savings;
- (2) feasibility;
- (3) user experience;
- (4) faculty impact;
- (5) accessibility; and
- (6) academic results.

Sec. 43. UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA AND MINNESOTA STATE COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES REPORT ON TEN PERCENT REDUCTION IN ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS.

The University of Minnesota and the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities shall each provide a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over higher education by July 1, 2020, detailing how the University of Minnesota and the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities would achieve a ten percent reduction in administrative costs. The term "administrative costs" must be defined in the report. Each report must identify with specificity current administrative costs and the proposed reductions to those costs that are necessary to achieve an overall ten percent reduction for the biennium beginning July 1, 2021.

Sec. 44. COLLEGE SAVINGS PLAN MATCHING GRANTS.

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 136G.05, subdivision 5, 136G.09, subdivisions 10 and 12, 136G.11, and 136G.13, subdivisions 2, 3, and 4, through June 30, 2021, the commissioner of the Office of Higher Education may resolve matching grant issues that occurred after January 1, 2013. The commissioner shall limit the authority under this section to assisting account owners or successors who were negatively impacted by issues related to the matching grant.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and expires June 30, 2021.

Sec. 45. REPEALER.

Minnesota Statutes 2018, sections 136A.15, subdivisions 2 and 7; and 136A.1701, subdivision 12, are repealed."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to higher education; providing funding and policy changes for the Office of Higher Education, the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities, and the University of Minnesota; modifying the state grant formula; requiring a report; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2018, sections 13.322, subdivision 3; 135A.15, subdivision 2; 136A.101, subdivision 5a; 136A.121, subdivision 6; 136A.1215, subdivision 4; 136A.1275, subdivisions 2, 3; 136A.15, subdivision 8; 136A.16, subdivisions 1, 2, 5, 8, 9; 136A.162; 136A.1701, subdivision 7; 136A.1789, subdivisions 1, 3, 5; 136A.64, subdivisions 1, 5, by adding a subdivision; 136A.645; 136A.646; 136A.672, by adding a subdivision; 136A.821, by adding subdivisions; 136A.822, subdivisions 6, 10, 12; 136A.8295, by adding subdivisions; 136A.87; 136F.38; 136F.58, by adding a subdivision; 179A.20, by adding a subdivision; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 136A; 136F; 137; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2018, sections 136A.15, subdivisions 2, 7; 136A.1701, subdivision 12."

And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Finance. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

SECOND READING OF SENATE BILLS

S.F. Nos. 2226, 998, 1691, 2314, and 802 were read the second time.

MEMBERS EXCUSED

Senators Franzen, Kiffmeyer, Laine, Newton, Rest, Ruud, and Simonson were excused from the Session of today.

ADJOURNMENT

Senator Anderson, P. moved that the Senate do now adjourn until 12:00 noon, Tuesday, April 23, 2019. The motion prevailed.

Cal R. Ludeman, Secretary of the Senate

